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## THE

# A R T <br> 0 F <br> ENGLISH POETRY: CONTAINING, 

I. Rules for making $V E R S E S$.
II. A Collection of the moft Natural, Agreeable, and Sublime T HOUGHTS, viz. Allufions, Similes, Defcriptions, and Characters of Perfons and Things, that are to be found in the beft $E N G L I S H$ POETS.
III. A Dictionary of RHYMES. By E D W. B Y S 5 H E, Gent.

The Fifth Edition.


LONDON: Printed by S. Buckley; and Sold by 7 . Cburcbill, D. Midwinter, W. Taylor, Ns. Cliffe, and F. Browne. 1714.

## THE

## PREFACE.

S0 many are the Qualifications, as well natural as acquir'd, that are efentially requifite to the making of a good Poet, that' 'tis in vain for any Man to aimz at a great Reputation on account of bis Poetical Performances, by barely following the Rules of others, ani reducing their Speculations into Practice. It may not be impojible indeed for Men, even of ind:ffirent Parts, by making Examples to the Rules hereafter given, to compofe Verfes fmooth and well-Gounding to the Ear; yet if Juch Verves want ftrong Senfe, Propriety, and Elevation of Thought, or Purrity of Difiion, they will be at beft but what Horace calls them, Verfus inopes rerum, nugxque canorx; and the Writers of them not Poets, but verffying Scriblers. I pretend not therefore by the following Sheets to teash a Man to be a Poet in Spight of Fate and Nature, but only to be of kelp to the few who are born to be fo, and whom audit vocatus Apollo.

To this End I give in the frrft Place Rules for making Englifh Verfe: And the e Rules I bave, according to the beft of my Fudgnent, endeavour'd to extriact from the Practice, and to frame after the Examples of the Poets that are moficele-brated-for a fuent and numerous Turn of Verfe.

Another Part of this Treatife, is a Dictionary of Rhymes: To which baring prefix'd a large Preface hewing the Metbod and Ufefulness of it, I fhall trouble the Reader in this place no farther than to acquaint kim, that if it be as usefulu and

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acceptable to the Publick, as the compofing it was tedious and painful to me, I hall never repent me of the Labour.

What I ßsoll chiefly Speak of bere, is the largeft Part of this Treatife, which I call a Collection of the mof natural and fublime Thoughts that are in the beft Einglijh Poets. And to be ingent:ous in the Difcovery, this was the Part of it that principally induc'd me to undertake the Whole: The Task was indeed labor:ous, but pleafing; and the fole Piraife I expected from it, was, that I made a judicious Choice and proper D $\mathcal{F}$ pofition of the Palf ges I extracted. A Mixture of So many diffirent Subjects, and fuch a Variety of Thoughts upon them, may pofibly not fitisfy the Reader fo well, as a Compofition perfect in its Kind on one intive Subject; but certainly it will divert and amule bim better; for here is no Thread of Story, nor Connexion of one Part with another, to keep his Mind intent, and conffrizis birn to any Length of Reading. I detain bim therefore only to acquaint bim, why it is made a Part of this Book, and bow Servicable it may be to the main Defign of it.

Having drawn up Rules for making Verjes, and a Difionary of Rbymes, which are the Mechanick Tools of a Poet; I came in the mext Place to confoder, what other buinan Aid could be offer'd bim, a Genizs and 'Fudgmext not being mine to give. Nows I imagin'd that a Man might bave both thefe, and yet Sometimes, for the fake of a Syllable or two more or lefs, to give a Verfe its true Meafure, be at a Stand for Epithets and Synonymes, with which I bave Seen Books of this Nuture in Sevei'al Languages plentifully furnijn'd.

Now, tho' I have differ'd from them in Method, yet I am of Opinion this Collection may ferve to the fame End, with equal Profit and greater Pleafure to the Reāder. For, what are Efithets, but Adjectives that denote and exprefs the Qualities of the Subftantives to which they are join'd? as Purple, Rofie, Smiling, Dewy, Morning : Dim, Gloomy, Silent, Night. What Synonymes, but Words of a like Signification? as Fear, Diead, Terrour; Confternation, Affright, Difnay, Ac. Are they not then naturally to be fought for in the Deforiptions of Perfons and Things? And can we not better judge by a Piece of Painting, bow Beautifully Colours may be dif-

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pos'd; than by feeing the fame Several Colours fcatter'd without Defign on a Table? When you are at a Lofs therefore for proper Epithets or SJnonymes, look into this Alphabetical Col lection for axy Word under which the Subject of your Thought may maft probably be rang'd, and you will find what have been imploy'd by our beft Writers, and in what Manner.

It would bave been as eafy a Task for me, as it has been to others before me, to have threaded tedious Bead-rolls of $s y$ nonymes and Epithets together, and put then by themfelves: But when they fand alone, they-appear bald, infipid, uno couth, and offenfive botb to the Eye and Ear. In that D:Spofition they may indeed belp the Memor', but cannot direit the Fudgment in the Cboice.

But befides, to confefs a Secret, I am very unwilling it Brould be laid to my Cbarge, that I bave furnifh'd Tou's, and given a Temptation of Verfifying, to Such as in Spight of Art and Nature undertake to be Poets; and who miftake their Fondnefs to Rbyme, or Neceffity of Writing, for a true Genio us of Poetry, and lawful Call from Apollo. Such Debafers of Rhyme and Dablers in Poetry would do well to confider, that a Man would jufly deferve a bigher Efteem in the World by being a good Mafon or Shoo-Maker, or by excelling in any other Art that bis Talent inclines bim to, and that is ueful to Mankınd, than by being an indifferent or fecond-Rate Poet. Such bave no Claim to that Divine Appellation:

## Neque enim concludere Verfum

Dixeris effe fatis: Neque, fi quis fcribat, utì nos, Sermoni propiora, putes hunc effe Poetam. Ingenium cui fit, cui Mens divinior, atque Os Magna fonaturum, des Nominis hujus Honorem. Herat*

I refolv'd therefore to place thefe, the principal Materials, un. der the awful Guard of the immortal. Shakefpear, Milton, Diyden, orc.

Virg:
But let Men of better Minds be excited to a generous Emulation.

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## The PREFACE.

I bave inferted not only Similes, Allyfons, Charafters, and Defrriptions, but alfo the mooft Natural and Sublime Thoughts of our Modern Poets on all Subjects whatever. I Say, of our Modern; for tho' Some of the Antient, as Chaucer, Spencer, and others, bave not been excell'd, perbaps not equall'd, by any that bave fucceeded them, either in Fuftnefs of Defoription, or in Propriety and Greatnefs of Thought; yet their Language is now become So antiquated and obsolete, that mofs Readers of our . Age bave no Ear for them: And this is the Reafon that the good Shakefpear bimfelf is not So frequently cited in this Collection, as be would otherwife deferve to be.

I bave endeavour'd to give the Pafages as naksd and fiript of Superffuities and foreign Matror, as poffibly I could: But often found my Self chlig'd, for the fake of the Connexion of the Senfe, which elfe swould bave been interrupted, and confequently obscure, to infert fome of them under. Heads, to which every Part or Line of them may be thought not properly to beIong: Nay, I. Sometimes even found it difficult to chufe ander rwhat Head to place Jeveral of the beft Thoughts; but the Reader may be aftur'd, that if he find them not where he expects, be will not wholly lofe his Labour; for

The Search it felf rewards his Pains;
And if like Chymifts his great End he mifs,
Yet things well worth his Toil he gains;
And does his Charge and Labour pay
With good unfought Experiments by the way.
Cowley.
That the Reader may judge of every Paffage with due Deference for each Author, he will find their Names at the Eid of the laft Line; and as the late Verfions of the Greek and Roman Poets h.rve not a little contributed to this Collection, Homer, Anacreon, Lucretius, Catullus, Virgil, Horace, Ovid, Tuvenal, \&rc. are cited with their Tranfators: And after each Author's Name are quoted their Plays and other Poens. frem whence the Paffages are extracted.

The Reader will likewife obferve, that I bave fometimes Cfrib'd to Several Authors the Quotations taken from one and the Same Play. Thus to thofe from the firford third ait of Oedi-

## The PREFACE

Oedipus, I bave put Diyden ; to tho fe from the thrse other; Lee: Becaufe the firt and third ACt of that Play were written by Diyden, the three other by Lee. To thofe from Troilus and Creflida I have Sometimes put Shakefpear, fometimes Dryden; because be having alter'd that Play, whatever I found not in the Edition of Shakefpear, ought to be afcrib'd to bim. And in like manner of Several, other Plays.

As no Thought can be juflly faid to be fine, unlefs it be true, I bave all along had a great regard for Truth; except only in Pafages that are purcly Satirical, where fome Allowance muft be given: For Satire way be fine and true Satire, tho' it be not directly and according to the Letter, true: 'Tis enough that it carry with it a Probability or Semblance of Truth. Let it not bere be objected, that I bave from the Tranflators of the Greek and Roman Poets, taken Some Defcriptions meerly fabulous: For the well-invented Fables of the Antients were defign'd only to inculcate the Truth with more Delight, and to make it fiine with greater Splendour.

Rien n'eft beau que le Vrai. Le Vrai feul eft Aimable:
Il doit regner par tout; \& meme dans la Fable:
De toute Fiction l'adroite Fauffeté
Ne tend qu' à faire aux yet $x$ briller la Verité. Boileaz:
I have upon every Subject given both Pro and Con whenever I met with them, or that I judg'd them worth giving: And if both are not always found, let none imagine that I wilfu'ly fupprefs'd either; or that what is here uncontradicted mult be unanswerable.

If any take Offence at the Loofnefs of fome of the Thoughts, as particularly upon Love, where I have given the different Sentiments which Mankind, according to th.ir Several Temperaments, ever bad, and ever will bave of it; Juch may obServe, that I have ftrictly avoided all manner of $O b f_{\text {cenity }}$ throughout the whole Collection: And tho' bere and there as Thought may perbaps have a Caft of Wantonnefs, yet the. cleanly Metaphors palliate the Broadness of the Meaning, and the Cbaftiefs of the Words qualifies the Lafciviousnefs of the Images they reprefent. And let them farther know, th.: I kave not always chofen what I moft approv'd, but what

## The PREFACE:

surries with it the beft Strokes for Imitation: For, upon the whole Matter, it was not my Bufinefs to judge any farther, than of the Vigour and Force of Thought, of the Purity of Language, of the Aptnefs aud Propriety of Expreffion; and above all, of the Beauty of Colouring, in whach the Poet's Art chiefly conffts. Nor, in fiort, would I take upon me to deternine what things ghould bave been Said; but bave fhews only what are Said, and in wbat Manner.

## RULES

## For making

## ENGLISH VERSE.

IN the Englifu Verfification there are two Things chiefly to be confider'd;
r. The Verfes.
2. The feveral Sorts of Poems, or Compofitions in Verfe.

But becaufe in the Verfes there are alfo two Things to be obferv'd, The Structure of the Verfe, and the Rhyme; this Treatife fhall be divided into three Chapters;

1. Of the Structure of Englijh Verfes.

II Of Rhyme.
III. Of the feveral Sorts of Poems, or Compofitions in Verfe.

> C HA P. I.
> of the Structure of Englifh Verfes.

THE Structure of our Verfes, wherher Blank, or in Rhyme, confifts in a certain Number of Syllables; not in Feet compus'd of long and Thort Syllables, as the Verfes of the Greeks and Ro:nans. And though fome ingenious Perfons formerly puzzled themfelves in prefrribing Rules for the Quantity of Ene lifh Syllables, and, in Imitation of the Latins, compos'd Verfes by the Meafure of Spondees Dactyls, \& c. yet the Succefs of their Undertaking has fully evinc'd the Vainnefs of their Attempt, and given ground to furpect they had not throughly weigh'd what the Genius of our Language would bear; nor reflected that each Tongue has its peculiar Beauties, and that what is agreeable and nasural to one, is very often difagreeable, may, inconfiftent with
another. But that Defign being now wholly exploded, it is fufficient to have mention'd it.

Our Verfes then confift in a certain Number of Syllables; but the Verfes of double Rhyme require a Syllable more than thofe of fingle Rhyme. Thus in a Poem whofe Verfes confift of ten Syllables, thofe of the fame Poem that are accented on the laft fave one, which we call Verfes of double Rhyme, muft have eleven; as may be feen by thefe Verfes,.
A Man So various that be feem'd to be
Not one, but all Mankind's Epitome:
Stiff in Opinion, always in the Wrong,
Was ev'ry thing by farts, and nothing long;
But, in the Courfe of one revolving Moon,
Was Fidler, Chymift, Statefman, añd Buffoon:
Then all for Women, Painting, Rbyminy, Drinking,
Befdes Ten thoufand Freaks that dy'd in Thinking.
Praizing and Railling were bis ufual Themes,
Aud both, to Shew his Fudgment, in Extreams.
So.over-violent, or over-civil,
That every Man with him was God or Devil. Dryd.

Where the 4 Verfes that are accented on the laft fave one have 11 Syllables; the others, accented on the laft, but 10.

In a Poem whofe Verfes confift of 8, the double Rhymes require 9 ; as,

When hard Words, Fealoufes and Fears,
Set Folks togetbir by the Ears;
And made 'em fight, like mad, or drunk,
For Dame Relǐion, as for Punk;
Whofe Honefy they all durft fwear for,
Tho' not a Man of 'em knew wherefore:
Then did Sir Knight abandon Dweiling,
And out he rode a Colonelling.
Hud.
In a Poem whofe Verfes confilt of 7 , the double Rhymes sequire 8 ; as,

All thy Verfe is fofter far
Than the downy Feathers are
of my Wings, or of my Arrows,
Of my Mother's Doves or Sparrows.
Cowl:
This muft alfo be obferv'd in Blank Verfe; as,
Welcome, thou worthy Partnor of my Lawrels!
Thou Brother of my Choice! A Band more Sacred
Thm

Than Nature's brittle Tye. By holy Friendjfip! Glory and Fame flood ftill for thy Airival:
My Soul Seeve'd wanting of its better Half.,
And languifh'd for thy Ab fence, like a Prophet Who waits the Infpiration of bis God.

Rowe:
And this Verfe of Milton,
Void of all Succour and needful Comfort.
wants a Syllable; for, being accented on the laft fave one, it: ought to have Ir, as all the Verfes but Two of the preceding Example have: But if we tranfpofe the Words thus,
of Succour and all weedful Comfort zoid.
it then wants nothing of its due Meafure, becaufe it is acs. cented on the laft Syllable.

## S ECT. I.

Of the Several Sorts of Verfes; and, firft, of thofe of Ten Syllables: Cf the due O bervation of the Accents, and of the Pause.

OUR Poetry admits for the moft part but of Three forts : of Verfes; that is to fay, of Verfes of 10,8 , or 7 . Syllables : Thofe of 4, 6, 9, i1, 12, and 14, are generally employ'd in Masks and Operas, and in the Stanzas of Lyrick. and Pindarick Odes, and we have few intire Poens campos'dl in any of thofe forts of Verfes. Thofe of 12 and 14 Sylla. bles are frequently inferted in our Poems in Heroick Verfe ${ }_{3}$, and when rightly made ufe of, carry a peculiar Grace with; them. See the next Section towards the End.

The Verfes of 10 Syllables, which are our Heroick, are : us'd in Heroick Poems, in Tragedies, Comedies, Paftorals, Elegies, and fometimes in Burlefque.

In thefe Verfes Two things are chiefly to be confider'd; ;

1. Thie Seat of the Accent;
2. The Paufe.

For 'tis not enough that Verfes have their juft Number of Syllables; the true Harmony of them depends on a due. Obferyation of the Ascent and Paufe.

The Accent is an Elevation or a falling of the Voice on a sertain Syllable of a Word.

The Paufe is a Reft or Stop that is made in pronouncing the Verfe, and that divides it, as it were, into Two Parts ; each of which is call'd an Hemiftich, or Half-Verfe.
But this Divifion is not always equal, that is to fay, one of the Half-Verfes does not always contain the fame Number of Syllables as the other : And this Inequality proceeds from the Seat of the Accent that is ftrongeft, and prevails moft in the firtt Half-Verfe. For the Paufe muft be obferv'd at the End of the Word where fuch Accents happen to be, or at the End of the following Word.

Now in a Verfe of ro. Syllables this Accent muft be either on the $2 \mathrm{~d}_{2}, 4$ th, or 6 th; which Produces 5 feveral Paufes, that is to fay, at the $3 \mathrm{~d}, 4$ th, 5 th, 6 th or 7 th Syllable of the Verfe: For,

When it happens to be on the $2 d_{2}$ the Paufe will be either at the 3 d or 4 th.

At the 3d, in Two Manners:

1. When the Syllable accented happens to be the laft fave ne of a Word; as,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { As bufy-as intentive Emmets are; } \\
& \text { Or Cities-whom unlook'd-for Sieges Scare. Dav. }
\end{aligned}
$$

2. Or when the Accent is on the laft of a Word, and the next a Monofyllable, whofe Conftruction is govern'd by that on which the Accent is; as,

Defife it,-and more noble Thoughts purfue. Dryda
When the Accent falls on the ad Syllable of the Verfe, and the laft fave Two of a Word, the Paufe will be at the thb; as,

He meditates-bis abfent Enemy,
Dryd.
When the Accent is on the 4th of a Verfe, the Paufe will: be either at the fame Syllable, or at the 5 th or Gth.

At the fame, when the Syllable of the Accent happens to: be the laft of a Word; as,

Such buge Extreams-inbabit thy great Mind; Godrike, unmov゙d,--and yet,--like Woman, kind. Walli,
. At the zith in 2 Manners :

1. Whas

## Engetsh Versem

1. When it happens to be the laft fave one of a Word; $2 S_{2}$

> Like bright Aurora-whofe refulgent Ray
> Foretells the Farour-of enfuing Day;
> And warns the Shepherd-with bis Flocks, retreat
> To leafy Shadows-from the threaten"d Heat. Wall
2. Or the laft of the Word, if the next be a Monofyllable govern'd by it; as,

So frefh the Wound is-and the Grief fo vaft. Wall.
At the 6th, when the Syllable of the Accent happens to be the laft fave Two of a Word; as,

Thofe Seeds of Luxury,-Debate, and Pride. Wall.
Laftly, When the Accent is on the 6th Syllable of the Verfe, the Paufe will be either at the fame Syllable or as the 7 th.
At the fame, when the Syllable of the Accent happens to: be the laft of a Word; as,

She meditates Revenge-refolv'd to dies Walt
At the 7 th in Two manners :

1. Whers it happens to be the laft fave one of a Words: 25,

Nor when the Wat is o-jer,--is it Peace. Dryd,
Mirror's are tautht to fuitter,--but our Strings. Wall,
2. Or the laft of a Word, if the following one be a Mom nofyllable whofe Conftruction depends on the preceding. Word on which the Accent is; as,

And fince be cosld not fave her, -with her dy'd. Dird,
From all: this it appears, that the Paufe is determin'd by the Seat of the Accent; but if the Accents happen to be equaily ftrong on the 2d, 4ih, and 6th Syllable of a Verfe, the Senfe and Conftrustion of the Words muft then guice to the Obfervation of the Paufe. For Example; In one of the Verfes I have cited as an Inftance of it at the 7 th Syllable,

Mirrors are taugbt to fatter, but our Springs.
The Accent is as ftrong on Tought, as the fift Syllable of Flatter; and if the Paufe were obferv'd at the-gti Syllable of the the Verfe, it would have nothing dilagreeable in its Sound; as,

> Mirrors are taught--to fatter, but our Springs Prefent th' impartial Imajes of things.

Which tho' it be no Violence to the Ear, yet it is to the Senfe, and that ought always carefully to be avoided in reading or in repeating of Verfes.
For this Reafon it is, that the Conftruction or Senfe fhould never end at a Syllable where the Paufe ought not to be made; as at the 8 th and 2d in the Two following Verfes:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bright Hefper twinkles from afar:--Away } \\
& \text { My Kids!-for jou bave bad a Feaft to Day. Staff. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Which Verfes have nothing difagreeable in their Structure but the Paufe, which in the firf of them mult be-obferv'd at the 8th Syllable, in the 2d at the 2d; and fo unequal a Divifion can produce no true Harmony. And for this Reafon too, the Paufes at the 3d and 7th Syllables, tho' not wholly to be condemn'd, ought to be but fparingly practis'd.

The foregoing Rules ought indifpenfably to be follow'd in all our Verfes of io Syllables; and the Obfervation of them, like that of right Time in Mufick, will produce Harmony; the Neglect of them Harfhnefs and Difcord; as appears by the following Verfes;

> None think Rewards render'd warthy their Worth. Andboth Lavers, both thy Dificles were, Davo

In which, tho' the true Number of Syllables be obferv'd, -yet neither of them have fo much as the Sound of a Verfe: Now their Difagreeablenefs proceeds from the undue Seat of the Accent: For Example, The firt of them is accented on the sth and 7 th Syllables; but if we change the Words, and remove the Accent to the 4 thiand 6 th, the Verfe will become fmooth and eafy; as,

None think Rewards are equal to their Worth.
The Harifinefs of the laft of them proceeds from its being accented on the 3 d Syllable, which may be mended thus, by tranfpofing only one Word;

And Lovers both, botb thy Difciples were,
In like manner the following Verfes,

> To be maffacred, not in Battle fain. Blac. But forc'd, barh, and uneafy unto all. Againft the Infults of the Wind and Tide. Cowl. Blac. Blac. A Second Effay will the Pow'rs appeafe. Dryd. With Scythians expert in the Dart and Bow. Dryd. are rough, becaufe the foregoing Rules are not obferv'd in their Structure; For Example, The firt, where the Paufe is at the 5th Syllable, and the Accent on the 3 d , is contrary to the Rule, which fays, that the Accent that determines the Paufe mult be on the 2 d , 4 th, or 6 th Syllable of the Verfe $;$ and to mend that Verfe we need only place the Accent on the 4 th, and then the Paufe at the 5 th will have nothing difagreeable; as,

Thus to be murther'd, not in Battle flain.
The fecond Verfe is accented on the 3d Syllable, and the Faufe is there too; which makes it indeed the thing it expreffes, forc'd, harfh, and uneafy; it may be mended thus,

But forc'd and harfh, uneafy unto all.
The $3 \mathrm{~d}, 4$ th, and 5 th of thofe Verfes have like Faults; for the Paufes are at the 5th, and the Accent there too, which is likewife contrary to the foregoing Rules: Now they will be made fmooth and flowing, by taking the Accent from the 5th, and removing the Seat of the Paufe; as,

> Againft th' Infults both of the Wind and Tide.
> A Second Tryal will the Pow'rs appeafe.
> With Scythians skillful in the Dart and Bow.

From whence we conclude, that in all Verfes of 10 Sylla: bles, the moft prevailing Accents ought to be on the 2d, 4 th, or 6th Syllables; for if they are on the 3 d , 5 th, or 7 th, the Verfes will be rough and difagreeable, as has been prov'd by the preceding Inftances.

In hort, the wrong placing of the Accent is as great a Fault in our Verfification, as falfe Quantity was in that of the Antients; and therefore we ought to take equal care to avoid it, and endeavour fo to difpofe the Words, that they may create a certain Melody in the Ear, without Labour to the Tongue, or Violence to the Senfe,

> SECT;

## S E C T. II.

## Of the other Sorts of Verfes that are us'd in our Poetry.

AFTER the Verfes of 10 Syllables, thofe of 8 are more frequent, and we have many intire Poems compos'd in them.

In the Structure of thefe Verfes, as well as of thofe of 10 Syllables, we mult take Care, that the moft prevailing Accents be neither on the 3 d nor 5 th Syllables of them.

They alfo require a Paufe to be obferv'd in pronouncing ohem, which is generally at the 4 th or 5 th Syllable; as,
> rll Fing of Heroes,--snd of Kings,
> In mighty Numbers-mighty things;
> Begin my Mufe,--but lo the Strings,
> $\}$
> To my great Song-rebellious prove,
> The Strings will found-of nought but Lave. CowI.

The Verfes of 7 Syllables, which are called Anacreontick, are moft beautiful when the ftrongeft Accent is on the $3 \mathrm{~d}^{2}$, and the Paufe either there or at the $4 \mathrm{th}^{\text {; }}$; ass

> Fill the Bowl-with rofy Wine,
> Round our Temples-Rofes twine;
> Crown'd with Rofes-we cont temn
> Gyges werlthy-Diadem.

Cowl.
The Verfes of 9 and of in Syllables are of Two Sorts; one is thofe that are accented upon the laft fave one, which are only the Verfes of double Rhyme that belong to thofe 8 and so Syllables, of which Examples have already been given: The other of thofe that areaccented on the laft Syllable, which are employ'd only in Compofitions for Mufick, and in the loweft fort of Burlefque Poetry; the Difagreeablenefs of their Meafure having wholly excluded them from grave and ferious Subjects. They who defire to fee Examples of them, may find fome fcatter'd here and there in our Masks and Operas, and in our Burlefque Writers. I will give but Two.

> Hylas, O Hylas, why fit we mute?
> Now that each Bird filitetth the Spring.
> Wait. Apart let me view then each Heavenly Fair,
> To Thiee at a time thare's no Mortal can bear. Congr.
> The

The Verfes of 12 Syllables are truly heroick both in their ${ }^{*}$ Meafure and Sound, tho' we have no entire Works compos'd in them; and they are fo far from being a Blemint to the Poems they are in, that on the contrary, when rightly employ'd, they conduce not a little to the Ormament of them; particularly in the following Rencounters.

1. When they conclude an Epifode in an Heroick Poem: Thus Stafford ends his Tranflation of that of Camilla from the inth Æneid with a Verfe of iz Syllables.

> The ling'ring Soul th' unzue'iome Dcom receives, And, murn'ring with Diddain, the beauteous Body leaves:
2. When they conclude a Triplet and full Senfe together; 28,

Millions of op'ning Mouths to Fame belong;
And every Mouth is furnih'd with a Tongue; (Dry.\} and round with lift?ning Ears the fying Plague is bung.\},
And here we may obferve by the way, that whenever a Triplet is made ufe of in an Heroick Poem, it is a Fault not to clofe the Senfe at the End of the Triplet, but to continue it into the next Line; as Dryden has done in his Tranflation of the 11th Æneid in thefe Lines.

> With Olives crown'd, the Prefents they fhall bear, A Purple Robe, a Royal Iv'ry Cbair,
> And all the Marks of Sway that Latian Monarchs wear $\}_{3}$ And Sums of Gold, \&c.

And in the 7 th 廨eid he has committed the like Fault.
> $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Then they, whofe Mothers, frantick with their Fear, } \\ \text { In Woods and Wilds the Flags of Bacchus bear, } \\ \text { And lead his Dances with difhevel'd Hair, }\end{array}\right\}$. Increafe the Clamour, \&c.

But the Senfe is not confin'd to the Couplet, for the Clofe of it may fall into the Middle of the next Verfe, that is the Third, and fometimes farther off: Provided the laft Verfe of the Couple exceed not the Number of Ten Syllables; for then the Senfe ought always to conclude with it. Examples of this are fo frequent, that tis needlefs to give any.
3. When they conclude the Stanzas of Lyrick or Pindarick Odes; Examples of which are often Seen in Drydens, and others.

## 10

 Ruzes for making"In thefe Verfes the Paufe ought to be at the 6th Syllable, as may be feen in the foregoing Examples.

We fometimes find it, tho' very rarely, at the 7 th; as,
That fucb a curfed Creature--lives fo long a Space.
When it is at the 4th, the Verfe will be rough and hobbling; as,
And Midrwife Time-the ripen'd Plot to Murther brougbt. Dry. The Prince purfu'd,-and march'd along with equal Pace. Dry.
In the laft of which it is very apparent, that if the Senfe and Conftruction would allow us to make the Paufe at the oth Syllable,

The Prince purfi'd, and march'd-along with equal Pace. the Verfe would be much more flowing and eafy.

The Verfes of 14 Syllables are lefs frequent than thofe of 12; they are likewife inferted in Heroick Poenis, of.c. and are agreeable enough when they conclude a Triplet and Senfe, and follow a Verfe of $12 ;$ as,
For thee the Land in fragrant Flow'rs is dreff;
For thee the Ocean fmiles, and frooths her wavy Breaft,
And Heav'n it Self with more Serene and purer Light is
bleft.
But if they follow one of to Syllables, the Inequality of the Meafure renders them lefs agreeable; as,

While all thy Province, Nature, I furvey,
And fing to Memmius an immortal Lay,
of Heav'n and Farth; and every where thy wondrous Pow'r display.
Efpecially if it be the laft of a Couplet only; as,
With Court-Informers Haunts, and Royal Spies,
Things done relates, not done bie feigns, and mingles Trutb with Lies.

Dryd.
But this is only in Heroicks; for in their Pindarisks and Lyricks, Verfes of 12 or 14 Syllables are frequently and gracefully plac'd, not only after thofe of 12 or 10 , but of any other Number of Syllables whatfoever.
The Verfes of 4 and 6 Syllables have nothing worth obferving, and therefore I fhall content my felf with having made mention of them. They are, as I faid before, us'd only in Operas and Masks, and in Lyrick and Pindarick Odes. Take one Example of them.

To rule by Love, To hised no Blood, May be extoll'd above; But bere below, Let Princes know,
'Tis fatal to be good.

## S E C T. III.

Several Rules conducing to the Beauty of our Verffication.

OUR Poetry being very much! polifh'd and refin'd fince the Days of Chaucer, Spencer, and the other antient Poets, fome Rules which they neglected, and that conduce very much to the Ornaments of it, have been practis'd by the beft of the Moderns.

The Finft is, to avoid as much as poffible the Concourfe of Vowels, which occafions a certain ill-founding Gaping, call'd by the Latins Hiatus; and which they thought fo difagreeable to the Ear, that, to avoid it, whenever a Word ended in a Vowel, and the next began with one, they never, even in Profe, founded the Vowel of the firt Word, but loft it in the Pronunciation; and it is a Fault in our Poets not to do the like, whenever our Language will admit of it.

For this Reafon the $e$ of the Particle The ought always to be cut off before the Words that begin with a Vowel; as,

With weeping Eyes She heard th' unwelcome News. Dry.
And it is a Fault to make The and the firt Syllable of the following Word Two diftinct Syllables, as in this,

Refirain'd a while by the unvelcome Night. Wall.
A Second fort of Hiatus, and that ought no lefs to be avoided, is, when a Word that ends in a Vowel that cannot but cut off, is plac'd before one that begins with the fame Vowel, or one that has the like Sound; as,

Sbould thy Iambicks fwell into a Book.
Wall.
The Second Rule is, to contract the Two laft Syllables of the Preterperfect Tenfes of all the Verbs that will admit of it; which are all the Regular Verbs whatfoever, exceept only thofe ending in D or T , and DE or TE . And it is a Fault to make Amazed of Three Syllables, and Loved of Two, in"fread of Amaz'd of Two, and Lov'd of One.

And the Second Perfon of the Prefent and Preterperfet Tenfes of all Verbs ought to be contracted in like manner; as, thou lov'f, for thou lovef, \&ec.

The Third Rule is, not to make ufe of feveral Words in a Verfe that begin witio the fame Letter, as,

> The Court be knews to fteer in Storms of State.
> He in thefe Mitracles Defign difiern'd.
> Div.

Yet we find an Intance of fuch a Verfe in Dryden's Trannation of the firft Paftoral of Virgil;

Till then a belplefs, hopelefs, homely Swain. Which I am perfwaded he left not thus through Nesligence or Inadvertency, but with defign to paint in the Number and Sound of the Words the thing he defcribed, a Shepherd in whom

Nec Spes libertatis erat, nec cura pecull.
Now how far the Sound of the $H$ Afpirate, with which Three Feet of that Verfe begin, expreffes the Defpair of the Swain, let the Tudicious judge: I have taken norice of it only to fay, that 'tis a great Beauty in Poetry, when the Words nand Numbers are fo difpos'd, as by their Order and Sound to seprefent the things defrrib'd.

The Fourth is, to avoid ending a Verfe by an Adjective whofe Subftantive begins the following; as,

## Some loft their quiet Rivals, fome their kind Parents, \&c. <br> Dav.

Or, by a Prepofition when the Cafe it governs begins the Verfe that follows; as,

The daily leff ning of our Life, hewss by
A little dying, bow outright to dye.
Wall.
The Fifth is, to avoid the frequent Ufe of Words of many Syllables, which are proper enough in Profe, but come not into Verfe without a certain Violence altogether difagreeable; particularly thofe whofe Accent is on the Fourth Sylla. ble from the laft, as Undutifulnefs.

## S E C T. IV.

Doubts concerning the Number of Syltables of certain Words.

THERE is no Language wharfoever that fo often joyns feveral Vowels together to make Diphthongs of them *
as ours; this appears in our having feveral compos'd of Three different Vowels, as EAU and EOU in Be.inteous, IOU in Glorious, UAI in Acquaint, \&c.

Now from hence may arife fome Difficulties concerning the true Pronunciation of thofe Vowels, Whether they ought to be founded feparately in Two Syllables. or joyntly in one.

The antient Poets made them fometimes of Two Syllables, fometimes but of One, as the Meafure of their Verfe requir'd; but they are now become to be but of One, and it is a Fault to make them of Two : From :whence we may draw this general Rule;

That whenever one Syllable of a Word ends in a Vowel, and the next begins with one, provided the firt of thofe Syllables be not that on which the Word is accented, thofe Two Syllables ought in Verfe to be contracted and made but one.

Thus Beauteous is but Two Syllables, Vifforious but Three; and it is a Fault in Dryden to make it Four, as he has done in this Verfe:

Your Arms are on the Rhine vitforious.
To prove that this Verfe wants a Syllable of its due Mea? fure, we need but add one to it; as,

Your Aims are on the Rhine vidforious now.
Where, tho the Syllable now be added to the Verfe, it has no more than its due Number of Syllables; which plainly proves it wanted it.

But if the Accent be upon the firft of thefe Syllables, they cannot be contratted to make a Diphthony, but muft be computed as Two diftinct Syllables: Thus Poet, Lion, 2 iiet, and the like, muft always be us'd as Two Syllables ; Poetry and the like as Three.

And it is a Fault to make Riot, for Example, one Syllable. as Milton has done in this Verfe,

Their Riot afcends above their lofty Tow'rs.
The fame Poet has in another Place made ufe of a like Word twice in one Verfe, and made it Two Syllables each time;

## With Ruin upon Ruin, Rout on Rout.

And any Ear may difcover that this laft Verfe has its true Meafure, the other not.

But there are fome Words that may be excepted; as Dite mond, Violet, Violent, Diadem, Hyacinth, and perhaps fome others, which, though they are accented upon the firft Vowel, are fometimes us'd but as Two Syllables; as in the following Verfes,

From Diamond Quarries hewn, and Rocks of Gold. Milt: With Poppies, Daffadils, and Violets joyn'd. Tate. With vain, but violent Force their Darts they fung. Cowl. His Ephod, Mitre, well-cut Diadent on. Cowl.
My blujwing Hyacinths, and my Bays I keep. Dryd.
Sometimes as three; as,
A Mount of Rocky Liamond did rife. Blac.
Hence the blue violet and blujbing Rofe. : Blac. And Set Soft Hyacinths of Iron Blue. Dryd.
When they are us'd but as Two Syllables they fuffer an Elifion of one of their Vowels, and are generally written thus, Di'mond, Vi'let, \&c.

This Contraction is not always made of Syllables of the fame Word only; for the Particle $A$ being plac'd after a Word that ends in a Vowel, will fometimes admit of the like Concraction: For Example, after the Word many; as,

Tho many a Victim from my Folds was bougbt, And many a Cheefe to Country Markets brougbt. Dryd. They many a Trophy gain'd with many a Wound. Dav. After To; as,

Can be to a Friend, to a Son So bloody grow? Cowl. After They; as,

From thee, their long-known King, they a King defire. Cowl. After $B y$; as,

When we by a fooligh Figure Say. Cowl.
And perhaps after fome others.
There are alfo other Words whofe Syllables are fometimes contracted, fometimes not; as Bower, Heaven, Prayer, Nigher, Towards, and many more of the like Nature: But they generally ought to be us'd but as one Syllable; and then they fuffer an Elifion of the Vowel that precedes their final Confonant, and ought to be written thus, Pow'r, Heav'n, Pray'r, Nigh'r, Tow'rds.

The Termination I S M is always us'd but as one Syllable; 2s,

> Where griefly Schifm and raging Strife appear. Cowl. And Rheumatifms I Send to rack the Fonnts. Dryd.

And indeed, confidering that it has but one Vowel, it may feem abfurd to affert that it ought to be reckon'd two Syllables; yet in my Opinion thofe Verfes feem to have a Syllable more than their due Meafure, and would run better if we took one from them; as,

> Where griefly Schifm, raging Strife appear.
> I Rbeumatifins fend to rack the Goynts.

Yet this Opinion being contrary to the conftant Practice of our Poets, I fhall not prefume to advance it as a Rule for others to follow, but leave it to be decided by fuch as are better Judges of poetical Numbers.

The like may be faid of the Terminations $A S M$ and O SM.

## S E CT. V.

Of the Elifions that are allow'd in our Verfification.

0UR Verfes confifting only of a certain Number of Syllables, nothing can be of more eafe, or greater ufe to Poets, than the retaining or cutting off a Syllable from a Verfe, according as the Meafure of it requires; and therefore it is requifite to treat of the Elifions that are allowable in our Poetry, fome of which have been already taken Notice of in the preceding Section.

By Elifion I mean the cutting off one or more Letters from a Word, whereby Two Syllables come to be contracted into One; or the taking away an intire Syllable. Now when in a Word of more than two Syllables, which is accented on the laft fave Two, the Liquid R happens to be between two Vowels, that which precedes the Liquid admits of an Elifion. Of this Nature are many Words in ANCE, ENCE, ENT, ER, OUS, and RY; as Temperance, Preference, Different, Flattever, Amorous, Victory: Which are Words of Three Syllables, and often us'd as fuch in Verfe ; but they may be alfo contracted into Two, by cutting off the Vowel that precedes the Liquid, as Temp'rance, Pref'rence, D:ff'rent, Flatt'rer, Am'rous, Vict'ry. The like Elifion is fometimes us'd when any of the other Liquids $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{M}$ or N , happen to be between Two Vowels in Words accented like the former; as Fabulous, Enemy, Mariner: which may be contracted Fablous. En'my, Mar'mer. But this is not fo frequent.

Obferve, that I faid accented on the laf fave Two; for if the Word be accented on the laft fave one, that is to fay, on the Vowel that precedes the Liquid, that Vowel may not be cut off. And therefore it is a Fault to make, for Example, Sonorous Two Syllables, as in this Verfe;

## With Son'rous Metals wak'd the drowfy Day. Blac,

Wh hich always ought to be Three, as in this,
Sonorous Metals blowing martial Sounds. . Milt,
In like manner, whenever the Letter $S$ happens to be between Two Voweis in Words of Three Syllables, accented on the firft, one of the Vowels may be cut off; as Pris'ner, Bus'nef, \& .

Or the Letter C when 'tis founded like S; that is to fay, whenever it precedes the Vowels E or I; as Med'cine, for Medicine.
Or V Confonant; as Cov'nant for Covenant.
To thefe may be added the Gerunds of all Verbs whofe Infinitives end in any of the Liquids, preceded by a Vowel or Diphthong, and that are accented on the laf fave one: For the Gerunds being form'd by adding the Syllable ING to the Infinitive, the Liquid that was their final Letter comes thereby to be between Two Vowels; and the Accent that was on the laft fave one of the Infinitive, comes to be on the laft fave Two of the Gerund: And therefore the Vowel or Diphthong that precedes the Liquid, may be cut off; by means whereof the Gerund of Three Syllables comes to be but of Two, as from Travel, Travelling, or Trav'ling; from Endeavour, Endeavouring, or Endeav'ring, \&c.

But it the Accent be on the laft Syllable of fuch a Verb, its Gerund will not fuffer fuch an Elifion : Thus the Gerund of Devour muft always be Three Syllables, Devouring, not Dev'ring ; becaufe all Derivatives ftill retain the Accent of their Prinitives, that is, on the fame Syllable : And the Accent always obliges the Syllable on which it is to remain' entire.

The Gerunds of the Verbs in OW, accented on the taft fave Two, fuffer an Elifion of the $O$ that precedes the $W$; as Foll'wing, Wall'wing.

The Particle It admits of an Elifion of its Vowel before Is, Was, Were, Will, would; as 'Tis, 'Twas, 'Twere, 'Twill, 'Twould. for Lt is, It was, \&cc.

It likewife fometimes fuffers the like Elifion when plac'd affer a Word that ends in a Vowel; as By't for By it, Do ${ }^{\circ} t$ for Do it : Or that ends in a Confonant after which the Letter T can be pronounc'd ; as Was't for Was it, In't for In $i t$, and the like: But this is not fo frequent in heroick Verfe.

The Particle Is may lofe its I after any Word that ends in a Vowel, or in any of the Confonants after which the Letter $S$ may be founded; as he's for hee is: The Air's for the Air is, \&c.

To (Sign of the Infinitive Mood) may lofe its O before any Verb that begins by a Vowel; as T'amaze, T'undo, \&c.

To (Sign of the Dative Cafe) may likewife lofe its O before any Noun that begins' with a Vowel ; as t'Air, t'every', \&c. But this Elifion is not fo allowable as the former.

Are may lofe its $A$ after the Pronouns Perfonal, We, You, They; as We're,' Tou're, They're : And thus it is'that this Elifion ought to be made, and not as fome do, by cutting off the final Vowels of the Pronouns Perfonal, W'are, Y'are, Th'are.

Will and Would may lofe all their firtt Letters, and retain only their final one, after any of the Pronouns Perfonal ; as $I^{\prime} l l$ for $I$ will, He'd for $H e$ would; or after Who, who'll for who will, who'd for who would.

Haive, may loofe its Two firt Letters after $I$, You, We, They; as I've, You've, We've, They've.

Not, its Two firft Letters afier can; as Can't for Can not.
$A m$, its $A$ after $I ; I$ ' $m$ for $I$ am,
Us, its $U$ after Let: Let's for Let us.
Taken, its $K$, as Ta'en: For fo it ought to be written, not ta'ne.

Heaven, Seven, Even, Elerven, and the Participles Driven, Given, Thriven, and their Compounds, may lofe their latt Vowel; as Heav' $n$, Forgiv'n, \&c. See the foregoing Section, po 13.

To thefe may be added Bow'r, Pow'r, Flow'r, Tow'r, Show'r, for Bower, Tower, \&c.

Never, Ever, Over, may lofe their $V$; and are contracted thus, Ne'er, Ee'er, O'er.

Some Words admit of an Elifion of their firt Syllable; as 'Tween, 'Twixt, 'Mong, 'Mongft, 'Gainft, 'Bozie, 'Ccir $\mathrm{J}_{2}$,' Fore, for Betweeh, Betwixt, Among, Among ft, Againft, Above, Becaufe, Before. And fome others that may be obferv'din reading our Poets

I have already, in the ${ }_{3} d$ Section of this Chapter, rpoken of the Elifion of the $e$ of the Particle The before Vowels: But it
is requifite likewife to take notice, that it fometimes lofes its Vowel before a Word that begins with a Confonant, and then its two remaining Letters are joyn'd to the preceding Word; as To th' Wall for To the Wall; By theWall for By the Wall, \&c. But this is fcarce allowable in heroick Poetry.

The Particles $I n, O f$, and $O n$, fometimes lofe their Confonants, and are joyn'd to the Particle The in like manner ; as $i^{\prime} t h^{\prime}$, $o^{\prime} t h$ ', for in the, of the.

In fome of our Poets we find the Pronoun His lofe its two firt Letters after any Word that ends in a Vowel; as $t 0^{\circ} s, b y$ 's, \&c. for to bis, by bis, \&ic. Or after many Words that end in a Confonant, after which the Letter $S$ can be pronounc'd; as in's, for's, for in his, for bis, \&c. This is frequent in Cowle', who often takes too great a Liberty in his Contractions; as t'your for to your, t'which for to which, and many others; in which we muft be cautious in following his Example: But the contracting of the Pronoun His in the manner I mention'd, is not wholly to be condemn'd.

We fometimes find the Word Who contracted before Words that begin with a Vowel; as,

Wh'expofe to Scorn and Hate both them and it. Cowl.
And the Prepofition $B y$ in like manner; as,
B'unequal Fate and Providence's Crime. $_{\text {Well did he know kow Palms b'Oppreffion Speed. . Cowl. }}^{\text {Cryd. }}$.

And the Pronouns Perfonal, He, She, Tkey, We, as,
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Timely b'obeys ber wife Advice, and frait } & \\ \text { To unjuft Force h'oppoles juft Deceit. } & \text { Cowl. } \\ \text { Themfilves at firf againft themfelves th'excite. } & \text { Cowl. } \\ \text { Shame and Woe to us, if w'our Wealth obey. } & \text { Cowl. }\end{array}$
But thefe and the like Contractions are very rare in our moft correct Poèts, and ought indeed wholly to be avoided: For 'tis a general Rule, that no Vowel can be cut off before another, when it cannot be funk in the Pronunciation of it: And therefore we ought to take care never to place a Word that begins with a Vowel, after a Word thatends in one (mute E only excepted) unlefs the final Vowel of the former can be loft in its Pronunciation: For, to leave two Vowels opening on each other, caufes a very difagreeable Hiatus. Whenever therefore a Vowel ends a Word, the next ought to begin with
a Confonant, or what is equivalent to it; as our $W$, and H Afpirate, plainly are.

For which reafon 'tis a Fault in fome of our Poets to cut off the $e$ of the Particle The; for Example, before a Word that begins by an H Afpirate; as,
And th'haffy Troops marcb'd loud and chearful down. Cowl.
But if the H Afpirate be follow'd by another $E$, that of the Particle The may be cut off; as,

> Th'Heroick Prince's Courage or his Love. Wall. Th' Hefperian Fruit, and made the Dragon feep. Wall.

> C H A P. II.
of Rbyme.

## S E C T. I.

What Rbyme is, and the Several Sorts of it.

RHyme is a Likenefs or Uniformity of Sound in the Terminations of two Words; I fay of Sound, not of Letters; for the Office of Ryhme being to content and pleafe the Ear, and not the Eye, the Sound only is to be regarded, not the Writing: Thus Maid and Perfwade, Laugh and Quaff, tho they differ in Writing, ryhme very well: But Plough and Cough, tho' written alike, rylme not at all.

In our Verfification we may obferve three feveral forts of Rhyme; Single, Double and Treble.
The fingle Ryhme is of two forts: One, of the Words that are accented on the laft Syllable: Another, of thofe that have their Accent on the laft fave two.
The Words accented on the laft Syluble, if they end in a Confonant, or mute E, oblige the Rhyme to begin at the Vowel that precedes their laft Confonant, and to continue to the End of the Word: In a Confonant; as,

Here might be Seen, that Beauty, Wealth and Wit, And Prowefs, to the Pow'r of Love Jubmit. Dryd.

In mute E ; as,
A Spark of Virtue by the deepeft. Shade Of fad Adverfity, is fairer made.

Wall.
But if a Dipthong precede the laft Confonant, the Rhyme muft begin at that Vowel of it whofe Sound moft prevails; as,

Next to the Pow'r of making Tempefts ceafe, Was in that Storm to bave So calm a Peace. Wall.

- If the Words accented on the laft Syllable end in any of the Vowels except mute $E$, or in a Diphthong, the Rhyme is made only to that Vowel or Diphthong. To the Vowel; 2s,

So wing'd with Praife we penetrate the Sky,
Teach Clouds and Stars to praife him as we fly. Wall.
To the Diphthong, as,
So bungry Wolves, tho greedy of their Prey,
Stop when they find a Lion in the Way.
Wall.
The other fort of fingle Rhyme is of the Words that have their Accent on the laft Syllable fave two. And thefe rhyme to the other in the fame Manner as the Former ; that is to fay, if they end in any of the Vowels except mute E, the Rhyme is made only to that Vowel ; as,

So Seems to Speak the youthful Deity;
Voice, Colour, Hair, and all like Mercury. Wall.
But if they end in a Confonant or mute $E$, the Rhyme muft begin at the Vowel that precedes that Confonant, and continue to the End of the Word; as has been fhewn by the former Examples.

But we mult take Notice, that all the Words that are accented on the laft fave two, will rhyme not only to one another, but alfo to all the Words whofe Terminations have the fanie Sound, tho' they are accented on the laft Syllable. Thus Tendernefs rhymes not only to Poete $\int s$, Wretchednefs, and the like, that are accented on the laft fave two, but allo no Confefs, Excefs, \&uc. that are accented on the last; as,

Thou art my Father now, the ee Words confefs That Name, and that indulgent Tendernefs.

## S E C T. II.

## of Double and Treble Rbyme.

AL L Words that are accented on the laft fave one, require the Rhyme to begin at the Vowel of that Syllable, and to continue to the End of the Word; and this is what we call Double Rhyme; as,

> Then all for Women, Painting, Rhyming, Drinking, Befides Ten thoufand Freaks that dy'd in Thinking. D:yd.

But, it is convenient to take Notice, that the ancient Poets did not always obferve this Rule, and took Care only that the laft Syllables of the Words fhould be alike in Sound, without any Regard to the Seat of the Accent. Thus Nation and Affection, Tendernefs and Haplefs, Villany and Gentry, Follow and Willow, and the like, were allow'd as Rhymesto each other in the Days of Cbaucer, Spencer, and the reft of the Antients; but this is now become a Fault in our Verfifi_ cation; and thefe Two Verfes of Cowley rhyme not at all.

A clear and lively Brown was Merab's Dje;
Such as the proudeft Colours might exvy.
Nor thefe of Dryden.
Thus Air was void of. Light, and Earth unfable, And Waters dark Abyss unnavigable.
Becaure we may not place an Accent on the laft Syllable of Envy, nor on the laft lave one of unnavigable; which neverthelefs we muft be oblig'd to do, if we make the firt of them rhyme to Dye, the laft to Unfable.

But we may obferve, that in Burlefque Poetry it is permitted to place an Accent upon a Syllable that naturally has none ; as,

When Pulpit, Drum, Ecclefiaftick, Was beat with Fift infead of a Stick.

Where, unlefs we pronounce the Particle $A$ with a ftrong Accent upon it, and make it found like the Vowel $a$ in the laft Syllable but one of Ecclefiaftick, the Verfe will loofe all its Beauty and Rhyme. But this is allowable in Burlefque Poetry only.

Obferve that thefe double Rhymes may be compos'd of Two feveral Words, provided the Accent be on the laft Syllable of the firft of them; as thefe Verfes of Cowley, Speaking of Gold;

> A Curfe on bim who did refine it, A Curfe on bim who firft did coin it.

Or fome of the Verfes may end in an entire Word, and the Rhyme to it be compos'd of feveral; as,

Tho' for'd with Deletery Med'cines, Which whofoever took is dead fince.

Hud.
The Treble Rhyme is, when in Words accented on the laft fave Two, we begin the rhyme at the Vowel of thatSyllable, and continue it to the End of the Word: Thus Chari$t y$ and Parity, Tenderne $\sqrt{s}$ and Slenderne $\int s$, \&oc. are treble Rhymes. And thefe too, as well as the double, may be compos'd of feveral Words; as,

> There was an ancient fage Philofopher, That had read Alexander Rofs over.

> Hud.

The Treble Rhyme is very feldom us'd, and ought wholly to be exploded from ferious Subjects; for it has a certain Flatnefs unworthy the Gravity requir'd in Heroick Verfe. In which Dryden was of Opinion that even the double Rhymes ought very cautiounly to find place ; and in all his Trannlations of Virg:l he has made ufe of none, except only in fuch Words as admit of a Contraction, and therefore cannot properly be faid to be double Rhymes; as Giv'n, Driv'n, Tow'r, Pow'r, and the like. And indeed, confidering their Meafure is different from that of an Heroick Verfe, which confifts but of 10 Syllables, they ought not to be too frequently us'd in Heroick Poems; but they are very graceful in the Lyrick, to which, as well as to the Burlefque, thofe Rhymes more properly belong.

## S E C T. III.

Furthir Inftructions concerning Rbjme.

THE Confonants that precede the Vowels where the Rhyme begins, muft be different in Sound, and not the fame; for then the Rhyme will be too perfect; as Light, Delight, Vice, Advice, and the like; for tho' fuch Rhymes were allowable in the Days of Spencer and the other old Poets, they are not fo now, nor can there be any Mufick in one fingle Note. Cowley himfelf owns, that they ought not to be employ'd except in Pindarick Odes, which is a fort of free Poetry, and there too very fparingly, and not without a Third Rhyme to anfwer to both; as,

In barren Age wild and inglorious lje, And boaft of payt Fertility,
The poor Relief of prefent Poverty.
Cowl.

Where the Words Fertility and Pow erty rhyme very well to the laft Word of the firft Verfe, Lye; but cannot rhyme to each other, becaufe the Confonants that precede the laft Vowels are the fame, both in Writing and Sound.

But this is yet lefs allowable if the Accent be on the laft Syllable of the Rhyme; as,

## Her Language melts Omnipotence, arrefts

His Hand, and thence the vengeful Light'ning wiefts. Blac.
From hence it follows, that a Word cannot rhyme to its felf, tho' the Signification be different ; as, He learies to the Leaves, \&c.

Nor the Words that differ both in Writing and Senfe, if they have the fame Sound, as Maid and made, Prey and pray, to bow and a Bough; as,

How gawdy Fate may be in Prefents fent, And creep infenfibly by Touch or Scent,

Oldh.
Nor a Compound to its Simple; as Move to Remove, Taught to Untaught, \&c.

Nor the Compounds of the fame Words to one another, as Difprove to Approve, and the like. All which proceeds from what I faid before, viz. That the Confonants that precede the Vowels where the Rhyme begins, must not be the
fame in Sound, but different. In all which we vary from. our Neighbours; for neither the French, Italians nor Spaniards will allow that a Rhyme can be too perfect : And we meet with frequent Examples in their Poetry, where not only the Compounds rhyme to their Simples, and to themfelves; but even where Words written and pronounced exactly alike, provided they have a different Signification, are made ufe of as Rhymes to one anosher: But this is not permitted in our Poetry.

We muft take care not to place a Word at the Middle of a Verfe that rhymes to the laft Word of it ; as,

So young in frow, as if he fill Nould grow.
But this Fault is ftill more inexcufable, if the Second Verfe. rhyme to the Middle and End of the Firt; as,

> Knowledge be only fought, and So foon caugbt, As if for bim Knowledge bad rather Soughts. Cowl. Here Paffion fways; but there the Muse ghall raife Eternal Monuments of louder Praife. Wall.

Or both the Middle and End of the Second to the laft Word of the Firft ; as,

Farewell, fhe cry'd, my Sifter, thou dear Part,
Thou Jweeteft Part of my divided Heart.
Dryd,
Where the Tendernefs of Expreffion will not attone for the Jingle.

## C H A P. III.

## Of the Several Sorts of Poems, or Compofitions in Verfe,

ALL our Poems may be divided into twa forts; the firft are thofe that are compos'd in Couplets; the fecond thofe that are compos'd in Stanzas confifting of feyeral Verfes.

SECT,

## S ECT. I.

## Of the Poems compos'd in Couplets.

IN the Poems compos'd in Couplets, the Rhymes follow. one another, and end at each Couplet; that is to fay, the 2d Verfe Rhymes to the 1ft, the 4 th to the 3 d , the 6 th to the sth, and in like manner to the End of the Poem.

The Verfes employ'd in this fort of Poems, are either Verfes of 10 Syllables; as;

Ob! could I flow like thee, and make thy Streams My great Example, as it is $m \gamma$ Theme; Tho' deep, yet clear; tho gentle, yet not dull; Strong, without Rage; without o'erflowing full. Denh $=$
Or of 8 ; as,
c fairef Piece of well-form'd Earth,
Why urge you thus your baughty Birth?
The Pow'r, which you have o'er us, lies:
Not in your Race, but in your Eyes.
Smile but on me, and you fhall frorn
Henceforth to be of. Princes boxn:
$I$ can deforibe the fhady Grove,
Where your lov'd Mother lept with Jove; -
And yet excufe the faultefs Dame,
Caught with her Spoufe's Shape and Name:
Thy matchlefs Form will Credit bring,
To all the Wonders I hall fing.
Wall:
Or: of 7; as,
Phillis, why fionld we delay
Pleafures fiorter than the Day ?
Could we, which we never can,
Stretch our lives beyond their Span,,
Beauty like a Shadow fies,
And our Youtb before us dies.
Or would Youth and Beauty fay,
Love has Wings, and will away.
Love has fwifter Wings than Time.
Wall..

Bat the Second Verfe of the Couplet does not always contain a like Number of Syllables with the Firf; as,

What fhall I do to be for ever known, And make the Age to come my own? I Sall like Beafts and common People dye, Unlefs you write my Elegy.

## S E C T. II.

Of the Poems compos'd in Stanzas: And firft, of the Stanzas confifing of Three and Four Verfes.

IN the Poems compos'd of Stanzas, each Stanza contains a certain Number of Verfes confifting for the moft Part of a different Number of Syllables : And a Poem that confifts of feveral Stanzas we generally call an Ode ; and this is Lyrick Poetry.

But we mult not forget to obferve, that our antient Poets frequently made ufe of intermix'd Rhyme in their Heroick Poems, which they difpos'd into Stanzas and Cantos. Thus the Troilus and Creefida of Cbaucer is compos'd in Stanzas confinting of 7 Verfes; the Fairy 2ueen of Spencer in Stanzas of 9, \&c. And this they took from the Italians, whofe Heroick Poems generally confift in Stanzas of 8. But this is now wholly laid afide, and Davenant, who compos'd his Gondibert in Stanzas of 4 Verfes in alternate Rhyme, was the laft that follow'd their Example of intermingling Rhymes in Heroick Poems.

The Stanzas employ'd in our Poetry cannot confift of lefs than Three, and are feldom of more than Twelve Verfes, except in Pindarick Odes, where thel Stanzas are different from one another in Number of Verfes, as fhall be fhewn.

But to treat of all the different Stanzas, that are employ'd or may be admitted in our Poetry, would be a Labour no lefs tedious than ufelefs; it being eafy to demonftrate, that they may be vary'd almoft to an Infinity, that would be different from one another, either in the Number of the Verfes of each Stanza, or in the Number of the Syllables of each Verfe; or laftly, in the various intermingling of the Rhyme. I Thall therefore confine my felf to mention only fuch as are

## ENGIISHVERSE.

molt frequently us'd by the beft of our modern Poets. And firt of the Stanzas confifting of Three Verfes.

In the Stanzas of Three Verfes, or Triplets, the Verfes of each Stanza rhyme to one another ; and are either Heroick; ps,

Nothing, thou Elder'Brother e'en to Shade! Tiou hadft a Being e'er the World was made. And (well-fix'd) art alone of ending not afraid. Roch.
Or elfe they confift of 8 Syllables; as thefe of Waller, on a fair Lady playing with a Snake.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Strange that fuch Horrour and Such Grace } \\
& \text { Should dwell together in one Place, } \\
& \text { A Fury's Arm; an Angel's Face. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Nor do the Verfes of thefe Stanzas always contain a like Number of Syllables; for the Firft and third may have Ten, the Second but Eight ; as,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Men witliout Love have oft fo cunning grown, } \\
& \text { That Something like it they bave Shewn, } \\
& \text { But none who had it, e'sr feem'd to bave none. } \\
& \text { Love's of a frangely open, Smple Kind, } \\
& \text { Can no Arts or Difguifes find; } \\
& \text { But thinks none fees it, 'caufe it felf is blind. Cowl. }
\end{aligned}
$$

In the Stanzas of Four Verfes the Rhyme may be intermix'd in Two different Manners; for either the ift and 3 d Verfe may rhyme to each other, and by confequence the 2 d and 4 th, and this is call'd Alternate Rhyme ; or the ift and $4^{\text {th }}$ may rhyme, and by confequence the 2 d and 3 d .

But there are fome Poems in Stanzas of Four Verfes, where the Rhymes follow one another, and the Verfes differ in Numbes of Syllables only; as in Cowley's Hymn to the Light, which begins thus,

> Firft-born of Chaos! who fo fair didft come From the old Negro's darkfom Womb: Which, when it faw the lovely Cbild,
> The melancholy Mafs put on kind Looks and Smil'd.

But the ee Stanzas are generally in Alternate Rhyme, and the Veifes confift either of 10 Syllables; as,

She ne'er faw Courts, but Courts could bave wndone With untaught Looks and an unpractis'd Heart:
Her Nets the moft prepar'd could never Shun;
For Nature Spread them in the Scorn of Art. Davi.
Or of 8; as,
Had Echo with So. fweet a Grace,
Narciffus loud Complaints return'd:
Not for Reflexion of his Face,
But of his Voice the Boy bad burn'd. Wall.
Or of 10 and 8 , that is to fay, the Ift and 3 d of 10 ; the 2 d and 4 th of 8 ; as,

Love from Time's Wings has fol'n the Feathers fure, He bas, and put them to his own:
For Hours of late as long as Days endure, And very Minutes Hours are grown.
Or of 8 and 6 in the like Manner; as,
Then_ask not Bodies doom'd to dye,
To what Abode they go:
Since Knowledge is but Sorrow's Spy,
${ }^{7}$ Tis better not to know.
Or of 7; as,
Not the filver Doves that fly,
Yoak'd in Cytherea's Car;
Nor the Wings that lift fo high,
And convey ber Son So far;
Are fo lovely fweet and fair,
Or. do more ennoble Love;
Are fo choicely match'd a Pair,
Or with more Confent do move.
Note, That it is abfolutely neceffary that both the Conftruction and Senfe fhould end with the Stanza, and not fall into the Beginning of the following one, as it does in the laft fample, which is a Fault wholly to be avoided.

## S E.C T. III. Of the Stanzas of Six Verfes.

THE Stanzas of Six Verfes, are generally only one of the before-mention'd Quadrans or Stanzas of Four Verfes, with Two Verfes at the End that rhyme to one anocher; as,
A. varal Fudge difpos'd of Beauty's Prize, A simple Shepherd was prefer'd to Jove;
Down to the Mountains from the partial Skies.
Came Juno, Pallas, and the Queen of Love,
To plead for that whieb was So juftly giv'n,
To the bright Carlife of the Courts of Heav'n.
Where the 4 firft Verfes are only a Quadran, and confift: of 10 Syllables each in Alternate Rhyme.
The following Stanza in like manner is compos'd of a Quadran, whofe Verfes confift of 8 -Syllables; and to which 2 Verfes that rhyme to one another are added at the End; as,

Hope waits upon the flowry Prime,
And Summer, tho' it be lefs.gay,
$r_{\text {et }}$ is not look'd on as a Time
of Declination and. Decay; -
For with a full Hand That does bring All that was promis'd by the Spring.

Wall,
Sometimes the Quadran ends the Stanza, and the two Lines of the fame Rhyme begin it ; as,

Here's to thee Dick, this whining Love defpife:
Pledge me, my Friend, and drink till thoul be't wife.
It Sparkles brighter far than the;
'Tis pure and right without Deceit,,
And fuch no Woman e'er can be;

- No, they are all Yophifficate.

Cowl.
Or as in thefe, where the firtt and laft Verfes of the Stanzz confift of 10 Syllables;

When Cbance or cruel Bus'nefs. parts us two, What do our Souls, I wonder, do? While Sleep does our dull Bodies tie, Mettinks at home they hould not ftay Content with Dreams, but boldly fly
:abroad, and meet each other half the Way

Or as in the following Stanz,, where the 4 th and $;$ th Verfes rhyme to each other, and the 3 d and 6 th;

While what I write I do not See, I dare thus ev'n to you write Poetry.
A's foolith Mufe! that doft so bigh afpire,
And know'f ber Fudgment well,
How much it does thy Porw'r excell;
$\chi_{e t}$ dar's be read by thy juft Doom the Fire. Cowl.
(Written in Juice of Lemon.
But in fome of thefe Stanzas the Rhymes follow one another; as,

Take Heed, take Heed, thou lovely Maid,
Nor be by glitt'ring Ills betray'd:
Thy Self for Money! Ob! let no Man know
The Price of Beauty fall'n So low.
What Dangers ought'f thou not to dread.
When Lave that's blind is by blind Fortune led? Cowl.
Laftly, fome of thefe Stanzas are compos'd of 2 Triplets; 2s,

> The Lightning, which tall Oaks oppofe in wain,
> To ftrike Sometimes does not difdain
> The bumble Furzes of the Plain.
> She being So bigh, and I fo low,
> Her Pow'r by this does greater Show,
> Who at Juch Diftance gives So Jure a Blow.
> Cowl.

## SECT. IV.

## Of the Stanzas of 8 Verres.

IHave already faid; that the Italians compofe their Heroick Poems in' Stanzas of 8 Verfes, where the Rhyme is difpos'd as follows; the Ift, 3 d , and 5 th Verfes rhyme to one another, and the 2 d , 4th, and 6th; the Two laft always rhyme to each other. Now our Tranflators of their Heroick Poems have obferv'd the fame Stanza and Difpofition of Rhyme; of which take the followingExample from Fairfax's Tiandation of Tafle's Goffredo, Cant. I. Stam. 3.

Thither thou know'f the World is beft inclin'd Where luring Parnals mof bis Beams imparts; And Iruth convey'd in Verfe of gentleft kind, To read Sometimes, will move the dulleft Hearts; So we, if Children joung difeas'd we find, Anoint with Sweets the Velfel's foremof Parts, To make them tafte the Potions Sharp we give; They drink deceiv'd, and fo deceiv'd they live.

But our Poets feldom imploy this Stanza in Compofitions of their own; where the following Stanzas of 8 Verfes are moft frequent.

Some others may with Safety tell
The mod'rate Flames which in them dwell; And either find Some Med'cine there,
Or cure themfelves ev'n by Defpair:
My Love's So great, that it might prove
Dang'rous to tell her that I love.
So tender is my Wound, it cannot bear Any Salute, tho' of the kindeft Air.
Where the Rhymes follow one another, and the 6 firt Verfes confift of 8 Syllables each, the 2 laft of 10.

We have another fort of Stanza of 8 Verfes, where the $4^{\text {th }}$ rhymes to the ift, the 3 d to the 2 d , and the 4 laft are Two Couplets; and where the ift, 4 th, 6 th and 8 th, are of 10 Syllables each, the 4 others but of 8 ; as,

> I're often wilh'd to love: What hall I do?
> Me fill the cruel Boy does Spare;
> And I a double Task muft bear,
> Firft to wooe him, and then a Miftress too.
> Come at laft, and Arike for foame,
> If thou art any thing befides a Name;
> I'll think thee elfe no God to be,
> But Poets, rather, Gods, who firft created thee. Cowl.

Another, when the 2 firft and 2 laft Verfes confift of 10 Syllables each, and rhyme to one another, the 4 other but of 8 in Alternate Rhyme.

Tho' you be abfent hence, I needs muft ray,
The Trees as beauteous are, and Flowirs as gay,

Rules for making
As ever they were wout to be:
Nay the Birds rural Mufick too
Is as znelodious and free,
As if they fung to pleafure you.
I faw a Rofe-bud ope this Morn; I'll fwear
The blufing Morning open'd not more fair.
Cowl.
Another, where the 4 firf Verfes aye Two Couplets, the 4 laft in Alternate Rhyme ; as in Cowstey's Ode Of a Lady that made Pofees for Rings.

I litrle thought the Time would ever be,
That I hould Wit in dwarfifh Pofies See. As all Words in ferw Letters live,
Thou to few Wonds all Sense dof give.
'Twas Nature taught you this rare Art,
In fuch a little, much to fleww;
Who all the Good She did impart.
To Womankind, epitomiz'd in you..

> S E C T: V.
> Of the Stanzas of 10 and of 12 Verfes.

THE Stanzas of roand iz-Verfes are feldom employ'd in our Poetry, it being very difficult to confine our: felves to a certain Difpofition of Rhyme, and Meafure of Verfe, for fo many Lines together ; for which Reafon thofe of 4,6 , and 8 Verfes are the moft frequent. However we fometimes find fome of 10 and 12; as in Cowley's Odes, which he calls Verjes loft upon a Wager, where the Rhymes follow one another, but the Verfes differ in number of Syllables.

As Soon bereafter will I Wagers Lay
,Gainf what an Oracle hall fay:
Fool that I was to venture to deny
A Tongue So us'd to Victory;
A Tongue So bleft by Nature and by Art,
That ne'er yet fpoke but gain'd a Heart.
'Tho' what you fuid bad not been true;
If Spake by anv elfe but you;
rour Speech will govern Deftiny,
'And Fate will change ratber then you Shall lye.' Cowl.
The

The fame Poet furnifhes us with an Example of a Stanza of 12 Verfes in the Ode he calls The Prophet ; where the Rhymes are obferv'd in the fame Manner as in the former Examples.

> Teach me to love! Go teach thy Self more Wit : I chief Profeffor am of it.

Teach Craft to Scots, and Thrift to Jews, Teach Boldness to the Sterus.
In Tyrants Courts teach Supple Flattery,
Teach Fefuits that have travell'd far to lye,
Teach Fire to buin, and Winds to blow,
Teach reftlefs Fowntains how to flow,
Teach the dull Eaith fixt to abide,
Teach Womankind Inconftancy and Pride,
See if your Diligence there will uSeful prove;
But prithee teach not me to love.

## S E C T. VI.

Of the Stanzas that confft of an odd Number of Verfes.

WE have alfo Stanzas that confift of odd Numbers of: Verfes, as of $5,7,9$, and 11 ; in all which it of neceffity follows, that three Verfes of the Stanza rhyme to one another, or that one of them be a blank Verfe.

In the Stanzas of 5 .Verfes the ift and $3 d$ may rhyme, and the 2 d and two laft; as,

> Sees not my Lave how Time refumes
> The Beauty which be lent thefe Flow'rs? Tho' none jlould tafte of their Perfumes, Yet they muft live bust fome ferw Hours:

> Time what we forlear, devours.

Wall.
Which is only a Stanza of 4 Verfes in Alternate Rhyme to which a sth Verfe is added that rhymes to the $2 d$ and 4th.

See alfo an Inftance of a Stanza of 5 Verfes, where the Rhymes are intermix'd in the fame Manner as the former, but the ift and 3d Verfes are compos'd but of 4 Syllables eacho.

> Go lovely Rofe
> Tell ber that waftes her Time and me,
> That now fhe knows,
> When I refemble ber to thee,
> How fweet and fuir Jhe seems to be. Wall.

In the following Example the two firt Verfes rhyme, and the three laft.
> 'Tis well,' tis well with them, faid $I$, Whofe fiort-liv'd Paffions with themfelves can dye.

> For none can be unhappy, who
> 'Midft all his Ills a Time does know, Tho' ne'er fo long, when be fhall not be fo. Cowl.

In this Stanza the two firt and the laft, and the 3 d and 4th rhyme to one another.

> It is enough, enough of Time and Pain
> Haft thou confum'd in vain;
> Leave, wretched Cowley, leave,
> Thy Self with Shadows to deceive.
> Think that already loft which thou muft never gain. Cowl.

The Stanzas of 7 Verfes are frequent enough in our Poetry, efpecially among the Ancients, who compos'd many of their Poems in this fort of Stanza : See the Example of one of them taken from Spencer in The Ruins of Time, where the Ift and 3 d Verfes rhyme to one another, the 2 d , 4 th and 5 th, and the 2 laft.

But Fame with golden Wings aloft does fly
above the Reach of ruinous Decay, And with brave Plumes does beat the Azure Sky, Admir'd of bafe-born Men from far away:

Then whofo will with virtuous Deeds effay,
To mount to Heaven, on Pegafus muft ride,
And in fweet Poets Verfe be glorify'd.
I have rather chofen to take notice of this Stanza, becaufe that Poet and Chaucer have made ufe of it in many of their Poems, tho' they have not been follow'd in it by any of the Moderns, whofe Stanzas of 7 Verfes are generally compos'd as follows.

Either the Four firf Verfes are a Quadran in Alternate Rhyme, and the Three laft rhyme to one another; as,

Now by my Love, the greatef O ath that is, None loves jou balf so well as I; I do not ask your Love for this,
But for Heaven's fake believe me, or I dye.
No Servant fure but did deforve
His Mafter Should believe that be did Serve;
And I'll ask no more Wages tho' I farve.
Or the Four firft are Two Couplets, and the Three laft a Triplet; as,

Indeed I muft confefs
When Souls mix' 'tis a Happiness,
But not compleat till Bodies too combine, And clofely as our Minds together joyn.
But Half of Heav'n the Souls in Glory tafte,
'Till by Love in Heav'n at laft,
Their Bodies too are plac'd.
Or, on the contrary, the Three firt may rhyme, and the Four laft be in Rhymes that follow one another ; as,

From Hate, Fear, Hope, Anger, and Envy free,
And all the Paffions elfe that be,
In vain I boaft of Liberty:
In vain this State a Freedom call,
Since I have Love; and Love is all.
Sot that I am! who think it fit to brag
That I have no Difeafe lefides the Plague. Cowl,
Or the ift may rhyme to the 2 laft, the $2 d$ to the 5 th, and the 3 d and 4 th to one another; as,

In vain thou drowfy God I thee invoke,
For thou who doft from Fumes arife,
Thou who Man's Soul doft over hade
With a thick cloud by Vapours made, Canft have no Pow'r to lhut bis Eyes,
Or Palfage of his Spirits to choak,
Whofe Flame's fo pure, that it Sends up no Smoak. Cowl.
Or laftly, the Four firt and Two laft may be in following Rhyme, and the 5 th a Blank Verfe; as,

```
Thou robb'f my Days of Bus'nefs and Delights,
    of Sleep thou robb'ft my Nights.
    Ab lovely Thief! what wilt thou do?
    What, rob me of Heav'n too!
    Thou ev'n niy Prayers doft from me feal,
    And I with wild Idolatry
    Begin to God, and end them all in thee. Cowl.
```

The Stanzas of 9 and of is Syllables are not fo frequent* as thofe of 5 and of 7. Spencer has compos'd his Fairy Queen in Stanzas of 9 Verfes, where the ift rhymes to the 3 d , the 2 d to the 4 th, 5 th and 7 th, and the 6 th to the two laft. But this Stanza is very difficult to maintain, and the unlucky Choice of it reduc'd him ofter to the Neceffity of making ufe of many exploded Words: Nor has he, I think, been follow'd in it by any of the Moderns, whofe 6 firf. Verfes of the Stanzas that confift of 9, are generally in Rhymes that follow one another, and the Three laft a Triplet; as,

> Beauty, Love's Scene and Mafquerade, So well by well-plac'd Ligbts, and Diftance made; Falfe Coin! with which th' Impofor ckeats us fill, The Stamp and Colour good, but Metal ill:

> Which light or baje we find, when we Weigh by Enjoyment, and examine thee.

> For tho' thy Being be but Show, "Tis chiefly Night which Men to thee allow, And chufe t'enjoy thee, when thou leaft art thou. Cowh.

In the following Example the like Rhyme is obferv'd, but the Verfes differ in Meafure from the Former.

> Beneath this gloomy Shade, By Nature only for my Sorrows made,

> I'll Spend this Voice in Cries;
> In Tears I'll wafte the fe Eyes,
> By Love So vainly fed:
> So Luft of old the Deluge punigsed.
> Ab wretched Youth! Said I;
> Ab wretched Youth! twice did I fadly cry;
> Ab wratched Youth! the Fields and Floods reply. Cowl.

The

The Stanzas confifting of in Verfes are yet lefs frequent than thofe of 9, and have nothing particular to be obferv'd in them. Take an Example of one of them, where the 6 firft are 3 Couplets, the three next a Triplet, the two laft a Couplet ; and where the 4 th, the 7 th, and the laft Verfes are of 10 Syllables each, the others of 8 .

> No, to what Purpofe Should I Speak?
> No, wretched Heart, fwell till you break:
> She cannot love me if fise would,
> And, to Say Truth, 'twere Pity that fie frould.
> No, to the Grave thy Sorrorws bear,
> As flent as they will be there;
> Since that lov'd Hand this mortal Wound does give,
> So bandfomly the thing contrive,
> That phe may guiltlefs of it live:
> So perifh, that ber killing thee
> May a Cbance-Medley, and no Murther be. Cowl.

## S ECT. VII.

Of Pindarick Cdes, and Poems in Rlink Verfe.

THE Stanzas of Pindarick Odes are neither confin'd to a certain Number of Verfes, nor the Verfes to a certain Number of Syllables, nor the Rhyme to a certain Diiftance. Some Stanzas contain 50 Verfes or more, others not above 10, and fometimes not fo many: Some Verfes i4, nay, 16 Syllables, others not above $4 \div$ Sometimes the Rhymes follow one another for feveral Couplets together, fometimes they are remov'd 6 Verfes from each orher; and all this in the fame Stanza. Corwley was the firlt who introduc'd this fort of Poetry into our Language : Nor can the Nature of it be better defrib'd than as he himfelf has done it, in one of the Stanzas of his Ode upon Eiberty, which I will tranfribe, not as an Example, for none can properly be given where no Rule can be prefrrib'd, but to give an Idea of the Nature of this fort of Poetry.

If Life fhould a well-order'd Poem be, In which be only bits the White, Who joins true Profit with the beft Delight;
The more Heroick Strain let others take,
Mine the Pindarick way I'll make:
The Matter Shall be grave, the Numbers loofe and free; It flall not keep one Sittled Pace of Time,
In the Same Tune it fuall not always cbime,
Nor Balleach Day juft to bis Neigbbour rbyme.
A thoufand Liberties it foall difpence,
And yet fhall manage all without Offence,
Or to the Sweetnefs of the Sound, or Greatness of the
(Sense.)
Nor fluall is never from one Subject fart,
Nor Seek Tranfitions to depart;
Nor its Set way o'er Stiles and Bnidges make,
Nor thro Lanes a Compafs take,
As if it fear'd Some Trespals to commit,
When the wide Air's a Road for it.
So the Imperial Eagle does not fary
Iill the whole Carcafs be devour,
That's fall'n into his Pow'r,
As if his gen'rous Hunger underftood,
That be can never want Plenty of Food;
He only fucks the taffful Blood,
And to firefh Game fies chearfully away,
To Kites and meaner Birds be leaves the mangled Prey.
This fort of Poetry is employ'd in all Manner of Subjects; in Pleafant, in Grave, in Amorous, in Heroick, in Philofophical, in Moral, and in Divine.

Blank Verfe is where the Meafure is exactly kept without Rhyme ; Shakefpear, to avoid the troublefome Conftraint of Rhyme, was the firft who invented it ; our Poets fince him have made ufe of it in many of their Tragedies and Comedies : But the mort celabrated Poem in this kind of Verfe is Milton's Paradife Lof ; from the ;th Book of which I have taken the following Lines for an Example of Blank Verfe.

Tiefe are thy glorious Works, Parent of Good! Almighty! thine this univer $\int$ al Frame, Thus wondrous fair! thy feif low wondrous then! Speak you, who beft can tell, ye Sons of Light, Angels! for yoir behold him, and with Songs, And Choral Symphonies, Day witkout Night Circle his Throne rejoycing, you in Hearen. On Earth! joyn all ye Creatures, to extol Him firft, him laft, bim midf, and without end ! Faireft of Stars! laft in the Train of Night, If better thou belong no: to the Dawn, Sure Pledge of Day, that crown'ft the Smiling Morn With the bright. Circlet, praife bim in thy Sphere, While Day arifes, that fweet Hour of Prime! Thous Sons! of this great World both Eye and Soul, Acknowledge him thy Greater, Sound his Praife In thy eternal Cour $\int e$, both when thou climb' $t$ ( fall' $f$. And when high Noon haft gain'd, and when thou Moon! that now meet'ft the Crient Sun, now fiy'f. With the fix'd Stars, fix'd in their Orb that flies, And ye Five other wandring Fires! that move In Myffick Dance, not without Song, refound His Praife, who out of Darkness call'd up Light. Air! and ye Elements! the eldeft Birth Of Nature's Womb, that in Quaternion run Perpetual Circle multiform, and mix And nourifh all things; let your ceafelefs Change $V$ ary to our great Maker fill new Praife. Ye Mifts and Exhalations! that now rife From Hill or ftanding Lake, dusky or gray, Till the Sun paint your fleecy Skirts with Gold, In Honour to the World's great Author rife; Whether to deck with Clouds th' uncolour'd Sky, Or wet the thirfty Earth with falling Show'rs, Rifing or falling, fill advance bis Praife. (blow, His Praifi, ye Winds! that from four Quarters Breath foft or loud; and wave your Tops, yePines!
With ev'ry Plant, in fign of Workhip, ware. Fountains! and ye that warble as you flow Melodious Murmurs, warlling tune bis Praife. Foin Voices all ye living Souls, ye Birds!
That finging, up to Heav'n's bigh Gate afcend, Bear on your Wings, and in your Notes his Praife. $r_{e}$ that in. Waters glide! and ye that walk

Thus I have given a fhort Account of all the forts of Poems, that are moft us'd in our Language. The Acrofticks, Anagrams, \&oc. deferve not to be mention'd, and we may fay of them what an antient Poet faid long ago,

Stultum eft difficiles habere Nugas, Et fultus Labor ejt ineptiarum.

## $F \perp N \perp S$

# A <br> COLLECTION OFTHE <br> Mof Natural and Sublime <br> <br> THOUGHTS; <br> <br> THOUGHTS; <br> $$
V I Z .
$$ 

Allufions, Similies, Defcriptions, and Characters, of Perfons and Things, that are in the beft Engliibb Poets.

Sic pofite, quoniam fuaves mifcetis Od̄rew. VIRG.


$$
L O N D O N \text { : }
$$

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## The NAMES of the AUTHORS that are cited by their Abbreviations in this Collection.

| T R. Addifon Add. Dr. Atterbury Atter. | Lee Lee. <br> Milton Milt. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Beaumont and Fletcher Beau. | Marquis of Normanby', now |
| Behn Behn. | Duke of Buckingham, Norm. |
| Sir Richard Blackmore Black. | Cldham. Cldh. |
| Brown Brown. | Otway Otw. |
| Late D. of Buckingham Buck. | Mr. Prior. Prior. |
| Cleaveland Clear. | Ratcliff Rat. |
| M: Congreve Cong. | Late Earl of Rochefter Roch. |
| Cowley Cowl. | E. of Rofcommon Rofc. |
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| Mr. Harvey Harv. | Waller Wall. |
| Sir Robert Howard How. | Mr. Wjclerley Wych. |
| Hudibras Hud. | Mr., Yalden Yald. |
| Ben. Fohnion Foh. |  |

Qui, quid fit pulchrum, quid turpe, quid utile, quid non, Plenius ac melius Cbrysippo \& Crantore dicunt. Hor.


A

## COLLECTION OFTHE

## Moft Natural and Sublime Thoughts, of the beft ENGLISH POETS.

ABSENCE. See Parting.
Mourn in Abfence, Love's seternal Night. Dr. Pal. \&o Arro
It was not kind, To leave me, like a Turtle, here alone,
To droop, and mourn the Abfence of my Mate. When thou art from me, ev'ry Place is defart, And I, methinks, am favage and forlorn. Thy Prefence only 'tis can make me blefs'd, Heal my unquiet Mind, and tune my Soul. Otw. Orph. Love reckons Hours for Months, and Days for Years; And ev'ry little Abrence is an Age. Dryd. Amphif. The tedious Hours move heavily away, And each long Minute feems a lazy Day. Ctw. Cai. Mar. For thee the bubbling Springs appear'd to mourn, And whifp'ring Pines made Vows for thy Return. Dryd. Virg: Night muft involve the Woild till fhe appear ; The Flow'rs in painted Meadows hang their Heads; The Büds awake not to their morning Songs, Nor early Hinds renew their conftant Labour :

Ev'n Nature feems to lumber till her Call, Regardless of th'Approach of any other Day.

Winds murmur'd tho' the Leaves your fort Delay,
And Fountains o'er their Pebbles clii your Stay :
But, with your Prefence chear'd, they ceafe to mourn; (Inn).
And Walks wear frefher Gieen at your Return. Dryd. State of
The Joys of Meeting pay the Pangs of Absence,
Elf who could bear it?
When thy loved Sight fall bless my Eyes again,
Then will I own I ought not to complain,
(Tam. $\}$ Since that fiweet Hour is worth whole Year's of Pain. Row.

I charge thee loiter not, bur hate to blefs me ;
Think with what eager Hopes, what Rage, I burn;
For ev'ry tedious Minute how I mourn:
Think how I call thee cruel for thy Stay,
( $\mathrm{E} 5 \%$ \%
And break my Heart with Grief for thy unkind Delay. Row.
Fig fwift, ye Hours, you meafure Time for me in vain,
Till you bring back Leonidas again :
Be fifer now, and to redeem that Wrong,
When he and I are met, be twice as long. Dr. Mar. All a-mode.
While in divine Panther's charming Eyes,
I view the naked Boy that basking lies,
I grow a God! fo left, fo bleft am I,
With faced Rapture, and immortal Joy!
But, absent, if the fines no more, And hides the Sun that I adore, Strait, like a Wretch defpairing, I Sigh, languish in the Shade, and die.
Oh! I were loft in endlefs Night, If her bright Prefence brought not Light, Then I revive, bleft as before,
The Gods themfelves cannot be more! Rock.
For Paffion by long Absence does improve,
And makes that Rapture which before was Love.
Step.

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A D V I C E .
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When Things go ill, each Fool prefumes t'advife,
And if more happy, thinks himself more wife:
All wretchedly deplore the prefent State,
(on Clop.
And that Advice Rems bet which comes too late. Sell. Ant.
Take found Advice, proceeding from a Heart
Sincerely yours, and free from fraudful Art.
Dryd.Virg.

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\mathcal{E} G E O N .
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Agron, when with Heav'n he frove,
Stood oppofite in Arms to mighty Jove;
Mov'd

Mov'd all his hundred Hands, provok'd the War, Dety'd the forky Lightning from afar : At fifty Mouths his flaming Breath expires, And Flat for Flash returns, and Fires for Fires: In his Right Hand as many Swords he welds, And takes the Thunder on as many Shields.

Briareus called in Heav'n, but mortal Men below
By his terreftrial Name $\notin g$ goo know. Dry. How.
A OLUS. See Winds, Storm.

The God, who does in Caves constrain the Winds,
Can with a Breath their clam'rous Rage appeafe,
They fear his White, and forfake the Seas.
Yet once indulg'd, they fiveep the Main,
Deaf to the Call, or hearing hear in vain.
They bent on Mifchief bear the Waves before, And, not content with Sea, infult the Shore; When Ocean, Air and Earth, at once engage, And rooted Forefts fly before their Rage, At once the clafhing Clouds to Betel move, And Lightnings run acrofs the Fields above. In Times of Tempest they command alone, And he but fits precarious on the Throne.

Dry. Ovid. tolus, to whom the King of Heav'n, The Pow'r of Tempests and of Winds has given; Whore Force alone their Fury can reftiain, And froth the Waves, or fivell the troubled Main : The Jailer of the Wind, Whore hoarle Commands his breathing Subjects call ; He boats and bluffers in his empty Hall. Dry. Virgo.

ETNA.

Mount Etna thence we fy,
Known by the fmoaky Flames which cloud the Sky:
By turns a pitchy Cloud fie rowls on high;
By turns hot Embers from her Entrails fly, And Flakes of mounting Flames that lick the Sky. Off from her Bowels maffy Rocks are thrown, And, Thiver'd by the Force, come Piecemeal down : Oft liquid Lakes of burning Sulphur flow,
Fed from the fiery Springs that boil below.
Enceladus, they fay, transfix'd by Jove, With blatted Wings came tumbling from above; And where he fell thavenging Father drew This flaming Hill, and on his Body threw:

As often as he turns his weary Sides,
(Virg.
He fhakes the folid Ine, and Smoke the Heavens hides. Dryd.
Here prefs'd Enceladus with mighty Loads,
Vomits Revenge in Flames againft the Gods:
'Thro' Etna's Jaws he impudently threats,
And thund'ring Heav'n with equal Thunder beats. Cr. Latr.
So Contraries on Etna's Top confpire,
Here hoary Frofts, and by them breaks out Fire.
A Peace fecure the faithful Neighbours keep;
Th'imbolden'd Snow next to the Flame does feep. Cowl.
As when the Force
Of fubterranean Wind tranfports a Hill,
Torn from Pelorus, or the fhatter'd Side
Of thund'ring $\notin t n a$, whofe combuttible
And fuel'd Entrails thence conceiving Fire,
Sublim'd with min'ral Fury, aid the Winds,
And leave a finged Bottom all involv'd
With Stench and Smoke.

> The Four AGES of the World. GOLDENAGE.

The Golden Age was firft, when Man, yet new,
No Rule but uncorrupted Reafon knew ; And with a native Bent did Good purfue. Unforcd by Punifhment, unaw'd by Fear, His Words were fimple, and his Soul fincere: Needlefs was written Law, where none oppref'd, The Law of Man was written in his Beeaft. No fuppliant Crowds before the Judge appear'd, No Court erected yet, nor Caufe was heard; But all was fafe, for Confcience was their Guard. The Mountain Trees in diftant Profpect pleafe, E'er yet the Pine defcended to the Seas;
E'er Sails were fpread new Oceans to explore, And happy Mortals, unconcern'd for more, Confin'd their Wihes to their native Shore.

Nor Swords were forg'd : But, void of Care and Crime,
The foft Creation flept away their Time.
The teeming Earth, yet guillefs of the Plough,
And unprovok'd, did fruitful Stores allow.
Content with Food which Nature freely bred,
On Wildings and on Strawberries they fed;

Cornels and Bramble-berries gave the reft, And falling Acorns furnifh'd out a Feaft. The Flow'rs unfown in Fields and Meadows reign'd, And $W^{W}$ eftern Winds immortal Spring maintain'd. In following Years the bearded Corn enfu'd From Earth unask'd, nor was that Earth renew'd. Fiom Veins of Vallies Milk and Nectar broke, And Honey fweated thro' the Pores of Oak.

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S I L V E R A G E \text {. }
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But when Good Saturn, banilh'd from Above, Was driv'n to Hell, the World was under Fove: Succeeding Times a Silver Age behold, Excelling Brafs, but more excell'd by Gold: Then Summer, Autumn, Winter, did appear, And Spring was but a Seafon of the Year. The Sun his annual Courfe obliquely made, Good Days contracted, and enlarg'd the bad. The Air with fultry Heats began to glow, The Wings of Winds were clog'd with Ice and Sncw: And Chiv'ring Mortals, into Houfes driven, Sought Shelter from th'Inclemency of Heaven. Their Houfes then were Caves, or homely Steds, With twining Oziers fenc'd, and Mofs their Beds. Then Ploughs for Seed the fruifful Furrows broke, And Oxen labour'd firt beneath the Yoke.

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B R A Z E N A G E \text {. }
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To this came next in Courfe the Brazen Age ;
A warlike Offfpring, prompt to bloody Rage, Not Impious jer.
$I R O N$ O $A$.
Hard Steel fucceeded then,

And fubborn as the Metal were the Men. Truth, Modefty, and Shame, the World forfook; Fraud, Avarice, and Force, their Places took: Then Sails were fpread to every Wind that blew,
Raw were the Sailors, and the Deptbs were new.
Trees rudely hollow'd did the Waves fuftain, E'er Ships in Triumph plow'd the watry Main. Then Land-marks limited to each his Right, For all before was common as the Light:
Nor was the Ground alone requir'd to bear Her annual Income to the crooked Share; But greedy Mortals, rummaging her Store, Dig'd from her Entrails firt the precious Ore;
(Which next to Hell the prudent Gods had laid,)
And that alluring Ill to Sight difplay'd :
Thus curfed Steel, and more accurfed Gold,
Gave Mifchief Birth, and made that Mifchief bold;
And double Death did wretched Man invade,
By Steel affaulted, and by Gold betray'd.
Now, brandifh'd Weapons glitt'ring in their Hands,
Mankind is broken loofe from Moral Bands.
No Rights of Hofpitality remain,
The Gueft, by him tnar harbour'd him, is flain:
The Son-in-Law purfues his Father's Life;
The Wife her Husband murthers, he the Wife:
The Stepdame Poyfon for the Son prepares;
The Son inquires into his Father's Years:
Faith flies, and Piety in Exile mourns;
And Juftice, here opprefs'd, to Heav'n returns. Dryd. Ovid.

## Silver Aje.

E'er this no Peafant vex'd the peaceful Ground,
Which only Turfs and Greens for Altars found:
No Fences parted Fields; nor Marks, nor Bounds
Diftinguif'd Acres of litigious Grounds:
But all was common, and the fruifful Earth
Was free to give her unexacted Birth.
Fove added Venom to the Viper's Brood,
And fwell'd with raging Storms the peaceful Flood;
Commiffion'd hungry Wolves t'infeft the Fold,
And hook from oaken Leaves the liquid Gold:
Remov'd from human Reach the chearful Fire,
And from the Rivers bad the Wine retire;
That ftudious Need might ufeful Arts explore
From furrow'd Fields to reap the foodful Store,
And force the Veins of clafhing Flints t'expire
The lurking Seeds of their celeftial Fire.
Then firt on Seas the hollow'd Alder fwam :
Then Sailors quarter'd Heav'n, and found a Name
For ev'ry fixt, and ev'ry wand'ring Star,
The Pleiads, Hyads, and the Nortbern Car.
Then Toils for Beafts, and Lime for Birds were found,
And deep-mouth'd Dogs did Foreft-Walks furround;
And Cafting-Nets were fpread in hollow Brooks,
Drags in the Deep, and Baits were hung on Hooks;
Then Saws were tooth'd, and founding Axes made,
And various Arts in Order did furcceed.
Dryd. Virg.

Unlabour'd Harvefts fhall the Fields adorn, And clufter'd Grapes fhall blufh on ev'ry Thorn. The knoted Oals fhall Show'rs of Honey weep, And thro' the matted Grafs the liquid Gold hall creep.
The greedy Sailor fhall the Seas forego;
No Keel fhall cut the Waves for foreign Ware,
For ev'ry Soil fhall ev'ry Product bear:
The tabring Hind his Oxen fhall disioin,
The tab'ring Hind his Oxen fhall disioin,
No Plough fhall hurt the Glebe, no Pruning-Hook the. Vine, $\}$
Nor Wool fhall in diffembled Colours fhine:
But the luxuzio:s Father of the Fold,
Wit's native Purple, or unborrow'd Gold,
B neath his pompous Fleece fhall proudly fiveat, And under Tyrian Robes the Lambs fhall bleat. Dryd, Virgs:

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A L E \subset T O \text {. }
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The Virgin Daughter of eternal Night:
She ftill delights in War, and human Woes,
Ev'n Pluto hates his own mifhapen Race.
Her Sifter Furies fly her hideous Face,
So frightful are the Forms the Monfter takes,
So fieice the Hiffings of her fpeckled Snakes.
'Tis hers, to ruine Realms, o'erturn a State,
Betwixt the deareft Friends to taife Debate,
And kindle Kindred Blood to mutual Hate.
Her Hand o'er Towns the fun'ral Torch difplays,
And forms a thoufand Ills, ten thoufand Ways.
She fhakes from out her fruitful Breaft the Seeds
Of Enxy, Difcord, and of crucl Deeds:
Confounds eftablifh'd Peace, and does prepare
Their Souls to Hatred, and their Hands to War D'yd. Virg : The Fates infernal Minifter !
War, Death, Deftuction, in her Hand fhe bears;
Her curling Snakes with Hiffings fill the Place,
And open all the Furies of her Fice.
Her Chains-fhe rattles, and her Whips, fhe fhakes, Churning her bloody Fpam

# (8) 

## AMAZON.

So march'd the Thracian Amazons of Old
When Thermodon with bloody Billows roul'd : Such Troops as thefe in fhining Arms were feen, When TheSeus met in Fight their Maiden Queen. Such to the Field Pentheflea led,
From the fierce Virgin when the Grecians fled.
With fuch return'd triumphant from the War,
Her Maids with Cries attend the lofty Car :
They clath with manly Force their moony Shields,
With female Shouts refound the Plorygian Fields. Dryd. Virg.
Refiftefs thro' the War Camilla rode,
In Dinger unappall'd, and pleas'd with Blood:
One Side was bare for her exerted Breaft,
One Shoulder with her painted Qiuiver prefs'd.
Now from afar her fatal Jav'lins play;
Now with her Ax's Edge ne hews her Way.
Diana's Arms upon her Shoulders found,
And when, too clofely prefs'd, The quits the Giound, (Virga \}
From her bent Bow fhe fends a backward Wound. Dryd.
Penthefilea there, with haughty Grace,
Leads to the War an Amazonian Race :
In their Right Hands a pointed Dart they wield;
'Their Left, for Ward, fuftains the Lunar Shield.
Athwart her Breaft a golden Belt the throws ;
Amidft the Prefs, alone, provokes a thoufand Foes, (Virg. $\}$
And dares her maiden Arms to manly Force oppofe. Dryd. 2 .
The little Amuzon could hardly go,
He loads her with a Quiver and a Bow,
And that fhe might her ftagg'ring Steps command 2
He with a flender Jav'lin fills her Hand:
Her flowing Hair no golden Fillets bound,
Nor fy, ept her trailing Robe the dufty Ground.
Inftead of thefe a Tyger's Hide o'erfpread
Her Back and Shoulders, faften'd to her Head.
The flying Dart Che firt attempts to fling,
And round her tender Temples tofs'd the Sling.
'Then, as her Strength with Years increas'd, began
To pierce aloft in Air the foaring Swan,
And from the Clouds to fetch the Heron and the Crane. Dr.

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\text { AMBITION. See Greatne } / \mathrm{s} \text {. }
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Ambition is a Luft that's never quench'd, (Cai. Mar.
Grows more enfam'd, and madder by Enjoyment. Ctw.

Ambition is at Distance
A goodly Prospect, tempting to the View :
The Height delights us, and the Mountain-Top
Looks beautiful, because 'tis nigh to Heav'n ;
But we ne'er think how faddy's the Foundation, (Ven. Pref. What Storms will batter, and what Tempefts fake us, $\mathrm{O} t \mathrm{w}$.

At loweft Ebb of Fortune when you lay,
Contented, then how happy was the Day :
But oh! the Cure of aiming to be great,
Dazed with Hope, we cannot fee the Cheat.
When wild Ambition in the Heart we find,
Fowrewel Content, and Quiet of the Mind :
For glitt'ring Clouds we leave the fold Shore,
And wanted Happiness returns no more:
But wild Ambition loves to flide, not ftand;
And Fortune's Ice prefers to Virtue's Land. Dr. $A b f$. \& Achoo.
Yet true Renown is fill with Virtue join'd,
But Luff of Pow'r lets loofe th'unbridl'd Mind. Dry. Auren. Ambition! the Define of active Souls,
That pufhes them beyond the Bounds of Nature,
And elevates the Hero to the Gods. Row Ambo. Step: -
O Energy divine of great Ambition!
That can inform the Souls of beardlefs Boys,
And ripen 'em to Men in Spite of Nature. Row Amb. Step.
Ambition is like Love, impatient
Both of Delays and Rivals. Dèrb. Soph. Ambition's never fane, till Pow'r be raft :
As Men, till impotent, are feldom chaste. Sell. Ant. © Clop. Ambition is the Drop ley of the Soul, \& Clop. Whore Thirft we mut not yield to, but control. Sedl. Ant. If Glory was a Bait that Angels fwallow'd,
How then fhould Souls ally'd to Sente refift it? Dry. Sec. Love m One World fuffic'd not Alexander's Mind,
Coop'd up he feem'd, in Earth and Seas confin'd :
And ftruggling, ftretch'd his reftefs Limbs about.
The narrow Globe, to find a Paffage out:
Yet enter'd in the brick-built Town, he try'd
The Tomb, and found the freight Dimenfions wide.
Death only this myfterious Truth unfolds,
The mighty Soul how fall a Body holds.
The Blat which his ambitious Spirit fwell'd,
See by how weak a Tenure it was field,
Dryad. Auren,

## ( I 0 )

Ambition's like a Circle on the Water, Which never ceafes to enlarge it felf,
Till by broad fpreading it difperfe to nought. Shak. Hen. 6.
Vaulting Ambition till o'erleaps it felf. Shak. Macb.
$A N G E L$.

## Then Gabriel

Bodies and cloaths himfelf with thicken'd Air,
All like a comely Youth, in Life's frefh Bloom, Rare Workmanthip, and wrought by heav'nly Loom!
He took for Skin a Cloud moft foft and bright,
That e'er the mid-day Sun pierc'd thro' with Light.
Upon his Cheeks a lively Blufh he fpread,
Wafh'd from the Morning Beauties deepeft Red.
A harmlefs flaming Meteor fhone for Hair,
And fell adown his Shoulders with loofe Care.
He cut out a filk Mantle from the Skies,
Where the moft fprightly Azure pleas'd the Eyes.
This he with ftarry Vapours fpangles, all
Ta'en in their Prime, e'er they grow ripe and fall.
Of a new Rainbow, e'er it fret or fade,
The choiceft Piece ta'en out, a Scarf is made.
Small ftreaning Clouds he does for Wings difplay,
Nor virtuous Lovers figh more foft than they:
Thefe he gilds o'er with the Sun's richeft Rays,
Caught gliding o'er pure Streams, on which he plays. Thus deefs'd he pofts away,
And carries with him his own glorious Day,
Thro' the thick Woods: The gloomy Shades awhile
Put on fiefh Looks, and wonder why they finile.
The trembling Serpents clofe and filent lie;
The Birds obícene far from his Paffage fly.
A fuddain Spring waits on him as he goes,
Suddain as that which by Creation rofe.
Cawl.

> Down thither, prone in Flight,

He fpeeds, and thro' the vaift etherial Sky,
Sails between Worlds and Worlds, with fteady Wings;
Now on the Polar Winds; then with quick Fan:
Winnows the buxom Air.
Of beaming funny Rays a gold Tiar
Circled his Head nor lefs his Locks behind
Illuftrious on his Shoulders, fledg'd with Wings,
Lay waving round.
Milt.
Six Wings he wore to fhade
His Lineaments divine: The Pair that clad

## (II)

Each Shoulder broad, came mantling o'er his Breaft
With regal Ornament; the middle Pair
Girt like a ftarry Zone his Wafte, and round
Skirted his Loins and Thighs with downy Gold, And Colours dip'd in Heav'n: The third his Feet Shadow'd from either Heel with feather'd Mail, Sky-tinctur'd Grain. Like Main's Son he food, And fhook his Plumes, that heav'nly Fragrance fill'd The Circuit wide.

His troubled Looks reveal'd his inward Wound, And Storms of Fury on his Forehead frown'd.

Enormous Rage diftended ev'ry Vein, And all Hell's Furies o'er his Bieaft did reign. Sxoln with Revenge, his blood-fhot Eyes did glare,
Like ruddy Meteors blazing in the Air.
Blaco
And Storms of Terrour threaten'd in his Looks. Gar.
He fwells with Wrath, he makes outragious Moan, ( $火$ Ar $\mathrm{Ar}_{3}$ He frets, he fumes, he ftares, he ftamps the Ground. Dry. Pal.

Rage flafh'd like Lightning from his livid Eyes, Blar. Talgol had long fupprefs'd
Enflamed Rage in glowing Breaft; Which now began to rage and burn, as Implacably, as Flame in Furnace.

He trembled and look'd pale with Ire, Like Afhes firft, then red as Fire. At this the Knight grew high in Wrath, And lifting Hands and Eyes up both, Three times he fmote on Stomach ftout.

Hud. With fiery Eyes, and with contracted Brows, He coin'd his Face in the fevereft Stamp, And Fury fhook his Fabrick like an Earthquake. He heav'd for Vent, and burft, like bellowing $E \operatorname{tnn}$ ?, In Sounds farce human. Dryd. All for Love: There is a fatal Fury in your Vifage; It blazes fierce, and menaces Deftruction. Rowe. Fair. Pen.
Oh! I burn inward; my Blood's all o'fire: Alcides, when the poyfon'd Shirt fate clofeft, Had but an Ague-Fit to this my Feaver.

Mad with her Anguifh, impotent to bear
The mighty Grief, fhe loaths the vital Air;. She raves againft the Gods, fhe beats her Breaft, And tears with both her Hands her purple Veft. Dryd. Virg:

Anger is like
A full hot Horfe: Allow him but his Way,
Self-Metrle tires him.
Shak. Hen. 8.
Anger, like Madnefs, is appeas'd by Reft. How. Ind. Queen. ANT. See Creation.
Thus in Battalia march embody'd Ants, Fearful of Winter and of future Wants.
T'invade the Corn; and to their Cells convey
The plunder'd Forrage of their yellow Prey
The fable Troops, along the narrow Tracks,
Scarce bear the weighty Burthen on their Backs:
Some fet their Shoulders to the pond'rous Grain, Some guard the Spoil, fome lafh the lagging Train:
All ply their feveral Tasks, and equal Toil fuitain. Dryd. Virg. $\}$
The little Drudge does trot about and fweat:
Nor will he ftrair devour all he can get;
But in his temp'rate Mouth carries it home:
A Stock for Winter, which, he knows, muft come. Cowl,Hor ANTIQUARY. And ANTIQUITY.
It was a Queftion whether he Or's Horfe were of a Family More worfhipful; till Antiquaries (After they'd almof por'd out their Eyes)
Did very learnedly decide
The Bus'nefs on the Horfe's Side; And prov'd, not only Horfe, but Cows, Nay Pigs, were of the elder Houfe: For Beaifts, when Man was but a piece Of Earth himfelf, did th' Earth poffefs. Hud.
'Tis not Antiquity, nor Author,
That makes Truth, Truth; altho' Time's Daughter.
'Twas he that put her in the Pit,
Before he pulld her out of it.
And as he eats his Sons, jut fo He feeds upon his Daughters too. Nor does it follow, 'caufe a Herald Can make a Gentleman, fcarce a Year old, To be defcended from a Race Of ancient Kings, in a fmall Space: That we fhould all Opinion hold Authentick, that we can make old.
APOLLO.

Like fair Apollo when he leaves the Froft Of wintry Xanthus, and the Lycian Coaft;

When to his native Delos he reforts,
Ordains the Dances, and renews the Sports:
Were painted Scytbinns, mix'd with Cretan Bands,
Before the joyful Altar joyn their Hands;
Himfelf, on Cintbus walking, fees below
The merry Madnefs of the facred Show.
Green Wreaths of Bays his Length of Hair inclofe,
A golden Fillet binds his awful Brows;
His Quiver founds.
Me Claros, Delphos, Tenedos obey,
Thefe Hands the Patareim Sceptre fway;
The King of Gods begot me: What fhall be,
Or is, or ever was in Fate, $I$ fee.
Mine is th' Invention of the charming Lyre,
Sweet Notes and heavenly Numbers I infpire:
Sure is my Bow, unnering is my Dart;
Med'cine is mine: What Herbs and Simples grow,
In Fields or Forrets, all their Pow'rs I know;
And am the great Phyfician call'd below.
Dryd. © vid. $\}_{\text {, }}$
O Source of facred Light,
God with the filver Bow, and golden Hair;
Whom Chryfa, Cilla, Tenedos obeys,
And whofe broad Eye their happy Soil furveys! Dryd. Homs, $A P O T H E C A R Y$, and his $S H C P$.
I do remember an Apothecary,
In tatter'd Weeds, with overwhelming Brows,
Culling of Simples; meager were his Looks,
Sharp Mifery had worn him to the Bones,
And in his needy Shop a Tortoife hung,
An Alligator fuffd, and other Skins
Of ill-fhap'd Fifhes: And about his Shelves
A beggarly Account of empty Boxes,
Green earthen Pots, Bladders and multy Seeds,
Remnants of Packthread, and old Cakes of Rofes,
Were thinly fcattered to make up a Show. Shak. Rom. © Jutis
His Shop the gazing Vulgar's Eyes employs
With foreign Trinkets, and domeftick Toys:
Here Mummies lay, moft reverendly ftale,
And there the Tortoife hung her Coat of Mail;
Not far from fome huge Shark's devouring Head,
The flying Fifh their finny Pinions fpread;
Aloft in Rows large Poppy-heads were ftrung,
And near a fraly Allegator hung:

In this Place Diugs, in mufty Heaps, decay'd;
In that dry'd Bladders and drawn Teeth are laid. APPARITION..
Behold from far a breaking Cloud appears,
Which in it many winged Wariours bears:
Their Glory fhoots upon my aking Senfe;
Thou, ftronger, may'ft endure the Flood of Light. Dryd. State
The broken Cloud pours out pure Floods of Light,
Show'rs of Celeftial Rays, tranfcendent bright:
And Storms of Splendour, dazling mortal Sight.
$\}$
Th'illuftrious Tempeft does on Hoel beat,
Who falls aftonifh'd headlong from his Seat,
Confounded with unfufferable Diy,
Grov'ling in Glory on the fhining Way,
And with bright Ruin overwhelm'd he lay. AP P LAUSE. See Popular.
The Heav'ns around with Acclamations rung,
And loud Applaufes of the houting Thron-. Blac.
Shouts of Applanfe ran ringing thro' the Field. Dryd. Virga
Caps, Hands, and Tongues applaud it to the Skies. Shak. Hamlo. The fhouting Cries
Of the pleas'd People rend the vaulted Skies.
The Fields around with Io Peans ring,
And Peals of Shouts applaud the conqu'ring King. Dryd. Virg. Shouts from the fav'ring Multitude arife,
Applauding Echo to the Shouts replies: $\{$ Dryd. Virg. $\}$ Shouts, Wifhes, and Appiaufe run rattling thro' the Skies. S The hollow Abyfs
Heard far and wide, and all the Hoft of Hell
With deat'ning Shout return them loud Acclaim.
Milt. Such Murmur fill'd
Th' Affembly, as when hollow Rocks retain
The Sound of bluftring Winds, which all Night long
Had rowz'd the Sea, now with hoarfe Cadence lull
Seafuring Man o'er-watch'd; whofe Bark by chance
Or Pilnnace anchors in a craggy Bay,
After the Tempeft: Such Applaufe was heard. Such a Noife arofe
As the Shrowds make at Sea in a ftiff Tempert, As loud, and to as many Tunes: Hats, Cloaks,
Dublets, I think, flew up; and had their Faces Been loofe, this Day they had been loft.

Skak.:Hen. 8.
As the Sound of Waters deep,
Hoarfe Murmur echo'd to his Words Applaufe.

## ARCHERS. See Arrow, Bow.

A flutt'ring Dove to the Maft's Top they tie:
The living Mark at which their Arrows fly:
The Rival Archers in a Line advance;
Then all with Vigour bend their trufty Bows, And from the Quiver each his Arrow chofe, Hippocoon's was the firft ; with forceful Sway It flew, and whizzing, cut the liquid Way. Fix'd in the Maft, the featherd Weapon ftands; The fearful Pidgeon flutters in her Bands, And the Tree trembled.
Then Mreftheus to the Head his Arrow drove, With lifted Eyes, and took his Aim above; But made a glancing Shot, and mifs'd the Dove: Yet mifs'd fo narrow, that he cut the Cord, Which faften'd by the Foot the flitting Bird. The Captive thus releas'd, away fhe flies, And beats, with clapping Wings, the yielding Skies. His Bow already bent Euryalus ftood;
His winged Shaft with eager hafte he fped; The fatal Meffage reach'd her as fhe fled:
She leaves her Life aloft, fhe ftrikes the Ground, And renders back the Weapon in the Wound. Aceftes, grudging at his Lot, remains
Without a Prize to gratify his Pains; Yet, fhooting upwards, fends his Shaft to fhow
An Archer's Art, and boaft his twanging Bow.
Chaf'd by the Speed, it fir'd, and as it flew, A Trail of foll'wing Flames afcending drew. Kindling they mount, and mark the fhiny Way; Acrofs the Skies, as falling Meteors, play,
And vanifh into Wind, or in a Blaze decay. Dryd.Virg. $\}$ ARGUS.
The Head of Argus, as with Stars the Skies, Was compafs'd round, and wore a Hundred Eyes : But Two by Turns their Lids in Slumber fteep; The reft on Duty ftill their Station keep: Nor could the total Conftellation fleep.

And all his Hundred Eyes, with all their Light, Are clos'd at once in One perpetual Night. Thefe Funo takes, that they no more may fail, And fpreads them in her Peacock's gaudy Tail. Dryd. Ovid.

ARMS or ARMOUR. See Battle. She fheath'd his Limbs in Arms, a temper'd Mars
Of golden Metal thofe, and Mountain-Brafs. He admires
The crefted Helm that vomits radiant Fires:
His Hands the fatal Sword and Cornet hold;
One keen with temper'd Steel, one ftiff with Gold,
Both ample, flaming both, and beamy bright.
So hines a Cloud, when edged with adverfe Light. Dry. Virgo. Refulgent Arms appear,
Redd'ning the Skies, and glittering all around,
The temper'd Metals clafh, and yield a filver Sound. Dryd.Virg. The Briton's Arms thus flame exceffive bright,
Darted keen Glances, and uneafie Light,
And tho' their Glory pleas'd, it pain'd the Sight. Blanc.
All armed in Brass, the richeft Dress of War;
$\Lambda$ frightful glorious Sight he fhone from far. Cowl. A Wolf grinn'd horribly upon his Head,
And o'er his brawny Back a Leopard's Hide was f read.
He girt his mighty Fauchion to his Side,
Which hung acrofs his Thigh with fearful Pride. Blac. Shields, Arms, and Spears flail horribly from far,
And the Fields glitter with a waving War: Dry. Virgo. Spears, Helmets, Mufquets with the Sun-beams play,
Their flashing Glances tho' the Field convey,
And bandy to and fro reverberated Day.
Their Swords, their Armour, and their Eyes hot Flame.
He on the Plain in radiant Armour hone, (Creech Lur.
His polifh'd Helm opprefs'd the dazed Sight,
And fhone on high like a huge Globe of Light.
His Coat of Mail was on his Shoulders catt,
And golden Cuifhes his vat Thighs encas'd.
The Pieces round his Legs Gold Buttons ty'd,
And his broad Sword hung dreadful by his Side;
Which, when drawn out, like a deftructive Flame
Of Lightning from the ample Scabbard came.
Blat.
Like a huge Beacon lighted in the Air,
His Buckler flam'd, denouncing horrid War.
In his Right Hand he flakes his pond'rous Lance. Blat.
His Back and Brant
Well-temper'd Steel and fall Brafs invert.
The Cuifhes which his brawny Thighs infold,
Were mingled Metal damask'd o'er with Gold.

His faithful Fauchion fits upon his Side,
Nor Cafque nor Creft his manly Features hide. Dryd. Virg. O'er his broad Breaft an Oxe's Hide was thrown,
His Helm a Wolf, whofe gaping Jaws were fpread
A Cov'ring for his Cheeks, and grinn'd around his Head.
He clench'd within his Hand an Iron Prong,
And tower'd above the reft, confpicuous in the Throng. Dryd. A Lion's Hide he wears,
(Virg.
About his Shoulders hangs the fhaggy Skin;
The Teeth and gaping Jaws feverely grin.
Dryd. Virg.
Some march before the Troops in dreadful Pride,
Arm'd with a ravn'ning Lion's grifly Hide:
The fhaggy Back was o'er their Shoulders fpread,
With formidable Grace; and on their:Head
The tawny Terror grinn'd with open Jaws,
And crofs the Breaft were lapp'd the hideous Paws.
The Teeth and favage Beard the Heroe's Face
Did with becoming martial Horror grace.
Blac:
Some wore Coat-Armour, imitating Scale,
And next their Skin were ftubborn Shirts of Mail;
Some wore a Breaft-Plate, and a light Juppon,
Their Horfes cloath'd with rich Caparifon.
Some for Defence would Leathern Bucklers ufe
Of folded Hides; and others Shields of Pruce.
One hung a Pole-Ax at his his Saddle Bow,
One hung a heavy Mace to ftun the Foe.
One for his Legs and Knees provided well,
With Jambeaux arm'd, and double Plates of Steel.
This on his Helmet wore a Lady's Glove,
And that a Sleeve imbroider'd by his Love. Dryd. Pal. © Arc.
Words and Devices blaz'd on ev'ry Shield,
And pleafing was the Terrour of the Field. Dryd.Pal. © Arc. ARROW. See Archers.
Arrows aloft in feather'd Tempefts fly,
Darts hifs at Darts encountring in the Sky. Blac.
Sounded at once the Bow, and fwiftly flies
The feather'd Death, and hiffes thro' the Skies. Dryd. Virg. By far more flow
Springs the fwift Arrow from the Partbian Bow,
Or Cydon Eugh, when traverfing the Skies.
And drench'd in Pois'nous Juice, the fure Deftruction flies.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ART. See Nature. Dryd. Virg. } \\
& \text { ASH. See Trees. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Rent like a Mountain Afh that dar'd the Winds,
And ftood the fturdy Stroaks of lab'ring Hinds.

About the Root the cruel Ax refounds,
The Stumps are pierc'd with oft-repeated Wounds.
The War is felt on high, the nodding Crown
Now threats a Fall, and throws the leafy Honours down.
To their united Force it yields, tho" late,
And mourns with mortal Groans th' approaching Fate.
The Rcots no more their upper Head furtain, But down fhe falls, and fpreads a Ruin thro' the Plain.

Like a Mountain Afh, whofe Roots are fpread
Deep fix'd in Earth, in Clouds he hides his Head. Dryd. Virg. ASPICK.
Welcome thou kind Deceiver,
Thou beft of Thieves! who with an eary Key
Doft open Life, and unperceiv'd by us,
Ev'n fteal us from our felves: Difcharging fo
Death's dreadful Office better than himfelf,
Touching our Limbs fo gently into Slumber,
That Death ftands by, deceiv'd by his own Image,
And thinks himfelf but Sleep. Dryd. All for Love.

> ASTONISHMENT.

I could a Tale unfold, whofe lighteft Word
Would harrow up thy Soul, freeze thy young Blood;
Make thy two Eyes, like Stars, ftart from their Spheres,
Thy knotty and combined Locks to part,
And each particular Hair to ftand an end,
Like Quills upon the fretful Porcupine.
Shak. Haml.
Prepare to hear
A Story that fhall turn thee into Stone:
Could there be hewn a monftrous Gap in Nature,
A Flaw made thro' the Centre by fome God,
Thro' which the Groans of Ghofts might ftrike thy Ears,
They would not wound thee as this Story will. Lee Cedip. My Heart finks in me,
And ev'ry flacken'd Fiber drops its Hold,
Like Nature letting down the Springs of Life. Dryd. Spa. Fry. My Soul runs back:
The Wards of Reafon roul into their Spring. Lee D: of Guife.
It drives my Soul back to her inmoft Seats,
And freezes ev'ry ftiff'ning Limb to Marble. Row. Uly.f.
His curdling Blood forgot to glide;
Confufion on his fainting Vitals hung,
And fault'ring Accents flutter'd on his Tongue. Gar.
Not the laft Sounding could furprize me more,
That fummons drowfy Mortals to their Doom;

When call'd in hafte they fumble for their Limbs, And tremble unprovided for their Charge. Dryd. Don. Seb.

She thrice effay'd to fpeak; her Accents hung,
And faule'ring dy'd unfinifh'd on her Tongue,
Or vanifhd into Sighs; with long Delay
Her Voice return'd, and found the wonted way. Dryd. Ovir.
The pale Affiftants on each other ftar'd, With gaping Mouths for ifluing Words prepar'd: The ftill-born Sounds upon the Palate hung, And dy'd imperfect on the fault'ring Tongue.
(Dryd. Theod. and Hon,
O Sigifmonda! he began to fay,
Thrice he began, and thrice was forc'd to ftay, Till Words with often trying found their way.
(Di'yd. Sig. and Guijc.
ASTROLOGER. See Conjurer.
They'll fearch a Planet's Houfe to know
Who broke and robb'd a Houfe below:
Examine Venus and the Moon
Who fole a Thimble, who a Spoon.
And tho' they nothing will confefs,
Yet by their very Looks can guefs,
And tell what guity Afpect bodes,
Who ftole, and who receiv'd the Goods.
They'll feel the Pulfes of the Stars,
To find out Agues, Coughs, Catarrhs:
And tell what Crifis does divine
The Rot in Sheep, the Mange in Swine:
In Men what gives or cures the Itch,
What makes them Cuckolds, poor or rich;
What gains or lofes, hangs or faves;
What makes Men great, what Fools, what Knaves;
But not what Wife: For only of thofe
The Stars, they fay, cannot difpofe,
No more than can the Aftologians;
There they fay right, and like true Trojans.
Some Towns and Cities, fome, for Brevity,
Have caft the 'verfal World's Nativity,
And made the Infant Stars confefs,
Like Fools or Children, what they pleafe.
Some calculate the hidden Fates
Of Monkeys, Puppy-Dogs, and Cats;
Some running Nags, and fighting Cocks;
Some Love, Trade, Law-Suits, and the Pox.

Some take a Meafure of the Lives
Of Fathers, Mothers, Husbands, Wives:
Make Oppofition, trine, and quartile,
Tell who is barren, and who ferile.
As if the Planet's firt Arpect
The tender Infant did infect:
No fooner has he peep’d into
The World, but he has done his Do;
Catch'd all Difeafes, took all Phy fick,
That cures or kills a Man that is fick;
Marry'd his punctial Dofe of Wives,
Is cuckolded, and breaks or thrives.
There's but the Twinkling of a Star
Between a Man of Peace and War;
A Thief and Juftice, Fool and Knave,
A huffing Officer and a Slave;
A crafty Lawyer and Pick-pocket,
A great Philofopher and a Blockhead;
A formal Preacher and a Player,
A learn'd Phyfician and Manllayer :
As if Men from the Stars did fuck
Old Age, Difeares, and ill Luck;
Wit, Folly, Honour, Virtue; Vice,
Trade, Travel, Women, Claps, and Dice :
And draw with the firft Air they breathe
Battel and Murther, fudden Death.
As Wind i'th'Hypocondries pent,
Is but a Blaft if downward fent;
But if it upwards chance to fly,
Becomes new Light and Prophecy:
So when your Speculations tend
Above their juft and ureful End,
Although they promife ftrange and great
Difcoveries of Things far fet,
They are but idle Dreams and Fancies.
Tell me but what's the nat'ral Caufe,
Why on a Sign no Painter draws
The full Moon ever, but the Half,
Refolve that with your Facob's Staff:
Or why Wolves raife a Hubbub at her,
Or Dogs howl when fhe finines in Water :
And I hall freely give my Vote,
You may know fomething more remote. Hud.

PROFESSOR in Aftrology and Pbyjck. An inner Room receives the num'rous Shoals Of fuch as pay to be reputed Fools: Globes ftand on Globes, Volumes on Volumes lie, And Planetary schemes amufe the Eye. The Sage in Velvet Chair here lolls at Eafe, To promife future Health for prefent Fees. Then, as from Tripod, folemn Shams reveals, And what the Stars know nothing of, foretells. One asks how foon Panthea may be won, And longs to feel the Marriage-Fetters on : Others, convinc'd by melancholy Proof, Enquire when curteous Fates will ntrike 'em off. Some by what Means they may redrefs the Wrong, When Fathers the Poffefiion keep too long. And fome would know the Iffue of their Caufe, And whether Gold can fodder up its Flaws. Poor pregnant Lais his Advice would have, To loofe by Att what fruifful Nature gave. And Portia, old in Expectation grown, Laments her barren Curfe, and begs a Son: Whilf Iris his Cofmetick Wafh would try, To make her Bloom revive, and Lover die. Some ask for Charms, and others Philtres choofe, To gain Corinna, and their Quartans lofe. Young Hylas, botch'd with Stains too foul to name, In Cradle here renews his youthful Frame: Cloy'd with Defire, and furfeited with Charms, A Hot-houfe he prefers to Fulia's Arms. And old Lucullus would th' Arcanum prove, Of kindling in cold Veins the Sparks of Love.

$$
A T L A S .
$$

And now behold Majeftick Atlas rife.
And bend beneath the Burden of the Skies: His tow'ring Brows aloft no Tempent know, While Light'ning flies, and Thunder rowls below. Atlas, whofe Head fuftains the ftarry Frame; Whofe brawny Back fupports the Skies; Whofe Head, with Piny Forrefts crown'd, Is beaten by the Winds, with foggy Vapours bound. Snows hide his Shoulders; from beneath his Chin, The Fount of rolling Streams their Race begin: A Beard of Ise on his large Breaft depends*

Dryd. Virg.

Atlas, who turns the rouling Heav'ns around,
And whofe broad Shoulders with their Lights are crown'd.
(Dryd. Virg.

> ATTENTION.

Let all be hufh'd; each fofteft Motion ceafe;
Be ev'ry loud tumultuous Thought at Peaee;
And ev'ry ruder Gafp of Breath
Be calm, as in the Arms of Death.
Hither let nought but facred Silence come,
And let all fawicy Praife be dumb:
And thou moft fickle, moft unealy Part,
Thou reftlefs Wanderer, my Heart,
Be ftill : Gently, ah! gently leave,
Thou bufy idide thing, to heave:
Stir not a Pulfe; and let my Blood,
That turbulent unruly Flood, Be foftly ftay'd:
Let me be all but my Attention dead.
Go reft, y'unneceffary Springs of Life,
Leave your officious Toil and Strife,
For I would hear her Voice, and try
If it be poffible to die.
Cong:
The Air grows fenfible
Of the great things you utter, and is calm;
The hurry'd Orbs, with Storms fo rack'd of late,
Seem to ftand Atill, as Fove himfelf were talking. Lee Oed. As 1 liften'd to thee,
The happy Hours pafs'd by us unperceiv'd,
So was my Soul fix'd to the foft Enchantment. Rowe Tameil. His Looks
Drew Audience and Attention fill as Night;
Or Summer Noon-tide Air.
Milt.
Attention held them mute, Milt. AVERNUS.
Deep was the Cave, and downward as it went,
From the wide Mouth, a rocky rough Defcent.
And here th'Accefs a loomy Grove defends,
And there th'unnavigable Lake extends,
O'er whofe unhappy Waters, void of Light,
No Bird prefumes to fteer his airy Flight:
Such deadly Stenches from the Depth arife,
And fteaming Sulphur that infects the Skies.
From heace the Grecian Bards their Legends make,
And give the Name Avernus to the Lake.

## (23)

AVERNUS.
Deep was the Cave, and downward as it wentFrom the wide Mouth, a rocky rough Defcent. And here th'Accefs a gloomy Grove defends s And there th'unnavigable Lake extends, O'r whofe unhappy Waters, void of Light No Bird prefumes to fteer his airy Flight. Such deadly Stenches from the Depth arife, And fteaming Sulphur that infects the Skies. From hence the Crecian Bards their Legends make, And give the Name Avernus to the Lake. Dryd. Virg. A UTUMN. See Year. When yellow Autumn weighs The Year, and adds to Nights, and Mortens Days; And Suns declining fhine with feeble Rays. Dryd. Virg. 5 . The Evening of the Year;
When Woods with Juniper and Chefnuts crown'd,
With falling Fruits and Berries paint the Ground; (Virg. And lavifh Nature laughs, and ftrows her Stores around. Dryd.

When dubious Months uncertain Weather bring;
When Fountains open; when impetuous Rain
Swells hafty Brooks, and pours upon the Plain: When Earth with Slime and Mud is cover'd o'er, And hollow Places fpew their wat'ry Store.

Dryd. Firg. $B A B E$. See Man.
Thus like a Sailer by the Tempeft hurl'd Afhore, the Babe is fhipwrack'd on the World: Naked he likes, and ready to expire, Helplefs of all that humane Wants require : Expos'd upon unhofpitable Earth, From the firt Moment of his haplefs Birth. Strait with foreboding Cries he fills the Room, (Too fure Prefages of his future Doom.) But Flocks and Herds, and ev'ry favage Beaft, By more indulgent Nature are increas'd. They want no Rattles for their froward Mood, No Nurfe to reconcile 'em to their Food With broken Words: Nor Winter Blafts they fear, Nor change their Habits with the changing Year: Nor for their Safety Cittadels prepare; Nor forge the wicked Inftruments of War: Unlabour'd Earth her bounteous Treafure grants, \{Lucr. And Nature's lavih Hand fupplies their common Wants. Drgd.

If tender Infants, who imprifon'd ftay Within the Womb, prepar'd to break away,
Were confcious of themfelves, and of their State,
And had but Reafon to fuftain Debate;
The painful Paffage they would dread, and fhew
Reluctance to a World they do not know:
They in their Prifons fill would chufe to lie, As backward to be born as we to die.

$$
B A \subset \subset H A N A L S
$$

: She fies the Towns, and mixing with a Throng
Of madding Matrons, bears the Bride along:
Wand'ring thro' Woods, and Wilds, and devious Ways,
She feign'd the Rites of Bacchus, cry'd aloud,
And to the buxom God the Virgin vow'd.
Evoe, O Baxchus! Thus began the Song;
And Evoe, anfwer'd all the female Throng:
O Virgin, worthy thee alone! The cry'd;
O worthy thee alone! the Crew reply'd.
For thee the feeds her Hair, fhe leads thy Dance,
And with thy winding Ivy wreaths her Lance.
Like Fury feiz'd the reft; the Progrefsknown,
All feek the Mountains, and forfake the Town.
All clad in Skins of Beafts the Jav'ling bear,
Unbind their Fillets,
Give to the wanton Winds their flowing Hair, And Shrieks and Shoutings send the fuff 'ring Air.
Rouling their haggard Eyes, infpir'd with Rage divine,
Shake high above their Heads a flaming Pine;
And Orgies and Nocturnal Rites prepare.
Dryd. Virg.
Lefs wild the Bacchanalian Dames appear,
When from afar their Nightly God they hear,
And howl about the Hills, and fhake the wreathy Spear:
(Dryd.Virg.

## $B A \subset C H U S$. See Mufick

Great Father Bacchus to my Song repair,
For cluftring Vines are thy peculiar Care:
For thee large Bunches load the bending Vine;
And the laft Bleffings of the Year are thine:
To thee his Joys the jolly Autumn owes,
When the fermenting Juice the Vat o'erflows.
Come frip with me, my God; come drench all o'er
Thy Limbsin Muft of Wine, and drink at ev'ry Pore. Dryd. Virg.
See Bacchus turning from his Indian War,
By Tygers drawn triumphant in his Car;

From Nifus Top defcending on the Plains,
With curling Vines around his Purple Reins.
So Bacchus thro' the conquer'd Indies rode,
And Beafts in Gambols frisk'd before their honeft God. Dryd. (Pal. \& Arc.

$$
B A S T A R D .
$$

Why fhould dull Law rule Nature, who firt made
That Law, by which herfelf is now betray'd ?
E'er Man's Corruptions made him wretched, he
Was born moft noble, who was born moft free :
Each of himfelf was Lord; and unconfin'd
Obey'd the Dittates of his God-like Mind.
Law was an Innovation brought in fince,
When Fools began to love Obedience,
And call'd their Slav'ry Safety and Defence.
Why fhould it be a Stain then on my Blood,
Becaufe I came not in the common Road;
But born obfcure, and fo more like a God? Otw. Don Carl. $\}$
He's a Baftard! Got in a Fit of Nature!
She fhook him f:om her Nerves in a Convulfion;
His Father famp'd the Bullion in a Heat,
And taking from the Mint the fiery Ore,
His Image blefs'd, and cry'd, It is my own.
Yet more! a Prieft begot him, and 'tis thought,
That Earth is more oblig'd to Priefts for Bodies,
Than Heav'n for Souls. Nay, and a young Pireft too!
Perhaps in the Embraces of a Nun,
Who ventur'd Life to clafp the lufty Joy. Lee Caf. Borg.
B A TTLE. See Fight, Joufts, War.
O the brave Din, the noble Clank of Arms! Lee Alex. All the Plain
Cover'd with thick embattel'd Squadrons bright,
Chariots, and flaming Arms, and fiery Steeds,
Reflecting Blaze on Blaze, firft met his View:
From Skirt to Skirt a fiery Region, ftretch'd
In battallious Afpect :
Briftled with upright Beams, innumerable,
Of rigid Spears, and Helmets throng'd, and Shields
Various, with boafted Arguments pourtray'd:
The banded Pow'rs of Satan.
The Powers militant
That ftood for Heav'n, in mighty Quadrate joyn'd Of Union irrefiftible, mov'd on
(26)

In Silence their bright Legions, to the Sound Of inftrumental Ha:mony, that breath'd
Heroick Ardour to advent'rous Deeds, Under their God-like Leaders, On they move Indifflubly firm : nor obvious Hill,
Nor ftrait'ning Vale, nor Wood, nor Stream dividcs
Their perfect Ranks; for high above the Ground
Their March was, and the paffive Air upbore
Their nimble Tread.

## The Shout

Of Battle now began, and rufhing Sound
Of Onfet ended foon each milder Thought.
High in the midft, exalted as a God,
Th' Apofate in his Sun-bright Chariot fate,
Idol of Majefty Divine, enclos'd
WVith flaming Cherubirs, and golden Shields:
Then lighted from the gorgeous Throne: For now
'Tiwixt Hoft and Hoft, but narrow Space was left,
A dreadful Interval! And Front to Front
Prefented ftood in terrible Array
Of hideous Length : Before the cloudy Van,
On the rough Edje of Battle, e'er it joyn'd,
Sitt:n, with vaft and hauyhty Strides advanc'd
Came tow'ring, armid in Adamant and Gold.
A noble Stroke Abdiel lifted high,
W'iich hung not, but fo fwift with Tempeft fell
On the proud Creft of Satan, that no Sight,
No Motion of quick Thought, lefs cou'd his Shield
Such Ruin intercept: Ten Paces huge
He back recoil'd, the Tenth on bended Knee
His mally Spear upttay'd. As if on Earth
Winds underground, or Waters, forcing way
Sidelong, had pufh'd a Mountain from his Seat,
Half funk with all his Pines. Nor good in gaze
The adverfe Legions, nor lefs hideous ioyn'd
The horrid Shock: Now ftorming Fury rofe, Arms on Armour clafhing, bray'd
Horrible Difcord, and the madding Wheels
Of brazen Chariots rag'd; dire was the Noife
Of Conflict: Over-head the difmal Hifs
Of fiery Darts in flaming Vollies flew, And flying vaulted either Hoft with Fire; So wader fiery Cope together rufh'd Both Battles main, with ruinous Affault, And inextinguifhable Rage: All Heav'n

Refounded, and had Earth been then, all Earth Had to her Centre fhook. Deeds of Eternal Fame W ere done, but infinite; for wide was fpread The War and various: Sometimes on firm Ground A flanding Fight; then, foaring on main Wing, Tormented all the Air: All Air feem'd then Conflicting Fire.
Their Arms away fome threw, and to the Hills Swift as the Lightning Glimple they ran, they flew: From the Foundations loss'ning to and fro, They pluck'd the feated Hills with all their Load, Rocks, Waters, Woods, and by the fhaggy Tops Up-lifting, bore them in their Hands. Then on their Heads Main Promontories flung, which in the Air Came fhadowing, and opprefs'd whole Legions armit. The Armour help'd their Harm, crufh'd in and bruis'd, Into their Subitance pent, which wrouglat them Pain Implacable, and many a dolorous Groan:
Long ftruggling underneath, e'er they could Wind Out of fuch Prifon.
The reft, in Imitation, to like Arms
Betook them, and the neighbouring Hills up-tore:
So Hills amid the Air encounter'd Hills,
Hurl'd to and fro with Jaculation dire, That underground they fought in difinal Shade. Infernal Noife! War feem'd a civil Game To this Uproar; horrid Confufion heap'd Upon Confufion rofe. Long time in evenScale: The Battle hung; till Satan Saw where the Sword of Michaelfmote, and fell'd Squadrons at once; with huge two-handed Sway Brandifh'd aloft the horrid Edge came down Wide wafting: Such Deftruction to withftand He hafted, and oppos'd the rocky Orb Of ten-fold Adamant, his ample Shield: A vaft Circumf'rence! Then both addrefs'd for Fight Unfpeakable: For like two Gods they feem'd, Stood they, or mov'd; in Statire, Motion, Arms, Fit to decide the Empire of great Heav'n. Now wav'd their fiery Swords, and in the Air Made horrid Circles : Two broad Suns, their Slields Blaz'd oppofite : While Expectation ftood In Horrour. From each Hand with fpeed retir'd

Th'Angelick Throng, unfafe within the Wind
Of fuck Commotion : But the Sword of Michael met
The Sword of Satan, and in half cut freer; nor ftay'd,
But with fwift Wheel revere, deep entring fhar'd
All his Right-fide: Then Seton frt knew Pain,
And writh'd hum to and fro convolved; fo fore
The grinding Sword with difcontinuous Wound
Passed tho' him.
And now their Mightrieft quell'd, the Battle fwerv'd,
With many an Inrode gor'd: Deformed Rout
Enter'd and foul Diforder: All the Ground
With fhiver'd Armour frown; and on a Heap
Chariot and Charioteer lay overturn'd,
And fiery foaming Steeds: What flood, recoils
O'erwearied, or with pale Fear furpriz'd,
Fled ignominious.
Now Night her Course began,
And grateful Truce imposed,
And Silence on the odious Din of War,
Milt. $B E A R$. See Deformity.
The Cubs of Bears a living Lump appear,
When whelp'd, and no determin'd Figure wear :
'Their Mother licks'em into Shape, and gives
As much of Form, as fie herfelf receives.
Dryd. Ovid. BEAUTY. See Eyes, Fair, Looks, Love. Beauty, thou wild fantaftick Ape,
Who doit in ev'ry Country change thy Shape:
Here Black, there Brown, here Tawny, and there White:
Thou Flatter, who comply'f with ev'ry Sight.
Who haft no certain what, nor where;
But vary' it fill, and do'f thy fell declare
Inconitant as thy She-Profeffors are.
Cowl.
The Cause of Love can never be affign'd,
'This in no Face, but in the Lover's Mind. Dry. Pal. \& Arc. Beauty is fellow fortunate when great;
A vat Eftate, but over-charg'd with Debt.
Dry, Auren.
Beauty, like Ice, our Footing does betray:
Who can tread fare on the finooth flipp'ry Way?
Pleas'd with the Paffage we flide fwiftly on,
And fee the Dangers which we cannot thun.
Dry .d. Auren.
For Beauty, like white Powder, makes no Noife.
And yet the filent Hyprocrite deftroys.
clear.
Beauty with a bloodless Conqueft finds,
A welcome Soy'raignty in rudeft Minds.

Beauty, thou art a fair, but fading Flow'r, The tender Prey of every coming Hour: In Youth, thou, Comet-like, art gaz'd upon, But art portentous to thy felf alone;
Unpunifh'd thou to few wert ever given,
Nor art a Bleffing, but a Mark from Heav'n. Sedl. Ant. of Clop.
Merab the Firft, Michal the younger nam'd,
Both equally for different Glories fan'd:
Merab with spacious Beauty filled the Sight;
But too much Awe chattis'd the bold Delight.
Like a calm Sea, which to th'enlarged View
Gives Pleafure, but gives Fear and Rev'rence too;
Michel's fret Looks clear and free Joys did move,
And no left ftrong, tho' much more gentle Love!
Like virtuous Kings, whom Men rejoyce tobey;
Tyrants themfelves eff absolute than they.
Merab appear'd like forme fair Princely Tow'r:
Michal, come Virgin Queen's delicious Bow'r.
All Beauties ftrove in little and in great,
But the contracted Brows foot fiercest Heat.
From Merab's Eyes, fierce and quick Lightnings came
From Michal's, the Sun's mild, yet active Flame.
Merak, with comely Majesty and State,
Bore high th'Advantage of her W orth and Fate.
Such humble Sweetness did fort Michal f hew,
That none who reach fo high, e'er flop fo low.
Merak reioyc'd in her raek'd Lover's Pain,
And fortify'd her Virtue with Difdain:
The Grief The gave, gave gentle Michal Grief;
She wifh'd her Beauties left for their Relief.
Cowl,

$$
C L E O P A T R A \text { in her GALLY. }
$$

Her Gally down the filver Cydnos row'd,
The tackling Silk, the Streamers wav'd with Gold:
The gentle Winds were lodg'd in purple Sails:
Her Nymphs, like Nereids, round her Couch were placed,
Where fie, another Sea-born Venus, lay.
She lay, and lean'd her Cheek upon her Hand,
And cart a Look fo languifhingly fiveet,
As if fecure of all Beholders Hearts,
Neglecting the could take 'em. Boys, like Cupids,
Stood fanning with their painted Wings the Winds
That play'd about her Face: But if the finil'd,
A darting Glory feem'd to blaze abroad,
That Mens deffring Eyes were never weary'd,

But hung upon the Object. To foft Flutes
The filver Oars kept Time; and while they play'd,
The Hearing gave new Pleafure to the Sight,
And both to Thought. 'Twas Heav'n or fomewhat more!
For fhe fo charm'd all Hearts, that gazing Crouds
Stood panting on the Shore, and wanted Breath
To give their welcome Voice.
(Dryd. All for Love, and Shak. Ant. \& Cleop.
Her Eyes have Pow'r beyond Theffalian Charms
To draw the Moon from Heav'n: For Eloquence,
The Sea-green Syrens taught her Voice their Flatt'ry,
And while fhe fpeaks Night fteals upon the Day,
Unmark'd of thofe that hear! Then fhe's fo charming,
Age buds at fight of her, and fwells to Youth:
The holy Priefts gaze on her when fhe fmiles,
And with heav'd Hands, forgetting Gravity,
They blefs her wanton Eyes: Ev'n I, who hate her,
With a malignant Joy behold fuch Beauty,
And, while I curfe, defire it (Dryd. All for Love.
(Spoken of Cleopatra, by Ventidius. Is fhe not
As harmlefs as a Turtle of the Woods?
Fair as the Summer Beauty of the Fields?
As op’ning Flowers untainted yet with Winds?
The Pride of Nature, and the Joy of Senfe? Otw. Cai. Mar.
The Bloom of op'ning Flow'rs, unfully'd Beauty,
Softnefs and fweeteft Innocence the wears;
And looks like Nature in the World's firf Spring. Row. Tamerl.
Is fhe not more than Painting can exprefs,
Or youthful Poets fancy when they love? Row. Fair Pen.
A lavifh Planet reign'd when the was born,
And made her of fuch kindred Mould to Heaven,
She feems more Heav'n's than ours.
Dryd. Oedip.
Is fhe not brighter than a Summer's Morn,
When all the Heav'n is frreak'd with dappled Fires,
And fleck'd with Blufhes, like a rifled Maid? Lee D. of Guife. Belinda's fparkling Wit and Eyes,
United, caft fo fierce a Light,
As quickly flafhes, quickly dies,
Wounds not the Heart, but burns the Sight. Love is all Gentlenels, all Joy, Smooth are his Looks, and foft his Pace.
Her Cupid is a Black-guard Boy, That runs his Link full in your Face.

Mark her majeftick Fabrick! She's a Temple, Sacred by Birth, and built by Hands divine :
Her Soul's the Deity that lodges there;
Nor is the Pile unworthy of the God.

> Dryd. Don Seb.

## Oh fhe has Beauty might enfnare

A Conqu'ror's Soul, and make him leave his Crown
At Random, to be fuffled for by Slaves. Otw. Cai. Mar.
Oh the has Beaury that might fhake the Leagues
Of mighty Kings, and fet the World at odds. Otw. Crph.
Her Beau:y's Ctarms alone, without her Crown,
From Ind and Meroe drew the diftant Vows Of fighing Kings; and at her Feet were laid The Sceptres of the Earth, expos'd on Heaps,
To chure where fhe would reign. Dryd. All for Loze.
Behold her ftretch'd upon a flow'ry Bank,
With her foft Sorrows lull'd into a Slumber;
The Summer's Heat had to her nat'ral Blufh
Added a brighter and more tempting Red:
The Beauties of her Neck, and naked Breafts,
Lifted by inward Starts, did rife and fail
With Motion that might put a Soul in Statues:
The matchlefs Whitenefs of her folded Arms
That feem'd t'embrace the Body whence they grew,
Fix'd me to gaze o'er all that Field of Love. While to my ravih'd Eyes officious Winds, Waving her Robes, difplay'd fuch well-turn'd Limbs,
As Artifts would in polifh'd Marble give
The wanton Goddefs, when fupinely laid,
She charms her gallant God to new Enjoyment. Lee Mithr,
But oh! what Thought can paint that fair Perfection;
Not Sea-born Venus, in the Courts beneath,
When the green Nymphs firt kif'd her coral Lips,
All polifh'd, fair, and wafh'd with orient Beauty,
Could in my dazling Fancy match her Brightnefs.
Her Legs, her Arms, her Hands, her Neck, her Breafts,
So nicely fhap'd, fo matchlefs in their Luftre,
Such all Perfection, that I took whole Draughts
Of killing Love, and ever fince have languifh'd With ling'ring Surfeits of her fatal Beauty.

Lee Thcod,
No beauteous Blofform of the fragrant Spring, Tho' the fair Child of Nature newly born,
Can be fo lovely.
Otw,'Crph,
Not purple Vi'lets in the early Spring,
Such graceful Sweets, fuch tender Beauties bring ${ }_{\text {z }}$

The orient Blufh which does her Cheeks adorn, Makes Coral pale, vies with the rofy Morn, Cupid has ta'en a Surfeit from her Eyes,
Whene'er fhe finiles, in lambent Fire he fries, And when the weeps, in Pearls diffolv'd he dies. Lee Ner o $\}$

Thofe heav'nly Attracts of yours, your Eyes, And Face, that all the World furprize, Do dazle all that look upon ye, And forch all other Ladies twany, $H u d_{a}$

> B. E E S. See Creation.

Of all the Race of Animals, alone
The Bees have common Cities of their own,
And common Sons: Beneath one Law they live,
And with one common Stock their Traffick drive ${ }_{\text {k }}$
Each has a certain Home, a fev'ral Stall:
All is the State's, the State provides for all:
Mindful of coming Cold they fhare the Pain,
And hoard for Winter's ufe the Summer's Gain.
Some o'er the publick Magazines prefide:
And fome are fent new Forrage to provide,
Thefe drudge in Fields abroad, and thofe at home
Lay deep Foundations for the labour'd Comb,
With Dew, Narcifus-Leavee, and clammy Gum.
To pitch the waxen flooring fome contrive,
Some nurfe the future Nation of the Hive:
Sweet Honey fome condenfe; fome purge the Grout $;$,
The reft in Cells apart the liquid Nectar fhut.
All, with united Force, combine to drive
The lazy Diones from the laborious Hive.
With envy fung, they view each other's. Deeds :
With Diligence the fragrant W ork proceeds.
Studious of Honey, each in his Degree;
The youthful Swain, the grave experienc'd Bee :
That in the Field, this in Affairs of State
Employ'd at home, abides within the Gate;
To fortify the Combs, to build the Wall,
To prop the Ruins, left the Fabrick fall.
But late at Night, with weary Pinions, come
The labring Youth, and heavy laden home.
Plains, Meads, and Orchards all the Day he plies,
The Gleans of yellow Thyme diftend his Thighs:
He fpoils the Saffion Flow'rs; he fips the Bhies
Of Vilets, Winding Blooms, and' Willow Dews.
Their Toil is common, common is their Sleep;
They fhake their Wings when Morn begins to peep?

Rufh thro the City Gates without Delay, Nor ends their work but with declining Day. Thus, having fpent the laft Remains of Light, They give their Bodies due Repore at Night: When hollow Murmurs of their Ev'ning Bells, Difmifs the fleepy Swains, and toll'em to their Cells. When once in Bed their weary Limbs they fteep, No buzzing Sounds difturb their golden Sleeps 'Tis facred Silence all! Nor dare they ftray When Rain is promis'd, or a formy Day; But near the City Walls their wat'ring take, No: forrage far, but fhort Excurfions make. And as when empty Barks on Billows float, With fandy Ballaft Sailors trim the Boat;
So Bees bear Giavel-Stones, whofe poifing Weight Steers thro' the whift'ing Winds their fteady Flight. But what's more ftrange ; their modelt Appetites, Averfe from Venus, fly the nuptial Rites. No Luft enervates their heroick Mind; Nor waftes their Strength on wanton Womankind: But in their Mourlhs refide their genial Pow'rs, They gather Children from the Leaves and Flow'rs, And oft on Rocks their tende: Wings they tear, And fink beneath the Burthen which they bear : Such Rage of Honey in their Bofom beats, And fuch a Zeal they have for flow'ry Sweets, Thus tho' the Race of Life they quickly run, Which in the face of Seven fhort Years is done, Th'immortal Line in fure Succeffion reigns, The Fortune of the Family remains,
And Grandfires Grandfons the long Lifts contains,
But if inteftine Broils alarm the Hive, (For two Pretenders oft for Empire frive,) The Vulgar in divided Factions jar, And murn'ring Sounds prochim the civil War. Inflam'd with Ire, and trembling with Difdain, Scarce can their Limbs their mighty Souls contain.
With Sbouts the Coward's Courage they excite, And martial Clangors call 'em out to fight. With hoarfe Alarms the hollow Camp rebounds, That imitates the Trumpet's angry Sounds: Then to their common Standard they repair, The nimble Horfemen fou the Fields of Air;

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In Form of Battle drawn, they iffue forth, And ev'ry Knight is proud to prove his Worth. Preft for their Country's Honour, and their King's, On their fharp Beaks they whet their pointed Strings,
And exercife their Arms, and tremble with their Wings.
Full in the Midft the haughty Monarchs ride,
The trufty Guards come up, and clofe the Side:
With Shouts the daring Foe to Battle is defy'd.
Thus in the Seafon of unclouded Spring,
To War they follow their undaunted King;
Croud thro' their Gates, and in the Fields of Light
The fhocking Squadrons meet in mortal Fight.
Headlong they fall from high, and wounded wound,
And Heaps. of flaughter'd Soldiers bite the Ground.
Hard Hailfones lie not thicker on the Plain,
Nor fhaken Oaks fuch Showr's of Acorns rain.
With gorgeous Wings, the Marks of Sov'raign Sway,
The Two contending Princes make their Way:
Intrepid thro' the Midft of Dangers go,
Their Friends incourage, and amaze the Foe.
With mighty Souls in narrow Bodies prefs'd,
They challenge and encounter Breaft to Breaft,
So fix'd on Fame, unknowing how to fly,
And obftinately bent to win or dye;
That long the doubtful Combat they maintain,
Till one prevails, for one can only reign.
Yet all thefe dreadful Deeds, this deadly Fray
A Caft of featter'd Duft will foon allay, And undecided leave the Fortune of the Day.
With Eafe diftinguifh'd is the regal Race;
One Monarch wears an open honeft Face,
Shap'd to his Size, and God-like to behold;
His royal Body fhines with Specks of Gold,
And ruddy Scales: For Empire he defign'd ${ }_{2}$
Is better born, and of a nobler Kind.
That other looks like Nature in Difgrace,
Gaunt are his Sides, and fullen is his Face:
And like their grifly Prince appears his gloomy Race:- $\}$
Grim, ghaftly, rugged, like a thirfty Train,
That long have travell'd thro' a defart Plain:
And fpet from their dry Chaps the gather'd Duft again

## (35)

Befides, not Esypt, India, Media more, With fervile Love their Idol King adore: While he furvives, in Concord and Content The Commons live, by no Divifions rent, But the great Monarch's Death diffolves the Government. All goes to Ruin: They themfelves contrive To rob the Honey, and fubvert the Hive. Then fince they Thare with Man one common Fate, In Health and Sicknefs, and in Turns of State, Obferve the Symptoms when they fall away, And languifh with infenfible Decay:
They change their Hue, with haggard Ejes they ftare, Lean are their Looks, and Shagged is their Hair; And Crowds of Dead, that never muft return To their lov'd Hives, in decent Pomp are born: Their Friends attend the Herfe, the next Relations mourn. $S$, The Sick for Air before the Portal gafp,
Their feeble Legs within each other clafp;
Or idle in their empty Hives remain,
Benum'd with Cold, and liftlefs of their Gain : Such Whifpers then, and broken Sounds are heard, As when the Woods by gentle Winds are ftir'd:
Such ftifled Noife as the clofe Furnace hides,
Or dying Murmurs of departing Tides. Dryd. Virg:
Prone to Revenge, the Bees, a wrathful Race,
When once provok'd, affault th' Oppreffor's Face:
And thro' the purple Veins a Paffage find,
There fix their Stings, and leave their Souls behind. Dryd. Virg: When golden Suns appear,
And under Earth have driv'n the Winter Year;
The winged Nation wanders thro' the Skies,
And o'er the Plains and fhady Foreft flies:
Then ftooping on the Meads, and leafy Bow'rs,
They skim the Floods, and fip the purple Flow'rs:
Then work their waxen Lodgings in their Hives,
And labour Honey to fustain their Lives.
Dryd. Virg:
But when thou feeft a fwarming Cloud arife,
That fweeps aloft, and darkens all the Skies:
The Motions of their haity Flight attend,
(Dryd. Virg.
And know to Floods or Woods their airy March they bend. Th' affernbling Swarms,
Dark as a Cloud, then make a wheeling Flight, And on a neighb'ring Tree, defcending, light:

Like a large Clufter of black Grapes they fhow,
And make a long Dependance from the Bough. Dryd. Virg. About the Boughs an airy Nation flew,
Of humming Bees, that haunt the golden Dew,
In Summer's Heat on Tops of Lillies feed,
And creep within their Bells to fuck the balmy Seed.
The winged Army roams the Fields around;
The Rivers and the Racks remurmur to the Sound. Dryd.Virg.
Thus when the Swain, within a hollow Rock,
Invades the Bees with fuffocating Smoke;
They run around, or labour on their Wings,
Difus'd to Flight, and fhoot their fleepy Stings:
To fhun the bitter Fumes in vain they try;
(Virg.
Black Vapours, iffuing from the Vent, involve the Sky. Dryd. BELLONA.
There ftands a Rock, dafh'd with the breaking Wave
Of troubled $S_{t y} x$, where in a gloomy Cave,
Flowing with Gore, the fierce Bellona dwells;
And, bound with adamantine Fetters, yells:
Around ftand Heaps of moffy Skulls and Bones,
Whence iffue loud Laments and dreadful Groans:
Torn Limbs and mangled Bodies are her Food;
Her Drink, whole Bowls of Wormwood, Gall and Blood:
Long curling Snakes her Head with Horrour crown,
And on her fquallid Back hang lolling down.
This gripes a bloody Dart, the other Hand
Grafps of infernal Fire a flaming Brand.
Treafon and Ufurpation, near ally'd,
Haughty Ambition, elevated Pride,
And Cruelty, with bloody Garlands crown'd,
Rapine and Defolation ftand around.
With thefe, Injuftice, Violence, Rage remain, And ghafty Famine with he: meager Train, BIRDS. See Country Life, Grove, Creation, Mufe.
The Birds, great Nature's Commoners,
That haunt in Woods, and Meads, and flow'ry Gardens,
Rifle the Sweets, and tafte the choiceft Fruits,
Yet forn to ask the lordly Owner's Leave. Row. Fair Pen. $B L A S T$, or BLIGHT.
The verdant Walks their charming Afpect lofe,
And frrivel'd Fruit drops from the wither'd Boughs:
Flow'rs in their Virgin Blufhes finother'd die,
And round the Trees their fratterd Beauties lie:

Infection taints the Air, fisk Nature fades; And fuddain Autumn all the Place invades. So when the Fields their flow'ry Pomp difplay, Sooth'd by the Spring's fweetBreath and shearing Ray;
If Boreas then, defigning envious War, Mutters his fwift-wing'd Legions in the Air, And then for fire Deftruction marches forth, With the cold Forces of the fnowy North :
The op'ning Buds, and Sprouting Herbs, and alk
The tender Firstborn of the Spring muff fall:
The blighted Trees their blooming Honours fred,
And on their blatted Hopes the mournful Gard'ners tread. Blat. BLINDNESS. See Light. All dark and comfortless!
Where are thole various Objects that but now Employ'd my bury Eyes? Where are thole Eyes? Dead are their piercing Rays, that lately foot O'er flow'ry Vales to diftant funny Hills, And drew with Joy the vat Horizon in. There groping Hands are now my only Guides, And feeling all my Sight.
Shut from the Living while among the Living!
Dark as the Grave amidft the buffing IV ord! At once from Bus'nefs and from Pleafure barr'd! No more to view the Beauty of the Spring! Nor fee the Face of Kindred or of Friend!

O firft created Beam! and thou great Word,
Let there be Light! and Light was over all: Why am I thus bereav'd thy prime Decree? Why was the Sight
To fuch a tender Ball as th' Eye confin'd, So obvious, and fo eafy to be quench'd? And not, as Feeling, tho' all Parts diffus'd? That The might look at Will tho' ev'ry Pore?

O Happinefs of Blindnefs! Now no Beauty
Inflames my Luff; no others Good my Envy,
Or Aifery my Pity: No Man's Wealth
Draws my Reflect, nor Poverty my Scorn.
Yet fill I fee enough! Man to himfelf
Is a large Profpect, raised above the Level;
Of his low creeping Thoughts,

$$
B L U S H
$$

A crimfon Blush her beauteous Face o'er fpread,
Varying her Cheeks by turns with. White and Red.

The driving Colours, never at a Stay,
Run here and there, and flufh, and fade away.
Delightful Change! thus Indian I I'ry fhows,
Which with the bord'ring Paint of Purple glows;
Or Lillies damask'd by the neighb'ring Rofe. Dryd. Virg.
In rifing Blufhes fill frefh Beauties rofe;
The funny Side of Fruit fuch Blufhes fhows,
And fuch the Moon, when all her filver White
Turns in Eclipfes to a ruddy Light
Add. Ovid.
Such lovely, Stains the Face of Heav'n adorn,
When Light's firft Blufhes paint the bafhful Morn:
So on the Bufh the flaming Rofe does glow,
When mingled with the Lilly's neighb'ring Snow. Oldb.
See, my Palmyra comes; the frighted Blood
Scarce yet recall'd to her pale Cheeks;
Like the firft Streaks of Light broke loofe from Darknefs,
And dawning into Blufhes.
Dryd. Mar. A-la-Mode.
Let me for ever gaze,
And blefs the new-born Glories that adorn thee :
From ev'ry Blufh that kindles in thy Cheeks,
Ten thoufand little Loves and Graces fpring,
To revel in the Rofes.
Row. Tamerl.
$B \circ$ A R. See Duel, Enjoyment, Hunting.
As a favage Boar, on Mountains bred ${ }_{2}$
With Foreft-Maft and fat'ning Marfhes fed;
When once he fees himfelf in Toils inclos'd,
By Huntfmen and their eager Hounds oppos'd,
He whets his Tusks, and turns, and dares the War:
Th'Invaders dart their Jay'lins from afar!
All keep aloof, and fifely fhout around,
But none prefume to give a nearer Wound :
He frets and froths, erects bis briftled Hide,
And Thakes a Grove of Lances from his Side. Dryd. Virg.
His Eye-ballis glare with Fire, fuffus'd with Blood,
His Neck froots up a thick-fet thorny Wood:
His briftled Bask a Trench impal'd appears,
And flands erected like a Field of Spears.
Froth fills his Chaps, he fends a grunting Sound,
And Part he churns, and Part befoams the Giound.
For Tusks, with Indi.m Elephants he frove;
And Gove's own Thunder from his Mouth he drove.
He fuffers not the Corn its yellow Beards to rear,
But tramples down the Spikes, and intercepts the Year.

## (39)

In vain the Barns expect their promis'd Load, Nor Barns at home, nor Reeks are heap'd abroad.
In vain the Hinds the Threfhing-floor prepare,
And exercife their Arms in empty Air.
With Olives ever Green the Ground is ftrevp'd,
And Grapes ungather'd hed their gen'rous Blood.
Amid the Fold he rages, nor the Sheep (Dryd. Cvid.
Their Shepherds, nor their Grooms their Bulls can keep.
Forth from the Thicket rufh'd another Boar,
So large, he feem'd the Tyrant of the Woods,
With all his dreadful Briftles rais'd up high,
They feem'd a Grove of Spears upon his Back.
Foaning he came at me, where I was pofted,
Whetting his huge long Tusks, and gaping wide,
As he already had me for his Prey:
Till brandifhing my well-pois'd Jav'lin high,
With this bold executing Arm I ftruck
The ugly brindled Monter to the Heart.
Ctw. Orph:
So when fierce Dogs and clam'rous Swains furround
A mighty Boar, in neighb'ring Mountains found;
His Briftes high erected on his Back,
The raging Beaft withftands the Foes Attack :
He whets his dreadful Tusks, and from afar
He foams, and flourihhes the Iv'ry War.
The cautious Huntfmen at a Diftance rage,
Caft all their Darts, but dare not clofe engage.
Elaci
So when furrounding Huntfmen caft a Show'r
Of hiffing Spears againft fome mighty Boar,
The grifly Beaft, provok'd with ev'ry Wound,
Rages, and cafts his threat'ning Looks around.
High on his Back his furious Briftes rife,
And Lightning flafhes from his raging Eyes:
He toffes Clouds of Foam amidft the Air,
And, brandifhing his Fangs, invites the War.
Blac: BOASTING.
My Arms a nobler Vietory ne'er gaind,
And I am prouder to have pafs'd that Stream,
Than that I drove a Million o'er the Plain.
Can none remember? Yes! I know all muft,
When Glory, like the dazling Eagle, ftood
Perch'd on my Beaver, in the Granick Flood; When Fortune's felf my Standard trembling bore, And the pale Fates ftood frighted on the Shore.

When the Immortals on the Billows rode, And I my felf appear'd the leading God.

Send Danger from the Eaft unto the Weft, So Honour crofs in from the North to South, And let 'em grapple: The Blood more ftirs
To rowze a Lion than to ftart a Hare.
By Heav'n, methinks it were an eafy Leap,
To pluck bright Honour from the pale-fac'd Moon,
Or dive into the Bottom of the Deep,
Where Fathom-line could never touch the Ground, (Part i.
And pluck up drowned Honour by the Locks. Shak. Hen. 4. $B \circ W$. See Archers, and Arrow.
Well skill'd to throw

The flying Dart, and draw the far-deceiving Bow. Dryd. Virg.
She faid, and from her Quiver chofe with fpeed
The winged Shaft, predeftin'd for the Deed:
Then to the ftubborn Eugh her Strength apply'd,
Till the far-diftant Horns approach'd orr either Side:
The Bow-ftring touch'd her Breaft; fo ftrong fhe drew!
Whizzing in Air, the fatal Arrow flew:
At once the twanging Bow, and founding Dart, (Dryd. Virg.
The Traitor heard, and felt the Point within his Heart. He fell,
Pierc'd with an Arrow from the diftant War;
Fix'd in his Throat the flying Weapon food,
And ftop'd his Breath, and drank the Vital Blood. Dryd. Virg. B OW ER.
A Sylvan Lodge, that like Pomona's Arbour fmil'd,
With Flowrets deck'd, and fragrant Smells. The Roof
Of thickeft Covert was inwoven Shade,
Lawrel and Myrtle; and what higher grew
Of firm and fragrant Leaf: On either Side,
Acanthus, and each od'rous bufhy Shrub,
Fenc'd up the verdant Wall: Each beauteous Flower,
Iris, Allhues, Rofes and Jeffamin,
Rear'd high their flourifh'd Heads between, and wrought
Mofaick :Under Foot the Violet,
Crocus, and Hyacinth, with rich Inlay
Broider'd the Ground; more colour'd than with Stone
Of coftlieft Emblem. In fhady Bower
More facred or fequefter'd, tho' but feign'd.
Pan or Sylvanus never flept, nor Nymph,
Nor Faunus haunted.

> (4I)
> B O W L. See Drinking. Make me a Bowl, a mighty Bowl!
Large as my capacious Soul!
Vaft as my Thirt is; Let it have
Depth enough to be my Grave!
I mean, the Grave of all my Care,
For I intend to bury't there.
Let it of Silver fafhion'd be,
Worthy of Wine, worthy of me:
Yet draw no Shapes of Armour there, No Cask, nor Shield, nor Sword, nor Spear;
Nor Wars of Thebes, nor Wars of Troy,
Nor any other martial Toy:
For what do I vain Armour prize,
Who mind not fuch rough Exercife ?
But gentler Sieges, fofter Wars,
Fights that caufe no Wounds nor Scars.
I'll have no Battles on my Plate,
Left Sight of them fhould Broils create :
Left that provoke to Quarrels too,
Which Wine it felf enough can do.
Draw me no Conftellations there;
No Ram, nor Bull, nor Dog, nor Bear;
Nor any of that monftrous Fry
Of Animals that flock the Sky;
For what are Stars to my Defign?
Stars, which I, when drunk, outhine.
I lack no Pole-Star on the Brink;
To guide in the wide Sea of Drink ;
But would for ever there be tofs'd,
And wifh no Haven, feek no Coaft:
Yet, gentle Artiff, if thoul't try
Thy Skill; then draw me, (let me fee)
Draw me firt a fpreading Vine,
Make its Arms the Bowl entwine
With kind Embraces, furch as I
Twit about my loving fhe.
Let its Boughs o'erfpread above
Scenes of Drinking, Scenes of Love.
Draw next the Patron of that Tree,
Draw Bacchus, and foft Cupid by :
Draw them both in toping Shapes,
Their Temples crown'd with clufter'd Grapes :

Make them lean against the Cup, As 'twere to keep their Figures up: And when their reeling Forms I view, Fl think them drunk, and be fo too.

Vulcan contrive me fuch a Cup, As Nefor us'd of old;
Shew all thy Care to trim it up, Damask it round with Gold : Make it fo large, that, filled with Sack Up to the fuelling Brim,
Vaft Toafts on the delicious Lake, Like Ships at Sea, may fivim: And carve thereon a freaking Vine, Then add two lovely Boys;
Their Limbs in anurous Folds entwine, The Type of future Joys.
Cupid and Bacchus my Saints are, May Love and Drink fill reign: With Wine I wall away my Care, And then to Love again.

Rock.
Two Bowls I have well-turn'd, of beaches Wood;
The Lids are Ivy: Grapes in Clutters lurk
Beneath the Carving of the Curious Work:
Two Figures on the Sides embofs'd appear,
Conon, and what's his Name who made the Sphere,
And fhew'd the Seafons of the fliding Year.
The Kembo-Handles feem with Bears-foot carv'd,
Where Orpheus on his Lyre laments his Love,
With Beats encompafs'd, and a dancing Grove. Dryd. Virgo.

$$
B O X I N G .
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Dogs with their Tongues their Wounds do heal, But Men with Hands, as thou Shalt feel. Hud. At firth both Parties in Reproaches jar,
And make their Tongues the Trumpets of the War.
They clutch their horny Fits, exchange with furious Blows;
Scarce one efcapes with more than half a Nope.
Some ftand their Ground with half their Vifage gone,
But with the Remnant of a Face fight on.
One Eye remaining for the other Spies,
Which now on Earth a trampled Jelly lies,
Not tho' his Teeth are beaten out, his Eyes
Hang by a String, in Bumps his Forehead rife,
Shall he prefume to mention his Difgrace,
Or beg Amends for his demolifh'd Face.

Thus often at the Temple-Stairs we're feen Two Tritons of a rough Athletick Mien, Sourly difpute fome Quarrel of the Flood With Knuckles bruis'd, and Face befmear'd in Blood; But, at the firft Appearance of a Fare, Both quit the Fray, and to their Oars repair. $B R A V E$. See Courrige.
The Brave do never fhun the Light,
Juft are their Thoughts, and open are their Tempers.
Freely without Difguife they love and hate:
Still are they found in the fair Face of Day, (Pen.
And Heav'n and Men are Judges of their Actions. Row. Fair $B R E A S T S$.
With what rich Globes did her foft Bofom fwell ?
Plump as iipe Clufters rofe each glowing Breaft,
Courting the Hand, and fuing to be preefs'd. Duke.
The yielding Marble of her fnowy Breaft. Wall.
Thy little Breafts, with foft Compaffion fwell'd, Shov'd up and down, and heav'd like dying Birds. Otw. Orph.

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B R I D E .
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The Virgin Bride, who fwoons with deadly Fear,
To fee the End of all her Wifhes near ;
When, blufhing, from the Light and publick Eyes To the kind Covert of the Night fhe flies, With equal Fires to meet the Bridegroom moves; Melts in his Arms, and with a Loofe fhe loves. Row. Fair Pen.

What ftrange Diforders youthful Brides exprefs, Impatient Longings for the Happinefs; Approaching Joys will fo difturb the Soul, As Needles always tremble near the Pole. Ctw. Don Carl. B R ○ C K. See Country-Life, River, Stream.
See gentle Brooks, how quietly they glide, Kiffing the rugged Banks on either Side : While in their cryftal Streams at once they fhow, And with them feed the Flow'rs which they beftow:
Tho' rudely throng'd by a too near Embrace,
In gentle Murmurs they keep on their Race
To the lov'd Sea; for Streams have their Defires,
Cool as they are, they feel Love's pow'rful Fires:
And with fuclf Paffion, that if any Force
Stop or moleft them in their am'rous Courfe, They fwell, break down with Rage, and ravage o'er
The Banks they kif'd, and Flow'rs they fed before. Denk.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { (44) } \\
& \text { BRUTUS. See Liberty. }
\end{aligned}
$$ Excellent Brutus! of all humane Race

The beft, till Nature was improv'd by Grace:
From thy frict Rule, fome think that thou didft fwerve, (Miftaken honeft Men) in Cafar's Blood.
What Mercy could the Tyrant's Life deferve
From him, who kill'd himfelf rather than ferve?
Th' Heroick Exaltations of Good
Are fo far from undertood,
We count them Vice: Alas! our Sight's fo ill, That things which fwifteft move, feem to ftand ftill;
We look not upon Virtue in her Height,
On her fupreme Idea, brave and bright, In the original Light;
But as her Beams reflected pafs
Thro' our 'own Nature, or ill Cuftom's Glafs;
And 'ris no Wonder fo If with dejected Eye,
In fanding Pools we feek the Sky,
That Stars fo high above, fhould feem to us below.
Can we ftand by, and fee
Our Mother robb'd, and bound, and ravifh'd be;
Yet not to her Affiftance ftir,
Pleas'd with the Strength and Beauty of the Ravifher?
Or fhall we fear to kill him, if before
The cancel'd Name of Friend he bore?
Ingrateful Brutus do they call?
Ingrateful Cafar , who could Rome enthrall!
An ACt more barbarous and unnatural,
(In th' exact Ballance of true Virtue try'd)
Than his Succefor Nero's Parricide.
There's none but Brutus could deferve
That all Men elfe would wifh to ferve,
Aind Cofar's ufurp'd Place to him fhould proffer;
None can deferve't but he who would refufe the Offer.
Ill Fate affum'd a Body thee t'affright,
And wrap'd it felf i'th' Terrors of the Night;
I'll meet thee at Pbilippi, faid the Spright:
: I'll meet thee there, faid't thou, With fuch a Voice, and fuch a Brow,
As put the trembling Ghoft to fuddain Flight. What Joy can human Things to us afford,

When we fee perifh thus, by odd Events, Ill Men and wretched Accidents, The beft Caufe, and beft Man that ever drew a Sword? When we fee
The falle Octavius and wild Anthony, God-like Brutus, conquer thee? What can we fay, but thy own tragick Word, Tiat Virtue, which had worfhipp'd been by thee, As the moft folid Good, and greateft Deity,

By that fatal Proof became, An Idol only, and a Name?

Cowl. BULL. See Enjoyment.
So fares the Bull in his lov'd Female's Sight, Proudly he bellows, and preludes the Fight: He tries his'goring Horns againft a Tree, And meditates his abfent Enemy:
He pufhes at the Winds, he digs the Strand
With his black Hoofs, and fpurns the yellow Sand. Dry. Virg.
As when two Bulls for their fair Female fight, In Sita's Shades, or on Taburnus Height: With Horns adverfe they meet; the Keeper flies:Mute ftands the Herd; the Heifers rowl their Eyes, And wait th' Event, which Vietor they fhall bear, And who fhail be the Lord, to rule the lufty Year. With Rage of Love the jealous Rivals burn, And Pufh for Pufh, and Wound for Wound return. Their Dew laps gor'd, their Sides are lav'd in Blood; Loud Cries and roaring Sounds rebellow thro' the Wood.

Thus a ftrong Bull ftands threar'ning furious War. Dry.Virg. He flourihes his Horns, looks furly round, And hoarlly bellowing, traverfes his Ground. For want of Foes he does the Wood provoke, Runs his curl'd Head againft the next tall Oak, Wifhing a nobler Object of his Stroke.

Blac. $\}$
So when a Bull, nodding his brindled Head, And foftly bell'wing, traverfes the Mead; If then he finds th' invading Hornet cling Clofe to his Flank, and feels the poyfon'd Sting; The wounded Beart enrag'd and roaring out, Whisks round his Tail, and flings and flies about; Mad with th' adhering Plague's tormenting Pain, He fcares the Herds, and raving fours the Plain.
Thus as a Bull encompars'd wiṭh a Guard,

Amid the Circus roars; provok'd from far
By fight of Scarlet, and a fanguine War:
They quit their Ground; his bending Horns elude,
In vain purfuing, and in vain purfu'd. $B \cup L L-B A I T N G$.
So when a gen'rous Bull, for Clowns Delight, Stands, with his Line reftrain'd, prepar'd for Fight;
Hearing the Youths loud Clamour, and the Rage
Of barking Maftiffs, eager to engage;
He fnuffs the Air, and pawsthe trembling Ground,
Views all the Ring, and proudly walks it round:
Defiance lowring on his brindled Brows,
Around difdainful Looks the griefly Warriour throws:
His haughty Head inclin'd with eafy Scorn,
Th'invading Foe high in the Air is born,
Toft from the Combatant's victorious Horn.
Rais'd to the Clouds, the Sprawling Maftiffs fly,
And add new Monfters to the frighted Sky;
The clam'rous Youth to aid each other call,
On their broad Backs to break the Fav'rites Fall:
Some ftretch'd out in the Field lie dead, and fome
Diagging their Entrails on, run howling home.
With difproportion'd Numbers prefs'd at length,
He breaks his Chain, collecting all his Strength;
Then Dogs and Mafters fcar'd, promifcuous fly,
And fall'n in Heaps the pale Spectators lie;
He walks in Triumph, nods his conqu'ring Head,
And proudly views the Spoils about him fpread. Blac.
BUSINESS.

Thou Changling, thou betwitch'd with Noife and Show,
Would'ft into Courts and Cities from me go;
Would't fee the World abroad, and have a Share
In all the Follies and the Tunuults there;
Thou would't, forfooth, be fomething in the State,
And Bus'nefs thou would'it have, and would'it create.
Bus'nefs; the frivolous Pretence
Of human Luft to fhake off Innocence.
Bus'nefs, which dares the Joys of Kings invade! Dryd.
If there be Man, ye Gods, I ought to hate;
Dependance and Attendance be his Fate:
Still let him bufy be, and in a Croud,
And very much a Slave, and very proud.
To number out the Hours of bufy Men.

Let 'em be bufy ftill, and ftill be wretched, And take their Fill of anxious drudging Day. Drya.. Amphit

The Tide of Bufinefs, like the running Stream,
Is fometimes high, and fometimes low,
A quiet Ebb or a tempeftuous Flow, And always in Extream. Now with a noifelefs gentle Courfe, It keeps within the middle Bed; Anon it lifts aloft the Head,
And bears down all before it withimpetuous Force: And Trunks of Trees come rowling down, Sheep and their Folds together drown; Both Houfe and Homefted into Seas are born, And Rocks are from their old Foundations torn, And Woods, made thin with Winds, their fcatter'd Honours (mourn. Dryd. Hor.

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B U T C H E R .
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A Wight.
With Gauntlet blue, and Bafes white, And round blunt Dudgeon by his Side. Inur'd to Labour, Sweat, and Toil; And, like a Champion, fhone with Oil No Engine nor Device Polemick, Difeafe, nor Doctor Epidemick, Tho' for'd with deletery Med'cines, (Which whofoever took is dead fince) E'er fent fo vaft a Colony To both the Under-W orlds as he. Hero: For he was of that noble Trade, That Demi-Gods and Heroes made: Slaughter, and knocking on the Head; The Trade to which they all were bred; And is, like others, glorious when 'Tis great and large, but bafe if mean: The former rides in Triumph for it, The latter in a two-wheel'd Chariot. For daring to profane a Thing So facred, with vile Bungling Hud. C $A L M$.
Now the loud Winds are lull'dinto a Peace. Dryd.Ovid. The Tempeft is o'erblown, the Skies are clear, And the Sea charm'd into a Calm fo fill; That not a Wrinkle ruffles her fmooth Face. Dryd.Don. Seb. C We

We often fee againft fome Storm
A Silence in the Heavens, the Rack ftand ftill;
The bold Winds fpeechlefs, and the Orb below
As hufh as Death.
Shak. Haml.
Caln as the Breath which fans our Eaftern Grove. Drd d. Auren.
Calm as peaceful Seas that know no Storms, and only
Are gently lifted up and down by Tides. Rowe Fair Pen.
As deep Rivers in Atill Ev'nings roll. Black.
The Clouds difperfe, the Winds their Breath reftrain,
And the huh'd Waves lie flatted on the Main. Dryd. Firg.
Still as old Chaos before Motion's Birth.
Cowl.

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C A R E .
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Care, that in Cloyfters only feals her Eyes;
Which Youth thinks Folly, Age as Wifdom owns:
Fools, by not knowing her, ontlive the Wife;
She vifits Cities, but fie dwells in Thrones. Dav. Gond.
All Creatures elfe a time of Love poffers,
Man only clogs with Cares his Happinefs;
And while he fhould enjoy his Part of Blifs, (of Gran.
With Thoughts of what may be, deftroys what is. Dryd.Cong.
What in this Life, which foon muft end,
Can all our vain Defigns intend? From Shore to Shore why fhould we run, When none his tirefome Self can fhun? For baneful Care will ftill prevail, And overtake us under Sail:
'Twill dodge the great Man's Train behind, Out-run the Doe, out-fly the Wind. If then thy Soul rejoyce to Day, Drive far to Morrow's Care away; In Laughter let them all be drown'd, No perfect Good is to be found. Otw. Hor. An angry Care did dwell
In his dark Breaf, and all gay Forms expel. Cowl.

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C A U L D R O N
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So when with crackling Flames a Cauldron fries,
The bubbling Waters from the Bottom rife;
Above the Brims they force their fiery way,
Black Vapours climb aloft, and cloud the Day. Dryd. Firg. CENTAURS.
Like Cloud-borin Centaurs, from the Mountain's Height, With rapid Courfe, defcending to the Fight,

## (49)

They rufh along: The rattling Woods give way,
The Branches bend before their fweepy Sway. Dryd. Virg. The Cloud-begotten Race, halfMan half Beaft. Dryd. Ovid. The centaur C $T L L A R U S$.
Nor could thy Form, O Cy llarus foreflow
Thy Fate, (if Form to Monfters we allow,
Juft bloom'd thy Beard, thy Beard of golden Hue;
Thy Locks in golden Waves about thy Shoulders Hew,
Sprightly thy Look: Thy Shapes in ev'ry Part
So clean, as might inftruct the Sculptor's Art,
As far as Man extended: Where began
The Beaft, the Beaft was equal to Man.
Add but a Horfe's Head and Neck, and he
O Caffor, was a Courfer worthy thee.
So was his Back proportion'd for the Seat;
So rofe his brawny Cheft, fo fwiffly mov'd his Feet:
Cole-black his Colour, but like Iet it fone;
His Legs and flowing Tail were white alone. Dryd awid, CERBERUS.
In his Den they found
The triple Porter of the Stygian Sound,
Grim Cerberus; who foon began to rear
His crefted Snakes, and arm'd his briftling Hair; Op'ning his greedy grinning Jaws, he gapes
With three enormous Mouths.
Diyd.Virg
For as the Pope, that keeps the Gate Of Heay'n, wears three Crowns of State; So he that keeps the Gates of Hell, Proud Cerb'rus, wears three Heads as well; And, if the World have any Troth, Some have been canoniz'd in both, CHAOS.
The Womb of Nature, and perhaps her Grave:
Gloomy Deep! dreary Plain! forlorn and wild!
The Seat of Defolation! void of Light,
Save what the Glimm'ring of Hell's livid Flames Cafts pale and dreadful.

Milt. Rude undizefted Mafs!
A lifelefs Lump, unfafhion'd and unfram'd, Of jarring Seeds, and juftly Cbaos nam'd.

Dryd. Ovid.

Before their Eyes in fudden View appear The Secrets of the hoary Deep: A dark Illimitable Ocean without Bound,

Without Dimenfion; where Length, Breadth, and Height, And Time and Place are loft: Where eldeft Night, And Cbaos, Anceftors of Nature, hold Etermal Anarchy, amidft the Noife
Of endiefs Wars, and by Confufion ftand.
For Hor, Cold, Moift, and Dry, four Champions fierce,
Strive here for Maft'ry, and to Battle bring
Their Embryon Atoms: They around the Flag
Of each his Faction, in their feveral Clans,
Light-arm'd or heavy, 'fharp, fmooth, fwift, or flow
Swarm populous; unnumber'd as the Sands
Of Barca, or Cyrene's torrid Soil,
Levy'd to fide with warring Winds, and poife
Their lighter Wings. To whom thefe moft adhere,
He rules a Moment : Chaos Umpire fits,
And by Decifion more embroils the Fray,
By which he reigns; next him high Arbiter
Cbance governs all.
Milt.
And now the Goddefs with her Charge defends,
Where fcarce one chearful Glimpfe their Steps befriends.
Here his forfaken Seat old Chuos keeps,
And, undifturb'd by Form, in Silence fleeps:
A grifly Wight, and hideous to the Eye,
An aukward Lump of hapelefs Anarchy;
With fordid Age his Features are defac'd,
His Lands unpeopled and his Countries wafte.
Upon a Couch of Jet in thefe Abodes,
Dull Night, his melancholy Confort, nods.
No Ways and Means their Cabinet employ,
But their dark Hours they wafte in barren Joy. Gar. As he profefs'd
He had firft Matter feen undrefs'd. He took her maked, all alone, Before one Rag of Form was on: The Cbaos too he had defry'd, And feerí quite thro', or elfe he ly'd.
Order, a banifh'd Rebel, flies the Place,
And Strife and Uproar fill the noify Space:
Tumult and Mifrule plenfe at Cbaos Court,
And everlafting Wars his Throne fupport;
Pleas'd with thofe Subjects moft that leaft obey.
Here heavier Seeds rufh on in num'rous Swarms,
And crufh their lighter Foes with pond'rous Arms.

The lighter ftraight command with equal Pride,
And on mad Whirlings in wild Triumph ride: None long fubmits to a fuperior Pow'r; Each yields, and in his Turn is Conquerour.

$$
S A T \text { A N's Paffage thro' } C H \text { A O S. }
$$

The wary Fiend ftood on the Brink of Hell,
And look'd a while into this wild Abyrs, Pond'ring his Voyage; for no narrow Frith He had to crofs: Nor was his Ear lefs peal'd With Noifes loud and ruinous (to compare G:eat things with fimall) than when Bellona forms With all her batt'ring Engines, bent to raze Some Capital City ; or lefs than if this Frame Of Heav'n were falling, and thefe Elements In Mutiny had from her Axle torn The ftedfaft Earth. At laft his Sail-broad Vans He fpreads for Flight, and in the furging Smoke Uplifted fpurns the Ground: Thence many a League, As in a cloudy Chair afcending, rides Audacious; but that Seat foon failing, meets A vaft Vacuity: All unawares, Flutt'ring his Penons vain, plumb down he drops Ten thoufand Fathom deep; and to this Hour Down had been falling, had not by ill Chance The ftrong Rebuff of fome tumultuous Cloud, Inftinct with Fire and Nitre, hurry'd him As many Miles aloft: That Fury ftaid Quench'd in a boggy Syrtis, neither Sea Nor good dry Land. Nigh founder'd, on he fares, Treading the crude Confiftence, half on foot, Half flying; behoves him now both Oar and Sail: As when a Gryphon, thro' the Wildernefs With winged Courfe o'er Hill or moary Dale, Purfues the Arimafpian, who by ftealth Had from his wakeful Cuftody purloin'd The guarded Gold; fo eagerly the Fiend O'er Bog or Steep, thro' Atrait, rough, denfe, or rare, With Head, Hands, Wings, or Feet purfues his Way, And fiwims, or finks, or wades, or creeps, or flies. At length a univerfal Hubbub wild Of ftunning Sounds, and Voices all confus'd, Born thro' the hollow Dark, affaults his Ear With loudeft Vehemence: When ftrait behold the Tlirone Of Chaos, and his dark Pavilion fpread

Wide on the wafteful Deep: With him enthron'd
Sate fable-vefted Night, eldeft of things,
The Confort of his Reign; and by them ftood
Orcus and Hades, and the dreaded Name
Of Demogorgon: Rumour next, and Chance,
And Tumult and Confufion all embroil'd,
And Difcord, with a thoufand various Mouths.
Satan thence
Springs upward like a Pyramid of Fire
Into the wild Expanfe; and thro' the Shock
Of fighting Elements, on all Sides round
Environ'd, wins his way.
At laft the facred Influence
Of Light appears, and from the Walls of Heav's
Shoots far into the Bofom of dim Night
A glimm'ring Dawn: Here Nature firt begins;
Her fartheft Verge, and Chass to retire,
As from her outmof Works, a broken Foe,
awith Tumult lefs, and with lefs hoftile Din;
That Satan with lefs Toil, and now with Eafe
Wafts on the calmer Wave by dubious Light,
And, like a Weather-beaten Veffel, holds
Gladly the Port, tho' Shrowds and Tackle torn.
Voyag'd th' unreal, vaft, unbounded Deep
Of horrible Confufion;
And thro' the palpable Obfcure toil'd out
His uncouth Paffage, (preading his airy Flight,
Upborn with indefatigable Wings,
Over the vaft Abrupt; compell'd to ride
Th' untractable Abyfs, plung'd in the Womb Of unoriginal Night, and Cbros wild.
$\mathrm{CHAPLAIN} .\mathrm{See} \mathrm{Prief}$.
$\quad C H A R I O T$.

Bold Erichthonius was the firt that joyn'd Four Horfes for the rapid Race defign'd, And o'e: the dufty Wheels prefiding fate: The Lapithe to Chariots add the State Of Bits and Bridles; taught the Steed to bound,
To run the Ring, and trace the mazy Ground;
To ftop, to fly, the Rules of War to know,
T'obey the Rider, and to dare the Foe.
Haft thou beheld when from the Goal they part;
The Xowhful Charioteers with heaving Heart,

Rufh to the Race, and panting fcarcely bear
Th'Extreams of feav'rifh Hope and chilling Fear,
Stoop to the Reins, and lafh with all their Force;
The flying Chariots kindle in the Courfe.
And now alow, and now aloft they fly,
As born thro' Air, and feem to touch the Sky :
No Stop, no Stay; but Clouds of Sand arife, Spurn'd, and caft backward in the Foll'wers Eyes:
The hindmof blows the Foam upon the firf, Such is the Love of Praife, and honourable Thirf. Dryd.Virg
So Four fiece Courfers, ftarting to the Race, Scour thro' the Plain, and lengtherr ev'ry Pace: Nor Reins, nor Curbs, nor threat'ning Cries they fear, But force along the trembling Charioteer. Dryd. Virg. CHARNEL-HOUSE. Behold a Charnel-Houfe
O'er-cover'd quite with dead Mens rattling Bones, With reeky Shanks, and yellow chaplefs Skulls. (Shak.Rom. © Fful.

## $$
C H A R O N .
$$ <br> CHAR $H$ O $N$. Banks of Acheron,

Upon the gloomy Banks of Acheron,
Whofe troubled Eddies, thick with Ooze and Clay,
Are whirl'd aloft, and in Cocitusloft,
Old Charon ftands, who rules the dreary Coaft;
A fordid God! Down from his hoary Chín
A Length of Beard defcends, uncomb'd, unclean:
His Eyes like hollow Furnaces on fire:
A Girdle foul with Greafe binds his obfcene Attire.
He fpreads his Canvas; with his Pole he fteers;
The Freights of flitting Ghofts in his thin Bottom bears :
He look'd in Years; Yet in his Years were feen
A youthful Vigour, znd autumnal Green.
CHEAT, See Coward.
Doubtlefs the Pleafure is as great, In being cheated, as to cheat. As Lookers-on feel moft Delight, That leaft perceive the Juggler's Slight; And ftill the lefs they underfand, The more admire the Slight of Hand.
$\mathrm{C}_{4}$

He loaths the Subftance, and he loves the Show :
He hates Realities, and hugs the Cheat,
And ftill the only Pleafure's the Deceit.
So Meteors flatter with a dazling Dye,
Which no Exiftence has but in the Eye.
At diftance Profpects pleafe us, but when near,
We find but defart Rocks and fleeting Air:
From Stratagem to Stratagem we run,
And he knows moft, who lateft is undone.
Gat.
An honeft Man may take a Knave's Advice,
But Idiots only will be couzen'd twice:
Once warn'd is well bewar'd. Dryd. the Cock and the For.

$$
\text { C IT } \Upsilon .
$$

There with like Hafte to feveral Ways they run,
Some to undo, and fome to be undone.
While Luxury and Wealth, like War and Peace,
Are each the other's Ruin and Increafe:
As Rivers loft in Seas, fome fecret Vein
Thence re-conveys, there to be loft again. Dents,

$$
C L I F F \text {. }
$$

Behold a Cliff, whofe high and bending Head.
Looks dreadful down upon the roaring Deep:
How fearful
And dizzy 'tis to caft one's Eyes fo low!
'The Crows and Choughs that wing the mid-way Air
Shew fcarce fo grofs as Beetles: Half-way down
Hangs one that gathers Samphire: Dreadful Trade!
The Fifhermen that walk upon the Beach
Appear like Mice; and yon tall anch'ring Bark
Seems leffen'd to her Cock, her Cock a Buoy
Almoft too fmall for Sight. The murm'ring Surge
Cannot be heard fo high.
Shark. K. Lear.
As from fome fteep and dreadful Precipice,
The frighted Traveller cafts down his Eyes,
And fees the Ocean at fo great a Diftance,
It looks as if the Skies were funk beneath him.
If then fome neighb'ring Shrub, how weak foe'er,
Peep up, his willing Eyes ftop gladly there,
And feem to eafe themfelves, and reft upon it, Dryd. Riv. Lad.
As one condemn'd to leap a Precipice,
Who fees before his Eyes the Depth Below,
Stops fhort, and looks about for fome kind Shrub
To break his dreadful Fall. Dryd. Span. Fry.

CLOUD S. See Deluge, Storm, Tempeft, Thunder, Wind Not one kind Star was kindled in the Sky,
Nor could the Moon her borrow'd Light fupply :
For mifty Clouds involv'd the Firmament,
The Stars were muffled and the Moon was pent. Dryd. Virg..
Mark what collected Night involves the Skies. Dryd.Virg. O'erfpreading Mifts the extinguifh'd Sun-beams drown, Dark Clouds o'er all the black Horizon frown, And hang their deep hydropick Bellies down. The low'ring Clouds, that dip themfelves in Rain, To fhake their Fleeces on the Earth again, Dryd. Ind. Emp. The Wrack of Clouds is driving on the Wind, And fhews a break of Sunfhine. Dryd. D. of Guife, When on their March embattel'd Clouds appear, What formidable Gloom their Faces wear? How wide their Front? How deep and black their Rear? 【 How do their threat'ning Heads each other throng? How flow the crowding Legions move along? The Winds with all their Wings can fcarcely bear, Th'oppreffive Burden of th'impending War.
C O C K. See Creations, Sleep.

Within this Homeftead liv'd, without a Peer
For crowing loud; the noble Cbanticleer.
So hight the Cock, whofe finging did furpafs
The merry Notes of Organs at the Mafs.
More certain was the crowing of this Cock
To number Hours, than is an Abbey-Clock;
And fooner than the Mattin-Bell was rung,
He clap'd his Wings upon his Rooft and fung,
High was his Comb, and Coral-red withal,
In Dents imbattel'd, like a Caftle-Wall:
His Bill was Raven-black, and Thone like Jett;
Blue were his Legs, and orient were his Feet;
White were his Nails, like Silver to behold,
His Body glitt'ring like the burnih'd Gold.
This gentle Cock, for Solace of his Life,
Six Miffes had befide his lawful Wife:
Dame Partlet was the Sov'raign of his Heart;
Ardent in Love, outrageous in his Play,
He feather'd her a hundred times a Day;
And fhe that was not only paffing fair,
But was withal difcreet and debonair;
Refolv'd the paffive Doctrine to fulfil,
Tho' loath; and let him work his wicked Wills

At Board and Bed was affable and kind, According as the Marriage-Vow did bind, And as the Church's Precept had enjoyn'd.
By this her Husband's Heart the did obtain;
What cannot Beauty, joyn'd with Virtue, gain?
She was his only Joy, and he her Pride;
She, when he walk'd, went peeking by his Side :
If fyurning up the Ground he fprung a Corn,
The Tribute in his Bill to her was born.
But oh! what Joy it was to hear him fing
In Summer, when the Day began to firing, (and the Fox.
Stretching his Neck, and warbling in his Throat. Dryd. the Cock The crowing Cock (Theol.
Salutes the Light, and ftruts before his feathered Flock. Dry.
COMET.

Threat'ning Comets, when by Night they rife,
Shoot fanguin Streams, and fadden all the Skies. Dryd.Virg. He, like a Comet, burn'd,
That fires the Length of Ophiuchus huge
In th' Artick Sky ; and from his horrid Hair
Shakes Peftilence and War.
Milt. Portending Blood, like blazing Star. The Beacon of approaching War. Hud.
Hung be the Heav'ns with Black, yield Day to Night.
Comets, importing Change to Times and States,
Brandifh your golden Trifles in the Skies,
And with them fcourge the bad revolted Stars,
That have consented unto Henry's Death. Shake. i Hen. 6.
When Beggars dye, there are no Comets feen, (Shat. Ful.Caf.
The Heav'ns themfelves blaze forth the Death of Princes.
COMPASSION.

Compaffion proper to Mankind appears,
Which Nature witnefs'd when fie lent us Tears.
Of tender Sentiments we only give
Thole Proofs: To weep is our Prerogative!
To flew by pitying Looks and melting Eyes,
How with a fluff ring Friend we Sympathize.
Who can all Sente of others Ills efcape,
Is bur a Brute at belt in human Shape.
This natural Piety did frt refine
Our Wit, and rais'd our Thoughts to Things divine:
This proves our Spirit of the Gods Descent,
While that of Beats is prone and downward bent :

To them, but Earth-born Life they did difenfe; To us, for mutual Aid, celeftial Senfe. Tate. Fur. CON $\mathcal{F} U R E R$ and $A L M A N A C K-M A K E R$, He had been long tow'rds Mathematicks,
Opticks, Philofophy, and Staticks,
Magick, Horofcopy, Aftrology, And was old Dog at Phyfiology. But as a Dog that turns the Spit, Beftirs himfelf, and plies his Feet To climb the Wheel, but all in vain, His own Weight brings him down agains And ftill he's in the felffame Place, Where at his fetting out he was: So in the Circle of the Arts, Did he advance his nat'rat Parts: Till falling back fill for Retreat, He fell to juggle, cant and cheat. For as thofe Fowls that live in Wate: Are never wet, he did but fmatter. Whate'er he labour'd to appear, His underftanding fill was clear. He'd read Dee's Prefaces before The Devil and Euclid o'er and o'er. He with the Moon was more familiar. Than e'er was Almanack-well-willer:
Her Secrets underftood fo clear,
That fome believ'd he had been there s
Knew when the was in fittef Mood
For cutting Corns and letting Blood;
When for anointing Scabs or Itches,
Or to the Bum applying Leeches;
When Sows and Bitches may be fpay'd,
And in what Sign beft Cider's made ;
Whether the Wane be, or Increafe,
Beft to fet Garlick or fow Peafe.
He made an Inftrument to know,
If the Moon fhine at Full or no,
That would, affoon as e'er fhe Thone, frrait,
Whether'twere Day or Night, insonftrate:
Tell what her D'ameter t'an Ifrch is,
And prove fie is not made of Green Cheefes -
It would demonftrate that the Man in
The Moon's a Sea Meditervanean:

And that it is no Dog nor Bitch, That ftands behind him at his Breech;
But a huge Cafpian Sea or Lake,
With Arms, which Men for Legs Miftake :
How large a Gulf his Tail compofes,
And what a goodly Bay his Nofe is;
How many Germain Leagues by th'Scale,
Cape Snout's from Promontory Tail. He made a Planetary Gin,
Which Rats would run their own Headsin;
And come on purpofe to be taken,
Without th'Expence of Cheefe or Bacon.
With Lute-ftrings he would counterfeit
Maggots that crawl on Difh of Meat.
Quote Moles and Spots in any Place
O'th'Body, by the Index Face.
Detect loft Maidenheads by fneezing,
Or breaking Wind of Dames, or pilfing.
Cure Warts or Corns with Application
Of Med'cines to th'Imagination.
Fright Agues into Dogs, and fcare
With Rhimes the Tooth-ach and Catarrh.
He knew whatever's to be known;
But, much more than he knew, would own. Hud. CONSCIENCE.
Severe Decrees may keep our Tongues in awe, But to our Thoughts what Edict can give Law? Ev'n you your felf to your own Breaft fhall tell Your Crimes, and your own Confcience be your Hell.

What Bus'nefs has my Confcience with a Crown?
She finks in Pleafures, and in Bowls will drown. If Mirth hould fail, I'll bufy her with Cares;
Silence her clam'rous Voice with louder Wars:
Trumpets and Drums thall fright her from the Throne ${ }_{d}$, As founding Cymbals aid the lab'ring Moon,

Repell'd by thofe, more eager the will grow, Spring back more ftrongly like a Scythian Bow: Amidft your Train this unfeen Judge will wait, Examine how you came by all your State; Upbraid your impious Pomp, and in your Ear Will hollow Rebel, Traitor', Murtherer. Your ill:gor Row'r wan Looks and Care fhall bring, Known but by Difcontent to be a King:

Of Crouds afraid, yet anxious when alone, You'll fit, and brood your Sorrows on a Throne. Dryd.Auren. Nature has made Man's Breaft fo Windores

> To publifh what he does within Doors;
> Nor what dark Secrets there inhabit, Unlefs his own rafh Folly blab it: And a large Confcience is all one, And fignifies the fame with none. Hud. The Confcience is the Teft of ev'ry Mind; Seek not thy felf without thy felf to find.' Dryd. Perf. My ugly Guilt flies in my confcious Face,
And I am vanquifh'd, flain with Bofom-War. Lee Mithrid.
Lead me where my own Thoughts themfelves may lofe me; Where I may doze out what I've left of Life,
Forget my felf, and this Day's Guilt.
Cruel Remembrance, how fhall I appeafe thee! Otw. Ven. Perf..
Confcience, the foolifh Pride of doing well! Dryd. Ind. Emp.
Confcience, that of all Phyfick works the laft! Dr. Pal. © Arc..
The Confcience of a People is their Pow'r. Dryd.D. of Guife.
Confcience is a Word that Cowards ufe,
$D_{\text {evis'd at firt to keep the ftrong in awe. }} \quad$ Shak.Rich. 3. CONSPIRACr.
O the curft Fate of all Confpiracies!
They move on many Springs, if one but fail,
The reftiff Machine ftops.
Dryd. Don Seb
o Confpiracy!
Sham'ft thou to fhew thy dang'rous Brow by Night,
When Evils are moft free? O then by Day
Where wilt thou find a Cavern dark enough
To mask thy monftrous Vifage ? Seek for none;
Hide it in Smiles and Affability:
For if thou put thy native Semblance on, Not Erebus it felf were dim enough
To hide thee from Prevention.
Shak. Ful. Cas. C O NSTANC Y. See Inconfancy, and Proteftations of Love.
Conftant as Courage to the Brave in Battle;
Conftant as Martyrs burning for their Gods.
Lees.
There's no fuch thing as Conftancy we call;
Faith ties not Hearts, 'tis Inclination all.
Some Wit deform'd, or Beauty much decay'd,
Fift Conftancy in Love a Virtue made:
From Friend hip they that Land-mark did remove, (Gran), And fallely. plac'd it on the Bounds of Love.. Dryd. Conq. of

The World's a Scene of Changes, and to be
Confant, in Nature were Inconftancy;
For 'twere to bretk the Laws herfelf has made.
Our Subftances themfelves do fleet and fade:
The moft fix'd Being ftill does move and fly
Swift as the Wings of Time 'tis meafur'd by.
T'imagine then that Love fhould never ceafe,
Love, which is but the Ornament of thefe,
Were quite as fenfelefs as to wonder why
Beauty and Colour ftay not when we die.
Cowl
CONTENT.

Content is Wealth, the Riches of the Mind;
And happy he who can that Treafure find:
Buit the bafe Mifer ftarves amiddt his Store,
Broods on his Gold, and griping ftill at more, (Tale.\}
Sits fadly pining, and believes he's poor. Dryd. Wife of Bath's).
Content alone can all their Wrongs redrefs,
Content, that other Name for Happinefs.
'Tis equal if our Fortunes fhould augment,
And ftretch themfelves to the fame vaft Extent
With our Defires; or thofe Defires abate,
Shrink and contract themfelves to fit our State.
Th'unhappy Man, Slave to his wild Defire,
By feeding it, foments the raging Fire :
Kis Gains augment his unextinguifh'd Thirf,
With Plenty poor, and with Abundance curft.
Sour Difcontent that quarrels with our Fate,
May give freh Smart, but not the old abate:
Th'uneafy Paffion's difingenuous Wit,
The Ill reveals, but hides the Benefit.
Secure and free from Bus'ners of the State,
And more fecure of what the Vulgar prate;
Here I enjoy my private Thoughts, nor care
What Rot for Sheep the Southern Winds prepare:
Suivey the neighb'ring Fields, and not repine
When I behold a larger Crop than mine.
To fee a Beggay's Brat in Riches flow.
Adds not a Wrinkle to my even Brow.
Dryd. Porfo
He laugh'd at all the Vulgar's Cares and Fears,
At their vain Triumphs, and their vainer Tears:
An equal Temper in his Mind he found,
When Fortune flatter'd him, and when fhe frown'd. Dryd. Furo

Since all great Souls ftill make their own Content,
We to our felves may all our Wifhes grant;
For nothing coveting, we nothing want. Dryd. Ind.Emp.
They cannot want who wifh not to have more;
Who ever faid an Anchoret was. poor? Dryd. Sec. Love.
Forgive the Gods the reft, and ftand confin'd
To Health of Body and Content of Mind;
A Soul that can fecurely Death defy,
And count it Nature's Privilege to die;
Serene and manly, harden'd to fuftain
The Load of Life, and exercis'd in pain;
Guiltefs of Hate, and Proof againft Defire;
That all things weighs, and nothing can admire. Dryd. Fluv.
Reft we contented with our prefent State;
'Tis anxious to enquire of future Fate.
Dryd.K.Arth,
Be fatisfy'd and pleas'd with what thou art;
Act chearfully and well th'allotted Part:
Enjoy the prefent Hour, be thankful for the paft,
-And neither fear nor wifh th' Approaches of the laft. Cowl. Mart.

$$
C O R^{1} P^{\prime} S .
$$

A Lump of fenfelefs Clay! The Leavings of a Soul. Dryd. All pale he lies, and looks a lovely Flow'r, (all for Love.
New cropt by Virgin-Hands to dref's the Bow'r:
Unfaded yet, but yet unfed below: (Virg. No more to Mother Earth or the greenStem fhall owe. Dryd. COR $N$.
The bearded Product of the golden Year. Dryd. Virg; As when a fuddain Storm of Hail and Rain
Beats to the Ground the yet unbearded Grain;
Think not the Hopes of Harveft are deftroy'd On the flat Field and on the naked Void: The light unloaded Stem, from. Tempeft freed, Will raife the youthful Honours of his Head; And, foon reftor'd by native Vigour, bear The timely Product of the bounteous Year. Dryd. Virg:

> As when a Field

Of Ceres, ripe for Harveft, waving bends Her bearded Grove of Ears, which Way the Wind Sways them; the careful Plowman doubting ftands, Left on the threfhing Floor his hopeful Sheayes. Prove Chaff,

## (62)

COUNSELLOR, and Fuffice of the Peace. An old dull Sot, who'd told the Clock
For many Years at Bridewel Dock,
At Weftminfer, and Hicks's Hall;
And Hictius-Doctius play'd in all:
Where in all Governments and Times,
He'd been both Friend and Foe to Crimes;
And us'd two equal Ways of gaining,
By hind'ring Juftice, or maintaining:
To many a Whore gave Privilege,
And whip'd for want of Quarteridge :
Cart-loads of Bawds to Prifon fent,
For being behind a Fortnight's Rent;
And many a trufty Pimp and Crony,
To Puddle-Dock, for want of Money.
Engag'd the Conftable to fieze
All thofe who would not break the Peace,
Nor give him back his own foul Words,
Tho' fometimes Commoners or Lords:
And kept them Prifoners of Courfe,
For being fober at ill Hours;
That in the Morning he might free,
Or bind them over for his Fee.
Made Monfers fine, and Puppet-Plays,
For Leave to practife in their Ways.
Farm'd out all Cheats, and went a Share
With th'Headborough and Scavenger,
And made the Dirt i'th'Street compound.
For taking up the publick Ground:-
The Kennel and the King's Highway,
For being unmolefted, pay.
Let out the Stocks, and Whipping-Poff;
And Cage, to thofe that give him moft. Impos'd a Tax on Baker's Ears,
And for falfe Weights on Chandelers.
Made Vituallers and Vintners fine,
For arbitrary Ale and Wine.
Bitt was a kind and conftant Friend
To all that regularly offend;
As Refidentiary Bawds,
And Brokers that receive fol'n Goods;
That cheat in lawfful Myfteries,
And pay Church Duties, and his Fees:

But was implacable and aukward
To fuch as interlop'd and hauker'd.
To this brave Man the Knight repairs
For Counfel in his Law Affairs; And found him mounted in his Pew, With Books and Money plac'd for Shew,
Like Neft-Eggs, to make Clients lay,
And for his falle Opinion pay.
To whom the Knight with comely Grace,
Put off his Hat, to put his Cafe :
Which he as proudly entertain'd,
As th'other courteoully ftrain'd :
And to affure him 'twas not that
He look'd for, bid him put on's Hat.

Hail ye Plebeian Underwood!
Where the poetick Birds rejoice,
And, for their quiet Nefts and plenteous Food,
Pay with their grateful Voice.
Hail the poor Mufes richeft Manour-Seat !
Ye Country-Houfes and Retreat, Which all the happy Gods fo love, That for you off they quit Their bright and great Metropolis above. Here Nature does a Houfe for me erect;

Nature, the wifeft Architect !
Who thore fond Artifts does defpife, That can the fair and living Trees neglect, $=$ Yet the dead Timber prize. Here let me, carelefs and unthoughtful lying,

Hear the foft Winds above me flying,
With all the wanton Boughs difpute,
And the more tuneful Birds to both replying; Nor be my felf too mute.
A filver Stream fill rouls his Waters near,
Gilt with Sun-beams here and there, On whofe emamel'd Bank I'll walk, And fee how prettily they fmile, and hear

How prettily they talk.
Cow!
O Fountains! when in yout fhall I My felf, eas'd of unpeaceful Thoughts, efpy?
O Fields! O Woods! when, when, fhall I be made The happy Tenant of your Shade?

## (64)

Here's the Spring-head of Pleafure's Flood; Where all the Riches lie, that fhe Has coin'd and ftamp'd for Good. Pride and Ambition here, Only in far-fetch'd Metaphors appear. Here nought but Winds can hurtful Murmurs featter, And nought but Eccho flatter. The Gods when they defcended, hither From Heav'n did always chufe this Way; And therefore we may boldly fay, That 'tis the Way too thither.
How happy in his low Degree, How rich in humble Poverty is he, Who leads a quiet Country-Life, Difcharg'd of Bus'nefs, void of Strife, And from the griping Scriv'ner free! Nor Trumpets fummon him to War, Nor Dreams difturb his Morning Sleep, Nor knows he Merchants gainful Care,

Nor fears the Dangers of the Deep. The Clamours of contentious Law, And Court and State he wifely fhuns; Nor brib'd with Hopes, nor dar'd with Awe, To fervile Salutations runs. But either to the clafping Vine Does the fupporting Poplar wed, Or with his Pruning-Hook disjoyn Unbearing Branches from their Head, And grafts more happy in their ftead. Or climbing to a hilly Steep, He view's his Herbs in Vales afar,
Or fhears his over-burthen'd Sheep,
Or Mead for cooling Drink prepares
Of Virgin-Honey in the Jars.
Or in the new declining Year,
When bounteous Autumn rears his Head, He joys to pull the ripen'd Pear.
And cluftering Grapes, with purple fread. Sometimes beneath an ancient Oak,

Or on the matted Grafs he lies;
No God of Sleep he need invoke,
The Stream that o'er the Pebbles flies, With gentle Slumber crowns his Eyes.

The Wind, that whiftles thro'the Sprays,
Maintains the Confort of the Song,
And hidden Birds with native Lays
The golden Sleep prolong.
But when the Blaft of Winter blows, And hoary Froft inverts the Year,
Into the naked Woods he goes, And feeks the tusky Boar to rear, With well-mouth'd Hounds and pointed Spear.
Or fpreads his fubtle Nets from Sight,
With twinkling Glafies to betray
The Larks that in the Mefhes light :
Or makes the fearful Hare his Prey.
Amidft his harmlefs eafy Joys
No anxious Cares invade his Health;
Nor Love his Peace of Mind deftroys,
Nor wicked Avarice of Wealth.
Thus e'er the Seeds of Vice were fown,
Liv'd Men in better Ages born;
Who plough'd with Oxen of their own, Dryd. Hora
Their fmall paternal Field of Corn.
O let me in the Country range!
'Tis there we breathe, 'tis there we live:
The beauteous Scene of aged Mountains, Smiling Valleys, murm'ring Fountains;
Lambs in flow'ry Paftures bleating,
Echo our Complaints repeating;
Bees with bufie Sounds delighting,
Groves to gentle Sleep inviting;
Whilpering Winds the Poplars courting,
Swains in ruftick Circles fporting;
Birds in chearful Notes expreffing,
Nature's Bounty, and their Bleffing:
Thefe afford a lafting Pleafure,
Without Guilt, and without Meafure.
Brow*
Happy the Man, whom bounteous Gods allow With his own Hands paternal Grounds to plough! Like the firft golden Mortals happy he, From Bus'nefs, and the Cares of Money free! No human Storms break off at Land his Sleep,
No loud Alarms of Nature on the Deep:
From all the Cheats of Law he lives fecure,
Nor does th'Affronts of Palaces endure.

Sometimes the beauteous marriageable Vine Hè to the lufty Bridegroom Elm does join ; Sometimes he lops the barren Trees around,
And grafts new Life inte the fruitful Wound:
Sometimes he fhears his Flock, and fometimes he
Stores up the golden Treafures of the Bee.
He fees the lowing Herds walk o'er the Plain,
While neighb'ring Hills low back to them again.
And when the Seafon rich as well as gay,
All her Autumnal Bounty does difplay,
How is he pleas'd th' encreafing Ufe to fee
Of his well-trufted Labours bend the Tree;
Of which large Stores, on the glad facred Days,
He gives to Friends, and to the Gods repays.
With how much Joy does he beneath fome Shade,
By aged Trees rev'rend Embraces made,
His carelefs Head on the frefh Green recline,
His Head uncharg'd with Fear or with Defign.
By him a River conftantly complains,
The Birds above rejoyce with various Strains;
And in the folemn Scene their Orgies keep,
Like Dreams mix'd with the Gravity of Sleep.
Sleep, which does always there for Entrance wait,
And nought within againft it bars the Gate.
Nor does the rougheft Seafon of the Sky,
Or fullen Gove all Sports to him deny,
He runs the Mazes of the nimble Hare,
His well-mouth'd Dogs glad Concert rends the Air;
Or with Game bolder, and rewarded more,
He drives into a Toil the foaming Boar.
Here flies the Hawk t'affault, and there the Net
To intercept the trav'lling Fowl is fet;
And all his Malice, all his Craft is Mhewn
In innocent Wars on Birds and Beafts alone.
This is the Life from all Misfortunes free,
From thee, the great one, Tyrant Love! from thee !
And if a chafte and clean, tho' homely Wife,
Be added to the Bleffings of his Life,
Such as Apulia, frugal till, does bear,
Who makes her Children and her Houfe her Care,
And joyfully the Work of Life does fhare;
Nor thinks her felf too noble or too fine,
To pin the Sheepfold or to milk the Kine:

Who waits at Door againft her Husband come
From rural Duties, late and weary'd, home;
Where fhe receives him with a kind Embrace,
A chearful Fire and a more chearful Face;
And fills the Bowl up to her homely Lord,
And with domeftick Plenty loads the Buard:
Not all the luiftul Shell-fifh of the Sea,
Drefs'd by the wanton Hand of Luxury,
Nor Ortalans, nor Godwits, nor the reft
Of coftly Names that glorify a Feaft,
Are at a Prince's Table better Cheer,
Than Lamb and Kid, Lettuce and Olives here. Cowl. Hor.
Ah Prince! hadft thou but known the Joys which dwell
With humble Fortunes, thou would'ft curfe thy Royalty.
Had Fate allotted us fome obfcure Village,
Where with Life's Neceffaries bleft alone,
We might have pars'd in Peace our happy Days,
Free from the Cares which Crowns and Empire bring:
No wicked Statefmen would with impious Arts
Have ftriv'n to wreft from us our fmall Inheritance,
Or ftir the fimple Hinds to noify Faction. Row. Amb. Stepm,
Oh happy, if he knew his happy State,
The Swain, who free from Bus'nefs and Debate,
Receives his ealy Food from Nature's Hand,
And iuft Returns of cultivated Land.
No Palace with a lofty Gate he wants,
T'admit the Tides of early Vifitants,
With eager Eyes devouring as they pafs
The breathing Figures of Corinthian Bars;
No Statues threaten from high Pedeftals;
No Per fan Arras hides his homely Walls
With antick Vefts, which thro' their fhady Fold, Betray the Streaks of ill-diffembled Gold.
He boafts no Wooll, whore native White is dy'd
With purple Poyfon of Aljrian Pride.
No coftly Drugs of Araby defile
With foreign Scents the Sweetnefs of his Oil.
But eafy Quiet, a fecure Retreat,
A harmlefs Life, that knows not how to cheat,
With home-bred Plenty the rich Owner blefs,
And rural Pleafures crown his Happinefs.
Unvex'd with Quarrels, undifturb'd with Noife,
The Country King his peaceful Realm enjoys:

Cool Grots and living Lakes, the flow'ry Pride
Of Meads, and Streams that thro' the Valley glide,
And fhady Groves that eafy Sleep invite,
And after toilfom Days a foft Repofe at Night.
Wild Beafts of Nature in his Wood abound;
And Youth of Labour patient Plough the Ground,
Inur'd to Hardhip and to homely Fare;
Nor venerable Age is wanting there,
In great Examples to the youthful Train,
Nor are the Gods adorn'd with Rites profane.
From hence Afrea took her Flight, and here
The Prints of her departing Steps appear.
Ye facred Mufes! with whofe Beauty fir'd,
My Soul is ravifh'd, and my Baain infpir'd,
Whofe Prief I am, whofe holy Fillets wear,
Would you your Poet's firft Petition hear:
Give me the Ways of wand'ring Stars to know,
The Depths of Heav'n above and Earth below:
Teach me the various Labours of the Moon,
And whence proceed th' Eclipfes of the Sun;
Why flowing Tides prevail upon the Main,
And in what dark Recefs they fhrink again;
What fhakes the folid Earth, what Caufe delays
The Summer Nights, and fhortens Winter Days.
But if my heavy Blood reftrain the Flight
Of my free Soul, afpiring to the Height
Of Nature, and unclouded Fields of Light;
My next Defire is, void of Care and Strife,
To lead a foft, fecure, inglorious Life.
A Country Cottage, near a Cryftal Flood,
A winding Valley and a lofty Wood.
Some God conduct me to the facred Shades, Where Bacchanals are fung by Spartan Maids;
Or lift me high to Hemus hilly Crown,
Or in the Plains of Tempe lay me down;
Or lead me to fome folitary Place,
And cover my Retreat from human Race.
Happy the Man, who ftudying Nature's Law's
Thro' known Effects can trace the fecret Caufe :
His Mind poffeffing in a quiet State,
Fearlefs of Fortune, and refign'd to Fate.
And happy too is he who decks the Bow'rs
Of Syluans, and adores the rural Pow'rs:
Whofe Mind, unmov'd, the Bribes of Courts an fee,
Their glitt'ring Baits and purple Slavery;

Nor hopes the People'sPraife, nor fears their Frown ; Nor when contending Kindred tear the Crown, Will fet up one or pull another down.
Without Concern he hears, but hears from far, Of Tumults, and Defcents, and diftant War: Nor with a fuperftitious Fear is aw'd For what befalls at home or what abroad; Nor envies he the Rich their heapy Store, Nor his own Peace difturbs with Pity for the Poor. He feeds on Fuits which, of their own Accord, The willing Ground and laden Trees afford. From his lov'd Home no Lucre can him draw, The Senate's mad Decrees he never faw, Nor heard at bawling Burs corrupted Law. Some to the Seas and fome to Camps refort, And fome with Impudence invade the Court. In foreign Countries others feek Renown, With Wars and Taxes others wafte their own; And Hoüfes burn and Houfhold-Gods deface, To drink in Bowls which glitt'ring Gems enchafe; To loll on Couches rich with Citron Steds, And lay their guilty Limbs in Tyrian Beds. This Wretch in Earth intombs his zolden Ore Hov'ring and brooding on his bury'd Store. Some Patriot Fools to pop'lar Praife afpire, Or publick Speeches, which worfe Fools admire; While from both Benches with redoubled Sounds, Th' Applaufe of Lords and Commoners abounds. Some thiro' Ambition, or thro' Thirft of Gold, Have flain their Brothers or their Country fold; And leaving their fweet Homes, in Exile run To Lands that lie beneath another Sun, The Peafant, innocent of all thefe Ills, With crooked Ploughs the fertile Fallows tills, And the round Year with daily Labour fills.
From hence the Country Markets are fupply'd, Enough remains for houfhold Charge befide, His Wife and tender Children to fuftain, And greatefully to feed his dumb deferving Train: Nor ceafe his Labours till the yellow Field
A full Return of bearded Harveft yield;
A Crop fo plenteous, as the Land to load,
O'ercome the crowded Barn, and lodge on Ricks abroad.

## (70)

Thus ev'ry fev'ral Seafon is employ'd, Some fpent in Toil, and fome in Eafe enjoy'd. The yeaning Ews prevent the fpringing Year, The loaded Bows their Fruit in Autumn bear;
'Tis then the Vine her liquid Harveft yields,
Bak'd in the Sun-hine of aicending Fields,
The Winter comes, and then the falling Maft
For greedy Swine provides a full Repaft:
Then Olives ground in Mills their Fatnefs boaft,
And Winter Fruits are mellow'd by the Froft.
His Cares are eas'd with Intervals of Blifs;
His little Children, climbing for a Kifs,
Welcome their Father's late Return at Night;
His faithful Bed is crown'd with chafte Delight :
His Kine with fivelling Udders ready ftand,
And lowing for the Pail invite the Milker's Hand.
His wanton Kids, with buddug Horns prepar'd,
Fight harmlefs Battles in his homely Yard.
Hinnelf in rutick Pomp, on Holy-days,
To rural Pow'rs a juft Oblation pays;
And or the Green his carelefs Limbs difplays.
The Hearth is in the midft; the Herdfmen round
The chearful Fire, provoke his Health in Goblets crown'd.
He calls on Bacchus, and propounds the Prize;
The Groom, his Fellow-Groom, at Buts defies,
And bends his Bow, and levels with his Eyes:
Or frript for Wreftling, fimears his Limbs with Oil,
And watches, with a Trip, his Foe to foil.
Such was the Life the frugal Sabines led:
So Remus and his Brother God were bred;
From whom th' auttere Etrurian Virtue rofe:
And this rude Life our homely Fathers chofe.
Old Romze from fuch a Race deriv'd her Birth,
(The Seat of Empire, and the conquer'd Earth)
Which now on Sev'n high Hills striumphant reigns,
And in that Compafs all the World contains.
E'er Saturn's rebel Son ufurp'd the Skies,
When Beafts were only flain for Sacrifice.
While peaceful Crete enjoy'd her antient Lord,
E'er founding Hammers forg'd th' inhuman Sword,
E'er hollow Drums were beat, before the Breath
Of brazen Trumpets rung the Peal of Death;
The good old God his Hunger did affivage,
With Roots and Herbs; and gave the Golden Age. Dryd. Virg.

## (7I)

 C OUNTRT-BUMKIN.A clownifh Mien, a Voice with ruftick Sound, And ftupid Eyes that ever loved the Ground. The ruling Rod, the Father's forming Care, Were exercis'd in vain, on Wit's Despair; The more inform'd, the left he underfood, And deeper funk by floundring in the Mud. His Corn and Cattle were his only Care, And his Supreme Delight a Country Fair: His Quarter-Staff, which he could ne'er forfake, Hung half before, and half behind his Back; He trudg'd along, unknowing what he fought, And whittled as he went for want of Thought
(\&Ipliz. Dryd.Cym.

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\text { COUNTR } \mathrm{C}-L A S S
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How happy is the hammers Country-Maid, Who, rich by Nature, fcoms fuperfluous Aid! Whore model Cloaths no wanton Eyes invite, But like her Soul, preferve the native White. Whore little Store her well-taught Mind does please; Not pinch'd with Want, nor cloy'd with wanton Earle. Who, free from Storms which on the Great ones fall, Makes but few Wifhes, and enjoys them all. No Care, but Love, can difcompofe her Breaft, Love, of all Cares, the fweeteft and the bet. While on fret Graft her bleating Charge does lie, One happy Lover feeds upon her Eye.
Not one, whom on her Gods or Men inpofe, But one whom Love has for her Lover chofe. Under forme Fav'rite Myrtle's handy Boughs, They freak their Paffions with repeated Vows. And whilft a Blufh confeffes how the burns, His faithful Heart makes as fincere Returns. Thus in the Arms of Love and Peace they lie: And whilst they live, their Flames can nevery dye. Roo com'

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\begin{gathered}
C O U N T R Y-S Q U I R E . \\
\text { In Eafter Term, }
\end{gathered}
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My young Matter's Worfhip comes to Town; From Pedagogue and Mother jut et free, The hopeful Heir of a great Family;
That with ftrong Beer and Beef the Country rules, And ever fince the Conquest have been Fools. And fill with careful Prospect to maintain That Character, left crofting of the Strain

Should mend the Booby-Breed, his Friends provide
A Cousin of his own to be his Bride.
And thus feet out
With an Eftate, no Wit, and a young Wife,
The fold Comforts of a Coxcomb's Life;
Dunghil and Peafe forfook, he comes to Town,
Turns Spark, learns to be lewd, and is undone.
Roin。 $C$ OUR AGE.
The greateft Proof of Courage we can give,
Is then to die, when we have Pow'r to live. How. Ind. Queen. But when true Courage is of Force bereft,
Patience, the only Fortitude, is left. , Dry. Cong. of Gran.
Conqueft purfues where Courage leads the way. Gar. But ah! what use of Valour can be made,
When Heav'n's propitious Pow'rs refufe their Aid ? Dry. Virgo. God-like his Courage feem'd, whom no Delight
Could often, nor the Face of Death affright.
Wall.
All defperate Hazards Courage do create,
As he plays frankly, who has leapt Eftate;
Presence of Mind, and Courage in Differs,
Are more than Armies to procure Success.
Dry. Auren.
Their Courage dwells not in a troubled Flood
Of mounting Spirits, and fermenting Blood;
Lodg'd in the Soul, with Virtue over-rul'd, Inflam'd by Reason, and by Reafon cool'd:
In Hours of Peace content to be unknown, And only in the Field of Battle flown, Add.
Meer Courage is to Madnefs near ally'd,
A brutal Rage, which Prudence does not guide. Blat. Then Hudibras
Turn'd pale as Afhes, or a Clout, But why, or wherefore, is a Doubt; For Men will tremble and look paler With too much, or too little Valour. Hud. C O UR T. See Flattery, Greatness.
The Court's a golden, but a fatal Circle, Upon whole magick Skirts a thoufand Devils, In chrystal Forms, fit tempting Innocence, And beckon early Virtue from its Centre. Lee Nero.
Be careful to avoid both Courts and Camps, Where dilatory Fortune plays the Jilt With the brave, noble, honeft, gallant Man, To throw herfel away on Fools and Knaves. Otw. Orpls.

Bertram has been taught the Art of Courts, To gild a Face with Smiles, and leer a Man to Ruin, Dryd. Spar. Learn the cruel Arts of Courts;
Learn to diffemble Wrongs, to fimile at Injuries, And fuffer Crimes thou want't the Pow'r to punifh. $\mathrm{B}=$ eafy, affable, familiar, friendly; Search, and know all Mankind's myfterious Ways, But truft the Secret of thy Soul to none:
This is the way,

This only, to be fafe in fuch a World as this is, Row. Ulyff Courts are the Places where beft Manners flourifh, Where the deferving ought to rife, and Fools Make Show. Why fhould I vex, and chafe my Spleen, To fee a gawdy Coxcomb Mhine, when I Have Senfe enough to footh him in his Follies, And ride him to Advantage as I pleafe ?

What Man of Senfe would rack his gen'rous Mind, To practife all the bafe Formalities
And Forms of Bus'nefs : Force a grave ftarch'd Face, When he's a very Libertine in's Heart ?
Seem not to know this or that Man in publick, When privately perhaps they meet together, And lay the Scene of Come brave Fellow's Ruin. Such things are done in Courts. Virtue mult be thrown off,' 'tis a coarfe Garment,
Too heary for the Sunhine of a Court. Dryd.Span. Fry. But Courtiers are to be accounted good, When they are not the laft and worft of Men. Dryd.Span. Fry. Farewel Court,
Where Vice not only has ufurp'd the Place, But the Reward, and ev'n the Name of Virtue. Denh. Sopis. C $0 W$.
The Mother-Cow muft wear a low'ring Look, Sowr-headed, ftrongly neck'd to bear the Yoke: Her double Dewlap from her Chin defcends; And at her Thighs the pond'rous Burthen ends. Long are her Sides and large, her Limbs are great, Rough are her Ears, and broad her horny Feet. Her Colour fhining Black, but fleck'd with White, She toffes from the Yoke, provokes the Fight: She rifes in her Gate, is free from Fears, And in her Face a Bull's Refemblance bears; Her ample Forehead with a Star is crown'd, And with her Length of Tail fhe fweeps the Ground.

The Bull's Infuit at Four fhe may fuftain, But after Ten from nuptial Rites refrain: Six Seafons ufe, but then releafe the Cow, Unfit for Love, or for the lab'ring Plough.

The milky Mothers of the Plain.

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C \circ W A R D . \text { See Fear. }
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The Good we act, the Ill that we endure ;
'Tis all for Fear, to nake our felves fecure:
Meerly for Safety after Fame we thirft;
For all Men would be Cowards if they durf.
Let Fear upon the profp'rous Hearts take hold:
Cowards themfelves in Miferies grow bold. How. Veft. Virg. As Cheats to play with thofe ftill aim,
That do not underftand the Game ;
So Cowards never ufe their Might, But againft fuch as will not fight.

Hud. $C R$ A NE. See Creation, Pygmy.
CREATICN of the WORLD. See Death.
They fung how God fpoke out the World's valt Ball,
From noting, and from No Where call'd forth All. Cowl. I faw the rifing Birth
Of Nature from the unapparent Deep.
I faw when at his Word this formlefs Mafs,
The World's material Mould came to a Heap;
Confufion heard his Voice, and wild Uproar
Stood rul'd, ftood vaft Infinity confin'd;
Till at his fecond Bidding, Darknefs fled,
Light Chone, and Order from Diforder fprung.
Swift to their feveral Quarters hafted then
The cumbrous Elements, Earth, Flood, Air, Fire,
And the ethereal Quinteffence of Heav'n
Flew upward, fpirited with various Forms
That roul'd orbicular, and turn'd to Stars.
Each had his Place appointed, each his Courfe.
Thus God the Heav'n's created, thus the Earth:
Matter unform'd and void, Darknefs profound
Cover'd th' AbyIs ; but on the wat'ry Calm
His brooding Wings the Spirit of God out-Spread, And vital Vertue infus'd, and vital Warmeth
Throughout the fluid Mafs; but downward purg'd The black, tartareous, cold, infernal Dregs, Adverfe-to Life; then founded, then conglob'd

Like things to like ; the reft to fev'ral Place Difparted, and between fpun out the Air; And Earth, felf-balanc'd, on her Centre hung. Light.
Let there be Light, faid God, and forthwith Light Ethereal, firt of things, Quinteffence pure, Sprung from the Deep; and from her native Eaft To journey thro' the airy Gloom began, Spher'd in a radiant Cloud. And then God made

## Firmament.

The Firmament, Expanfe of liquid, pure, Tranfparent, elemental Air, diffus'd In Circuit to the uttermoft Convex Of this great Round.

> Dry Land.

The Earth was form'd, but in the Womb as yet Of Waters, Embryon immature, involv'd, Appear'd not: Over all the Face of Earth Main Ocean flow'd; not idle, but with warm Prolifick Humour foftning all her Globe, Fermented the great Mother to conceive, Satiate with genial Moifture. Immediately the Mountains huge appear Emergent, and their broad bare Backsup-heave Into the Clouds, their Tops afcend the Sky. Sea and Rivers.
So high as heay'd the tumid Hills, fo low Down funk a hollow Bottom, broad and deep, Capacious Bed of Waters: Thither they Hafted with glad Precipitance, uproll'd, As Drops on Duft, conglobing from the Dry : Part rife in cryftal Wall, or Ridge direet;

## As Armies at a Call

Of Trumpet.
Troop to their Standard; fo the wat'ry Throng, Wave rolling after Wave, where way they found; If fteep, with torrent Rapture; if thro' Plain, Soft ebbing: Nor withftood them Rock or Hill; But they or under Ground, or Circuit wide, With ferpent Error wandring, found their way, And on the walhy Ooze deep Channels wore; Within whofe Banks the Rivers now Stream, and perpetual draw their humid Train,

Defart and bare, unfightly, unadorn'd,
Brought forth the tender Grafs, whofe Verdure clad
Her univerfal Face with pleafant Green.
Then Herbs of ev'ry Leaf, that fuddain flow'r'd,
Op'ning their various Colours, and made gay
Her Bofom fimelling fweet: And thefe farce blown,
Forth flourifh'd thick the cluft'ring Vine, forth crept
The fmelling Gourd, upfood the corny Reed
Embattel'd in her Field, and th'humble Shrub,
And Bufh with frizzled Hair implicit: Laft
Rofe, as in a Dance, the ftately Trees, and fpread
Their Branches hung with copious Fruit, or gem'd
Their Blofloms: With high Woods the Hill were crown'd,
With Tufts the Valleys, and each Fountain Side
With Borders long the Rivers.
Sun, Moon, and Stars.
Then of Celeftial Bodies firft the Sun,
A mighty Sphere, he fram'd ; unlighrfom firt,
Tho' of ethereal Mold: He form'd the Moon
Globofe, and every Magnitude of Stars.
Of Light by far the greater Part he took
Tranfplanted from her cloudy Shrine, and plac'd
In the Sun's Orb, thade porous to receive,
And drink the Liquid Light; firm to retain
Her gather'd Beams: Great Palace now of Light;
Hither, as to their Fountain, other Stars
Repairing, in their golden Urns draw Light;
And hence the Morning Planet gilds her Horns.
Firft in his Eaft the glorious Lamp was feen,
Regent of Day, and all th' Horizon round
Invefted with bright Rays; jocund to run His Longitude thro' Heav'ns high Road: The grey
Dawn and the Pleiades before him danc'd, Shedding fweet Influence. Lefs bright the Moon, But oppofite in level'd Weft was fet,
His Mirrour; with full Face borrowing her Light From him, for other Light fhe needed none In that Arpect, and fill that Diftance keeps
Till Night; then in the Eaft her Turn fhe fhines, Revolv'd on Heav'n's great Axle; and her Reign With thoufand leffer Lights dividual holds;

With thoufand thoufand Stars that then appear'd Spangling the Hemifphere.

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Forthwith the Sounds and Seas, each Creek and Bay, With Fry innumerable Swarm, and Shoals
Of Fifh, that with their Fins and fhining Scales Glide under the green Wave, in Sculls that oft Bank the Mid-Sea : Part fingle, or with Mate, Gaze the Sen-weed their Pafture, and thro' Groves Of Coral ftray ; or fporting with quick Glance, Shew to the Sun their wav'd Coats drop'd with Gold; Or in their pearly Shells at Eafe attend Moift Nutriment, or under Rocks their Food In jointed Armour watch. On Smooth the Seal And bended Dolphins play; part, huge of Bulk, Wall'wing, unweildy, enormous in their Gait, Tempeft the Ocean: There Leviathan, Hugeft of living Creatures, on the Deep, Stretch'd like a Promontory, neeps or fwims, And feems a moving Lake; and at his Gills Draws in, and at his Trunk fouts out a Sea. Birds.
Mean while the tepid Caves, and Fens, and Shores, Their Brood as num'rous hatch from th' Egg' that foon Burfting with kindly Rupture, forth difclos'd Their callow Young: But feather'd foon and fledge, They fum'd their Pens, and foaring th'Air fublime, With Clang defpis'd the Ground, under a Cloud In Profpect : There the Eagle and the Stork On Cliffs and Cedar Tops their Eyries build. Part loofly wing the Region, part more wife, In common, rang'd in Figure, wedge their War, Intelligent of Seafons; and fet forth Their airy Caravan, high over Seas Flying, and over Lands, eafing their Wings With mutual Flight: So fteers the prudent Crane Her annual Voyage born on Winds: The Air Floats as they pars, fann'd with unnumber'd Plumes. From Branch to Branch the fmaller Birds with Song Solac'd the Woods, and fpread their painted Wings Till Even; nor then the folemn Nightingale Ceas'd warbling, but all Night tun'd her foft Lays. Others in filver Lakes and Rivers bath'd Their downy Breaft: The Swan with arched Neck,

## (78)

Between her white Wings mantling, proudly rows Her State with oary Feet; yet oft they quit
The Dink, and, rifing on ftiff Pennons, tow'r
The mid aerial Sky. Others on Ground
Walk'd firm : The crefted Cock, whofe Clarion founds
The filent Hours; and th' other, whofe gay Train
Adorns him, colour'd with the florid Hue
Of Rainbows and ftarry Eyes.

> Beafts.

Then the Earth,
Op'ning her fertile Womb, teem'd at a Birth Innum'rous living Creaturcs, perfect Forms,
Limb'd and full grown: Out from the Ground up-rofe,
As from his Lair, the wild Benft where he wons
In Foreft wild, in Thicket, Brake or Den;
Among the Trees in Pairs they rofe, they walk'd;
The Cattle in the Fields and Meadows green:
Thofe rare and folitary, thefe in Flocks,
Paft'ring at once, and in broad Herbs up-fprung.
The graffy Clods now calv'd; Now half appear'd
The tawny Lion, pawing to get free
His hinder Parts; then Pprings as broke from Bonds, And rampant fhakes his brinded Mane: The Ounce,
The Libbard, and the Tyger, as the Moal
Rifing, the crumbled Earth above them threw
In Hillocks: The fwift Stag from under Ground
Bore up his branching Head. Scarce from his Mold Behemoth, biggef born of Earth, upheav'd
His Vaftnefs: Fleecd the Flocks, and bleating rofe, As Plants: Ambiguous between Sea and Land, The River-Horfe and Scaly Crocodile. Creeping Things.
At once came forth whatever creeps the Ground, Infect or Worm : Thofe wav'd their limber Fans For Wings, and fmalleft Lineaiments exact, In all the Liv'ries deck'd of Summer's Pride, With Spots of Gold and Purple, Azure and Green:
Thefe as a Line their long Dimenfion drew,
Streaking the Ground with finuous Trace. Not all Minims of Nature; fome of Serpent kind, Wond'rous in Length and Corpulence, involv'd Their fnaky Folds, and added Wings. Firft crept

The parcimonious Emmet, provident
Of Future; in fall Room large Heart enclos'd;
Pattern of jul Equality----
Swarming next appear'd
The Female Bee, that feeds her Husband Drone Deliciously, and builds her waxen Cells, With Honey ftor'd.
The Serpent, fubtleft Beat of all the Field, Of huge Extent Sometimes, with brazen Eyes, And hairy Main terrifick.
Now Heaven in all her Glories tone, and row ld
Her Motions, as the Great frt Mover's Hand
Firft wheel'd their Courfe. Earth in her rich Attire
Consummate lovely finild: Mir, Water, Earth,
By Fowl, Fifth, Beat, was flown, was fum, was walked.

> Man.

There wanted yet the Mafter-work, the End
Of all yet done; a Creature, who not prone,
And brute as other Creatures, but endu'd With Sanctity of Reason, might erect His Stature, and upright with Front ferene Govern the reft, felf-knowing, and from thence Magnanimous to correspond with Heav'n:

He form'd thee, Adam, thee, O Man, Dust of the Ground, and in thy Nostrils breathed The Breath of Life.
Here finifh'd he, and all that he had made View'd, and behold! all was intirely Goods :-
Anfw'ring his great Idea! Up he rode, Follow'd with Acclamations, and the Sound Symphonious of Ten thousand Harps that tun'd Angelick Harmonies; the Earth, the Air Refounded;
The Heav'ns and all the Constellations rung, The Planets in their Station lift'ning food, While the bright Pomp afcended jubilant.

Thus Heav'n from nothing rais'd his fair Creation,
And then with wondrous Joys bel eld its Beauty, Well-pleas'd to fee the Excellence he gave. Row. Fair Perm:

He fang the fecret Seeds of Nature's Frame, How Seas, the Earth, ard Air, and active Flame Fell tho' the mighty Void, and in their Fall Were blindly gather'd in this goodly Ball.

The tender Soil, then ftiff'ning by degrees,
Shut from the bounded Earth the bounding Seas :
Then Earth and Ocean various Forms difclofe,
And a new Sun to the new World arofe.
And M:fts, condens'd to Clouds, obfcure the Sky,
And Clouds, diffolv'd, the thirfty Ground fupply:
The rifing Trees the lofty Mountains grace,
The lofty Mountains feed the favage Race;
Yet few, and Strangers in th' unpeopl'd Place. Dryd.Virg. C R IE S or Sbrieks.
Now Pearls of Shouts came thund'ring from afar,
Cries, Threats, and loud Laments, and mingled War. Dr. Virg.
The Houre is filld with loud Laments and Cries,
And Shrieks of Women rend the vaulted Skies. Dryd. Virg.
The fearful Matrons raife a fcreaming Cry ,
Old feeble Men with fainter Groans reply :
A jarring Sound refults, and mingles in the Sky.
Like that of Swans remurm'ring to the Floods,
Or Birds of diff ring Kinds in hollow Woods.
Dryd.Virg.
Firft from the frighted Court the Yell began,
Redoubled thence from Houfe to Houfe it ran:
The Groans of Men, with Shrieks, Laments, and Cries,
Of mixing Women, mount the vaulted Skies. Dryd.Virg.
A Shout that ftruck the golden Stars enfu'd. Dryd. Virg. C RUS H'D to Pieces.

The Overthrow,
Crufhing, to Duft pounded the Crowd below :
Nor Friends their Friends, nor Sires their Sons could know.
Nor Limbs, nor Bones, nor Carcafs did remain,
But a main'd Heap, a Hotchpotch of the Slain;
One vaft Deftrution; not the Soul alone,
But Bodies, like the Soul, invifibly are flown, Dryd. Fwvi CUCKING-STOOL. As the Ovation was allow'd
For Conqueft, purchas'd without Blood; So Men decree thefe leffer Shows For Vict'ry gotten without Blows, By Dint of fharp hard Words, which fomeGive Battel with, and overcome. Thefe, mounted in a Chair Curule, Which Moderns call a Cucking-Stool;, March proudly to the River's Side, And o'er the Waves in Triumph ride ;

Like Dukes of Venice, who are faid The Adriatick Sea to wed; And have a gentler Wife, than thofe For whom the State decrees there Shows. Hud. CUCKOLD. See Fraloufie. O Curfe of Marriage!
That we can call thofe delicate Creatures ours, And not their Appetites! I had rather be a Toad, And live upon the Vapour of a Dungeon, Than keep a Corner in the thing I love For others Ufes. Yet 'tis the Plague of great ones:
Prerogativ'd are they lefs than the Bafe;
Tis Deftiny unfhunnable like Death!
I had been happy if the gen'ral Camp,
Pioneers and all, had tafted her fweet Body, jo I had nothing known.
fiwear 'tis better to be much abus' $d$,
Than but to know't a litdle.
What Senfe had I of her ftol'n Hours of Luft ?
faw't not, thought it not, it harm'd not me:
flept the next Night well, was free and merry; found not Caffio's Kiffes on her Lips.
He that is robb'd, not wanting what is fol'n, Let him not know't, and he's not robb'd at all. Shak, Othelte,
Inquifitive as jealous Cockolds grow, Rather than not be knowing, they will know, What, being known, creates their certain Woe.
Ingrateful Wretch! that never thanks his Maker.
CUNNING-MAN and 2uack. He deals in Deftiny's dark Counfels,
And fage Opinions of the Moon fells;
To whom all People far and near,
On deep Importances repair :
When Brafs and Pewter hap to ftray,
And Linnen llinks out of the way ;
When Geefe and Pullen are feduc'd, And Sows of Sucking-Pigs are chous'd;
When Cattle feel Indifpofition,
And need th' Opinion of Phyfician;
When Murrain reigns in Hogs or St
And Chickens languifh of the Pir

When Yeft and outward Means do fail, And have no Power to work on Ale;
When Butter does refufe to come, And Love proves crofs and humourfom: To him with Queftions and with Urine, They for Difcov'ry flock, or Curing. C U R SE. See Imprecations. I curfe thee not :
For who can better curfe the Plague or Devil,
Than to be what they are : That Curfe be thine. Dr. DonSet
And let the greatelt, fierceft, fouleft Fury,
Let Croon haunt himfelf.
Dryd. Oedit
Hear me, juft Heavens!
Pour down your Curfes on this wretched Head With never ceafing Vengeance: Let Defpair, Dangers or Infamy, nay all, furround me. Starve me with Wantings: Let my Eyes ne'er fee A Sight of Comfort, nor my Heart know Peace: But dafh my Days with Sorrows, Nights with Horrours, Wild as my own Thoughts are.

Ctw. Ver. Pre
Let Mirchiefs multiply, let ev'ry Hour
Of my loath'd Life yield me Increafe of Horrour:
Oh let the Sun to there unhappy Eyes
Ne'er fhine again, but be eclips'd for ever !
May ev'ry thing I look on feem a Prodigy,
Ta fill my Soul with Terrors, till I quite
Forget I ever had Humanity,
And grow a Curfer of the Works of Nature. Otw. Orpl Whip me, ye Devils,
Blow me abour in Winds, roaft me in Sulphur;
Wafh me in fteep-down Gulphs of liquid Fire. Sbak. Cthe
Let Heav'n kifs Earth: Now let not Nature's Hand ep the wild Flood confin'd ; let Order die ; let the World no longer be a Stage
' Contention in a ling'ring Act:

- Spirit of the firt-born Cain
'Bofoms; that each Heart being fet urfes, the rude Scene may end, is the Burier of the Dead.
(Shak. Herr. 4. Part
w Hell's bluef Plagues vith all her Crimes upon her:-
wn; let the dark Hoft
" $n d$ hifs her as fhe goes :

Let the moft branded Ghofts of all her Sex
Rejoice, and cry, here comes a blacker Fiend.
(Shak. Troil. and Crefs.
O all tormenting Dreams, wild Horrours of the Night,
And Hags of Fancy, wing him thro' the Air;
From Precipices hurl him headlong down;
Charybdis roar, and Death be fet before him.
Lee Oedip. Kind Heav'n! let heavy Curfes
Gall his old Age; Cramps, Aches ${ }_{2}$ rack his Bones ;
And bittereft Difquiet wring his Heart.
Oh let him live till Life becomes a Burden;
Let him groan under't long, linger an Age
In the worf Agonies and Pangs of Death,
And find it's Eare but late.
Otw. Ver. Pref.
But Curfes ftick not: Could I kill with Curfing,
By Heav'n I know not thirty Heads in Venice
Should not be blafted: Senators fhould rot
Like Dogs on Dunghils; but their Wives and Daughters
Die of their own Difeafes. Oh for a Curfe
To kill with!
CUSTOM.

Cuftom, that does ftill difpence An univerfal Influence; And makes Things right or wrong appear, Juft as they do her Liv'ry wear.

Otw. Ven.apres.

otw. Ver. Pref.

Hail thou great Mother of the Deities! Dry. Virgo.
Whore tinkling Cymbals charm'd th' Idean Woods,
Who ferret Rites and Ceremonies taught,
And to the Yoke the ravage Lions brought. Drjd.Virg.
Fierce Tygers rein'd and curb'd obey thy Will. Dry. Virgo.
In Pomp the makes the Phrygian Round,
With golden Turrets on her Temples crown'd:
A hundred Gods her fweeping Train fupply,
Her Offspring all, and all command the Sky. Dry. Firs. C $r^{C L} \subset$ PS, See Polypheme, Smith.
Sacred to Vulcan's Name, an Int does lie,
Between Sicilia's Coat and Lipari.
Rais'd high on fmoaking Rocks, and deep below
In hollow Caves the Fires of $\notin t n a$ glow.
The Cyclops here their heavy Hammers deal;
Loud Strokes and Hiffings of tormented Steel
Are heard around; the boiling Waters roar,
And fmoaking Flames tho' fuming Tunnels foal:
Hither the Father of the Fire by Night,
Tho' the brown Air precipitates his Flight. On their eternal Anvils, here he found
The Brethren beating, and the Blows go round.
A Load of pointless Thunder now there lies
Before their Hands, to ripen for the Skies:
There Darts for angry Fave they daily cant,
Confum'd on Mortals with prodigious Wafte.
Three Rays of writhen Rain, of Fire three more;
Of winged Southern Winds and cloudy Store
As many Parts, the dreadful Mixture frame, And Fears are added, and avenging Flame.
nor Ministers for Mars repair:

- Asle-Trees and blunted War;

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { with Trumpets loud Alarms } \\
& \text { hath es that fold } \\
& \text { hey place, } \\
& \text { ? held Face. Dryd. Virgo. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 0 when the Cyclops o'er their Anvils fiveat,

d their fuol'n Sinews echoing Blows repeat;
from the Vulcazo gross Eruptions rife,
And curling Sheets of Smoke obscure the Skies. Gar
$(85)$
$D A R K N E S S$

Even Hell gaped horrible, And tho the Charm let in prodigious Night; Night that extinguif'd the meridian Ray, And with his gloomy Deluge choak'd the Day. Let Darknefs to be felt, Impenetrable Darknefs, fuch as dwelt On the dun Vifage of primeval Night, Shut ev'ry Star-beam out from mortal Sight, And core up ev'ry Pals and Road of Light.

Darkness, thou firth kind Parent of us all, Thou art our great Original! Since from thy univerfal Womb, Does all thou fhad'f below, thy numerous Offspring, come, Thy wondrous Birth is ev'n to Time unknown,

Or, like Eternity, thou'dft none; While Light did its frt Being owe Unto that awful Shade it dares to rival now. Involv'd in thee we frt receive our Breath,

Thou art our Refuge too in Death! Great Monarch of the Grave and Womb: Where'er our Souls fall go, to thee our Bodies come, The filent Globe is struck with awful Fear When thy majeftick Shades appear.
Thou doff compote the Air and Sea; And Earth a Sabbath keeps, faced to Reft and Thee. In thy ferener Shades our Ghofts delight,

And court the Umbrage of the Night.
In Vaults and gloomy Caves they fray, But fly the Morning Beams and ficien at the Day Thou doit thy Smiles impartially beftow,

And know't no Diff rence here below :
All things appear the fame to thee, Tho Light Diftinction makes, thou giv't Equality, In Caves of Night, the Oracles of old

Did all their Mysteries unfold:
Darkness did firft Religion grace, Gave Terrors to the God, and Rev'rence to the Place: When the Almighty did on Horeb stand,

Thy Shades inclos'd the hallow'd Land:
In Clouds of Night he was array'd, And venerable Darkness his Pavilion made. When he appear'd arm'd in his Pow'r and Might,

He veil the beatifick Light ;

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When terrible with Majefty,
In Tempefts he gave Laws, and. clad himfelf with thee. And fading Light its Empire muft refign,

And Natare's Pow'r fubmit to thine:
A univerfal Rain ftall erect thy Throne,
And Fate confirm thy Kingdom evermore thy own. rald.
Darknefs, which faireft Nymphs difarms,
Defends us ill from Mira's Charms;
Mira can lay her Beauty by,
Take no Advantage of the Eye,
Quit all that Lilly's Art can take,
And yet a thoufand Captives make.
Her Speech is grac'd with fweeter Sound,
Than in another's Song is found.
And all her well-plac'd Words are Darts,
Which need no Light to reach our Hearts.
As the bright Stars and milky Way,
Shewn by the Night, are hid by Day.
So we, in her accomplifh'd Mind,
Help'd by the Night, new Graces find;
Which, by the Splendour of her View
Dazled before, we never knew.
While we converfe with her, we mark
No want of Day, nor think it dark;
Her fhining Image is a Light
Fix'd in our Hearts, and conquers Night.
Like Jewels to advantage fet,
Her Beauty by the Shade does get.
There Blufhes, Frowns, and cold Difdain ${ }_{9}$
All that our Paffion might reftrain,
Is hid; and our indulgent Mind
Prefents the fair Idea kind.
Yet, friended by the Night, we dare,
Only in Whifpers tell our Care:
He that on her his bold Hand lays,
With Cuptd's pointed Arrows plays:
They, with a Touch, they are fo keen,
Wound us, unhot; and fhe, unfeen.
So we th' Arabian Coaft do know
At diffance, when the Spices blow;
By the rich Odour taught to fteer,
Tho' neither Day nor Stars appear.
WaN.
Oh me does teach the Torches to burn bright! Her Beauty hangs upon the Cheek of Night,

Fairer than Snow upon a Raven's Back,
Or a rich Jewel in an Ethiop's Ear;
Were fhe in yonder Sphere, fhe'd hine fo bright, (Rom. \& Fur ${ }^{\prime}$. That Birds would fing, and think the Day were breaking. Shak.

Her Beauty gilds the more than Midnight Darknefs,
And makes it grateful as the Dawn of Day. Row. Fair Pen. $D E A T H$. See Life, Futurity.
Death's a black Veil, cov'ring a beauteous Fase,

## Fear'd afar off

By erring Nature: A miftaken Phantom!
A harmlefs Lambent Fire! She kiffes cold,
But kind and foft, and fweet as iny Cleora! Dryd. Cleom. If fhe be like my Love,
She is not dreadful fure. Dryd. All for Love?
Oh could we know
What Joy fhe brings, at leaft what Reft from Grief; How fhould we prefs into her friendly Arms, And be pleas'd not to be, or to be happy!

Dryd. Cleom: Death ends our Woes,
And the kind Grave fhuts up the mournful Scene, Dry. Sp, Fry.
The Dead are only happy, and the Dying:
The Dead are ftill, and lafting Slumbers hold 'em.
He who is near his Death, but turns about, Shuffles a while to make his Pillow eafy,
Then llips into his Shrowd, and refts for ever. Lee Caf. Bor:
Death is the Privilege of human Nature;
And Life without it were not worth our taking.
Thither the Poor, the Pris'ner, and the Mourner
Fly for Relief, and lay their Burdens down. Row. Fair Pen. Death to a Man in Mifery is Sleep. Dryd. DonSeb.
Death hhuns the naked Throat, and proffer'd Breaft;
He flies when call'd to be a welcome Gueft. Sed. Ant. © Cleop.
I wifh to die, yet dare not Death endure !
Deteft the Med'cine, yet defire the Cure.
Oh had I Courage but to meet my Fate,
That fhort dark Paffage to a future State;
That melancholy Riddle of a Breath,
That Something or that Nothing after Death! Dryd. Awren.
Cowards die many times before their Death;
The Valiant never tafte of Death but once. Shak. Ful. Caf.
But Men with Horrour Diffolution meet;
The Minutes ev'n of painful Life are fweet. Dryd. Riv. Lad.

Poor abject Creatures! How they fear to die ?
Who never knew one happy Hour in Life, Yet fhake to lay it down. Is Load fo pleafant? Or has Heav'n hid the Happinefs of Death, That Men may dare to live?

Of Death, and many are the ways that lead To his grim Cave; all difmal! yet to Senfe More terrible at th' Entrance than within.

And he that lives the longeft, dies but young.
And once depriv'd of Light,

> We're wrapt in Mifts of endlefs Night.

One Mortal feels Fate's fudden Blow,
Another's ling'ring Death comes flow:
And what of Life they take from thee,
The Gods may give to punifh me.
Otw. Hor.
The Caufe and Spring of Motion, from above
Hung down on Earth the golden Chain of Love.
Great was th' Effect, and high was his Intent,
When Peace among the jarring Seeds he fent.
Fire, Flood, and Earth, and Air by this were bound;
And Love, the common Link, the new Creation crown'd:
The Chain ftill holds; for the' the Forms decay,
Eternal Matter never wears away.
For the firt Mover certain Bounds has plac'd,
How long thefe perifhable Forms fhall laft;
Nor can they laft beyond the Time affign'd
By that all-feeing and all-making Mind:
Shorten their Hours they may, for Will is fiee,
But never pafs th' appointed Deftiay.
So Men opprefs'd, when weary of their Breath,
Throw off the Burden, and fuborn their Death.
Then fince thefe Forms begin, and have their Ends:
On fome unalter'd Caufe they fure depend.
Part of the Whole are we; but God the Whole,
Who gives us Life, and animating Soul:
For Nature cannot from a Part derive
That Being which the Whole can only give. He perfect ftable, but imperfect We,
Subject to change, and different in Degree,

Plants, Beafts, and Men; and as our Organs are,
We more or lefs of his Perfection fhare.
But by a long Defcent th' ethereal Fire Corrupts, and Forms, the mortal Part, expire; As he withdraws his Virtue, fo they pafs, And the fame Matter makes another Mafs. This Law th' omnifcient Pow'r was pleas'd to give,
That ev'ry Kind Should by Succeffion live:
That Individuals die, his Will ordains;
The propagated Species ftill remains. Dryd. Pal. of Arcis
What makes all this but Fupiter the King,
At whofe Command we perifh, and we fpring?
Then 'tis our beft, fince thus ordain'd to die,
To make a Virtue of Neceffity:
Take. what he gives, fince to rebel is vain;
The Bad grows better which we well fuftain.
And could we chufe the Time, and chufe aright,
'Tis beft to die, our Honour at the Height,
When we have done our Anceftors no Shame,
But ferv'd our Friends, and well fecur'd our Fame;
Then fhould we wifh our happy Life to clofe,
And leave no more for Fortune to difpofe;
So fhouid we make our Death a glad Relief,
From future Shame, from Sickneefs, and from Grief;
Enjoying while we live the prefent Hour, And dying in our Excellence and Flow'r.
Then round our Death-bed ev'ry Friend fhould run;
And joy us of our Conqueft early won.
While the malicions World with envious Tears, ( $\delta$ Arc.) Should grudge our bappy End, and wifh it theirs.- Dryd. Pal.

When Honour's loft 'tis a Relief to die;
Death's but a fure Retreat from Infamy.
'Tis to the Vulgar Death too harfh appears;
The Ill we feel is only in our Fears.
To die is landing on fome filent Shore, Where Billows never break, nor Tempefts roar;
E'er well we feel the friendly Stroke, 'tis o'er.
The Wife thro' Thought th' Infults of Death defy,
The Fools thro' bleft Infenfibility.
'Tis what the Guilty fear, the Pious crave,
Sought by the Wretch, and vanquifh'd by the Brave:

It eafes Lovers, fets the Captives free;
And tho' a Tyrant, offers Liberty.
Ay, but to die, and go we know not where,
To lie in cold Obftruction, and to rot;
This fenfible warm Motion to become
A kneaded Clod; and the delighted Spirir
To bathe in fiery Floods, or to refide
In thrilling Regions of thick-ribbed Ice:
To be imprifon'd in the viewlefs Winds,
Or blown with reftlefs Violence about
The pendant World; or to be worfe than workt
Of thofe that lawlefs and uncertain Thought
Imagine howling; 'tis too horrible!
The wearieft and moft loathed worldly Life,
That Pain, Age, Penury, and Imprifonment
Can lay on Nature, is a Paradife
To what we fear of Death. Shak. Meaf. for Mea f.
The Thought of Death to one near Death is dreadful:
Oh 'tis a fearful thing to be no more;
Or if to be, to wander after Death;
To walk, as Spirits do, in Brakes all Day,
And when the Darknefs comes, to glide in Paths
That lead to Graves, and in the filent Vault
Where lies you: own pale Shrowd, to hover o'er it,
Striving to enter your forbidden Corps,
And often, often vainly breathe your Ghoft
Into your lifelers Lips.
Then like a lone, benighted Traveller
Shut out from Lodgings, fhall your Groans be anfwer'd
By whiftling Winds, whofe ev'ry Blaft will Shake
Your tender Form to Atoms.
Dryd.Oedip.
Death is not dreadful to a Mind refolv'd,
It feems as natural as to be born.
Groans, and Convulfions, and difcolour'd Faces,
Friends weeping round us, Blacks, and Obfequies,
Make Death a dreadful thing: The Pomp of Death
Is far more terrible than Death it felf. Lee L. I. Brus.
When the Sun fets; Shadows that fhew'd at Noon
But fmall, appear moft long and terrible;
So when we think Fate hovers o'er our Heads,
Our Apprehenfions fhoot beyond all Bounds s
Owls, Ravens, Crickets, feem the Watch of Death;
Mature's worft Vermin fcare her God-like- Sons;
Echoes,
(91)

Echoes, the very Leavings of a Voice,
Grow babbling Ghofts, and call us to our Graves.
Each Mole-Hill Thought fwells to a huge Olympus;
While we fantaftick Dreamers heave and puff,
And fweat with an Imagination's Weight.
Death's dark Shades
Lee Oedip.
Seem, as we journey on, to lofe their Horrour;
At near Approach the Monfers form'd by Fear,
Are vanifh'd all, and leave the Profpect clear.
Ainidft the gloomy Vale a pleafing Scene,
With Flow's adorn'd, and never-fading Green, Inviting ftands to take the Wretched in.
No Wars, no Wrongs, no Tyrants, no Defpair, Difturb the Quiet of a Place fo fair,
But injur'd Lovers find Elizium there.
Death only can be dreadful to the Bad:
To Innocence, tis like a Bug-bear dreff'd To frighten Children : Pull but off his Mask, And he'll appear a Friend.

Dryd. Oe.lif:
Oh that I lefs could fear to lofe this Being! Which like a Snow-ball in my Coward-hand, The more 'tis grafp'd, the fater melts away. D'yd. All for Love, 1

From Death we rofe to Life ; 'tis but the fame,
Thro' Life to pafs again from whence we came,
With Shame we fee our Paffions can prevail,
Where Reafon, Certainty, and Virtue fail:
Honour, that empty Name, can Death defpife;
Scorn'd Love to Death, as to a Refuge flies;
And Sorrow wais for Death with longing Eyes,
Hope triumphs o'er the Thoughts of Death; and Fate
Cheats Fools, and flatters the Unfortumate.
We fear to lofe what a fmall Time muft wafte,
Till Life it felf grows the Difeafe at laft : Begging for Life, we beg for more Decay, And to be long a dying only pray.

Befet with Dangers and maintain'd with Strife?
A Life which all our Care can never fave;
One Fate attends us, and one common Grave. Befides, we tread but a perpetual Round, We ne'er ftrike out, but beat the former Ground, And the fame maukih Joys in the fame Track are found. $\}$

For ftill we think an abfent Bleffing beft, Which cloys, and is no Blefling when poffers'ds A new-arifing Wifh expels it from the Breaft.
The feav'rifh Thirft of Life increafes ftill,
We call for more, and never have our Fill;
Yet know not what to Morrow we fhall try,
What Diegs of Life in the laft Draught may lie;
Nor by the longeft Life we can attain,
One Moment from the Length of Death we gain, For all behind belongs to his eternal Reign.
When once the Fates have cut the mortal Thread,
The Man as much to all Intents is dead,
Who dies to Day, and will as long be fo,
As he who dy'd a thoufand Years ago. Dryd. Lum
What has this Bugbear Death to frighten Man,
If Souls can die as well as Bodies can?
For, as before our Birth we felt no Pain,
So, when our mortal Frame fhall be disjoin'd,
The lifelefs Lump urcoupl'd from the Mind,
From Senfe of Grief and Pain we fhall be free,
We fhall not feel, becaufe we fhall not BE :
Niy, ev'n fuppofe when we have fuffer'd Fate,
The Soul could feel in her divided State;
What's that to us? For WE are only WE
While Souls and Bodies in one Frame agree:
Nay, tho' our Atoms fhou'd revolve by Chance,
And Matter leap into the former Dance,
What Gain to us would all this Buftle bring?
The new-made Man would be another thing.
When once an interrupting Paufe is made,
That individual Being is decay'd;
We who ate dead and gone fhall bear no Part
In all the Pleafures, nor fhall feel the Smart
Winch to that orher Mortal fhall accrue,
Whom of our Matter Time fhall mould anew;
Beciufe a Paufe of Life, a gaping Space,
Has come betwixt, where Memory lies dead,
And all the wand'ring Motions from the Senfe are fled.
For whofoc er fhall in Misfortunes live,
Muft BE when thofe Misfortunes flall arrive ;
And fince the Man who IS not, feels not Woe,
(For Death exempts him, and wards off the Blow,
Which we, the Living only, feel and bear)
What is there left for us in Death to fear?

When once that Paufe of Life has come between,
'Tis juft the fame as we had never been.
And therefore if a Man bemoan his Lot, That after Death his mould'ring Limbs fhall rot, Or Flames, or Jaws of Beafts devour his Mafs, Know he's an unfincere unthinking Afs: The Fool is to his own caft Offals kind;
He boafts no Senfe can after Death remain, Yet makes himfelf a Part of Life again, As if fome other HE could feel the Pain.
If while he lives, this Thought moleft his Head,
He waftes his Days in idle Grief, nor can
Diftinguifh 'twixt the Body and the Man; But thinks himeelf can ftill himfelf furvive, And what when dead he feels not, feels alive. Then he repines that he was born to die, Nor knows in Death there is no other HE, No living HE remains his Grief to vent, And o'er his fenfelefs Carcafs to lament. But to be fratch'd from all thy houfhold Joys, From thy chafte Wife and thy dear pratling Boys!
Ah Wretch, thou cry'ft, ah! miferable me! One woful Day fweeps Children, Friends, and Wife, And all the brittle Bleffings of my Life! Add one thing more, and all thou fay ft is true, Thy Want and Wifh of them is vanifh'd too: Which, well confider'd, were a quick Relief To all thy vain imaginary Grief:
For thou fhalt fleep, and never wake again, And quitting Life, fhalt quit thy living Pain; But we, thy Friends, fhall all thofe Sorrows find, Which in forgetful Death thou leav'ft behind, No Time fhall dry our Tears, nor drive thee from our Mind. $\}$ The worft that can befall thee, meafur'd right, Is a found Slumber, and a long Good-night. Yet thus the Fools, who would be thought the Wits, Difturb their Mirth with melancholy Fits; When Healths go round, and kindly Brimmers flow, Till the frefh Garlands on their Foreheads glow, They whine, and cry, Let us make Hafte to live, Short are the Joys which humane Life can give. Eternal Preachers! who corrupt the Draught, And pall the God who never thinks with Thought. Even in Sleep, the Body, wrapt in Eafe,

## (94)

Supinely lies, as in the peaceful Grave,
And wanting nothing, nothing can it crave:
Were that found Sleep eternal, it were Death.
Then Death to us, and Death's Anxiety,
Is lefs than nothing, if a lefs could be;
For then our Atoms, which in Order lay,
Are fcatter'd from their Heap, and puff'd away,
And never can return into their Place,
When once the Paure of Life has left an empty Space.
And laft, fuppofe great Nature's Voice fhould call
To thee, or me, or any of us all,
What do'ft thou mean, ungrateful Wretch, thou vain,
Thou mortal thing, thus idly to comphain,
And figh and fob that thou thalt be no more?
For if thy Life were pleafant heretofore,
If all the bounteous Bleffings I could give,
Thou haft enjoy'd, if thou hant known to live, And Pleafure not leak'd thro' thee like a Sieve,
Why do'f thou not give Thanks as at a plenteous Feaft,
Cram'd to the Throat with Life, an's rife, and take thy Reft?
But if my Bleffings thou haft thrown away,
If indigetted Joys pars'd thro', and would not ftay,
Why do'ft thou wifh for more to fquander ftill?
If Life be grown a Load, a real Ill,
And I would all thy Cares and Labours end,
Lay down thy Burden, Fool, and know thy Friend.
To pleafe thee I have empty'd all my Store,
I can invent, and can fupply no more,
But run the Round again, the Round I ran before.
Suppofe thou art not broken yet with Years,
Yet flill the felf-fame Scene of Things appears,
And would be ever, could'ft thou ever live;
For Life is ftill but Life, there's nothing new to give.
But if a Wretch, a Man opprefs'd by Fate,
Should beg of Narure to prolong his Date;
She fpeaks aloud to him with more Difdain,
Be ftill thou Martyr Fool, thou covetous of Pain.
But if an old decrepid Sot lament;
What thou, he cries, who hait out-liy'd Content?
Doft thou complain, who liaft enjoy'd my Store?
Now leave thofe Joys, unfuiting to thy Aje,
To a frefh Comer, and refign the Stage.
Is Nature to be blam'd if thus hre chide?

What can we plead againft fo juft a Bill? We ftand convited, and our Caufe goes ill.
For Life is not confin'd to him or thee; 'Tis given to all for Ufe, to none for Property.

Therefore when Thoughts of Death difturb thy Head,
Confider, Ancus, great and good, is dead: Ancus, thy Better tar, was born to dye; And thou, doft thou bewail Mortality? So many Monarchs, with their mighty State, Who rul'd the World, were over-rul'd by Fate,
The Founders of invented Arts are loft, And Wits, who made Eternity their Boant. Where now is Honier, who poffefs'd the Throne ?
Th' immortal Work reinains, the mortal Author's gone.
And thou, doft thou difdain to yield thy Breath, Whofe very Life is little more than Death? More than one Half by lazy Sleep poffers'd, And when awake, thy Soul but nods at beft, Dryd. Luc.\} Day-Dreams, and fickly Thowhts revolving in thy Breaft. Ah! Why
Should Man, when Natiure calls, not chufe to dje, Rather than ftretch the Span of Life, to find Such ills as Fate has wifely caft behind, For thofe to feel, whom fond Defire to live Makes covetous of more than Life can give? Each has his Share of Good, and when 'tis gone, The Gueft, tho' hungry, cannot rife too foon. Dr. Sig. ©f Guijc.
'Tis not the Stoick's Leffon, got by Rote,
The Pomp of Words, and Pedant Differtation, That can fupport thee in that Hour of Terrour: Books have taught Cowards to talk nobly of it; But when the Tryal comes, they ftart and ftand aghaft.

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\text { Temple of Death. } \quad \text { Row. Fair Per. }
$$

In thofe cold Climates, where the Sun appears Unwillinol;, an hides his Face in Tears;
A dread fil Vale lies in a defart Ine, On which indulgent Heav'n did never finile. There a thick Grove of aged Cyprefs-Trees, Which none without an awful Horrour fees, Into its wither'd Arms, depriv'd of Leaves, Whole Flocks of ill-prefaging Birds receives: Poifons are all the Plants the Soil will bear, And Winter is the only Seafon there.

## ( 96 )

Millions of Graves cover the fpacious Field, And Springs of Blood a thoufand Rivers yield; Whofe Streams opprefs'd with Carcaffes and Bones, Inftead of gentle Murmurs, pour forth Groans.

Within this Vale a famous Temple ftands,
Old as the World it felf, which it commands:
Round is its Figure, and Four Iron Gates,
Divide Mankind. By order of the Fates,
There come in Crouds, doom'd to one common Grave,
The Young, the Old, the Monarch, and the Slave.
Old Age, and Pains, which Mankind moft deplores,
Are faitlful Keepers of thofe facred Doors;
All clad in mournful Blacks, which alfo load
The facred Walls of this obfcure Abode;
And Tapers of a pitchy Subftance made,
With Clouds of Smoak encreafe the difmal Shade.
A Monfter void of Reafon, and of Sight,
The Goddefs is who fways this Realm of Night.
Her Power extends o'er all Things that have Breath,
A cruel Tyrant, and her Name is Death.
Norm. D $\Upsilon I N G$.
There Life gave Way, and the laft rofy Breath Went in that Sigh. Death like a brutal Victor, Already enter'd, with rude Hafte defaces
The lovely Frame he'as mafter'd; fee how foon The flarry Eyes have loft their Light and Lufte,
(Row. Amb. Step. He fell, and deadly pale,
Groan'd out his Soul, with gufhing Blood effus'd. Milt. Grov'ling in Death he murmur'd on the Ground,
And pour'd his Life out from the gaping Wound.
Blac.
He fell, and fhiv'ring gafp'd his lateft Breath,
And fainting funk into the Arms of Death.
Blac.
Biting the Ground he lies,
And Death's unwelcom Shade o'er-fpreads his Eyes.
Blac. Gafping he lay, and from a griefly Wound
'The crimfon Life ebb'd out upon the Ground. Blac. Shiv'ring Death crept cold along his Veins Blac. A gloomy Night o'erwhelms his dying Eyes,
And his difdainful Soul from his pale Bofom flies. Blac. He ftaggers round, his Eye-balls roll in Death,
And with fhort Sobs he galps away his Breath. Dryd. Virg. A hov'ring Mift came fwimming o'er his Sight,
And feal'd his Eyes in everlating Night.

The ling'ring Soul th' unwelcom Doom receives, And murmring with Difdain the beauteous Body leaves. Staff.

He fetch'd his Breath in Sobs and double Sighs, (Virg. And often ftrove, but ftrove in vain, to rife: His Eyes, defrauded of their vital Ray, Labour for Life, and catch the flying Day: From the wide Wound a purple River flows, And Life departs in ftrong convulfive Throes.

Thrice Dido try'd to raife her drooping Head, And fainting thrice, fell grov'ling on the Bed; Thrice op'd her heavy Eyes, and fought the Light, And having found it, ficken'd at the Sight; And clos'd her Lids at laft in endlefs Night. The ftruggling Soul was loos'd, and Life diffolv'd in Air.

A gath'ring Mift o'erclouds her chearful Eyes, And from her Cheeks the rofy Colour flies: He fwims before her Sight,
Inexorable Death, and claims his Right. She ftaggers in her Seat with agonizing Pains; Dying, her open'd Hand forfakes the Reins, Short and more flort fhe-pants; by flow Degrees Her Mind the Paffage from her Body frees: She drops her Sword, fhe nods her plumy Creft, Her drooping Head declining on her Breaft : In the laft Sigh her fruygoling Soul expires, And murn'ring with Difdain to Stygina Sounds retires. Dr. Virg.

And Life at length forfook her heaving Heart,
Loath from fo fweet a Manfion to depart. A deadly Cold has froze the Blood;
The pliant Limbs grow ftiff, and lofe their Ufe, And all the animating Fire is quench'd. Ev'n Beauty too is dead: An afhy Pale Grows o'er the Rofes; the red Lips have loft Their fragrant Hue, for want of that fweet Breath, That blefs'd 'em with its Odours, as it pafs'd. Row. Tamerl. This was his laft: For Death came on amain, And exercis'd below, his Iron Reign. Then upward to the Seat of Life he goes;
Senfe fled before him; what he touch'd be froze:
Yet could he not his clofing Eyes withdraw,
Tho' lefs and lefs of Emily he faw.
So, fpeechlers for a little Space he lay,
Then grafp'd the Hand he held, and figh'd hisSoul away. Drya?

More fhe was faying, but Death rufh'd betwixt : (Pal. © Arc. She half pronounc'd your Name with her laft Breath,
And bury'd half within her.
Dryd. All for Love.
Oh fhe is gone! the talking Soul is mute:
She's hufh'd : No Voice, nor Mufick now is heard:
The Bow'r of Beauty is more ftill than Death.
The Rofes fade; and the melodious Bird,
That-wat'd their Sweets, has left 'em now for ever. Lee Alex.
She's out: The Damp of Death has quench'd her quite;
Thofe fpicy Doors, her Lips, are fhut, clofe lock'd,
Which never Gale of Life fhall open more. - Lee Mitbrid. He breaths fhort,
The Taper's fpent, and this is his laft Blaze. Lee Caf. Borg.
His frowy Neck reclines upon his Beeaft,
Like a fair Flow's by the keen Share opprefs'd:
Like a white Poppy finking on the Plain,
Whofe heavy Head is over-charg'd with Rain. Dryd. Virg.
Dying of old Age.
Of no Diftemper, of no Blaft he dy'd, But fell, like Autumn Fruit, that mellow'd long; Ev'n wonder'd at, becaufe he dropt no fooner. Fate feem'd to wind him up for Fourfore Years, Yet frefhly ran he on Ten Winters more; Till, like a Clock, worn out with eating Time, The Wheels of weary Life at laft ftood ftill.

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D E F O R M I T Y
$$

His livid Eyes, retreating from the Day,
Deep in their hollow Orbits bury'd lay:
His Back-bone, ftarting out, drew in his Breaft;
This Shoulder elevated, that deprefs'd:
And his foul Chin his odious Bofom prefs'd. Long little Legs, fuch has the ftalking Crane, His Thort ill-figur'd Body did fuftain.

Why, Love renounc'd me in my Mother's Womb, And for I fhould not deal in her foft Laws, He did corrupt frail Nature with fome Bribe, To fhrink my Arm thus like a wither'd Shrub, To make an envious Mountain on my Back, Where fits Deformity to mock my Body;
To hipe my Legs of an unequal Size,
To difproportion me in ev'ry Part,
Like to a Cbaos, or unlick'd Benr's Whelp,
That carries no Impreffion like the Dam. Sbak. Hen. 6.p.3.
Nature herfelf fart back when thou wert born,
And cry'd the Work's not mine.

The Midwife flood aghaft; and when the fat Thy Mountain-Back, and thy diftorted Legs, Thy Face it elf
Half minted with the royal Stamp of Man, And half o'ercome with Beaft, the doubted long Whole Right in thee were more ;
And knew nut, if to burn thee in the Flames Were not the holier Work.

Am I to blame; if Nature threw my Body. In fo perverse a Mold? Yet when the catt Her: envious Hand upon my fupple Joints, Unable to refit, and rumpled them
On Heaps in their dark Lodging; to revenge
Her bungled Work, The ftampd my Mind more fair:
And as from Chaos, huddled and deform'd,
The Gods truck Fire, and lighted up the Lamps
That beautify the Sky; fo The inform'd
This ill-fhap'd Body with a daring Soul :-
And making lees than Man, fie made me more.
No! thou art all one Errour, Soul and Body !
The firm young Tryal of Come unskill'd Pow'r,
Rude in the making Art, and Ape of Jove.
Thy Body opens inward to thy Soul,
And lets in Day to make thy Vices feer.
Thy crooked Mind within hunc'd out thy Back, And wander'd in thy Limbs: Thou Blot of Nature!
Thou Enemy of Eyes! Excrefcence of a Man!. Dry. Oedip: DEGENERATE.
Thus all below, whether by Nature's Cure,
Or Fate's Decree, degenerate fill to wore. Dry. Wing,
Time fenfibly all things impairs,
Our Fathers have been wore than theirs, And we than ours; next Age will fee A Race more profligate, than we,
With all the Pains we take, have Skill enough to be Rofl. Hor.
The Wicked, when compared with the more Wicked, Look beautiful; and not to be the wort, Stands in forme Rank of Praife.

Sbak.K.Lear.

$$
D E L U G E .
$$

Mean while the South-Wind role, and with black Wings, Wide-hov'ring, all the Clouds together drove From under Heav'n: The Hills, to their Supply, Vapour and Exhalation dusk and moift Sent up amain: And now the thicken'd Sky .

Like a dark Cieling, ftood, Down rufh'd the Rain
Impetuous, and continu'd till the Earth
No more was feen: The floating Veffel fwam, Up-lifted; and fecure, with beaked Prow, Rode tilting o'er the Waves: All Dwellings elfe Flood overwhelm'd, and them, with all their Pomp,
Deep under Water rowl'd: Sea cover'd Sea:
Sea without Shore! and in their Palaces,
Where Luxury lately reign'd, Sea-Monfters whelp'd, And ftabled: Of Mankind, fo num'rous late, All left, in one fmall Bottom fwam imbark'd.

Th' expanded Waters gather on the Plain,
They float the Fields, and over-top the Grain:
Then, rufhing onwards, with a fweepy Sway,
Bear Flocks, and Folds, and lab'ring Hinds away:
Nor fafe their Dwellings were; for, fap'd by Floods,
Their Houfes fell upon their Houfnold Gods.
The folid Piles, too ftrongly built to fall,
High o'er their Heads, behold a watry Wall.
Now Seas and Earth were in Confufion loft:
A World of Waters, and without a Coaft.
One climbs a Cliff, one in his Boat is born,
And ploughs above, where late he fow'd his Corn,
Others o'er Chimney-Tops and Turrets row,
And drop their Anchors on the Meads below:
Or downward driven, bruife the tender Vine;
Or toft aloft, are knock'd againft a Pine.
And where of late the Kids had cropt the Grafs,
The Monfters of the Deep now take their Place.
Infulting Nereids on the Cities ride,
And wond'ring Dolphins o'er the Palace glide;
On Leaves and Mafts of mighty Oaks they browze,
And their broad Fins entangle in the Boughs.
The frighted Wolf now fwims among the Sheep,
The yellow Lion wanders in the Deep:
His rapid Force no longer helps the Boar,
The Stag fwims fafter than he ran before:
The Fowls, long beating on their Wings in vain,
Defpair of Land, and drop into the Main.
Now Hills and Vales no more Diftinction know,
And levell'd Nature lies opprefs'd below. Dryd.Virg. D ESPAIR.
Defpair, whofe Torments no Men fure But Lovers and the Damn'd endure.

Defpair of Life the Means of Living fhews, Dryd. Firg. IVe, when our Fate can be no worfe,
Are fitted for the braveft Courfe; Have time to rally, and prepare Our laft and beft Defence, Defpair. Defpair, by which the gallant'ft Fenis Have been atchiev'd in greateft Streights; And horrid'ft Dangers fafely wav'd, By being courageoully out-brav'd:
As Wounds by other Wounds are heal'd, And Poyfons by themfelves expell'd.
Defpair, attended with her ghafly Train, Anguih, Confufon, Horrour, howling Pain, Shall at her hideous Army's Head advance, And fhake againft his Breaft her bloody Lance; Shall draw her Troops of Terrour in Array, Mufter her Griefs, and horrid War difplay:
As Kings for Fight their warlike Ranks difpofe, So faall fhe range her thick-embattel'd Woes.

He makes his Heart a Prey to black Defpair : He eats not, drinks not, fleeps not, has no Ufe Of any thing but Thought; or if he talks 'Tis to himfelf, and then 'tis perfect raving: Then he defies the World, and bids it pafs; Sometimes he gnaws his Lips, then draws his Mouth Into a fcornful Smile.

## Now cold Defpair

To livid Palenefs turns the glowing Red;
His Blood, farce liquid, creeps within his Veins, (Arc. Like Water which the freezing Wind conftrains. Dryd. Palo o He rav'd with all the Madnefs of Defpair, He roar'd, he beat his Breaft, he tore his Hair; Dry Sorrow in his fupid Eyes appears, For, wanting Nourifhment, he wanted Tears, His Eye-balls in their hollow Sockets fink, Bereft of Sleep, he loaths his Meat and Drink; He withers at the Heart, and looks as wan As the pale Spectre of a murder'd Man; That pale turns Yellow, and his Face receives The faded Hue of faplefs boxen Leaves. In folitary Groves he makes his Moant, Walks early out, and ever is alone; Nor mix'd in Mirth, in youthful Pleafures fhares, But fighs when Songs and Inftruments he hears.

His Spirits are fo low his Voice is drown'd. He hears as from afar, or in a Swound;
Like the deaf Murmurs of a diftant Sound.
Uncomb'd his Locks, and fquallid his Attire;
Unlike the Trim of Love or gay Defire:
But full of mufeful Mopings, which prefage
The Lofs of Reafon, and conclude in Rage. Dryd. Pal. © Arc.
I'm here! and thus the Shades of Night around me,
I look as if all Hell were in my Heart!
And I in Hell! Nay furely 'tis fo with me;
For ev'ry Step I tread, methinks fome Fiend
Knocks at my Breaft, and bids it not be quiet.
I've heard how defp'rate Wretches, like my felf,
Have wander'd out at this dead time of Night,
To meet the Foe of Mankind in his Walks:
Sure I'm fo curft that tho' of Heav'n forfaken,
No Minifter of Darknefs cares to tempt me. Otw. Ven. Pref: Beneath this gloomy Shade,
By Nature only for my Sorrows made, I'll fpend this Voice in Cries, In Tears I'll wafte thefe Eyes, By Love fo vainly fed :
So Luft of old the Deluge punifed. When Thoughts of Love I entertain,
1 meet no Words but Never and In vain! Never! Alafs, that dreadful Name, Which fuels the eternal Flame! Never my Time to come muft wafte!
In vain torments the Prefent and the Paft! Then down I laid my Head,
Down on cold Earth, and for a while was dead,
And my freed Soul to a ftrange fomewhere fled. Ah! fottifh Soul, faid I,
When back to its Cage again I faw it fly: Fool! to refume her broken Chain, And row her Galley here again! Fool to that Body to return,
Where it condemn'd, and deftin'd is to burn!
Cowl.
My fad Soul

Has form'd a difmal melancholy Scene;
Such a Retreat as I would wifh to find:
An unfrequented Vale, o'ergrown with Trees Moffy and old, within whore lonefome Shade Ravens and Birds ill-omen'd only dwell:
No Sound to break the Silence, but a Brook

That bubbling winds among the Weeds: No Mark
Of any human Shape that had been there;
Unlefs a Skeleton of fome poor Wretch,
Who had long fince, like me, by Love undone, Sought that fad Place out to defpair and die in. Row. Fair Pen.-

Winds, bear-me to fome barren Ifland,
Where print of human Feet was never feen;
O'ergrown with Weeds of fuch a monftous Height,
Their baleful Tops are wafh'd with bellying Clouds;
Beneath whofe ven'mous Shade I may have vent
For Horrour that would blaft the barb'rous World. Lee Oedip. .
There let me groan my Horrours on the Earth, -
There bellow out my utmoft Gall,.
There fob my Sorrows till I burft with fighing, .
There gafp and languifh out my wounded Soul. Lee Cedip,

> This Pomp of Horrour

Is fit to feed the Frenzy in my Soul;
Here's Room for Meditation ev'ri to Madnefs,
Till the Mind burft with thinking.
Row. Fair Per,
I fancy

I'm now turn'd wild, a Commoner of Nature, ,
af all for faken, and forfaking all: -
Live in a Chady Foreft's Sylvan Scene;
Stretch'd at my Length beneath fome blafted Oakj,
I lean my Hand upon the moffy Bark,
And look juft of a Piece, as I grew from it. My uncomb'd Locks, matted like Mifletoe,
Hang o'er my hoary Face : The Herd come jumping by me, -
And fearlefs quench their Thirft while I look on,
And take me for their Fellow-Citizen, Dryd. Allfor Love.
There is a fupid Weight upon my Senfes,
A difmal fullen Stillnefs, that fucceeds"
The Storm of Rage and Grief, like filent Death-
After the Tumult and the Noife of Life.
Would it were Death, (as fure 'tis wondrous like it), ,
For I am fick of living; my Soul's pall'd :
She kindles not with Anger or Revenge;
Love was th'informing active Fire within:
Naw that is quench'd the Mafs forgets to move,
And longs to mingle with its Kindred Earth. Row. Fair Pen:
For cold Defpair begins to freeze my Bofom,
And all ny Pow'rs are now refolv'd on Death. . Lee Theod.i-
There's nothing in this World can make me Joy: =
Life is as tedious as a.twice-told Tale, -

Vexing the dull Ear of a drowfy Man.
To curfe each Morn, each chearful Morn that dawns
With healing Comfort, on its balmy Wings,
To ev'ry wretch'd Creature but my felf;
To me it brings more Pain and iterated Woes. Row. Uly.f. My Life's a. Load, encumber'd with the Charge,
I long to fet th' imprifon'd Soul at large. Dryd. Pal. © Arco
For I , the moft forlorn of human kind
Nor Help can hope, nor Remedy can find;
But doom'd to drag my loathful Life in Care,
For my Reward muft end it in Defpair.
Fire, Water, Air, and Earth, and Force of Fates,
That governs all, and Heav'n that all creates;
Nor Art, nor Nature's Hand, can eafe my Grief:
Nothing but Death, the Wretches laft Relief.
Then farewel Youth, and all the Joys that dwell
With Youth and Life; and Life it felf farewel. Dryd.Pal. or
Olivia here in Solitude he found,
Her down-caft Eyes fixt on the filent Ground;
Her Drefs neglected, and unbound her Hair,
She feem'd the mournful Image of Defpair.
Gar.
But furious Dido, with dark Thoughts involv'd,
Shook at the mighty Mifchief fhe refolv'd:
With livid Spots diftinguifh'd was her Face ;
Red were her rowling Eyes, and difcompos'd her Pace;
Ghaftly fhe gaz'd, with Pain fhe drew her Breath,
And Nature fhiver'd at approaching Death.
Dryd. Virg. Whither fhall I fly?
Where hide me a nd my Miferies together ?
Oh Belvidera! I'm the wretched't Creature
E'er crawl'd on Earth. Now, if thou't Virtue, help me;
Take me into thy Arms, and feeak the Words of Peace
To my divided Soul that wars within me,
And raifes ev'ry Sente to my Confufion.
By Heav'n, I'm tott'ring on the very Brink
Of Peace, and thou art all the Hold I've left:
Do thou at leaft, with charitable Goodnefs,
Affif me in the Pangs of my Afflitions. Ctw. Ven. Pref.
Could't thou but think how I have fpent the Night,
Dark and alone, no Pillow to my Head,
Reft in my Eyes, nor Quiet in my Heart,
Thou'would't not, Belvidera, fure thou would' A not
Talk so me thus; but like a pitying Angel,

Spreading thy Wings, come fettle on my Breaft,
And hatch warm Comforts there, e'er Sorrows freeze it.
Why then, poor Mourner, in what baleful Corner
Haft thou been talking with that Witch, the Night?
On what cold Stone haft thou been ftretch'd along?
Gathering the grumbling Winds about thy Head,
To mix with theirs the Accents of thy Woes? Otw.Ven. Pref.
Let us embrace, and from this very Moment,
$\dot{V}$ ow an eternal Mifery together.
And wilt thou be a very faithful $W$ retch ?
Never grow fond of chearful Peace again?
Wilt thou with me fudy to be unhappy,
And find out Ways how to increafe Afflictions?
We'll inftitute new Arts, unknown before,
To vary Plagues, and make 'em look like new ones.
Then let's together,
Full of our Guilt diftracted where to roam,
Like the firft wretched Pair, expell'd their Paradife:
Let's find fome Place where Adders neft in Winter,
Loathfom and venomous; where Poifons hang,
Like Guns againft the Walls: Where Witches meat
By Night, and feed upon fome ptmper'd Imp,
Fat with the Blood of Babes: These we'Hinhabit,
And live up to the Height of Defperation:
Defire fhall languifh, like a with'ring Flow'r;
And no Diftinction of the Sex be thought of:
Horrour fhall fright me from thofe pleafing Harms; And I'll no more be caught with Beaury's Charms; But when I'm dying, take me in thy Arms. Otw. Orph.

All Hope of Succour but from thee is paft.
As when upon the Sands the Traveller
Sees the high Sea come rouling from afar,
The Land grow fhort, he mends his weary Pace,
While Death behind him covers all the Place:
So I by fwift Misfortunes am purfu'd,
Which on each other are like Waves renew'd. Dryd. Ind. Emp? D EVI L. See Hell, Rage.
DEVOTION.

Devotion is the Love we pay to Heav'n.
Dryd. Ind.Emp
Devotion! that oft binds th' Almighty's Arms, And with her Pray'rs and Tears, her pow'rful Charms, Of all its Thunder his right Hand difarms. $\}$ She paffes quick Heav'n's lofty cryftal Walls, And the high Gates fly open when fhe calls;

Her Pow'r can Sentenced Criminals reprieve, Judgment arreft, and bid the Rebel live.
Her Voice did once the Sun's swift Chariot flay,
And on the Verge of Heav'n, held back the falling Day.
She makes contentious Winds forget their Strife,
And calls back to the Dead departed Life.
Charm'd by her Voice, Rivers have ftop'd their Courfe,
And the chill'd Fire laid down its burning Force.
Blat. Devotion in Dititrefs
Is born, but vanifhes in Happiness.

$$
D I A N A .
$$

Such on Eurota's Banks, or Cyntkus Height,
Diana feems, and fo the charms the Sight,
When in the Dance the graceful Goddess leads
The Choir of Nymphs, and over-tops their Heads.
Known by her Quiver and her lofty Mien,
She walks majeftick, and The looks their Queen :
Latona fees her thine above the reft,
And feeds with ferret Joy her filent Breaff. Dry. Virgo. Diana thus on Cynthus fhady Top,
Or by Eurota's Stream, leads to the Chare
Her Virgin Train: A Thoufand lovely Nymphs,
Of Form celeftial all, troop by her Side;
Amidft a Thoufand Nymphs the Goddess ftands content,
In Beauty, Majefty, and Port Divine,
Supream and eminent.
Row. Uly.f:
The graceful Goddess was array'd in Green:
About her Feet were little Beagles feer,
That watch'd with upward Eyes, the Motions of the Queen.
Her Legs were buskined, and the Left before,
In act to foot: A filler Bow fie bore,
And at her Back a painted Quiver wore.
She trod a wexing Moon, that foo would wane,
And drinking borrow'd Light, be fill again.
With down-caft Eyes, as fleming to Survey
The dark Dominions, her alternate Sway. Dryd.Pal: © Arc
O Goddess, Haunter of the Wood-land Green,
To whom both Heav'n, and Earth, and Seas are Cen;
Queen of the nether Skies, where half the Year
Thy filer Beams defend, and light the gloomy Sphere;
Goddefs of Maids, and conscious of our Hearts:
Thy Vot'refs from my tender Years, I am,
And love, like thee, the Woods and Sylvan Game.

Thou, Goddess, by thy triple Shape art feen In Heav'n, Earth, Hell, and ev'ry where a Queen. Dryd.Pal. DISCORD.
Far on th' Infernal Frontiers, near the Shore On which th' infulting Waves of Chaos roar: There ftands a high and craggy Cliff, that braves The neighb'ring Tempests, and tumultuous $\mathbb{W}$ aves.
On this Tharp Rock does the dire Fiend remain, Bound with a vat, unwieldy, brazen Chain. Her hideous Yells the gloomy Deep affright, And interrupt the Peace of lonefome Night. A Thoufand horrid Mouths the Monfter how'd, And each had Twenty Tongues, all fierce and loud: Her bloody Jaws did her lean Limbs devour, And from her Wounds fie drank the flowing Gore. With her harp Claws fie did her Entrails tear, And from her Head pull off her flaky Hair. The Breath fie belch'd did with a fearful Sound Make Storms and Whirlwinds in the Air around. Her glaring, fierce, mifplac'd, distorted Eyes, Like adverfe Meteors flaming in the Skies, Their fiery Orbs againft each other turn'd, Tremendous in their bloody Circles burn'd. Round her foul Waite a Thoufand Monsters rag'd, A dreadful Sight! in endlefs Strife engag'd. There all each other and their Parent tear, And rend her Bowels with eternal War. Raving and reftlefs on the Rock fie turn'd, And with her Feet her maffy Fetters fpurn'd. Bloc.

Difcord ever haunts with hideous Mien, Thole dire Abodes where Hymen once has been. Gar. DISDAIN. See Scorn. Difdainfully fie look'd, then turning round, She fixed her Eyes unmov'd upon the Ground; And what he fays and fivers regards no more Than the deaf Rocks when the loud Billows roar: But whirl'd away to Thun his hateful Sight. Dry. Wing. Diddain and Scorn ride Sparkling in her Eyes,
Defpifing what they look on. Shako. Much ado about Nothing. Disdain has fivell'd him up, and choak'd his Breath, Sullen and dumb, and obftinate to Death: No Signs of Pity in his Face appear: Cramm'd with his Pride, he leaves no Room within, For Sighs to iffue out, or Love to enter in.

Give Hate the full Poffefion of my Breaf. Hate is the nobler Paffion far, When Love is ill repaid;
For at one Blow it ends the War, And cures the Love-fick Maid. Dryd. All. © Alban. D IS E AS ES. See Infirmary. Nigh the Recefs of Chaos and dull Night,
Where Death maintains his dread tyrannick Sway,
In the clofe Covert of a Cyprefs Grove,
Where Goblins frisk, and airy Spectres rove:
Yawns a dark Cave moft formidably wide,
And there the Monarch's Triumphs are defcry'd.
Confus'd and willly huddled to the Eye,
The Beggar's Pouch, and Prince's Purple lye:
Dim Lamps with fickly Rays fcarce feem to glow,
Sighs heave in mournful Moans, and Tears o'er-flow.
Old mould'ring Urns, pale Fear, and dark Diftrefs
Make up the frightful Horrour of the Place.
Within its dreadful Jaws thofe Furies wait,
Which execute the harfh Decrees of Fate.
Febris is firt; the Hag rentlefs hears
The Virgin's Sighs, and fees the Infant's Tears. In her parch'd Eye-balls fiery Meteors reign,
And reftlefs Ferments revel in each Vein.
Then Hydrops next appears amongtt the Throng,
Bloated and biz, fhe flowly fails along:
But, like a Mifer, in Exce's fhe's poor,
And pines for Thirft amidft her wat'ry Store,
Now loathfom Lepra, that offenfive Spright,
With foul Eruptions ftain'd, offends the Sight:
She's deaf to Beauty's foft perfwading Pow'r,
Nor can bright Hebe's Charms her Bloom fecure.
Whilft meagre Pbthifis gives a filent Blow,
Her Stroakes are fure, but her Advances flow :
No loud Alarms, nor fierce Affaults are fhewn;
She ftarves the Fortrefs firt, then takes the Town.
Behind ftood Crowds of more inferiour Fame,
Too num'rous to repeat, too foul to name;

The Vaffals of their Monarch's Tyranny, Who, at his Nod, on fatal Errands fly.

Gar. When raging Fevers boil the Blood, The ftanding Lake foon floats into a Flood: And ev'ry hoftile Humour, which before Slept quiet in its Channel, bubbles o'er. Dryd. Abs. of Achit. Before the curing of a frong Difeafe, Even in the Inftant of Repair and Health, The Fit is ftrongeft: Evils that take Leave, On their Departure moft of all. Thew Evil.

Shak. K. Fohn.
And where the greater Malady is fixt,
The leffer is farce felt: When the Mind's free The Body's delicate. The Tempeft in my Mind Does from my Senfes take all Feeling elfe, Save what beats there.

Shak. K. Lear,

Difeafe, thou ever moft propitious Pow'r, Whofe kind Indulgences we tafte each Hour; Thou well canft boaft thy num'rous Pedigree, Begot by Sloath, maintain'd by Luxury. In gilded Palaces thy Prowefs reigns, But flies the humble Sheds of Cottage Swains. To you fuch Might and Energy belong, You nip the blooming, and unnerve the ftrong. The purple Conquerour in Chains you bind, And are to us Phyficians only kind. And in return all Diligence we pay, To fix your Empire and confirm your Sway. Gar? DISPUTE.
'Tis ftrange how fome Mens Tempers fuit, Like Bawd and Brandy, with Difpute; That for their own Opinion ftand faft, Only to have them claw'd and canvaft. That keep their Confciences in Cafes, As Fidlers do their Crowds and Bafes, Ne'er to be us'd but when they're bent To play a Fit for Argument. Make true or falfe, unjuft or juft, Of no ufe but to be difcufs'd : Difpute, and fet a Paradox, Like a ftrait Boot, upon the Stocks; And ftretch it more unmercifully Than Helmont, Montaign, White, or Tully. And when Difputes are wearied out, 'Tis Intreft ftill refolves the Doubt.

Difputants, like Rams and Bulls,
Do fight with Arms that faring from Skulls. Hud
DIS S EMBLER. See Women.
Why, I can finite, and murther while I finite,
And cry Content to that which grieves my Heart,
And wet my Cheeks with artificial Tears,
And frame my Face to all Occafions. Shat. Her.6. Part. 3.
Now we mut flew a Mafter-piece indeed;
To meet the Man whom we would make an End of,
Ev'n at that Time when mortal War's within,
When the Blood boils and flufhes to be at him;
Yet then to Shew the Signs of heartief Love, (of Part. To cringe, to fawn, to file, to weep, to fear, Lee Mad.

Thou fhalt not break yet, Heart, nor fall the know
My inward Torment by my outward Show:
To let her fee my Weakness were too bane;
Diffembled Quiet fit upon my Face:
My Sorrow to my Eyes no Paffage find,
But let it inward fink, and drown my Mind.
Falhood hall want its Triumph! I begin
To flagger, but Ill prop my felf within :
The factious Tow'r no Ruin fall difclofe,
Till down at once the mighty Fabrick goes.
Dry. Aureno
There Words he fpoke, but Spoke not from his Heart;
His outward Smiles conceal'd his inward Smart. Dry. Virgo.
Diffembling Hope, her Cloudy Front the clears,
And a false Vigour in her Eyes appears.
Dry. Virgo
In vain you footh me with your fort Endearments,
And fer the faireft Countenance to view;
Your gloomy Eyes betray a Deadnefs,
And inward Languifhing: That Oracle
Eats, like a fubtle Worm, its venom'd Way,
Preys on your Heart, and rots the noble Core;
Howe'er the beauteous Outfide flews fo lovely'. Lee Cedip.
Unhurt, untouched, did I complain,
And terrify'd all others with my Pain;
But now I feel the mighty Evil:
Ah there's no fooling with the Devil!
So wanton Men, while they would others fright,
Themfelves have met a real Spright.
Darts, and Wounds, and Flame, and Heats:
I named but, for the Rhyme or the Conceit; Nor meant my Verfe fhould raifed be,
To this fad Fame of Prophecy.

Truth gives a dull Propriety to my Stile, And all the Metaphors does foil. In things where Fancy much does reign,
'Tis dangerous too cunningly to feign.
The Play at left a Truth does grow,
And Cuftom into Nature go.
By this curt t Art of Begging, I became
Lame, with counterfeiting Lame.
My Lines of amorous Define
I wrote to kindle and blow others Fire;
And 'twas a barbarous Delight
My Fancy promis'd from the Sight :
But now, by Love, the mighty Phalaris, I
My burning Bull the firth do try.
Cowl.
DIS SESSION.
Diffenfions, like finall Streams, at firth begun,
Scarce feer they rife, but gather as they run:
So Lines that from their Parallel decline,
More they advance, the more they fill disjoin. Gar.

> DO G S. See Hunting. D O, LP HIN.

As when a Dolphin Sports upon the Tide, Difplays his Beauties and his fcaly Pride; His various-colour'd Arch adorns the Flood, Like a bright Rainbow in a wat'ry Cloud: He from the Billows leaps with gamefom Strife, Wanton with Vigour and immod'rate Life.
The Dolphins in the Deep each other chafe
Blat. (Virgo. In Circles, when they fin around the watery Race. Dry. DOUBT.
Doubt's the wort Tyrant of a gen'rous Mind, The Coward's ill, who dares not met t his Fate, And ever doubting to be fortunate, Falls to the Wretchednefs his Fears create.

Oh how this Tyrant Doubt torments my Breast! My Thoughts, like Birds, who frighted from their Reft, Around the Place, where all was hufh'd before, Flutter, and hardly fettle any more. Otw. Dan' Carl. Floating in a Flood of Care,
This Way and that he turns his anxious Mind,
Thinks and rejects the Counfel he defign'd:
Explores himself in vain in every Part,
And gives no Reft to his diffracted Heart. Dryd.Virg.
For various Thoughts began to bute,
And with his inward Man to jute.

## ( H 12 )

He food and paus'd ripon the fuddain,
And with a ferious Forehead plodding, Sprung a new Scruple in his Head,
Which firth he frratch'd, and after fid:
Quoth he, in all my pat Adventures
I ne'er was et fo on the Tenters,
Or taken tardy with Dilemma,
That ev'ry way I turn does hem me,
And with inextricable Doubt,
Berets my puzzled Wits about.
Hud.
Doubt is Come Eafe to thole who fear the wort. Dry. State DO VI.
(of Inn.
As when a Dove her rocky Hold forfakes;
Rowz'd in a Fright her founding Wings The fakes :
The Cavern rings with clattering; out fie flies,
And leaves her callow Care, and cleaves the Skies;
At fi:ft fie flutters, but at length The firings,
To fmoother Flight, and foots upon her Wings. Dry. Virgo. $D R E A M S$.
Dreams are but Interludes which Fancy makes, When Monarch Reafon fleeps, this Minick wakes;
Compounds a Medley of disjointed things,
A Court of Coblers, and a Mob of Kings:
Light Fumes are merry, groffer Fumes are fad;
Both are the reafonable Soul run mad;
And many monstrous Forms in Sleep we fee,
That never were, nor are, nor e'er can be.
Sometimes forgotten things, long catt behind,
Ruff forward in the Brain, and come to mind;
The Nurfes Legends are for Truths received,
And the Man dreams but what the Boy believ'd.
Sometimes we but rehearfe a former Play,
The Night reftores our Actions done by Day;
As Hounds in Sleep will open for their Prey.
In hort, the Farce of Dreams is of a Piece,
Chimeras all, and more absurd or less. Dryad. The Cork and the All Dreams
Are from Repletion and Complexion bred,
From rifing Fumes of indigested Food,
And noxious Humours that infect the Blood.
When Choler overflows, then Dreams are bred
Of Flames, and all the Family of Red:
Red Dragons and red Beafts in Sleep we view,
For Humours are diftinguifh'd by their Hue.

From hence we dream of War and warlike things,
And Wafps and Hornets with their double Wings.
Choler aduft congeals our Blood with Fear,
Then black Bulls tofs us, and black Devils tear.
In Canguin airy Dreams aloft we bound;
With Rheums opprefs'd, we fink in Rivers drown'd: (the Fox.
The dominating Humours make the Dream. Dr. the Cock and
When heavy Sleep has clos'd the Sight,
And fickly Fancy labours in the Night,
We feem to run, and deftitute of Force,
Our finking Limbs forfake us in the Courfe:
In vain we heave for Breath, in vain we cry,
The Nerves unbrac'd their ufual Strength deny,
And on the Tongue the fault'ring Accents die. Dryd. Virg. $\}$,
As one, who in fome frightful Dream would fhun
His preffing Foe, labours in vain to run;
And his own Slownefs in his Sleep bemoans,
With thick fhort Sighs, weak Cries and tender Groans. Dryd. His idle Feet (Conq. of Gran.
Grow to the Ground; his ftruggling Voice dies inward. Dryd.
As he, who in a Dream with Drought is curs'd, (Troil. of Cre/s. And finds no real Drink to quench his Thirf; Runs to imagin'd Lakes his Heat to fteep,
And vainly fwills, and labours in his Sleep. Dryd.Lucr.
A Dream o'ertook me at my waking Hour
This Morn; and Dreams they fay are then divine,
When all the balmy Vapours are exhal'd,
And fome o'erpow'ring God continues Sleep. Dryd. Don Stb.

> DR INKING. See Bowl, Silenus.

Crown high the Gobblets with a chearful Draught;
Enjoy the prefent Hour, adjourn the future Thought. Dr. Virg. They brim their ample Bowls.
Fill high the Gobblets with a fparkling Flood. Dryd. Virg.
Indulge thy Genius, and o'er-flow thy Soul,
Till thy Wit fparkle like the chearful Bowl.
The flowing Bowl
With a full Tide inlarg'd his chearful Soul. Stepn. Fuv. Make Hafte to meet the gen'rous Wine,

Whofe piercing is for thee delay'd,
The rofy $W$ reach is ready made, And artful Hands prepare The fragrant Oil, that fhall perfume thy Hair. When the Wine (parkles from afair,
And the well-natur'd Friend cries, come away :

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Make Hafte, and leave thy Bus'nefs and thy Care ;
No mortal Int'reft can be worth thy Stay.
Here's to thee, Dick, this whining Love defpife,
Pledge me, my Friend, and drink till thou art wife;
It fparkles brighter far than fhe;
'Tis pure, and right without Deceit,
And fuch no Woman e'er will be,
No! they are all fophifticate!
Here's to thee again: Thy fenfelefs Sorrow drownd,
Let the Glafs walk till all Things too go round :
Again: Till thefe Two Lights are Four:
No Errours here can dang'rous prove;
Thy Paffion, Man, deceives thee more:
None double fee like Men in Love.
Cowl.
Fill the Bowl with rofy Wine:
Around our Temples Rofes twine,
And let us chearfully awhile,
Like the Wine, and Rofes, fmile.
Crown'd with Rofes we contemn
Gyges wealthy. Diadem.
To Day is ours! what do we fear?
To Day is ours! we have it here!
Let's treat it kindly, that it may,
Wih at leaft with us to ftay.
Let's banilh Bus'nefs, banifh Sorrow,
To the Gods belongs To-morrow. Cowl. Anac.
Underneath this Mirtle Shade,
On flow'ry Beds fupinely laid,
With od'rous Oils my Head o'er-flowing,
And around it Rofes growing,
What fhould I do, but drink away
The Heat and Trouble of the Day?
In this more than Kingly State,
Love himfelf fhall on me wait:
Fill to me, Love, nay fill it up,
And mingled, caft into the Cup,
Wit, and Mirth, and noble Fires,
Vig'rous Health, and gay Defires.
The Wheel of Life no lefs will ftay,
In a finooth than rugged Way:
Since it equally does flee,
Let the Motion pleafant be.
Why do we precious Ointments Khow'r,
Noble Wines why do we pour,

Beauteous Flow'rs why do we fprend On the Monuments of the Dead? Nothing they but Duft can how, Or Bones that haften to be fo. Crown me with Rofes whilf I live: Now your Wines and Ointments give: After Death I nothing crave, Let me alive my Pleafures have; All are Stoicks in the Grave. Cowl. Anac $\}$
The thirfy Earth foaks up the Roin, And drinks, and gapes for Drink again. The Plants fuck in the Earth, and are By conftant Dinking frefh and fair:
The Sea it felf, which one would think
Should have but little need of Drink,
Drinks ten thoufand Rivers up, So fill'd, that they o'erflow the Cup. The bufy Sun, and one would guefs By's drunken fiery Face no lefs,
Drinks up the Sea, and when h'as done,
The Moon and Stars drink up the Sun:
They drink and dance by their own Light,
They drink and revel all the Night.
Nothing in Nature's fober found,
Bur an eternal Health goes round.
Fill up the Bowl then, fill it high;
Fill all the Ghaffes there; for why
Should ev'ry Creature drink but I?
Why, Man of Morals, tell me why? Cowi. Anac. $\}$ A thirfty Soul!
He took the Challenge, and embrac'd the Bowl; With Pleafure fwill'd the Gold, nor ceas'd to draw,
Till he the Bottom of the Brimmer faw.
Drjd. Virg.
He crown'd a Bowl, unbid;
The laughing Nectar over-look'd the Lid:
The Reconciler-Bowl went round the Board, Which empry'd, the rude Skinker ftill reftor'd. The Feaft continu'd till declining Light,
They drank, they laugh'd, they lov'd, and then 'twas Night.
Drunken at laft, and drowfy, they depart Each to his Houfe.

The thund'ring God,
Ev'n he withdrew to reft, and had his Load;

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His fwimming Head to needful Sleep apply'd,
And $\mathcal{F} u n o$ lay unheeded by his Side.
Dryd. Hom.
The Vapours to their fwimming Brains advance,
And double Tapers on the Tables dance.
Dryd. Fuv.
Let each indulge his Genius, each be glad,
Jocund, and free, and fwell the Feaft with Mirth.
The fprightly Bowl fhall chearfully go round;
None fhall be grave, nor too feverely wife:
Loffes and Difappointments, Cares and Poverty,
The rich Man's Infolence, and great Man's Scorn,
In Wine fhall be forgotten all. To Morrow
Will be too foon to think and to be wretched. Row. F. Per. Come to the Banquet all,
And revel out the Day, 'tis my Command:
Gay as the Per $/ \mathrm{R}_{2}$ God our felf will fand,
With a crown'd Goblet in our lifted Hand:
Young Ammon and Statira fhall go round,
While antick Meafures beat the burden'd Ground,
And to the vaulted Skies our Clangors found.
All drink it deep, and while it flies about,
Mars and Bellona joyn to make us Mufick.
A hundred Bulls be offer'd to the Sun,
White as his Beams. Speak the big Voice of War,
Beat all our Drums, and blow our Silver Trumpets,
Till we provoke the Gods to act our Pleafures
In Bowls of Nectar and replying Thunder.
Lee Alex.
Hard are the Laws of Love's defpotick Rule,
And ev'ry Joy is trebly bought with Pain.
Crown we the Goblet then, and call on Bacchus, Bacchus, the jolly God of laughing Pleafures.
Bid ev'ry Voice of Harmony awake; Apollo's Lyre, and Hermes tuneful Shell.
Let Wine and Mufick join to fwell the Triumph,
To fmooth uneafy Thought, and lull Defire. $D R U M$.
It is the Trumpet and the Drum, That make the Warriour's Stomach come; Whofe Noife whets Valour fharp, like Beer By Thunder turn'd to Vinegar: For if a Trumpet found, or Drum beat, Who has not a Month's Mind to combat? Hude: $D U E L$. See Gauntlets.
Now at the Time, and in thappointed Place,
The Challenger and Challeng'd, Face to Face,

Approach: Each other from afar they knew, And from afar their Hatred changd their Hue. So .ftands the Thracian Herdfiman with his Spear, Full in the Gap, and hopes the hunted Bear ; And hears him ruftling in the Wood, and fees His Courfe at Diftance by the bending Trees; And thinks, here comes my mortal Enemy, And either he mult fall in Fight or I.
This while he thinks, he lifts aloft his Dart, A gen'rous Chillnefs feizes ev'ry Part;
The Veins pour back the Blood and fortify the Heart.
Thus pale they meet, their Eyes with Fury burn;
None greets, for none the Greeting will return;
But in dumb Surlinefs, each arm'd with Care,
His Foe profefs'd, as Brother of the War.
Then both, no Moment loft, at once advance
Againft each other, arm'd with Sword and Lance :
They lafh, they foin, they pafs, they ftrive to bore
Their Corflets, and the thinneft Parts explore.
Thus two long Hours in equal Arms they food; And wounded wound, till both were bath'd in Blood;
And not a Foot of Ground had either got,
As if the World depended on that Spot.
Fell Arcite, like an angry Tyger, far'd,
And like a Lion Palamon appear'd;
Or as two Boars whom Love to Battel draws,
With rifing Briftles and with frothy Jaws,
Their adverle Breafts with Tusks oblique they wound,
With Grunts and Groans the Foreft rings around:
So fought the Knights;
In mortal Battel doubling Blow on Blow;
Like Light'ning flam'd their Fauchions to and fro, And Thot a dreadful Gleam: So ftrong they ftruck,
There feem'd lefs Force requir'd to fell an Oak. Dryd. Pal. ó Now in clos'd Field, each other from afar
They view, and rufhing on begin the War:
They launch their Spears, then Hand to Hand they meet,
The trembling Soil refounds beneath their Feet.
Their Bucklers clafh, thick Blows defcend from high,
And Flakes of Fire from their hard Helmets fly.
Such was the Combat in the lifted Ground,
So clafh their Swords, and fo their Shields refound.
Rais'd on the Stretch, young Turnus aims a Blow
Full on the Helm of his unguarded Foe,
But all in. Pieces flies the Traytor Sword,
And in the Middle ftruck, deferts his Lord;

The mortal-temper'd Steet deceiv'd his Hand. The fhiver'd Fragments fhone amid the Sand. Surpriz'd with Fear, he fled along the Field, And now forthright, and now in Orbits.wheel'd.
Ten times already round the lifted Place,
One Chief had fled, and t'other giv'n the Chafe.
Once more erect the Rival Chiefs advance, One trufts the Sword, and one the pointed Lance, And both refolv'd alike to try their fatal Chance.

Turnus then trembling view'd the thund'ring Claief advance, And brandifhing aloft the deadly Lance:
Amaz'd he cow'rs beneath his conqu'ring Foe, Forgets to ward, and waits the coming Blow: Aftonifh'd while he ftands, and fix'd with Fear, Aim'd at his Shield he fees th' impending Spear.

The Heroe meafur'd firf with narrow View The deftin'd Mark; and rifing as he threw, With its full Swing the fatal Weapon flew. Not with lels Rage the rattling Thunder falls, Or Stones from batt'ring Engines break the Walls. Swift as a Whirlwind from an Arm fo ftrong,
The Lance drove on, and bore the Death along. Nought could his feven-fold Shield the Prince avail, Nor ought beneath his Arm the Coat of Mail; It pierc'd thro' all, and with a griefly Wound Transfix'd his Thigh, and doubled him to Ground: Thus low on Earth the lofty Chief is laid, With Eyes caft upward, and with Arms difplay'd. Dryd. Virg. $D U N G E O N^{\top}$.
Them to a Dungeon's Depth I fent, both bound Where, Atow'd with Snakes and Adders, now they lodge;
Two Planks their Beds, flipp'ry with Ooze and Slime.
The Rats brufh o'er their Faces with their Tails,
And croaking Paddocks crawl upon their Limbs. Dryd. K. Arth. $E A G L E$. See Nature. In the fiery Tracts above,
Appears in Pomp th' imperial Bird of Fove:
A Plump of Fowl he fpies that fwim the Lakes, And o'er their Heads his founding Pinions fhakes; Then ftooping on the faireft of the Train, In his ftrong Talons trufs'd a filver Swan: But while he lags, and labours in his Flight, Behold the daftard Fowl reṭurn anew, And with united Force the Foe purfue:

## ( 119 )

Clam'rous around the royal Hawk they fly,
And, thick'ning in a Cloud, o'er-fhade the Sky;
They cuff, they fratch, they crofs his airy Courfe,
Nor can th' incumber'd Bird fuftain their Force;
But vex'd, not vanquifh'd, drops the pond'rous Prey,
And lighten'd of his Brethren wings his Way. Dryd. I'irg.
Thus on fome filver Swan or tim'rous Hare,
Fove's Bird comes foufing down from upper Air;
Her crooked Talons trufs the fearful Prey,
Then out of Sight fhe foars, and wings her Way. Dryd.Virg.
So ftoops the yellow Eagle from on high,
And bears a fpeckled Serpent thro' the Sky,
Faft'ning his crooked Talons on the Prey,
The Pris'ner hiffes thro' the liquid Way;
Refifts the royal Hawk, and tho' opprefs'd,
She fights in Volumes, and erects her Creft:
Turn'd to her Foe, The ftiffens ev'ry Scale,
And fhoots her forky Tongue, and whisks her threat'ning Tail.
Againft the Victor all Defence is weak,
Th' imperial Bird ftill plies her with his Beak;
He tears her Bowels, and her Breaft he gores,
Then claps his Pinions, and fecurely Soars.
Dryd.Firg. So the Eagle,
That bears the Thunder of our Grandfire Fove,
With Joy beholds his hardy youthful Offspring
Forfake the Neft, to try his tender Pinions
In the wide untrack'd Air; till bolder grown,
Now like a Whirlwind, on the Shepherd's Fold
He darts precipitate, and gripes the Prey;
Or fixing on fome Dagon's faly Hide, Eager of Coinbat, and his future Feaft, Bears him aloff, reluctant, and in vain, Writhing his fpiry Tail. [spoke by Uly.fer.] Row. Uly:I? So the imperial Eagle does not 1tay Till the whole Carcafs he devour, That's fall'n into his Pow'r; As if his gen'rous Hunger underfood, That he can never want Plenty of Food: He only fucks the taiteful Blood,
And to frefh G.me flies chearfully away, To Kites and meaner Firds he leaves the mangled Prey. Cow? EARTH2UAKE.
Earth felt the Wound, and Nature, from her Seat, Sighing, thro' all her Works gave Signs of Woe. Milt.

As when pent Vapours run their hollow Round, Errthquakes, which are Convulfions of the Ground, B:eak bell'wing forth, and no Confinement brook, Till the third fettles what the former fhook.

So the pent Vapours, with a rumbling Sound, Heave from below, and rend the hollow Ground: A foundint Flaw fucceeds, and from on high The Gods with Hate behold the nether Sky. The Ghoofts repine at violated Night, And curfe th' invading Sun, and ficken at the Sight. Dry. Virg.
ECHO.

Tird with the rough Denials of my Pray'r:
From that hard She whom I obey,
I come, and find a Nymph much gentler here,
That gives Confent to all I fay.
Ah! gentle Nymph, who lik'd fo well
In hollow folitary Caves to dwell,
Her Heart being fuch, into it go,
And do but once from thence anfwer me fo. Complaifant Nymph! who doft thus kindly fhare In Griefs whofe Caufe thou doft not know;
Had'ft thou but Eyes as well as Tongue and Ear,
How much Compaffion would'ft thou fhew!
Thy Flame, whilf living, or a Flow'r.
Was of lefs Beauty, and lefs ravifhing Pow's:
Alas I might as earíly
Paint thee to her, as defrribe her to thee. By Repercuffion Beams ingender Fire;

Shapes by Reflexion Shapes beget;
The Voice it felf when ftop'd, does back retire,
And a new Voice is made by it.
Thus things by Oppofition
The Gainers grow : My barren Love alone
Does from her ftony Breaft rebound,
Froducing neither Image, Fire, nor Sound.
Cowl.
He forc'd the Vallies to repeat
The Accents of his fad Regret;
And Echo from the hollow Ground
His doleful Wailings did refound;
More wiltfully by many times,
Than in finall Poets fplay-foot Rhymes,
That make her, in their ruthful Stories,
To anfwer to Inter'satories,
And mof unconfciombly depore
To things of which fhe bothing knows:

And when the has raid all The can fay;
'This wrefted to the Lover's Fancy:
Echo in others Words her Silence breaks, Speechless her felf but when another freaks. She can't begin, but waits for the Rebound, To catch his Voice and to return the Sound. Hence 'cis fie prattles in a fainter Tone, With mimick Sounds, and Speeches not her own. Add. Crit. ECLIPSE.
The filer Moon is all o'er Blood:
A fettling Crimfon ftains her beauteous Face;
A vaft Eclipfe darkens the lab'ring Planet.
Sound there, found all our Inftruments of War, Clarions and Trumpets, Silver, Brass, and Iron, And beat a thousand Drums to help her Labour. Lee Oed lp.

Shorn of his Beams, the Sun
In dim Eclipfe difaftrous Twilight Sheds
On half the Nations, and with fear of Change Perplexes Monarchs.
Struggling in dark Eclipfe, and footing Day
On either Side of the black Orb that veil'd him. Dry. Don See. EDUCATION. See Religion.
Children, like tender Oziers, take the Bow, And as they frt are faifion'd always grow : For what we learn in Youth, to that alone
In Age we are by fecond Nature prone. Iryd. Fun. Fir.
While thy moil Clay is pliant to Command, Unwrought, and leafy to the Potter's Hand; Now take the Mold, now bend thy Mind to feel The firft fharp Motions of the forming Wheel. Iryd.Perf. Souldierly Education.
Strong from the Cradle, of a fturdy Brood, We bear our new-born Infants to the Flood: There, bath'd amid the Stream, our Boys we hold, With Winter harden'd, and inur'd to Cold: They wake before the Day to range the Wood, Kill e'er they eat, nor taft unconquer'd Food. No Sports but what belong to War they know, To break the ftubborn Colt, to bend the Bow: Our Youth, of Labour patient, earn their Bread, Always at work, with frugal Diet fed;
From Ploughs and Harrows feet to feek Renown, They fight in Fields, and form the fanken Town.

No Part of Life from Toils of War is free; No Change in Age, or Diff'rence in Degree:
We plough and till in Arms; our Oxen feel, Intead of Goads, the Spur and pointed Steel.
Th' inverted Lance makes Furrows in the Plain:
Our Helms defend the Young, difguife the Grey,
We live by Plunder, and delight in Prey.
Dryd.Virg.
$E L D E R B R O T H E R$.
Is not the Elder

By Nature pointed out for Preference?
Is not his Right enrolled among thole Laws
Which keep the World's vat Frame in beauteous Order?
Ask thole thou nam'dft but now what made them Lords?
What Titles had they had, if Merit only
Could have conferred a Right? if Nature had not
Strove hard to thrift the wort-deferving firft,
And ftampt the noble Mark of Elderfhip
Upon their barer Metal?
Row. Ami. Step.
Birthright's a vulgar Road to kingly Sway,
'This ev'ry dull-got elder Brother's Way.
Dropt from above, he lights into a Throne,
Grows of a Piece with that he fits upon:
Heav'ns Choice! a low, inglorious rightful Drone! Dry. $\}$
My Claim to her by Elderfhip I prove.
Age is a Plea in Empire, not in Love. Dry. Ind. Emp.
I loved her frt, and cannot quit my Claim,
But will 'preferve the Birthright of my Paffion.
Otw. Orth.
ELEMENTS.

For this eternal World is raid of old,
But four prolifick Principles to hold;
Four different Bodies : Two to Heav'n ascend,
And other two down to the Centre tend:
Fire firth with Wings expanded mounts on high,
Pure, void of Weight, and dwells in upper Sky:
Then Air, because unclog'd in empty Space,
Flies after Fire, and claims the fecond Place;
But weighty Water, as her Nature guides,
Lies on the Lap of Earth, and Mother Earth fubfides.
All things are mix'd of there, which all contain,
And into the fe are all refolv'd again.
Earth ramifies to Dew, expanded more,
The fubtil Dew in Air begins to fear,
Spreads as The flies, and weary of her Name,
Extenuates still, and changes into Flame.

## ( 123 )

Thus having by Degrees Perfection won, Reftlefs, they foon untwift the Web they fpun:
And Fire begins to loofe her radiant Hue, Mix'd with grofs Air, and Air defcends to Dew ; And Dew condenfing does her Form forego, And finks a heavy Lump of Earth below.

The Force of Fire afcended firft on high, And took its Divelling in the vaulted Sky; Then Air fucceeds, in Lightnefs next to Fire, Whofe Atoms from unactive Earth retire; Enith finiss beneath, and draws a num'rous Throng Of pond'rous, thick, unweildy Seeds along : About her Coafts unruly Waters roar, And, rifing on a Ridge, infult the Shoar. Dryd. Ovid.

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\begin{gathered}
\text { E L E P H } A N T . ~ S e e ~ P a r a d i f e . ~ \\
E L I Z I U M .
\end{gathered}
$$

The verdant Fields with thofe of Heav'n'may vie,
With Æther vefted, and a purple Sky.
The blifsful Seats of happy Souls below;
Stars of their own, and their own Sun they know.
Their airy Limbs in Sports they exercife,
And on the Green contend the Wreftler's Prize.
Some in heroick Verfe divinely fing,
Others in artful Meafures lead the Ring:
The Chiefs behold their Chariots from afar,
Their fhining Arms, and Courfers train'd to War:
Their Lances fix'd in Earth, their Steeds around,
Free from their Harnefs, graze the flow'ry Ground.
The Love of Horfes which they had alive,
And Care of Chariots, after Death furvive.
Some chearful Souls were feafting on the Plain; Some did the Song, and fome the Choir maintain.
Here Patriots live, who for their Countries Good,
In fishting Fields were prodigal of Blood.
Priefts of unblemifh'd Lives here make Abode, And Poets worthy their infpiring God.
And fearching Wits of more mechanick Parts, Who grac'd their Age with new invented Arts. Thofe who to Worth their Bounty did extend, And thofe who knew that Bounty to commend: The Heads of thefe, which holy Fillets bound, And all their Temples were with Garlands crown'd. In no fix'd Place the happy Souls refide;
In Groves they live, and lie on moffy Beds,

By crystal Streams that murmur tho' the Mads. Dry. Virgo.
There in the Lands of unexhaufted Light,
O'er which the God-like Sun's unweary'd Sight
Ne'er winks in Clouds, or fleeps in Night.
\}
An endless Spring of Age the Good enjoy:
Where neither Want does pinch, nor Plenty cloy.
There neither Earth, nor Sea they plough, Nor ought to Labour owe
For Food, that while it nourifhes does decay,
And in the Lamp of Life confumes away.
Soft-footed Winds with tuneful Voices there Dance thro' the perfumed Air.
There filler Rivers tho' enamel'd Meadows glide, And golden Trees enrich their Side.
Th' illuftrious Leaves no dropping Autumn fear,
And Jewels for their Fruit they bear; Which by the Bleft are gathered
For Bracelets to the Arm, and Garlands to the Head. Cowl. Pinto
Loofe Breezes on their airy Pinions play,
And with refrefhing Sweets perfume the Way:
Cold Streams thro flow'ry Meadows gently glide, And as they pals, their painted Banks they chide, There blissful Plains no Blights nor Mildews fear,
The Flow'rs ne'er fade, and Shrubs are Myrtles here. Gar.

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E L O Q U E N \subset E \text {. }
$$

Whene'er he Speaks, Heav'n! how the lift'ning Throng
Dwell on the melting Mufick of his Tongue:
His Arguments are the Emblems of his Mien;
Mild, but not faint; and forcing, tho' Serene:
And when the Pow'r of Eloquence herd try,
Here Lightning ftrikes you, there fort Breezes fight. Gar. His Tongue
D:opt Manna, and could make the wore appear
The better Reafon, to perplex and daft
kiatureft Counfels: For his Thoughts were low,
To Vice industrious, but to nobler Deeds.
Tim'rous and flothful; yet he pleas'd the Ear. Milt.
Nectar divine flow'd from his heavenly Tongue,
And on his charming Lips Perfwafion hung.
Bloc.
He drove them with the Torrent of his Tongue. Dry. Fur. Fine Speeches are the Inftruments of Fools,
Or Knaves, who ufe them when they want good Sene:;
But Honefty needs no Difguife nor Ornament. Otw. Orp万.
But here bright Eloquence does always finite
In foch a choice, yet unaffected Stile,

## (125)

As does both Knowledge and Delight impart,
The Force of Reafon with the Flow'rs of Art:
Clear as a beautiful tranfparent Skin,
Which never hides the Blood, yet holds it in.
Like a delicious Stream it ever ran,
As fmooth as Woman, but as ftrong as Man.
Norm. $E M B R A C E$. See Venus.
Then like fome wealthy Iflmd thou fhalt lie, And like the Sea about it, I:
Thou like fair Albion to the Sailors Sight, Spreading her beauteous Bofom all in White; Like the kind Ocean I will be
With loving Arms for ever clafping thee.
Cowl.
As the luxuriant Tendrils of the Vine
Around the Elm with wanton Windings twine, (Ovid.)
My fpringing Arms flew round and lock'd in thine. Dcn. $\}$
Eternal Comfort's in thy Arms:
To lean thus on thy Breaft is fofter Eafe, (Prifo,
Than downy Pillows deck'd with Leaves of Rofes. Otw. I'n.
Oh my Focafta! 'tis for this the wet
Starv'd Soldier lies all Night on the cold Ground;
For this he bears the Storms
Of Winter Camps, and freezes in his Airms,
To be thus circled, to be thus embrac'd;
That I could hold thee ever! Let me hold thee
Thus to my Bofom: Ages let me grafp thee,
Life of my Life! and Treafure of my Sout!
Tho round my Bed the Furies plant their Charms,
I'll break 'em with Focafta in my Arms:
Clafp'd in the Folds of Love, I'll wait my Doom;
And act my Joys, tho' Thunder fhake the Room. Lee O dip.
A. I thought how thofe white Arms would fold me in,

And ftrain me clofe, and melt me into Love;
So pleas'd with that fweet Image, I fprung forwards
And added all my Strength to ev'ry Blow.
C. Come to me, come my Soldier, to my Arms,

You've been too long away from my Enibraces;
But when I have you faft, and all my own,
With broken Murmurs and tumultuous Sighs,
I'll fay you were unkind, and punih you,
And mark you Red with many an eager Kifs.
A. My brighter Venus!
C. O my greater Mars!
A. Thou join'\& us well, my Love!

Suppose me come from the Pblegram Plains, Where gasping Giants lay, cleft by my Sword, And Mountain-Tops pard off each other Blow, To bury thole I flew. Receive me Goddefs;
Let Cesar Spread his fubtle Nets, like Vulcan.
In thy Embraces I would be beheld
By Heav'n and Earth at once;
And make their Envy what they meant their Sport.
Let thole who took us bluff: I would love on With awful State, regardless of their Frown, As their fuperior God.

Dry. All for Love. Venus embracing Vulcan.
The Goddess straight her Arms of frow Hue About her unrefolving Husband threw. Her fofl Embraces fool infufe Defire, His Veins, his Marrow fuddain Warmth inspire, And all the Godhead feels the wonted Fire.
Not half fo fwift the rattling Thunder flies, Or Streaks of Lightning flail along the Skies. The Goddefs proud of her fuccersful Wiles, And confcious of her Form, in ferret finises. The Power obnoxious to her Charms, Parting, and half diffolving in her Arms:

Snatch'd the willing Goddefs to his Breaft, Till in her Lap infus'd, he lay poffers'd Of full Define, and funk to pleating Reft. For what do Lovers when they're fart In one another's Arms embraced; But ftrive to plunder and convey Each other like a Prize away ? Hud.
EMPIRE and Emperor. See GreatneSs.

When Empire in its Childhood firft appears,
A watchful Fate o'erfees its tender Years:
Till grown more ftrong, it thirfts, and ftretches out,
And elbows all the Kingdoms round about:
The Place thus made for its frt Breathing free,
It moves again for Eafe and Luxury:
Till, fuelling by Degrees, it has poffers'd
The greater Space, and now crowds up the reft.
When from behind there farts forme petty State,
And pushes on its now unwieldy Fate:
Then down the Precipice of Time it goes,
And finks in Minutes, which in Ages role. Dr yd. Cong. of Gran.
Haft thou not fees my morning Chambers fill'd
With frepter'd Slaves, who waited to flute me?

With Eaftern Monarchs, who forgot the Sun To worfhip my Uprifing? Menial Kings
Ran courfing up and down my Palace-Yards,
Stood filent in my Prefence, watch'd my Eyes,
And at my leaft Command all farted out
Like Racers for the Goal.
Dryd. All for Love.
Emperour! Why that's the Stile of Victory!
The conqu'ring Soldier, red with unfelt Wounds,
Salutes his Gen'ral fo! but never more
Shall that Sound reach my Ears.
For I have loft my Reafon, have difgrac'd
The Name of Soldier with inglorious Eafe :-
In the full Vintage of my flowing Honours,
Sate ftill, and faw it prefs'd by other Hands. Dry. All for Love,
There's no true Joy in fuch unnvieldy Fortune ;
Eternal Gazes lafting Troubles make;
All find my Spots, but few my Brightnefs take.
Why was I born a Prince? Proclaim d a God!
Yet have no Liberty to look abroad.
Thus Palaces in Profpect, bar the Eye,
Which, pleas'd and free, would o'er the Cottage fly,
O'er flow'ry Lawns to the gay diftant Sky.
Farewel then Empire, and the Racks of Love!
By all the Gods I will to Wilds remove;
Stretch'd like a Sylvan God, on Gaafs lie down,
And quite forget that e'er 1 wore a Crown.
Reign, reign, ye Monarchs that divide the World:
Bufy Ambition ne'er will let you know
Tranquillity and Happinefs like mine:
Like gawdy Ships, th' obfequious Billows fall,
And rife again to lift you to your Pride;
They wait but for a Storm, and then devour you. Otw. Ven. Pref
To you the Drudgery of Pow'r I give;
Cares be your Lot: Reign you, and let me live:
Were I a God, the drunken Globe fhould roul,
The little Emmets with the Human Soul
Care for themfelves, while at my Eafe I fate, And fecond Caufes did the W ork of Fate.

Dryd, Aurer,
Oh that I had been born fome happy Swain,
And never known a Life fo great, fo vain!
Where I Extreams might not be forc'd to chufe,
And bleft with fome mean Wife, no Crown could lofe; ;

Where the dear Partner of my little State, With all her filing Off-fpring at the Gate, Bleffing my Labours, might my Coming wait ; Where in our humble Beds all fate might lie, And not in surfed Courts for Glory die.

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I Caw 'em kindle to Defire,

While with fort Sighs they blew the Fire; Saw the Approaches of their Toy, He growing more fierce, and the left coy: Saw how they mingled malting Rays, Exchanging Love a thoufand Ways:
Kind was the Force on either Side, Her new Defire fie could not hide; Nor would the Shepherd be deny'd.
そ The bleffed Minute he purfu'd, Till fie, tranfported in his Arms, Yields to the Conqu'ror all her Charms. His panting Beat to her's now joyn'd, They feat on Raptures unconfin'd: Waft and luxuriant! foch as prove The Immorality of Love! For who but a Divinity Could mingle Souls to that Degree, And melt them into Ecftafie! Now, like the Phoenix both expire, While from the. Allies of their Fire, Sprung up a new and oft Define. like Charmers Thrice they did invoke The God; and Thrice new Vigour took. Be bn. Thus did this happy. Pair their Love difpence, With musual'Joys, and gratify'd their Sene. The God of Love was there a bidden Gueft; And prevent at his own myfterious Feat.? His azure Mantle underneath he Spread; And fatter Ropes on the Nuptial Bed: White folded in each others Arms they lay, Fe blew the Flames, and furnifind out the Play, (Theoc.\} And from their Foreheads wiped the baling Sweat away: Drydis Long time diffolv'd in Pleasure thus they lay,
Till Nature could no more fuffice their Play. Dr. Sig. © Guijc. Celia was coy, and hard to win;
With artful Cunning play'd the Virgin's Part :
But when fie once had try'd the Sin, She hugg'd the charming tingling Dart;

## ( 133 )

Seiz'd on his Club, and made it dwindle T'a feeble Distaff and a Spindle.
He made the beauteous Queen of Crete
To take a Towns Bull for her Sweet.
'Twas he made Veftal Maids Love-fick, And venture to be bury'd quick. 'Tis he that proudeft Dames enamours
On Lacquays and Valets de Chambres;
Their haughty Stomachs overcomes,
And makes them flop to dirty Grooms;
To flight the World, and to difparage
Claps, Iffue, Infamy, and Marriage.
The Thund'rer, who, without the female Bed,
Could Goddeffes bring forth from out his Head;
Chore rather Mortals this Way to create,
So much h'efteem'd his Pleafure 'bove his State. Cowl.
When Souls mix 'is a Happiness,
But not compleat till Bodies too combine,
And clofely as our Minds together join:
But Half of Heav'n the Souls in Glory tafte,
Till by Love in Heav'n at lift
Their Bodies too are placed.
Cowl.
The Ties of Minds are but imperfect Bands,
Unless the Bodies join to feal the Contract. Dry. DonSob. Then harte to Bed:
There let me tell my Story in thy Arms.
There in the gentle Pauses of our Love,
Between our Dying, ever we live again,
Thou halt be told the Betel and Success;
Which I fall oft begin, and then break off;
For Love will often interrupt my Tale,
And make fo fiveet Confufion in our Talk,
That thou fat ask, and I fall anfiwer, things
That are not of a Piece; but patched with Kiffes;
And Sighs, and Murmurs, and imperfect Speech;
And Nonfenfe fall be eloquent in Love. Dry. Ambits: I peak I know not what.
Speak ever fo, and if I anfwer yous.
I know not what, it thews the more of Love ,
Love is a Child that talks in broken Language,
Yet then he Peaks mot plain. Dry. Trail. \&i Cred.
Love tunes the Organs of my Voice, and freaks
Unknown to me within me.
Oh with what fort Devotion in her Eyes ${ }_{2}$,
The tender Lamb came to the Sacrifice!

## ( 134 )

Oh! how her Charms furpriz'd ine as I lay! Like too near Sweets, they took my Senfe away,
And I ev'n loft the Pow'r to reach at Joy!
But thofe crofs Witchcrafts foon unravell'd were,
And I was lull'd in Trances fweeter far,
As anchor'd Veffels in calm Harbours ride,
Rock'd on the Swellings of the floating Tide. Otw. Don Carl. When all were gone,
And none but I left with the charming Maid;
What furious Fire did my hot Nerves invade?
With open Arms upon my Blifs I ran,
With Pangs I grafp'd her like a dying Man:
Like Light and Heat incorporate we lay;
We blefs'd the Night, and curs'd the coming Day. Lee Sophon.
There's no Satiety of Love in thee!
Enjoy'd thou ftill art new: Perpetual Spring
Is in thy Arms; the ripen'd Fruit but falls,
And Bloffoms rife to fill its empty Place;
And I grow rich by giving. Dryd. All for Love.
Your Fruits of Love are like eternal Spring
In happy Climes; where fome are in the Bud,
Some green, ard rip'ning fome, while others fall. Dry. Amphit.
In thy Poffeffion Years roul round on Years,
And Joys in Circles meet new Joys again.
Kiffes, Embraces, Languifhings, and Deaths,
Still from each other to each other move,
To crown the various Seafons of our Love. Dryd. Span. Fry.
Our Life fhall be but one long nuptial Day,
And like chaf'd Odours melt in Sweets away :
Soft as the Night our Minutes fhall be worn,
And chearful as the Birds that wake the Morn, Dry. Sec. Love.
Immortal Pleafures fhall our Senfes drown,
Thought fhall be loft, and ev'ry Pow'r diffolv'd. Otw. Orph.
Let me not live, but thou art all Enjoyment;
So charming and fo fweet, that not a Night,
But whole Eternity were well employ'd [Sfoken by Fupiter.]
'To love thy each Perfection as it ought. Dryd. Amphit.
They took their full Delight,
'Twas refllefs Rage and Tempeft all the Night;
For greedy Love each Moment would employ,
And grudg'd the fhortef Paufes of their Joy.
Love rioted fecure, and long enjoy'd,
Was ever eager, and was never cloy'd:
The Stealth it felf did Appetite reftore,
And look'd fo like a Sin, it pleas'd the more.

How dear, how feet his firft Embraces were! With what a Zeal he ioyn'd his Lips to mine! I thought! oh no! 'is false, I could not think: 'Twas neither Life nor Death, but both in one. And fuse his Tranfports were not left than mine ; For by the high-hung Taper's Light, I could difern his Cheeks were glowing red; His very Eyeballs trembled with his Love, And fparkled thro' their Cafenients humid Fires: He figh'd and kifs'd, breath'd fort, and would have Spoke, But was too fierce to throw away the Time; All he could fay was, Love and Leonora. Dryd.Span. Fry.

What aid he not, when in the bridal Bed He clafp'd my yielding Body in his Arms? When with his fiery Lips devouring mine, And moulding with his Hands my throbbing Breafts, He fore the Globes of Heav'n and Earth were vile To thole rich Worlds; and talk'd, and kils'd, and loved, And made me flame the Morning with my Blufhes. Lee Alex:

A doubtful Trembling fiez'd mme first all o'er, Then Wifhes, and a Warmth unknown before; What follow'd was all Ectacy and Trance! Immortal Pleafures round my fivimming Eyes did dance, And fpeechlefs Joys, in whole fweet Tumult toft, I thought my Breath and Being both were loft. Dry. State of Oh how I flew into your Arms,
And melted in your warm Embrace!
Did not my Soul even Sparkle at my Eyes,
And hoot it felf into your much loved Boom ?
Did I not tremble with Excels of Toy,
Nay, agonize with Pleafure at your Sight,
With fuch inimitable Proofs of Paffion As no false Love could feign?

Her Hands he feiz'd, and to a fhady Bank, Thick over Head, with verdant Roof embow'r'd, He led her nothing loath: Flow'rs were the Couch, Panfies, and Violets, and Asphodel, And Hyacinth; Earth's frefheft fofteft Lap: There they their Fill of Love and Love's Difport Took largely;

Till dewy Sleep

Opprefs'd them, wearied with their amorous Play. Milt.
Unhappy Mortals! whore fublimeft Joy
Preys on it fell, and does it felf deftroy. Rock.
I hate Fruition now 'is part,
'This all but Naftinefs at bet;

The homelief thing that we can do: Befides 'tis fhort and fleeting too. A Squirt of flippery Delight, That with a Moment takes its Flight; A fulfom Blifs that foon does cloy, And makes us loath what we enjoy. Then let us not too eager run, By Paffion blindly hurry'd on, Like Beafts, who nothing better know, Than what meer Luft incites them too; For when in Floods of Love we're drench'd, The Flames are by Enioyment quench'd.
And why this Nicenefs to that Pleafure fhown,
Where Nature fums up all her Joys in one?
Gives all The can, and lab'ring ftill to give,
Makes it fo great we can but tafte and live;
So fills the Senfes that the Soul feems fled,
And Thought it felf does for the Time lie dead:
Till, like a String fcru'd up with eager Hafte,
It breaks, and is too exquifite to laft.
Dryd. Aurer\%
And full Fruition will but raife Defire;
As Heay'n poffers'd exalts the Zealot's Fire. Den.
For Love, and Love alone, of all our Joys,
By full Poffeffion does but fan the Fire;
The more we fill enjoy, the more we ftill defire. Dryd Lucr. ENTHUSIASM. See Sibyl.
He comes! Behold the God! Thus while fhe faid,
Her Colour chang'd, her Face was not the fame,
And hollow Groans fiom her. deep Spirit came:
Her Hair ftood up; convulfiye Rage poffefs'd
Her trembling Limbs, and heav'd her lab'ring Breaft:
Greater than Human-kind fhe feem'd to look,
And with an Accent more than mortal fpoke:
Her ftaring Eyes with fparkling Fury roul,
When all the Gods came rufhing on her Soul.
Thus full of Fate fhe grew, and of the God;
Struggling in vain, impatient of her Load.
And lab'ring underneath the pond'rous God.
The more fie ftrove to fhake him from her Breaft,
With more and far fuperior Force he prefs'd;
Commands his Entrance, and without Controul
Ufurps her Organs and infpires her Soul.
At length her Fury fell, her Foaming ceas'd,
And, ebbing in her Soul, the God decreas'd. Dryd.Virg. Something I'd unfold,
If that the God would wake; for fomething fill there lies. In

In Heav'n's dark Volume, which I read thro' Mifts:
'Tis great, prodigious!.'tis a dreadful Birth
Of wond'rous Fate! and now juft now difclofing!
I fee, I fee ' how terrible it dawns,
And my Soul fickens with it!
Now the God fhakes me! He comes, he comes! Dryd. Oedip. I feel him now,
Like a ftrong Spirit, charmid into a Tree,
That leaps, and moves the Wood without a Wind.
The rowzed God, as all this while he lay
Intomb'd alive, ftarts and dilates himfelf:
He ftruggles, and he tears my aged Trunk
With holy Fury; my old Arteries burf;
My rivell'd Skin,
Like Parchment, crackles at the hallow'd Fire:
I fhall be young agen! Manto, my Daughter,
Thou haft a Voice that might have fav'd the Bard
Of Thrace, and forced the raging Bacchanals,
With lifted Prongs, to liften to thy Airs:
O charm this God, this Fury in my Bofom;
Lull him with tuneful Notes and artful Strings,
With pow'rful Strains: Manto, my lovely Child,
Sooth the unruly:Godhead to be mild.
Lee'
[Spoken by Tirefas, in Oedipus.]
The God of Battle rages in my Breaft;
And as at Delpbos, when the glorious Fury
Kindles the Blood of the prophetick Maid,
The bounded Deity does fhoot her out,
Draws ev'ry Nerve thin as a Spider's Thread,
And beats the Skin out like expanded Gold:
So with the Meditation of the Work
Which my Soul bears, I fwell almoft to burfting. Lee Mith\%o
PUBLICK ENTRIE S.

Great Bullingbrook
Mounted upon a hot and fiery Steed,
Which his afpiring Rider feem'd to know,
With flow, but ftately Pace, kept on, his Courfe.
You would have thought the very Windows fpoke,
So many greedy Looks of young and old
Thro' Cafements darted their defiring Eyes
Upon his Vifage; and that all the Walls,
With painted Imag'ry, had faid at once,
God fave thee, Bullingbrook.
But, as in a Theatre, the Eyes of Men,
After a well-grac'd Actor leaves the Stage,
Are idly bent on him that enters next,
Think:

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Thinking his Prattle to be tedious;
Ev'n fo, or with much more Contempt, Mens Eyes
Did Icowle on Richard: No Man cry'd, God fave him;
No joyful Tongue gave him his Welcome home:
But Duft was thrown upon his Head,
Which with fuch gentle Sorrow he fhook off,
His Face ftill combating with Tears and Smiles,
(The Badges of his Grief and Patience)
That had not God, for fome ftrong Purpofe, fteel'd
The Hearts of Men, they mult perforce have melted,
And Barbarifm it felf have pity'd him. Shak. Rich II.
Your glorious Father; my victorious Lord,
Loaden with Spoils and ever-living Lawrel,
Is entring now in martial Pomp the Palace:
Five hundred Mules precede his folemn March,
Which groan beneath the Weight of Moorihb Wealth;
Chariots of War, adorn'd with glit'ring Gems,
Succeed; and next a hundred neighing Steeds,
White as the fleecy Rain on Alpine Hills,
That bound, and foam, and champ the golden Bit,
As they diddain'd the Vicoory they grace:
Pris'ners of War in fhining Fetters follow,
And Captains of the noblet Blood of Africk
Sweat by his Chariot-Wheels, and lick and grind,
With gnafhing Teeth, the Duft his Triumphs raife.
The fiwarming Populace fpread ev'ry Wall,
And cling, as if with Claws they did enforce
Their Hold thro' clifted Stones, ftretching and ftaring
As they were all of Eyes, and ev'ry Limb
Would feed its Faculty of Admiration. Congr. Mourn. Bride.
What Tributaries follow him to Rome,
To grace in captive Bands his Chariot Wheels?
Have you climb'd up to Walls and Battlements,
To Towers and Windows, yea to Chimney Tops,
Your Infants in your Arms, and there have fate
The live-long Day with patient Expettation,
To fee great Pompey pafs the Streets of Rome?
And when you faw his Chariot but appear,
Have you not made a univerfal Shout,
That Tyber trembled underneath her B.anks,
To hear the Replication of your Sounds,
Made in her concave Shores?
skak. Ful. Cas.
Loud Acclamations to the Clouds arife,
And propagate the Triumph to the Skies.
The confuent Tides to a high Deluge grow,
And Waves of thronging Heads roll to and fro.

The gazing Clufters to the Windows clung, And on the Roofs fublime and Ridges hung; Whence with luxurious Pomp they feed the Sight, And with their greedy Looks devour'd Delight; Their ftarting Eyes the Multitude did Itrain,
And from their eager Pleafure fuffer Pain.

$$
E N V r .
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## The Fury ftrait

Crawl'd in, her Limbs cou'd farce fupport her Weight :
A noifom Rag her penfive Temples bound,
And faintly her parch'd Lips her Accents found. Gar.
Beneath the gloomy Covert of an Eugh, That taints the Grafs with fickly Sweats of Dew; No verdant Beauty entertains the Sight But baneful Hemlock and cold Aconite : In a dark Grot the baneful Haggard lay, Breathing black Vengeance, and infecting Day: Meagre, deform'd, and worn with fpightful Woes: The chearful Blood her livid Eyes forfook, And Bafilisks fate brooding in her Look. A bald and bloated Toad-ttool rais'd her Head, And Plumes of boding Ravens were her Bed: From her chapp'd Noftrils fcalding Torrents fall, And her funk Eyes boil o'er in Floods of Gall. Volcanos labour thus with inward Pains, While Seas of melted Ore lay wafte the Plains.

Around the Fiend in hideous Order fate Foul bawling Infamy and bold Debate: Gruff Difoontent, thro' Ignorance mifled, And clam'rous Faction at her Party's Head: Reftlefs Sedition, ftill diffembling Fear, And ny Hypocrify with pious Leer. Glouting with fullen Spight the Fury fhook Her clotted Locks, and blafted with each Look. Then tore with canker'd Teeth the pregnant Scrolls, Where Fame the Acts of Denii-Gods enrolls. She blazons in dread Smiles her hideous Form; So Lightning gilds the unrelenting Storm.

Enoy at laft crawls forth from Hell's dire Throng Of all the direfull 'ft her black Locks hung long, Attir'd with curling Serpents ; her pale Skin Was almoft dropt from her fharp Bones within; And at her Breaft fuck Vipers, which did prey Upon her panting Heart both Night and Day,

Sucking black Blood from thence, which to repair,
Both Day and Night they left free Poyfons there.
Her Garments were deep ftain'd in human Gore,
And torn by her own Hands, in which fee bore
A knotted Whip and Bowl, which to the Brim
Did with green Gall and Juice of Wormwood Swim;
With which when the was drunk foe furious grew,
And lafh'd her fell. Envy, the wort of Fiends;
Envy, good only when fie her felf torments.
Cowl. Aide he turn'd
For Envy, and with jealous Leer malign
Ey'd them askance.
Milt.
Envy never dwells in noble Hearts. Envy, like the Sun, does beat
With fcorching Rays on all that's high and great. Wall.

> ETERNITY.

Eternity no Parent does admit,
But on it felf did frt it felf beget :
A Gulf whole large Extent no Bounds engage,
A ftill-beginning, never-ending Age.
Eternity that boundless Race,
Which Time himself can never run,
(Swift as he flies with an unweary'd Pace;)
Which when ten thoufand thoufand Years are done,
Is fill the fame, and fill to be begun.
Cong.

$$
E V E N I N G
$$

The western Sun now foot a feeble Ray,
And faintly fcatter'd the Remains of Day.
Declin'd, was hating now with prone Career To th'Ocean Ines, and in the afcending Scale Of Heav'n, the Stars that uther Evening role.

> Milt.

Now came fill Ev'ning on, and Twilight grey
Had in her fober Livery all things clad.
Milt.
And fee, yon funny Hill the Shade extends,
And curling Smoke from Cottages afcends.
Dry. Virgo.
The fating Sun defends
Swift to the weftern Waves; and guilty Night
Hafty to Spread her Horrours o'er the World, Rides on the dusky Air.

> Row. Ulyf.

See from afar the Hills no longer fmoke.
The fweating Steers, unharnefs'd from the Yoke, Bring, as in Triumph, back the crooked Plough: The Shadows lengthen, and the Sun goes low; Cold Breezes now the raging Heats remove.

Night rufhes down, and headlong drives the D.ly. DYjd.
The Ev'ning now with Blufhes warms the Air, The Steer refigns his Yoke, the Hind his Care: The Clouds aloft with golden Edgings glow, And falling Dews refiefh the Flow'rs below. The Bat with footy Wings flits thro' the Grove, The Reeds fcarce rufte, nor the Afpine move: And all the feather'd Folks forbear their Lays of Love. Gar. $\}$

When the low Sun is finking to the Main, When rifing Cynthia fheds her filver Dews, And the cool Ev'ning Breeze the Meads renews: When Linnets fill the Woods with tuneful Sound, And hollow Shores the Halycon's Voice rebound. Dr. Virg.

Now the Day wears, the Sun beams faintly bound, And taller Shadows ftretch along the Ground. Blac. The gilded Planet of the Day, In his gay Chariot, drawn by Fire, Was now defcending to the Sea, And left no Light to guide the World, But what from Chloris brighter Eyes was hurl'd. Behn.
As when from Mountain-Tops the dusky Clouds Afcending, while the North-wind fleeps, o'erfpread Heav'ns chearful Face, the lowring Element Scowls o'er the darken'd Landskip Snow, or Show'r; If chance the radiant Sun, with farewell Sweet, Extend his Ev'ning Beams, the Fields revive, The Birds their Notes renew, and bleating Herds Atteft their Joy, that Hill and Valley rings. E UNUCH.
Pleafure forfook his earlieft Infancy; The Luxury of others robb'd his Cradle, And ravifh'd thence the Promife of a Man: Caft out from Nature, difinherited
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This firft a Woman did invent,
In Envy of Man's Ornament;
Semiramis of Babylon,
Who firft of all cut Men o'th'Stone,
To mar their Beards, and laid Foundation
Of the Sow-geld'ring Operation:
Look on this Beard, and tell me whether
Eunuchs wear fuch, or Geldings either.
Hud.

$$
E X A M P L E
$$

Example is a living Law, whofe Sway
Men more than all the written Laws obey. Sed. Ant. \& Cleop. Quoth Hudibras, the Cafe is clear, As thou haft prov'd it by their Practice, No Argument like Matter of Fact is; And we are beft of all led to Mens Principles by what they do. Hud. $E X P E R I E N C E$.
Sixty Years have fpread
Their grey Experience o'er thy hoary Head. Cree. Fuv. Some Truths are not by Reafon to be try'd, (the Fox. But we have fure Experience for our Guide. Dr. The Cock and

Beft Guide! thou open'ft Wifdon's Way,
And giv'ft Accefs, tho' fecret fhe retire. Milt.
The Confident of Age, the Youth's fcorn'd Guide. Dav. E TE S. See Beauty, Hell, Looks.
He Atar'd, and roul'd his, haggard Eyes around. Dryd. Thus did his Fury rife,
And Streaks of Fire flafh'd from his raging Eyes. Blac. Fate is in thy Face,
And from thy haggard Eyes looks wildly out, And threatens e'er thou fpeak'ft. Dryd. All for Love.

Who knows how eloquent there Eyes may prove,
Begging in Floods of Tears and Flames of Love. Roch. Vilent. Then only hear her Eyes;
Tho' they are mute, they plead, nay more,'command:
For bealteous Eyes have arbitrary Pow'r. Dryd. Don Seb.
Our glorious Sun, the Source of Light and Heat,
Whofe Influence chears the World he did create,
Shall fmile on thee from his meridian Skies,
And blefs the Kindred Beauties of thy Eyes.
Thy Eyes, which, could his own fair Beams decay, (Stepm.
Might hine for him, and blefs the World wich Day. Row. Am.

So when the Night and Winter difappear, The purple Morning rifing with the Year, Salutes the Spring ; as her celeftial Eyes Adorn the World, and brighten all the Skies. Dryd. Theor. Crown'd with Charms,
She fhow'd her heav'nly Form without Difguife, And gives herfelf to his defiring Eyes: Proud of the Gift, he roll'd his greedy Sight Around the Work, and gaz'd with vaft Delight. Dryd.Virg. Soft am'rous Sighs, and filent Love of Eyes. Dryd. Pal. © FACTIOUS.
Avoid the politick, the factious Fool, The bufy, buzzing, talking, harden'd Knave; The quaint fmooth Rogue, that fins againft his Reafon, Calls faucy loud Sedition publick Zeal, And Mutiny the Dietates of his Spirit. FAIR. See Beauty. Fair as the Face of Nature did appear, When Flow'rs firft peep'd, and Trees did Bloffoms bear, And Winter had not yet deform'd th' inverted Year. Dryd.Auren.

Lefs fair are Orchards in their Autumn Pride, Adorn'd with Trees, on fome fair River Side: Lefs fair are Valleys, their green Mantles fpread, Or Mountains with tall Cedars on their Head. Cowl.
As fair as Winter Stars, or Summer fetting Suns. Lee Theod. Fairer to be feen
Than the fair Lilly on the flow'ry Green; More frefh than May herfelf in Blofloms new : For with the rofy Colour ftrove her Hue. Dryd. Pal. © Arc.

Form join'd with Virtue is a Sight too rare :
Chafte is no Epithet to fuit with Fair.
Dryd. Fuv.

> FAIRIES.

## Like Fairy Elves,

Whofe midnight Revels, by a Foreft Side,
Or Fountain, fome belated Peafant fees, Or drearms he fees, while over head the Moon Sits Arbitrefs, and nearer to the Earth Wheels her pale Courfe ; they, on their Mirth and Dance Intent, with jocund Mufick charm his Ear.

They dance their Ringlets to the whiftling Wind:
The Honey-Bags fteal from the Humble-Bees, And for Night-Tapers crop their waxen Thighs, And light them at the fiery Gloworms Eyes;

And pluck the Wings from painted Butterflies, To fan the Moon-Beams from their fleeping Eyes. Shak. (Midfummer Night's Dream. Robin Goodfellow.
I fright the Maidens of the Villages,
Skim Milk, and fometimes labour in the Quern ;
And bootlefs make the breathlefs Houfewife churn :
And fometimes make the Drink to bear no Barm;
Miflead Night-wand'rers, laughing at their Harm:
And fometimes lurk I in a Goffip's Bowl,
And when the drinks, againft her Lips I bob,
And on her wither'd Dewlap pour the Ale.
The wifeft Aunt, telling the faddeft Tale,
Sometimes for three-foot Stool miftaketh me,
Then flip I from her Bum, down topples fhe ; And Taylor cries, and falls into a Cough, And then the whole Quire hold their Hips and laugh, And waxen in their Mirth, and freeze, and fwear, A merrier Hour was never wafted there.

Shak. Midfummer
(Night's Dream.
In days of old, when Arthur fill'd the Throne, Whofe Acts and Fame to foreign Lands were blown, The King of Elfs and little Fairy Queen Gambol'd on Hearts, and danc'd on ev'ry Green : And where the jolly Troop had led the Round, The Grafs unbidden rofe, and mark'd the Ground. Nor darkling did they dance, the filver Light Of Phale ferv'd to guide their Steps aright, And, with their Tripping pleas'd, prolong'd the Night. Her Beams they follow'd, where at full fhe play'd, Nor longer than fhe fhed her Horns they ftaid, From thence with airy Flight to foreign Lands convey'd. Above the reft, our Britain held they dear, More folemnly they kept their Sabbaths here, And made more fpacious Rings, and revel'd half the Year. I feak of antient Times, for now the Swain Returning late may pafs the Woods in vain, And never hope to fee the nightly Train. In vain the Dairy now with Mints is drefs'd, The Dairy-Maid expects no Fairy Gueft, To skim the Bowvls, and after pay the Feaft. She fighs, and fhakes her empty Shoes in vain, No filver Penny to reward her Pain:

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For Priefts with Pray'rs, and other godly Geer, Have made the merry Goblins difappear; And where they play'd their merry Pranks before, Have fprinkled Holy Water on the Floor : And Fry'rs that thro the wealthy Regions run, Thick as the Motes that twinkle in the Sun, Refort to Farmers rich, and blefs their Halls, And exorcife the Beds, and crofs the Walls: This makes the Fairy Quires forfake the place, When once 'tis hallow'd with the Rites of Grace. But in the Walks where wicked Elves have been, The Learning of the Parifh now is feen, The midnight Parfon, pofting o'er the Green, With Gown tuek'd up, to Wakes: For Sunday next, With humming Ale encouraging his Text, Nor wants the holy Leer to Country Girl betwixt. From Fiends and Imps he fets the Village fiee, There haunts not any Incubus, but he. The Maid, and Women need no Danger fear To walk by Night, and Sanctity fo near: For by fome Hay-cock, or fome fhady Thorn, Dryd. Wife of He bids his Beads both Even-Song and Morn. (Bath's Tale. FALCON. The Falcon from above, Truffes in middle Air the trembling Dove: Then plumes the Prey, in her ftrong Pounces bound; The Feathers, foul with Blood, come tumbling to the ground.

As when a Falcon, pinch'd with Hunger, fpies
A long-neck'd Hern, that traverfes the Skies; Eager of Blood, and meditating Death, With vig'rous Wings he rifes from beneath; With wondrous Swiftnefs cuts his airy way, And foon in diftance loft, purfues his tim'rous Prey. Blac. Complaints of FALSHOOD. See Ingratitude.
She has a Tongue that can undo the World; She ejes me juft as when the firlt inflam'd me; Such were her Looks, fo melting was her Language, Such falre foft Sighs, and fuch deluding Tears, When from her Lips I took the lufcious Poifon, When with that pleafing perjur'd Breath avowing, Her Whifpers trembled thro my cred'lous Ears, And told the Story of my utter Ruin.
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Cuffalio! Oh! how often has he fworn,
1 Nature fhould change, the Sun and Stars grow dark,
E'er he would fallify his Vows to me:
Make hafte Confufion then! Sun, lofe thy Light!
And Stars, drop dead with Sorrow to the Earth !
For my Caftalio's falfe !
Falfe as the Wind, the Water, or the Weather!
Cruel as Tygers o'er the trembling Prey !
I feel him in my Heart, he tears my Breaft,
And at each Sigh he drinks the gufhing Blood. ..... Otw. Orph.
He hates, he loaths the Beauties that he has enjoy'd;
Oh he is falie! ! that great, that glorious Man, -
Is Tyrant 'midft of his triumphant Spoils,
Is bravely falfe, to all the Gods forfworn!
He that has warm'd my Feet with thoufand Sighs;
Then cool'd 'em with his Tears ! Dy'd on my Knees!
Out-wept the Morning with his dewy Eyes,
And groan'd, and fworn the wond'ring Stars away!
Falfe to Statira! Falfe to her that lov'd him !
That lov'd him, cruel Victor as he was,
And took him bath'd all o'er in Per $\int$ zan Blood;
Kifs'd the dear cruel Wounds, and wafh'd 'em o'erAnd o'er in Tears, then bound 'em with my Hair;Laid him all night upon my panting Bofom,
Lull'd like a Child, and hufh'd him with my Songs ! Lee Alex.
Yet this was fhe, ye Gods, the very fhe,
Who in my Arms lay panting all the night;Who kifs'd and figh'd, and figh'd and kifs'd again,As if her Soul flew upward to her Lips
To meet mine there, and panted at the Paffage ;
Who, loth to find the breaking Day, look'd out,
Then fhrunk into my Bofom, there to make
A little longer Darknefs. ..... Shak. Troil. © Crefid. There was a time,
When Belvidera's Tears, her Cries and Sorrows
Were not defpis'd: When if fhe chanc'd to figh,
Or but look fad, there was indeed a time,
When Faffier would have ta'en her in his Arms,
Eas'd her declining Head upon his Breaft,
And never left till he had found the Caufe.
But now, let her weep Seas,
Cry till fle rend the Earth, figh till The burft
Her Heart afunder ; ftill he bears it all,
Deaf as the Winds, and as the Rocks unfhaken. Otw. Ven. Pref.

Lat Night he flew not with a Lover's hate, Which eagerly prevents th' appointed Hour : I told the Clocks, and watch'd the wafting Lights. And liften'd to each foftly-treading Step, In hopes'twas he; but fill it was not he. At left he came, but with fuch alter'd Looks, So wild, fo ghastly, as forme Ghoft had met him:All pale and fpeechlefs, he furvey'd me round ; Then with a Groan he threw himfelf a-bed, But far from me, as far as he could move ; And figh'd, and tofs'd, and turn'd, but fill from me o: At lat I prefs'd his Hand, and laid me by his fide ; He pulled it back, as if head touch'd a Serpent: .
With that I burt into a Flood of Tears,
And ask'd him how I had offended him:
He anfwer'd nothing, but with Sighs and Groans:-
So reftlefs pafs'd the Night, and at the Dawn,
Leap'd from the Bed, and vanifh'd. Dryd. Span. Fry:
What have I done, ye Pow'rs! what have I done,
To fee my Youth, my Beauty, and my Love,
No fooner gain'd, but flighted and betray'd?
And, like a Roe, just gather'd from the Stalk,
But only felt, and cheaply thrown afide,
To wither on the ground ! Tell me, Heaven !
Why name I Heaven? There is no Heav'n for me:
Despair, Death, Hell, have feiz'd my tortur'd Soul.
When I had raised his groveling Fate from Ground,
To Pow'r and Love, to Empire, and to me,
When each Embrace was dearer than the firft;
Then, then to be contemn'd; then, then thrown off;
It calls me old, and withered, and deform'd, :.
And loathfom!
The Turtle flies not from his billing Mate;
He bills the clofer: But ungrateful Man,
Bale barb'rous Man, the more we raife our Love,
The more we pall, and cool, and chill his Ardour.
Racks, Poifons, Daggers, rid me but of Life,
And any Death is welcome.
Dry. Span. Fry.
Nothing fo kind as he, when in my Arms;
In thoufand Kiffes, tender Sighs, and Joys,
Not to be thought again, the Night was wafted:
At Dawn of Day he rofe, and left his Conquer.
But when we met, and I with open Arms
Ran to embrace the Lord of all my Withes,

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Oh then ! he threw me from his Breaft, Like a detefted Sin. As I hung too Upon his Knees, and begg'd to know the Caufe,
He dragg'd me like a Slave upon the earth, And had no pity on my Cries;
Dafh'd me difdainfully away with fcorn.
He did: And more, I fear will ne'er be friends,
Tho I ftill love him with unbated Paffion:
Alas ! I love him ftill, and tho I ne'er
Clafp him again within thefe longing Arms,
Yet blefs him, blefs him, Gods, where-e'er he goes. Otw. Orph.
My mortal Injuries have turn'd my Mind,
And I could hate my felf for being kind :
If there be any Majefty above,
That has Revenge in ftore for perjur'd Love,
Send, Heav'n, the fwifteft Ruin on his Head,
Strike the Deftroyer, lay the Victor dead,
Kill the Triumpher, and avenge my Wrong,
In height of Pomp, when he is warm and young,
Bolted with Thunder let him rufh along:
And when in the laft Pangs of Life he lies,
Grant I may ftand to dart him with my Eyes :
Nay, after Death
Purfie his fpotted Soul, and fhoot him as he flies. Lee Alex.
1 could tear out thefe Eyes that gain'd his Heart,
And had not pow'r to keep it. "Oh the Curfe
Of doating on, ev'n when I find it Dotage !
Bear witnefs, Gods! you heard him bid me go ;
You, whom he mock'd with imprecating Vows
Of promis'd Faith: I'll die, I will not bear it :
I can keep in my Breath, I can die inward,
And choak this Love.
Oh I could tear my Flefh,
Or him, or you, or all the World to pieces.
My Soul is pent, and has not Elbow-room ;
'Tis fwell'd with this laft Slight beyond all bounds.
Oh that it had a Space might anfwer to
Its infinite Defire, where I might ftand,
And hurl the Spheres about, like fportive Balls. Lee Alex.
Drive me, $O$ drive me from that Traitor, Man;
So I might 'fcape that Monfter, let me dwell
In Lions Haunts, or in fome Tyger's Den !
Place me on fome fteep, craggy, ruin'd Rock,
That bellies out, juft dropping in the Ocean:

Bury me in the Hollow of its Womb;
Where, ftarving on my cold and flinty Bed,
I may from far, with giddy Apprehenfion,
See infinite Fathoms down the rumbling Deep:
Yet not e'en there, in that vaft Whirl of Death,
Can there be found fo terrible a Ruin,
As Man! falce Man! fmiling deftructive Man! Lee Theodo.
Oh! my hard Fate! why did I truft her ever ?
What Story is not full of Woman's Falfhood?
The Sex is all a Sea of wide Deftruction :
We are the vent'rous Barks that leave our Home,
For thofe fure Dangers which their Smiles conceal !
At firt they draw us in with flatt'ring Looks
Of Summer Calms, and a foft Gale of Sighs :
Sometimes, like Syrens, charm us with their Songs,
Dance on the Waves, and fhew their golden Locks;
But when the Tempef comes, then, then they leave us,
Or rather help the new Calamity;
And the whole Storm is one injurious Woman!
The Lightning follow'd with a Thunderbolt
Is marble-hearted Woman! All the Shelves,
The faithlefs Winds, blind Rocks, and finking Sands,
Are Woman all! the Wrecks of wretched Men! Lec Mithrid. FAME.
Fame, the great Ill, from fmall Beginnings grows;
Swift from the firft, and every moment brings
New Vigour to her Flights, new Pinions to her Wings :
Soon grows the Pigmy to gigantick Size;
Her Feet on Earth, her Forehead in the Skies.
Inrag'd againf the Gods, revengeful Earth
Produc'd her laft of the Titanian Birth:
Swift is her Walk, more fwift her winged Hafte,
A monftrous Phantom, horrible and vaf.
As many Plumes as raife her lofty Flight,
So many piercing Eyes enlarge her Sight.
Millions of opening Mouths to Fame belong,
And ev'ry Mouth is furnifh'd with a Tongue,
And round with lif'ning, Ears the flying Plague is hung. $\}$
She fills the peaceful Univerfe with Cries,
No Slumbers ever clofe her wakeful Eyes:
By Day from lofty Tow'rs her Head the fhews,
And fpreads thro trembling Crouds difaft'rous News.

With Court-Informers haunts, and Royal Spies; (with Lyses. Things done relates, not done fie feigns, and mingles Truth Talk is her Bus'nefs, and her chief Delight, To tell of Prodigies, and cause Affright. There is a tall long.fíded Dame, But wondrous light, ycleped Fame, That, like a thin Camelion, boards Her felf on Air, and eats her Words. Upon her Shoulders Wings he wears, Like Hanging-Sleeves, lind throw with Ears; And Eyes and Tongues, as Poets lift, Made good by deep Mythologif. With thee the tho the Welkin flies, And fometimes carries Truth, oft Eyes. About her Neck a Packet-Mail, Fraught with Advice ; rome frefh, forme fate: Of Men that walk'd when they were dead, And Cows of Monfters brought to bed. Two Trumpets fie does found at once, But both of clean contrary Tones; But whether both with the fame Wind, Or one before, and one behind, We know not; only this can tell, The one founds vilely, th'other well ; And therefore vulgar Authors name Th' one good, the other evil Fame.

Hhd.
Fame, the loofe Breathings of a clam'rous Crowd, Ever in Lees moot confident and loud. Roche. Valent.

While Fame is young, too weak to fly away, Envy purfues her like fome Bird of Prey;
But once on wing, then all the Dangers cafe,
Envy herfelf is glad to be at peace ;
Gives over, weary'd with fo high a Flight,
Above her Reach, and farce within her Sight.
But fuck the Frailty is of human Kind,
Men toil for Fame, which no Man lives to find.
Long rip'ning under Ground this China lies;
Fame bears no Fruit till the vain Planter dies. Norm.
How much the Thirst of Honour fires the Blood!
How many would be great, how few be good! For who would Virtue for her felf regard,
Or wed without the Portion of Reward ?
Let this mad Chase of Fame, by few purfu'd, Has drawn Deftruction on the Multitude :

This Avarice of Praife in Times to come, Thofe long Infcriptions crouded on the Tomb, Should forme wild Fig-Tree take her native Bent, And heave below the gaudy Monument, Would crack the Marble Titles, and difperfe The Characters of all the lying Verfe. For Sepulchres themfelves mut crumbling fall
In Time's Abyss, the common Grave of all.
Dry. Fur.
And with what rare Inventions do we Arrive Our felves then to furvive?
Wife fubtle Arts, and fuch as well befit
That Nothing Man's no Wit.
Some with raft coftly Tombs would purchafe it, And by the Proofs of Death pretend to live.

Here lies the Great False Marble, where?
Nothing but fall and fordid Duff lies there.
Some build enormous Mountain-Palaces; A lafting Life in well-hewn Stone they rear :

So he, who on th' Egyptian Shore Was fain fo many hundred Years ago, Lives in the dropping Ruins of his Amphitheatre. His Eather-in-law a higher Place doth claim In the feraphick Entity of Fame:

He, fince that Toy his Death,
Does fill all Mouths, and breathes in all Men Breath.
${ }^{2}$ Ti true, the two immortal Syllables remain; But, Oh! ye learned Men explain,

What Effence, what Exiftence this,
What Substance, what Subfiftence, what Hypoftafis, -
In fix poor Letters is?
In thole alone does the Great Cedar live;
'Ti all the conquer'd World could give.
We Poets, madder yet than all, With a refin'd phantaftick Vanity,
Think we not only have, but give Eternity. .
Fain would I fee that Prodigal,
Who his To-morrow would beftow
For all old Homer's Life, e'er fince he dy'd till now. Covets. PALACE of FAME.
Full in the middy of this created Space, Betwixt Heav'n, Earth, and Seas, there ftands a Place Confining on all three, with triple Bound ; Whence all things, tho remote, are view'd around, And thither bring their undulating Sound.


The Palace of loud Fame! Her Seat of Pow'r, Plac'd on the Summit of a lofty Tow'r:
A thoufand winding Entries, long and wide, Receive of frefh Reports a flowing Tide: A thoufand Crannies in the Walls are made, Nor Gates, nor Bars, exclude the bufy Trade. 'Tis built of Brafs, the better to diffufe The fpreading Sounds, and multiply the News:
Where Echoes in repeated Echoes play ;
A Mart for ever full, and open Night and Day.
Nor Silence is within, nor Voice exprefs,
But a deaf Noife of Sounds that never ceafe;
Confus'd and chiding, like the hollow Roar
Of Tides receding from th' infulted Shoar:
Or like the broken Thunder heard from far,
When Fove to Diftance drives the rolling War.
The Courts are fill'd with a tumultuous Din
Of Crouds, or iffuing forth, or entring in:
A Thorow-fare of News; where fome devife
Thinǵs never heard, fome mingle Truth with Lyes:
The troubled Air with empty Sounds they beat ;
Intent to hear, and eager to repeat.
Error fits brooding there, with added Train
Of vain Credulity, and Foys as vain: Suspicion, with Sedition join'd, are near ;
And Rumors rais'd, and Murmurs mix'd, and panick Fewro Fame fits aloft, and fees the fubject Ground, . Dryd. Ovid.
And Seas about, and Skies above, enquiring all around.
FAMINE.

This Famine has a fharp and meagre Face;
'Tis Death in an Undrefs of Skin and Bone:
Where Age and Youth, their Land-mark ta'en away,
Look all one common Sorrow. Dryd. Cleom.
Famine fo fierce, that what's deny'd Man's Ufe,
Iv'n deadly Plants, and Herbs of pois'nous Juice, Wild Hunger eats ; and to prolong our Breath,
We greedily devour our certain Death.
The Soldier in th'Affaults of Famine falls,
And Ghofts, not Men, are watching on the Walls. Dry.Ind.Emp.
He daily dies by Hours and Moments,
All vital Nourihment but Air is wanting :
Three rifing Days, and two defcending Nights
Have chang'd the Face of Heav'n and Earth by turns,
a t brought no kind Vicifitude to him.

His State is ftill the fame, with Hunger pinch'd, Warting the flow Approaches of his Death, Which halting onwards as his Life goes back, Still gains upon his Ground.

Dryd. Cleom.
Death, like a lazy Mafter, ftands aloof, And leaves his Work to the flow Hands of Famine. Dry.Cleom. FAN.
Flavia, the leaft and flighted Toy, Can with refiftlefs Art employ: This Fan, in meaner Hands, would prove An Engine of fmall Force in Love; Yet hhe, with graceful Air and Mein, Not to be told, or fafely feen, Directs its wanton Motions fo, That it wounds more than Cupid's Bow; Gives Coolnefs to the matchlefs Dame, To ev'ry other Breaft a Flame.

Atter. FANCY.
There is a Place which Man moft high does rear ; The fmall World's Heav'n, where Reafon rules the Sphere :
Here in a Robe, which does all Colours fhow, Fancy, wild Dame, with much lafcivious Pride, By Twin-Camelions drawn, does gaily ride.
Her Coach there follows, and throngs round about,
Of Shapes and airy Forms an endlefs Rout.
A Sea rolls on with harmlefs Fury there,
Strait 'tis a Fleld, and Trees and Herbs appear :
Here in a moment are vaft Armies made, And a quick Scene of War and Blood difplay'd: Here fparkling Wines, and brighter Maids come in, The Bawds for Senfe, and living Baits for $\operatorname{Sin}$ : Here golden Mountains fwell the cov'tous Place, And Centaurs ride themfelves a painted Race.

When Reafon fleeps, our mimick Fancy wakes, Supplies her Part, and wild Ideas takes From Words and Things ill-futed and misjoin'd, The Anarchy of Thought, and Chaos of the Mind. Dryd. (State of Innoience.
Howe'er, 'tis well, that while Mankind, Thro Fate's fantaftick Mazes errs, They can imagin'd Pleafures find, To combat againft real Cares. Fancies and Notions we purfue, Whlich ne'er had Being but in Thought;

And, like the doating Artift, woo
The Image we our felves have wrought.
Prier.
FATE. See Fortune, Predeftination, and Free-Will.
The Pow'r that minifters to God's Decrees,
And executes on Earth what he forefees:
Call'd Providence, or Chance, or fatal Sway,
Comes with refiftlefs Force, and finds or makes her Way.
Nor Kings, nor Nations, nor united Pow'r,
One moment can retard th' appointed Hour.
For fure whate'er we Mortals hate or love,
Or hope, or fear, depends on Pow'rs above;
They move our Appetites to Good or Ill,
And by Forefight neceffitate the Will. Dryd. Pah of Arco An unfeen Hand makes all our Moves:
And fome are great, and fome are fmall ;
Some climb to good, fome from good Fortune fall ;
Some wife Men, and fome Fools we call ;
Figures, alas ! of Speech, for Deftiny plays us all.
Cowl.
${ }^{3}$ Tis Fate that cafts the Dice, and as fhe flings,
Of Kings makes Pedants, and of Pedants Kings. Dryd. Fuv.
What Heav'n decrees, no Prudence can prevent. Dry.Auren. Predeftinated Ills are never loft. Dryd. Don Seb.
Fate and the dooming Gods are deaf to Tears. Dryd. Virgo
Let thy great Deeds force Fate to change her Mind ;
He that courts Fortune boldly, makes her kind. How.Ind.2ueen.
'Tis our own Wifdom moulds our State :
Our Faults and Virtues make our Fate.
Cowl.
Man makes his Fate according to his Mind.
The weak low Spirit Fortune makes her Slave, But the's a Drudg, when hector'd by the Brave. if Fate weave common Thred, he'll change the Doom, And with new Purple fpread a nobler Loom. Dryd. Conq. of (Gran.
Heav'n has to all allotted, foon or late,
Some lucky Revolutions of their Fate:
Whofe Motions if we watch and guide with Skill,
(For human Good depends on human Will)
Our Fortune rolls as from a fmooth Deffent,
And from the firft Impreffion takes the Bent:
But if unfeiz'd, fhe glides away like Wind,
And leaves repenting Folly far behind. Dryd. Abf. \& Achit.
On what ftrange Grounds we build our Hopes and Fears !
Man's Life is all a Mift, and in the Dark
Our Fortunes meet us.

If Fate be not, then what can we forefee?
And how can we avoid it, if it be?
If by Free-Will in our own Paths we move,
How are we bounded by Decrees above?
Whether we drive, or whether we are driv'n,
If ill, 'tis ours; if good, the Att of Heav'n. Dryd. Temp.
Some kinder Pow'r, too weak for Deftiny,
Took Pity, and indu'd his new-form'd Mafs
With Temp'rance, Juftice, Prudence, Fortitude,
And ev'ry kingly Virtue; but in vain:
For Fate, that fent him hood-wink'd to the World,
Perform'd its Work by his miftaken Hands.
Dryd. Oedito:
To you, Great Gods, I make my laft Appeal ;
Or clear my Virtues, or my Crimes reveal:
If wandring in the Maze of Fate I run,
And backward trod the Paths I fought to fhun; Impute my Errors to your own Decree;
My Hands are guilty, but my Heart is free. Dryd. Oedip.
Gods ! would you be ador'd for doing good,
Or only fear'd for proving mifchievous ?
How would you have your Mercy underfood,
Who would create a Wretch like Maximus,
Ordain'd, tho guiltlefs, to be infamous ?
Supreme firf Caufes! you whence all things flow,
Whofe Infinitenefs does each Little fill ;
You who decree each feeming Chance below,
So great in Power, were you as good in Will,
How could you ever have produc'd fuch Ill?
Had your eternal Minds been bent on Good,
Could human Happiners have prov'd fo lame?
Rapine, Revenge, Injuftice, Thirft of Blood,
Grief, Anguifh, Horror, Want, Defpair, and Shame,
Had never found a Being nor a Name!
${ }^{3}$ Tis therefore lefs Impiety to fay,
Evil with you has Co-eternity ;
Than blindly taking it the other way,
That merciful, and of Election free,
You did create the Mifchiefs you forefee.
Roch. Valent.
Be jufter Heav'n! fuch Virtue punifh'd thus,
Will make us think that Chance rules all above,
And fhuffles with a random Hand the Lots
Which Man is forc'd to draw.
Dryd. All for Love.

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Thus with fhort Plummets Heaven's deep Will we found, That vaft Aby's where human Wit is drown'd!
In our fmall Skiff we muft not launch too far ;
We here but Coafters, not Difcov'rers are. Dryd. Tyr. Love. Eternal Deities !
Who rule the World with abfolute Decrees, And write whatever Time fhall bring to pafs
With Pens of Adamant on Piates of Brafs:
What is the Race of Human Kind your Care,
Beyond what all his Fellow-Creatures are?
He with the reft is liable to Pain,
And like the Sheep, his Brother Beaft, is flain.
Cold, Hunger, Prifons, Ills without a Cure;
All thefe he muft, and guiltlefs oft endure.
Or does your Juftice, Pow'r, or Prefcience fail,
When the Good fuffer, and the Bad prevail ?
What worfe to wretched Virtue could befal,
If Fate or giddy Fortune govern'd all?
Nay, worfe than other Beafts is our Eftate;
Them, to purfue their Pleafures, you create ;
We, bound by harder Laws, muft curb our Will,
And your Commands, not our Defires fulfil.
Then when the Creature is unjufly flain,
Yet after Death at leaft he feels no Pain:
But Man in Life furcharg'd with Woe before,
Not freed when dead, is doom'd to fuffer more. Dryd. Pal. or
Good Heav'ns! why gave you me
A Monarch's Soul,
And crufted it with bafe Plebean Clay?
Why gave you me Defires of fuch Extent,
And fuch a Span to grafp them? Sure my Lot,
By fome o'er-hafty Angel, was mifplac'd
In Fate's eternal Volume.
Dryd.Span. Fry.
Tell me why, good Heaven!
Thou mad'ft me what I am, with all the Spirit,
Afpiring Thoughts, and elegant Defires,
That fill the happief Man ? Ah! rather why
Didft thou not form me fordid as my Fate,
Bafe-minded, dull, and fit to carry Burdens?
Why have I Senfe to know the Curfe that's on me?
Is this juft dealing, Nature? Otw. Ven. Pref.
Was it for this, ye cruel Gods! you made me
G:eat, like your felves, and as a King to be
Your facred Image? Was it but for this?

Why rather was I not a Peafant Slave,
Bred from my Birth a Drudg to your Creation,
And to my deftin'd Load inur'd betimes? Row. Amb. Stepm. Ye cruel Powers!
Take me as you have made me, miferable!
You cannot make me guilty! 'Twas my Fate, And you made that, not I.
'Tis thus that Heav'n its Empire does maintain;
It may afflict, but Man may not complain.
Yet 'tis the Curfe of mighty Minds opprefs'd,
To think what their State is, and what it fhould be:
Impatient of their Lot, they reafon fiercely,
And call the Laws of Providence unequal.
Row Ulysf.
But why, alas! do mortal Men in vain,
Of Fortune, Fate, or Providence complain ?
God gives us what he knows our Wants require,
And better things than thofe which we defire:
Some pray for Riches, Riches they obtain;
But watch'd by Robbers, for their Wealth are flain:
Some pray from Prifon to be freed; and come,
When guilty of their Vows, to fall at home;
Murder'd by thofe they trufted with their Life,
A favour'd Servant, or a Bofom Wife.
Such dear-bought Bleffings happen ev'ry day,
Becaufe we know not for what things to pray.
Like drunken Sots about the Streets we roam,
Well knows the Sot he has a certain Home;
Yet knows not how to find th' uncertain Place,
But blunders on, and faggers ev'ry Pace.
Thus all feek Happinefs, but few can find,
For far the greater part of Men are blind. Dryd. Pal. ©o Arc. The Gods are juft;
But how can Finite meafure Infinite ?
Reafon, alas! it does not know it felf:
But Man, vain Man, would with this fhort-lin'd Plummet
Fathom the vaft Abyfs of heav'nly Juftice.
Whatever is, is in its Caufes juft;
Since all things are by Fate: But purblind Man
Sees but a part o'th' Chain; the neareft Link;
His Eyes not carrying to that equal Beam
That poifes all above.
Impute not then to me
The Fault of Fortune, or the Fate's Decree:

Or call it Heav'ns Imperial Pow'r alone,
Which moves on Springs of Juftice, tho unknown:
Yet this we fee, tho order'd for the beft,
The Bad exalted, and the Good opprefs'd.
Permitted Laurels grace the lawlefs Brow,
Th' Unworthy rais'd, the Worthy caft below. Dryd.Sig, © Guis,
And therefore wert thou bred to viruous Knowledg,
And Wifdom early planted in thy Soul,
That thou mighot know to rule thy fiery Paffions,
'To bind their Rage, and ftay their headlong Courfe'; -
To bear with Accidents, and ev'ry Change.
Of various Life; to ftruggle with Adverfity ;
To wait the leifure of the righteous Gods,
Till they, in their own good appointed Hour,
Shall bid thy better Days come forth at once;
A long and fhining Train, till thou well-pleafed, (Row Ulyff-
Shall bow, and blefs thy Fate, and own the Gods are juft.
FEAR. See Runaway.
A deadly Fear o'er all his Vieals reigns,
Añd his chill'd Blood hangs curdled in his Veins. Blac.
Terror froze up his Hair, and on his Face
Show'rs of cold Sweat roll'd trembling down apace. Cowl. Aghaft he wak'd, and ftarting from his Bed,
Cold Sweats in clammy Drops his Limbs o'er-fpread. Dryd: His knocking Knees are bent beneath the Load,
And fhiv'ring Cold congeals his vital Blood. Dryd.Virg. The pale Affiftants on each other ftar'd,
With gaping Mouths for iffuing Words prepar'd:
The ftill-born Sounds upon the Palat hung,
And dy'd imperfect on the falt'ring Tongue. DrydiTheod. er Hon.
I feel my Sinews flacken'd with the Fright,
And a cold Sweat trills down all o'er my Limbs,
As if I were diffolving into Water.
Dryd. Teman
At thy dread Anger the fix'd World frall fhake,
And frighted Nature her own Laws forfake;
Do thou but threat, loud Storms fhall make Reply,
And Thunder echo'd to the trembling Sky;
While warring Seas fwell to fo bold a height,
As fhall the Fire's proud Element affright:
Th' old drudging Sun, from his long-beaten Way; Shall at thy Voice ftart, and mifguide the Day.
The jocund Orbs fhall break their meafur'd Pace,
And ftubborn Poles change their allotted Place.

Heav'n's gilded Troops fall flutter here and there, Leaving their boating Songs turn'd to a Sphere. Nay, their God too For fear he did, when we -Took noble Arms againft his Tyranny: So noble Arms, and in a Caufe fo great, That Triumph they deferve for their Defeat. Cowl. [Spoken by Envy to the Devil.]
With that, with his long Tail he lafh'd his Breast, And horribly spoke out in Looks the reft. The quaking Pow'rs of Night food in amaze, And at each other frt could only gaze: A dreadful Silence fill'd the hollow Space, Doubling the native Terror of Hell's Face. Rivers of flaming Brimftone, which before So loudly rag'd, crept Softly by the Shore: No Hiss of Snakes, no Clank of Chains was known, The Souls amidst their Tortures duff not groan.

Cow
The filler Moon with Terror paler grew, And neighb'ring Hermon fweated flow'ry Dew.
The Stars, amaz'd, ran backward from the Sight ; And, Shrunk within their Sockets, loft their Light. Dry. Ovid. Who would believe what ftrange Bug-bears.
Mankind creates it Self of Fears !
That Spring, like Fern, that Infect Weed,
Equivocally, without Seed;
And have no poffible Foundation,
But merely in th' Imagination.
And yet can do more dreadful Feats
Than Hags, with all their Imps and Teats:
Make more bewitch and haunt themfelves,
Than all the Nurferies of Elves.
For Fear does things fo like a Witch,
${ }^{5}$ This hard t'unriddle which is which:
Sets up Communities of Senses,
To chop and change Intelligences:
As Roficrufian Virtuofis
Can fee with Ears, and hear with Noes;
And when they neither fee nor hear, Have more than both fupply'd by Fear :
That makes them in the dark fee Vifions,
And hag themfelves with Apparitions;
And when their Eyes difrover leaf,
Discern the fubtleft Objects bet.

Do Things not contrary alone
To th' Force of Nature, but its own:
The Courage of the braveft daunt,
And turn Poltroons to Valiant :
For Men as refolute appear
With too much, as too little Fear;
And when they're out of hopes of flying,
Will run away from Death by dying:
Or turn again to ftand it out,
And thofe that fled, like Lions rout. Hudo
For Fear oft braver Feats performs,
Than ever Courage dar'd in Arms.
Hud.
It is an Ague that forfakes,
And haunts by Fits thofe whom it takes.
Hud.
Fear ever argues a degenerate Mind.
Dryd. Virg.
Fear is the laft of Ills:
In time we hate that which we often fear. Shak. Ant. or Cleopo FEMALE.
All Females have Prerogative of Sex:
The She's, e'en of the Savage Herd, are fafe ;
All, when they frarl or bite, have no Return,
But Courthip from the Male.
Dryd. Don. Seb.
FIGHTING at Sea. See Battel, Duel, War.
The Ships wide Caves collected Vengeance bear,
Turgid with Death, and prominent with War.
Now they begin the Tragick Play,
And with their fmoky Cannon banifh Day.
At the firft Shock, with Blood and Powder fain'd,
Nor Heav'n, nor Sea, their former Face retain'd.
Fury and Art produce Effects fo ftrange,
They trouble Nature, and her Vifage change.
Night, Horror, Slaughter, with Confufion meets,
And in their fable Arms embrace the Fleets.
Thro yielding Planks the angry Bullets fly,
And of one Wound Hundreds together die :
Born under diff'rent Stars, one Fate they have,
The Ship their Coffin, and the Sea their Grave ;
The Sea that blufh'd with Blood.
Wall.
Deform'd Deftruction, and wild Horror ride
In fearful Pomp upon the Crimfon Tide.
Blac.
The wondring Skies with foreign Lightning fhone,
And rung with Peals of Thunder, not their own.
Blac.
The thundring Cannons,
With their loud Roar, the angry Seas affuage ;

Awe lift'ning Winds, and calm their weaker Rage.
The mighty Foe with Indignation burns, And Fire for Fire, and Peal for Peal returns : Broadfide and Broadfide they together lie, And with alternate Deaths each other ply: With dreadful Noife the bellowing Cannon play, And mutual Wounds in mutual Fire convey: Roaring Deftruction from their Veffels broke, And pond'rous Deaths flew thick in Clouds of Smoke.

On either fide the Foe outrageous grew, And Deaths unfeen in dreadful Tempefts flew: Deftruction they exchange; by turns they give Exploded Ruin, and by turns receive. The Cannons roar did diftant Regions frare, Shake all the Shores, and torture all the Air; With a frrange Tempeft did becalm the Deep, Compofe the Waves, and lay the Winds afleep.

Once Fove from Ida did both Hofts furvey, And when he pleas'd to thunder, pait the Fray: Here Heav'n in vain that kind Retreat fhould found, The louder Cannon had the Thunder drown'd.

Vaft Sheets of Flame, and pitchy Clouds arife, And burning Vomit fpouts againft the Skies: Tempents of Fire th'aftonifh'd Heavens annoy, Fierce as thofe Storms that from their Clouds deftroy. Blac. Now Seas of Water mix'd with Seas of Blood, And crimfon Billows reek along the Flood: The half-burnt Ships, which on the Ocean glide, With ignominious Wreck deform the Tide.

The burning Ships the banifh'd Sun fupply, And no Light Thines but that by which Men die. Wall.
To the tall Mafts the raging Flame afpires, And Neighbour fits to Heav'n's contiguous Fires: Scorch'd Bodies, broken Mafts, and fimoaking Beams, Promifcuous Ruin float along the Streams.

Tof by a Whirlwind of tempeftuous Fire, A thoufand Wretches in the Air expire.

Den.
Into the Waves fome their pale Bodies throw, And fly from Death above to Death below.

As th'Elm, which of its Arms the Ax bereaves, New Strength and Vigour from its Wounds receives: Their Rage by Lofs of Blood is kindled more, And with their Guns, like Hurricanes, they roar.

Like Hurricanes, the knotted Oaks they tear, Scourge the vex'd Ocean, and torment the Air. Whilft Earth, Air, Sea, in wild Confufion hurl'd, With univerfal Wreck, and Chaos, threat the World.
Such would the Noife be, fhould this mighty All,
Crufh'd and confounded, into Atoms fall.
The Ships, which in magnificent Array,
But juft before did their proud Flags dirplay,
And feem'd with warring Deftiny to play;
$\}$
Now from our Rage, defpoil'd of Rigging, tow,
Or burn, or up into the Air they blow.
Thus a large Row of Oaks does long remain
The Ornament and Shelter of the Plain:
With their afpiring Heads they reach the Sky,
Their huge extended Arms the Winds defy:
The Tempeft fees their Strength, and fighs, and paffes by.
\}
When Fove, concern'd that they fo high afpire,
Amongft them fends his own revenging Fire:
Which does with difmal Havock on 'em fall;
Burns fome, and tears up fome, but rends them all:
From their dead Trunks their mangled Arms are torn,
And from their Heads their fcatter'd Glories born :
Upon the Heath they blafted ftand, and bare;
And thofe whom once they fhelter'd, now they fcare. Den.
Amid the Main two mighty Fleets engage;
Their brazen Beaks oppos'd with equal Rage ;
Moving they fight, with Oars and forky Prows
The Froth is gather'd, and the Water glows:
It feems as if the Cyclades again
Were rooted up, and juftled in the Main;
Or floating Mountains, floating Mountains meet;
Such is the fierce Encounter of the Fleet.
Fireballs are thrown, and pointed Jav'lins fly;
The Fields of Neptune take a purple Dye.
Dryd. Virg-
FIRE. See Funeral.

As when in Summer welcome Winds arife,
The watchful Shepherd to the Foreft flies,
And fires the midmof Plants: Contagion fpreads,
And catching Flames infeft the neighb'ring Heads;
Around the Foreft.flies the furious Blaft,
And all the leafy Nation finks at laft,
And Vulcan rides in Triumpho'er the Wafte.
The Paftor, pleas'd with his dire Vietory,
Beholds the fatiate Flames in Sheets afcends the Sky: Dryd.Virg.

The conqu'ring Flames advance with lawlefs Pow'r, And with outrageous Heat the Trees devour. The fpreading Burning lays the Foreft wafte, And footy Spoils lie fmoking where it pafs ${ }^{2} d$.

The Laurels crackle in the burning Fire, The frighted Sylvans from their Shades reire. Dryd. Virg.

For firft the frould'ring Flame the Trunk receives;
Afcending thence it crackles in the Leaves:
At length victorious to the Top afpires,
Involving all the Wood in fmoky Fires :
But moft, when driv'n by Winds the flaming Storm,
Of the long Files deftroys the beaureous. Form.
Dryd. Virg:
Thus when a Flood of Fire by Winds is born,
Crackling it rolls, and mows the ftanding Corn. Dryd. Virg. The Flames were blown afide,
Fann'd by the Winds, and gave a ruffled Light. Dryd. Pal. © \&rc. When ftrong rifing Flames Refiftance find,
Beat downwards by a fierce impetuous Wind ;
The liquid Pyramids with Labour bend
Their Tops, and fink, ftill ftruggling to afcend.
Blac.
If in fome Town a Fire breaks out by chance,
Th'impetuous Flames with lawlefs Pow'r advance;
On ruddy Wings the bright Deftruction flies,
Follow'd with Ruin, and amazing Cries:
The flaky Plague fpreads fwiftly with the Wind,
And ghaftly Defolation howls behind.
Blac.

> The crackling Flames appear on high,

And driving Sparkles dance along the Sky:
Driv'n on the Wings of Winds, whole Sheets of Fire,
Thro Air tranfported, to the Roofs afpire;
With Vulcan's Rage the rifing Winds confpire. Dryd. Virg.S. Ships on Fire. See Fighting at Sea.
The kindled Vengeance rears its dreadful Head,
And all around $\not$ 无tnean Terrors fpread.
With difmal Wings the cracking Flames arife,
Shoot out their ruddy Tongues, and lick the Skies:
The airy Region fhines with hideous Light;
And horrid Day difpels lefs horrid Night.
$\Lambda$ dreadful Outcry on the Deep began;
Ships fell on Ships, Galleys on Galleys ran;
Rigging with Rigging met, and Maft with Maft, And Sails with fatal Friendihip Sails embrac'd. With fruitlefs Toil the Crew oppofe the Flame; No Art can now the fpreading Mifchief tame:

Some choak'd and fmother'd did expiring lie,
Burn with their Ships, and on the Waters fry:
Some, when the Flames could be no more withtood,
By wild Defpair directed, midft the Flood
Themfelves in hafto from their tall Veffels threw,
And from a dry to liquid Ruin flew.
Sad Choice of Death! when thofe who fhun the Fire;
Muft to as fierce an Element retire.
Uncommon Suff'rings did thefe Wretches wait:
Both burnt and drown'd, they met a double Fate.
What ghaftly Ruin then deform'd the Deep !
Here glowing Planks, and flaming Ribs of Oak:
Here fmoking Beams, and Mafts in fứnder broke;
Nor Coal intirely, nor intirely Wood,
Roll on the Billows, and pollute the Flood.
Here gilded Sterns, there ample Lanthorns float,
And curious Shapes by Mafter-Carvers wrought.
There half-burnt Lions on the Water grin,
And footy Leopards lofe their fpotted Skin.
The gazing Fifh are all amaz'd to fee
The Monfters of the Foreft fwim the Sea.
The Flame, unftop'd at firf, more Fury gains,
And Vulcan rides at large with loofen'd Reins;
Triumphant to the painted Sterns he foars,
And feizes in his way the Banks and crackling Oars.
A Storm of Sparkles and of Flames arife,
Nor will the raging Fires their Furies ceafe;
But lurking in the Seams with feeming Peace,
Work on their way amid the fmould ring Tow,
Sure in Deftruction, but in Motion flow.
The filent Plague thro the green Timber eats,
And vomits out a tardy Flame by Fits.
Down to the Keels, and upward to the Sails,
The Fire defcends, or mounts; but ftill prevails:
Not Buckets pour'd, nor Strength of Human Hand,
Can the victorious Element withftand,
Or ftop the fiery Peft.
Dryd. Virg. FIRE-WORKS.
Before th' Imperial Palace tow'ring ftood
Rare Works of Fire, encas'd in painted Wood;
Whofe rival Glories did to Heav'n arife,
And Earth-born Thunder rung along the Skies.

The Heav'ns amaz'd, with borrow'd Luftre fhone, With Lights and Meteors of a Race unknown, With foreign Stars, as thick and fplendid as their own. Such Noife, fuch Flames fill'd all the ambient Air, The very Triumph feem'd another War, And with the dreadful Joy did all the People fcare.

FIRMAMENT. See Creation. FIS H. See Creation, Mufe. FLATTERY. Give me Flattery,
Flatt'ry, the Food of Courts, that I may rock him,' And lull him in the Down of his Defires.

No Flattery, Boy ! an honeft Man can't live by't:
It is a little fneaking Art, which Knaves
Ufe to cajole and foften Fools withal.
If thou haft Flattery in thy Nature, out with it;
Or fend it to a Court, for there 'twill thrive.
Otw. Orph
'Tis next to Mony current there;
To be feen daily in as many Forms,
As there are forts of Vanities and Men. The fuperfitious Statefman has his Sneer,
To fmooth a poor Man off, who cannot bribe him :
The grave dull Fellow of fmall Bus'nefs fooths
The Humourift, and will needs admire his Wit.
Who without Spleen could fee a hot-brain'd Atheift
Thanking a furly Doctor for his Sermon?
Or a grave Counfellor meet a fmooth young Lord, Squeeze him by th' Hand, and praife his good Complexion?

Otw. Orph.
There, like a Statue thou haft ftood befieg'd By Sycophants and Fools, the Growth of Courts: Where thy gull'd Eyes, in all the gawdy Round, Met nothing but a Lye in ev'ry. Face; And the grofs Flatt'ry of a gaping Croud, Envious who firtt fhould catch, and firt applaud The Stuff, or Royal Nonfenfe. When I, fpoke, My honeft homely Words were car $\mathrm{p}^{\prime} \mathrm{d}$ and cenfur'd, For want of courtly Stile : Related Actions, Tho modeflly reported, pals $s^{2} d$ for Boafts: Secure of Merit, if I ask'd Reward, Thy hungry Minions thought their Rights invaded, And the Bread fnatch'd from Pimps and Parafites. Dryd.Don Seb. Này, do not think I flatter:
For what Advancement may I hope from thee?

Thou no Revenue haft but thy good Spirits,
To feed and clothe thee. Why fhould the Poor be flatter'd?
No : let the candy'd Tongue lick abfurd Pomp,
And crook the pregnant Hinges of the Knee,
Where Gain may follow Feigning.

Shak. Haml. Nothing mif-becomes

The Man that would be thought a Friend, like Flattery :
Flatt'ry ! the meaneft kind of bafe Diffembling,
And only us'd to catch the groffeft Fools. Row Amb. Step. FLOOD. See Deluge.
Thus Deluges, defcending on the Plains,
Sweep o'er the yellow Year, deftroy the Pains
Of lab'ring Oxer, and the Yeafant's Gains;
Unroot the Foreft Oaks, and bear away
Flocks, Folds, and Trees, an undiftinguifh'd Prey.
The Shepherd climbs the Cliff, and fees from far
The waftul Ravage of the watry War.
Dryd. Virg.
Not with fo fierce a Rage the foaming Flood
Roars, when he finds his rapid Courfe withftood;
Bears down the Dams with unrefifted Sway,
And fweeps the Cattel and the Cots away.
The fruitful Nile
Dryd. Virg.
Flow'd e'er the wonted Seafon, with a Torrent
So unexpected, and fo wondrous fierce,
That the wild Deluge overtook the Hafte
Ev'n of the Hinds that watch'd it. Men and Beafts
Were born upon the tops of Trees, that grow
On th' utmoft Margin of the Water-mark:
Then with fo fwift an Ebb the Flood drove backward,
It flipp'd from underneath the faly Herd:
Here monftrous Phoce panted on the Shore ;
Forfaken Dolphins there, with their broad Tails
Lay lafhing the departing Waves: hard by 'em,
Sea-Horfes flound'ring in the flimy Mud, Dryd. All for
'Tofs'd up their Heads, and dah'd the Ooze about'em. (Love.
The flowing Water o'er the Valley fpreads,
And with a welcome Tide regales the Meads.
Each joyful Field, carefs'd by fruitful Streams,
With verdant Births and gay Conceptions teems. Blac.
FLO W ER S. See Bower, Garden, Noon, Rofe, Tulip ${ }_{2}$ Youth.
Within the Chambers of the Globe they fpy
The Beds where fleeping Vegetables lie;
Till the glad Summons of a genial Ray
Unbind the Glebe, and call them out to Day;

Hence Pancies trick themfelves in various Hue, And hence Jonquils derive their fragrant Dew : Hence the Carnation and the bafhful Rofe, Their Virgin-Blufhes to the Morn difclofe: Hence the chafte Lilly rifes to the Light, Unveils her fnowy Breaft, and charms the Sight: Hence Arbors are with twining Greens array $d_{2}$ T'oblige complaining Lovers with their Shade.

You took her upa little tender 'Flower, Juft fprouted on a Bank, which the next Froft Had nipt ; and with a careful loving Hand Tranfplanted her into your own fair Garden, Where the Sun always fhines: There long fhe flourif'd, Grew fweet to Senfe, and lovely to the Eye; Till at the laft a cruel Spoiler came,
Cropt this fair Rofe, and rifled all its Sweetnefs;
Then caft it, like a loathfome Weed, away.
Otw. Orph.
Thefe Flowers laft but for a little fpace, A hort-liv'd Good, and an uncertain Grace. This way and that the feeble Stem is driv'n; Weak to fuftain the Storms and Injuries of Heav'nio Prop'd by the Spring, it lifts aloft the Head; But of a fickly Beauty, foon to fhed, In Summer living, and in Winter dead. For things of tender kind, for Pleafure made, Shoot up with छivift Increafe, and fudden are decay'd. Dryd. The (Flower and the Leaf.
All Flowers will droop in abfence of the Sun, That wak'd their Sweets.

Such on the Ground the fading Rofe we fee, By fome rude Blaft torn from the Parent Tree, The Daffodil fo leans his languid Head, Newly mown down upon his graffy Bed:
Tho from the Earth no more Supplies they gain,
The fplendid Form, in part, and lovely Hue remain. Blax.
Farewel, ye Flow'rs, whofe Buds with early Care
I watch'd, and to the chearful Sun did rear.
Who now flall bind your Stems? Or when you fall,
With Fountain Streams you fainting Souls recal ?
FOGS. See Clouds, Niifts. Thick Damps and lazy Fogs arife, And with their nuggifh Treafures clog the Skies: Some from dark Caverns, far remote from Day,

Fiom each embowel'd Mount and hollow Vault, Crude Exhalations and raw Vapours brought.
Some from deep Quagmires, Ponds, and fedgy Moors,
Drive the dull Reeks, and fhove the hazy Stores.
To their appointed Station they repair,
And with their heay Wings encumber all the Air:
The pond'rous Night's impenetrable Steams
Exclude the Sun, and choak his brighteft Beams. Blac. FO ND. See Love, Marriage, Want.
Fonder than Mothers to their firft-born Joys. Dryd.

> O fhe dotes on him!

Feeds on his Looks; eyes him, as pregnant Women
Gaze at the precious things their Souls are fet on. Lee Caf. Borg. She would hang on him,
As if Increafe of Appetite had grown
By what it fed on.
Shak. Haml.
Let me not live,
If the young Bridegroom, longing for his Night,
Was ever half fo fond. . Dryd. All for Love.
I ioy more in thee,
Than did thy Mother when fhe hugg'd thee firt,
And blefs'd the Gods for all her Travail paft. Otw. Ven. Pref.
So the foft Mother, tho the Babe be dead,
Will have the Darling on her Bofom laid ;
Will talk and rave, and with the Nurfes ftrive;
And fond it ftill, as if it were alive ;
Knows it muft go, yet ftruggles with the Croud,
And fhrieks to fee them wrap it in the Shroud.
(Lee Luc. Fun. Brut. FOO L. See Fortune. Some took him for a Tool That Knaves do work with, call'd a Fool. Hud. Fools are known by looking wife, As Men find Woodcocks by their Eyes.

Hud.
Fortune takes care that Fools fhould ftill be feen:
she places 'em aloft, o'th' top-moft Spoke
Of all her Wheel. Fools are the daily Work
Of Nature, her Vocation: If fhe form
A Man, fhe lofes by't; 'tis too expenfive;
'Twould make ten Fools : A Man's a Prodigy. Dryd. Oedip.
He was a Fool thro Choice, not want of Wit.
His Foppery, without the Help of Senfe,
Could ne'er have rifen to fuch an Excellence:

Nature's as lame in making a true Fop,
As a Phliofopher: The very Top
And Dignity of Folly we attain
By fudious Search and Labour of the Brain ;
By Obfervation, Counfel, and deep Thought :
God never made a Coxcomb worth a Groat. We owe that Name to Induftry and Arts;
An eminent Fool muft be a Man of Parts. Roch.
For Fools are double Fools, endeavouring to be wife. Dryd. (Hind $\mathcal{O}$ Pan.
And Folly, as it grows in Years,
The more extravagant appears.

## FOREST.

There ftood a Foreft on a Mountain's Brow
That over-look'd the fhaded Plain below :
No founding Ax prefum'd thofe Trees to bite ; Coeval with the World, a venerable Sight !

Dryd. Ovido
Black was the Foref, thick with Beech it ftood,
Horrid with Fern, and intricate with Thorn ;
Few Paths of human Feet, or Tracks of Beafts were worn.

## FORTITUDE.

(Dryd. Virg.

> Refign'd in ev'ry State,

With Patience bear, with Prudence pufh your Fate:
By fuff'ring well, our Fortune we fubdue ;
Fly when fhe frowns, and when fhe calls purfue. Dryd. Virg.
Endure and conquer; Fove will foon difpofe
To future Good our paft and prefent Woes:
Refume your Courage, and difmifs your Care;
An Hour will come, with pleafure to relate
Your Sorows paft, as Benefits of Fate.
Endure the Hardfhips of your prefent State ;
Live, and referve your felves for better Fate. Dryd. Virg.
But thou, fecure of Soul, unbent with Woes,
The more thy Fortune frowns, the more oppofe.

> No Terrour to my View,

No frighfful Face of Danger can be new.
Inur'd to fuffer, and refolv'd to dare ;
(Dryd. Wirg.
The Fates without my Pow'r, fhall be without my Care.
Nor am I lefs, ev'n in this defpicable Now,
Than when my Name fill'd Africk with Affrights,
And froze your Hearts benenth the Torrid Zone. Dryd. Don Seb.'
Dejected! No, it never fhall be faid,
That Fate had Pow'r upon a Spartan Soul:

AI M Mind on its own Centre ftands unmoved,
And fable, as the Fabrick of the World,
Propt on it felf. Still I am Cleomenes:
I fought the Betel bravely which I loft;
And loft it but to Macedonians,
The Succeffors of thole who conquer'd $A f i a$.
${ }^{\text {'T T T was for a Cafe too! foch a Cafe I fought ! }}$
Unbounded Empire hung upon my Sword.
Greece, like a lovely Heifer, flood in view,
To fee the rival Bulls each other gore ;
But wifh'd the Conqueft mine.
I fled; and yet I languifh not in Exile;
But here in Egypt whet my blunted Horns,
And meditate new Fights, and chew my Lofs. Dryad. Cleome.
My Mind cannot be chang'd by Place or Time:
The Mind is its own Place, and in it elf
Can make a Heav'n of Hell, a Hell of Heav'n. Milt.
Ev'n Time, that changes All, yet changes us in vain ;
The Body, not the Mind ; nor can controul
Th' immortal Vigour, or abate the Soul.
What tho the Field be loft,
All is not loft ! th' unconquerable Will,
And Study of Revenge ; immortal Hate,
And Courage never to fubmit or yield ;
And what is elfe not to be overcome?
That Glory never fall his Wrath or Might
Extort from me. To bow, and fue for Grace
With fuppliant Knee, and deify his Power,
Who from the Terrour of this Arm fo late
Doubted his Empire ; that were low indeed,
That were an Ignominy and Shame beneath
This Downfal.
Empire o' er the Sea and Main,
Heav'n that gave, can take again :
But a Mind that's truly brave, Stands defpifing Storms arifing;
And can ne'er be made a Slave. Dry. Alb. or Alban. In struggling with Misfortunes
Lies the Proof of Virtue: On froth Seas
How many babble Boats dare fer their Sails,
And make an equal way with firmer Veffels?
But let the Tempest once enrage the Sea,
And then behold the ftrong-ribb'd Argolis

Bounding between the Ocean and the Air,
Like Per feus mounted on his Pegafus:
Then where are thofe weak Rivals of the Main ?
Or to avoid the Tempeft fled to Port,
Or made a Prey to Neptune. Even thus
Do empty Show and true priz'd Worth divide
In Storms of Fortune. Shak. OV Drya. Troi., © Creff.
With fuch unfhaken Temper of the Soul
To bear the fwelling Tide of profprous Fortune,
Is to deferve that Fortune. In Adverfity
The Mind grows tough by buffeting the Tempeft ;
But in Succefs diffolving, finks to Enfe,
And lofes all her Firmnefs.
Rowe Tameri.
Thou haft been
As one in fuffering all that fuffers nothing :
A Man who Fortune's Buffets and Rewards
Haft ta'en with equal Thanks: And bleft are they
Whofe Blood and Judgment mingled are fo weil,
That they are not a Pipe for Fortune's Finger,
To found what Stop fhe pleafe.
Let Fortune empty her whole Quiver on me,
I have a Soul, that like an ample Shield,
Can take in all, and Verge enough for more.
Fate was not mine, nor am I Fate's:
Souls know no Conquerors.
Dryd. Don Seb.
We wage unequal War,
With Men unconquer'd in the lifted Field;
Or conquer'd, yet unknowing how to yield. - Dryd. Firg. So tho lefs worthy Stones are drown'd by Night,
The faithful Di'mond keeps his native Light ;
And is oblig'd to Darknefs for a Ray,
That would be more opprefs'd than help'd by Day. Cowl.
Whate'er betides, by Deftiny 'tis done,
And better bear like Men, than vainly feek to fhun. Dryd. Pal. (尺゚ Arc.
But Hudibras, who fcorn'd to ftoop
To Fortune, or be faid to droop,
Chear'd up himfelf with Ends of Verfe, And Sayings of Philofophers :
Quoth he,
1 am not now in Fortune's power, He that is down, can fall no lower: And as we fee th'eclipfed Sun, By Mortals is more gaz'd upon,

Than when adorn'd with all his Light, He fhines in ferene Sky moft bright :
So Valour in a low Eftate
Is moft admir'd and wonder'd at.
As Beards, the nearer that they tend To th' Earth, fill grow more reverend;
And Cannons fhoot the higher Pitches,
The lower we let down their Breeches:
I'll make this low dejected Fate
Advance me to a greater Height.
Hud. FORTUNE. See Fate, Fool, Viciffitude.
On high, where no hoarfe Winds nor Clouds refort,
The hood-wink'd Goddefs keeps her partial Court. Upon a Wheel of Amethylt fhe fits;
Gives and refumes, and fmiles and frowns by fits.
In this Atill Labyrinth around her lie
Spells, Philtres, Globes, and Schemes of Palmittry.
A Sigil in this Hand the Gypfy bears,
In th' other a prophetick Sieve and Shears.
Gar.
Where Nature has deny'd, her Favours flow:
'Tis the that gives, fo mighty is her Pow'r !
Faith to the Few, Complexion to the Moor.
She is the Wretch's Wifh, the Rook's Pretence,
The Sluggard's Eafe, the Coxcomb's Providence:
Souls heav'nly-born her faithlefs Boons defy;
The Brave is to himfelf a Deity.
Gar.
Fortune a Goddefs is to Fools alone,
The Wife are always Mafters of their own. F.Dryd. Jun. Fuv.
Fortune was never worhip'd by the Wife,
But, fet aloft by Fools, ufurps the Skies. Dryd. Fuv.
She for her pleafure can her Fools advance,
And tofs'em top-moft an the Wheel of Chance. Dryd. Fuv.
Fortune! made up of Toys and Impudence,
Thou common Jade, thou haft not common Senfe:
But, fond of Bus'nefs, infolently dares
Pretend to rule, and fpoil the W orld's Affairs.
She flutt'ring up and down, her Favours throws
On the next met, not minding what fhe does,
Nor why, nor whom fhe helps or injures, knows
Sometimes fhe fmiles, then like a Fury raves,
And feldom truly loves but Fools or Knaves.
Let her love whom fhe pleafe, I fcorn to woo her:
While ohe ftays with me, l'll be civil to her;

But if the offer once to move her Wings, I'll fling her back all her vain gugaw things;
And arm'd with Virtue, will more glorious ftand,
Than if the Bitch ftill bow'd at my Command.
I'll marry Honefty, tho ne'er fo poor,
Rather than follow fuch a blind dull Whore. Buck.
Fortune's a Miftrefs, that with Caution's kind,
Knows that the Conftant merit her alone:
They, who tho fhe feem froward, yet court on. Otw. Don Carlo
Were fhe a common Miftrefs, kind to all,
Her work would ceafe, and half the World grow idle. Otu.
(Orph.
When Fortune means to Men moft Good,
She looks upon them with a threatning Eye. Shak. K. Fohn.
Fortune, that with malicious Joy
Does Man, her Slave, opprefs ;
Proud of her Office to deftroy,
Is feldom pleas'd to blefs.
Still various, and inconftant ftill,
But with an Inclination to be ill;
Promotes, degrades, delights in Strife,
And makes a Lottery of Life.
I can enjoy her while fhe's kind;
But when fhe dances in the Wind,
And fhakes her Wings, and will not ftay,
I puff the Proftitute away.
The Little or the Much fhe gave is quietly refign'd:
Content with Poverty, my Soul I arm;
And Virtue, tho in Rags, will keep me warm. What is't to me,
Who never fail in her unfaithful Sea,
If Storms arife, and Clouds grow black,
If the Maft fplit, and threaten Wreck ?
Then let the greedy Merchant fear
For his ill-gotten Gain,
And pray to Gods that will not hear,
While the debating Winds and Billows bear His Wealth into the Main.
For me, fecure from Fortune's Blows,
Secure of what I cannot lofe,
In my fmall Pinnace I can fail,
Contemning all the bluftring Roar;
And running with a merry Gale,

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With friendly Stars my Safery feek
Within fome little winding Creek,
And fee the Storm afhore.
Dryd. Hor.
Good Fortune that comes feldom,comes more welcome. Dr. Oedif. Whofe Fortune is not fitted to his Will,
Too great or little, is uneafy ftill :
Our Shooes and Fortunes fire are much ally'd,
We limp in frait, and fumble in the wide. O Mortals ! blind in Fate, who never know
To bear high Fortune, or endure the low !
Pleafure has been the Bus'nefs of my Life,
And every Change of Fortune eafy to me,
Becaufe I ftill was eafy to my felf. Dryd. Don Seb.
In all my Wars good Fortune flew before me;
Sublime I fat in Triumph on her Wheel. Dryd. Don Seb.
Fortune came fmiling to my Youth, and woo'd is;
And purpled Greatnefs met my ripen'd Years.
When firft I came to Empire, I was borne
On Tides of People crouding to my Triumphs:
The Wifh of Nations, and the willing World
Receiv'd me as its Pledg of future Peace.
I was fo great, fo happy, fo belov'd,
Fate could not ruin me; till I took pains,
And work'd againft my Fortune; chid her from me,
And turn'd her loofe, yet ftill the came again.
My carelefs Days, and my luxurious Nights
At length have wearied her; and now fhe's gone,
Gone, gone, divorc'd for ever.
Fortune is Cafar's now, and what am I ?
Oh ! I am now fo funk from what I was,
Thou find't me at my loweft Water-mark:
The Rivers, that ran in and rais'd my Fortunes,
Are all dry'd up, or take another Courfe.
What I have left is from my native Spring;
I've ftill a Heart that fwells in fcorn of Fate,
And lifts me to my Banks.
Glutton of Fortune! thy devouring Youth
Has ftarv'd thy wanting Age. Dryd. All for Love. Ay me ! what Perils do inviron
The Man that meddles with cold Iron?
What plaguy Mifchiefs and Mifhaps
Do dog him ftill with After-claps !
For tho Dame Fortune feem to finile, And leer upon him for a while;

She'll after Thew him, in the nick Of all his Honours, a Dog-trick. For Hudibras, who thought h'had won The Field as certain as a Gun ; And, having routed the whole Troop,
With Victory was cock-a-hoop; Found in few Minutes to his Coft,
He did but count without his Hoft;
And that a Turn-tile is more certain,
Than in Events of War Dame Fortune.
Hud.
Events are doubfful which on Battels wait ;
But where's the Doubt to Souls fecure of Fate? Dryd. Virg.
How hard 'tis for the Profperous to fee
That Fate, which waits on Pow'r and Vietory. How.
'Tis better not to be, than be unhappy !
'Tis better not to be, than to be Creon:
A thinking Soul is Punifhment enough;
But when 'tis great, like mine, and wretched $t 00$,
Then every Thought draws Blood.
My Soul's ill married to my Body:
I would be young, be handfome, be belov'd. Could I but breath my felf into Adraffus!
Were but my Soul in Oedipus, I were a King!
Then I had kill'd a Monfter! Gain'd a Battel!
And had my Rival Pris'ner! Brave, brave Actions!
Why have not I done thefe?
My Fortune hindred!
There's it : I have a Soul to do 'em all :
But Fortune will have nothing done that's great,
But by young handfom Fools! Body and BrawnDo all her Work: Hercules was a Fool,
And frait grew famous; A mad boiftrous Fool?
Nay worfe, a Woman's Fool.
Fool is the Stuff of which Heav'n makes a Hero.

> Nature meant me

A Wife, a filly harmlefs houfhold Dove,
Fond without Art, and kind without Deceit :
But Fortune, that has made a Miftrefs of me,
Has thuuft me out to the wide World, unfurnifh'd (All for Love. Of Falfhood to be happy. [Spoken by Cleopatra.] Dryd.

Why was I fram'd with this plain honef Heart, Which knows not to difguife its Grief and Weaknes; But bears its Workings outward to the World?

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I 'm made a fhallow-forded Stream,
Seen to the bottom: All my Clearnefs forn'd,
And all my Faults expos'd.
Dryd. All for Love.
Fate's dark Receffes we can never find,
But Fortune, at fome Hours, to all is kind:
The Lucky have whole Days, which fill they chufe;
Th'Unlucky have but Hours, and thofe they lofe. Dr. Tyr. Love.
Who knows what changeful Fortune may produce? Dryd.

> FOW L. See Mercury.

So fpread upon a Lake, with upward Eye
A Plump of Fowl behold their Foe on high:
They clofe their trembling Troop, and all attend
On whom the foufing Eagle will defcend. Dryd. Theod. or Hon.
See over-head a Flock of new-fprung Fowl
Hangs in the Air, and does the Sun controul;
Dark'ning the Sky they hover o'er, and fhroad
The wanton Sailors with a feather'd Cloud.
Wall.
FREEDOM. See Liberty.
Freedom, the firt Delight of Human-kind!
Dryd. Pref.
Freedom with Vertue takes her Seat,
Her proper Place, her only Scene
Is in the golden Mean.
She lives not with the Poor, nor with the Great.
The Wings of thofe Neceffity has clipt,
And they're in Fortune's Bridewel whipt,
To the laborious Task of Bread:
Thefe are by various Tyrants captive led. Now wild Ambition, with imperious Force,
Rides, reins, and fpurs them, like th'unruly Horfe:
And fervile $A v^{\prime}$ rice yoaks them now,
Like toilfom Oxen, to the Plough:
And fometimes $L u f f$, like the mifguiding Light,
Draws them thro all the Labyrinths of Night.
If any few among the Great there be
From thefe infulting Paffions free;
Yet we ev'n thofe too fetter'd fee
By Cuftom, Bus'nefs, Crowds, and formal Decency.
And wherefoe'er they ftay, and wherefoe'er they go,
Impertinencies round them flow.
Thefe are the fmall uneafy things,
Which about Greatness fill are found,
And rather it moleft than wound:
Like Gnats, which too much Heat of Summer brings:
But Cares do fwarm there too, and thofe have Stings.

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## FRIEND.

I had a Friend that lov'd me:
I was his Soul: He liv'd not but in me: We were fo clos'd within each other's Breaft, The Rivets were not found that join'd us firft. That does not reach us yet : We were fo mix'd, As meeting Streams; both to our felves were loft. We were one Mafs, we could not give or take,
But from the fame: for he was I; I, He:
Return my better half, and give me all my felf,
For thou art all!
If I have any Joy when thou art abfent,
I grudg it to my felf: Methinks I rob
Thee of thy Part.
Dryd. All for Love.
Thou Brother of my Choice: A Band more facred
Than Nature's brittle Tie. By holy Friendfíp,
Glory and Fame ftood fill for thy Arrival;
My Soul feem'd wanting of its better half,
And languifh'd for thy Abfence ; like a Prophet
That waits the Infpiration of its God.
Rozve Tam.
Art thou not half my felf?
One Faith has ever bound us, and one Reafon
Guided our Wills.
Rowe Eair Perro.
Thus from our Infancy we hand in hand
Have trod the Path of Life in Love together :
One Bed has held us; and the fame Defires,
The fame Averfions ftill employ'd our Thoughts.
Whene'er had I a Friend that was not Polydor's,
Or Polydor a Foe that was not mine?
Otw. Orph.
Who knows the Joys of Friendinip?
The Truft, Security, and mutual Tendernefs?
The double Joys, where each is glad for both?
Friend hip, our only Wealth, our laft Retreat and Strength,
Secure again fill Fortune and the World. Rowe Fair. Pen.
Neither has any thing he calls his own,
But of each other's Joys as Griefs partaking:
So very honeflly, fo well they love,
As they were only for each other born.
They both were Servants, they both Princes were.
If any Joy to one of them was fent,
It was moft his to whom it leaft was meant:
And Fortune's Malice betwixt both was crofs'd;
For ftriking one, it wounded theother moft,

Then Thefeus, join'd with bold Pirithous, came,
A fingle Concord in a double Name.
Their Love in early Infancy began,
And rofe as Childhood ripen'd into Man:
Companions of the War; and lov'd fo well,
That when one dy'd, as antient Stories tell,
His Fellow, to redeem him, went to Hell. Dryd. pal.ơ Arc.)
There have been fewer Friends on Earth than Kings. Cow\% Friendfhip, of it felf a holy Tie,
Is made more facred by Adverfity. Dryd. Hind o Panth.
The Friends thou haft, and their Adoption try'd,
Grapple them to thy Soul with Hoops of Steel. Shak. Hamel.

> Ever note, Lucilius,

When Love begins to ficken and decay,
It ufes an inforced Ceremony.
There are no Tricks in plain and fimple Faith:
But hollow Men, like Horfes hot at hand, Make gallant Shew and Promife of their Mettle;
But when they fhould endure the bloody Spur, They fall their Creft, and like deceitful Jades, Sink in the Tryal.

Shak. Ful. Caf. Proteffations of Friend?hip.
'Tis not indeed my Talent to engage
In lofty Trifles, or to fwell my Page
With Wind and Noife; but freely to impart,
As to a Friend, the Secrets of my Heart :
And in familiar Speech to let thee know
How much I love thee, and how much I owe.
Knock on my Heart, for thou haft Skill to find
If it be folid, or be filld with Wind;
And thro the Veil of Words thou view't the naked Mind.
For this a hundred Voices I defire,
To tell thee what a hundred Tongues would tire;
Yet never can be worthily exprefs'd,
How deeply thou art feated in my Breaft! Dryd. Perfo.
Oh ! thou'rt fo near my Heart, that thou may'f fee Otu.
Its Bottom; found its Strength and Firmnefs to thee. (Ven. Pref. No Fate my vow'd Affection hall divide
From thee, Heroick Youth! Be wholly mine!
Take full Poffeffion! All my Soul is thine!
One Faith, one Fame, one Fate fhall both attend; My Life's Companion, and my Bofom Friend!

But if fome Chance, as many Chances are,
And doubtful Hazards in the Deeds of War;

If one thould reach my Head, there let it fall, And fpare thy Life; I would not perifh All.

Swift Rivers are with fudden Ice conftrain'd, And ftudded Wheels are on its Back furtain'd: An Hoftry now for Waggons, which before Tall Ships of Burden on its Bofom bore. The brazen Caldrons with the Froft are flaw'd; The Garment, ftiff with Ice, at Hearths is thaw'd: With Axes firtt they cleave the Wine, and thence, By Weight the folid Portions they difpenfe. From Locks uncomb'd, and from the frozen Beard Long Ificles depend, and crackling Sounds are heard: Mean time perpetual Sleet, and driving Snow Obfcure the Skies, and hang on Herds below.

> FROW N.

With hoftile Frown, and Vifage all inflam'd. Dryd. Mark, my Sebafian, how that fullen Frown, Like flafhing Light'ning, opens angry Heav'n, And while it kills, delights. Dryd.Don. Seb. All there Wrongs
Have never made me four my patient Cheek,
Or bend one Wrinkle on my Face.

> As when two black Clouds,

With Heav'n's Artillery fraught, come ratling on
Over the Cajpian; then ftand front to front, Hov'ring a Space, till Winds the Signal blow, To join their dark Encounter in mid Air: So frown'd the mighty Combatants.

He parted frowning from me, as if Ruin
Leap'd from his Eyes. So looks the chafed Lion
Upon the daring Huntiman, who has gall'd him;
Then makes him nothing.
Shak. Hen. 8.

## Roman FUNERAL.

Mean time the Rites and Fun'ral Pomps prepare,
Due to your dead Companions of the War:
The laft Refpect the Living can beftow,
To fhield their Shadows from Contempt below.
That conquer'd Earth be theirs, for which they fought, And which for us with their own Blood they bought.

They raife the Piles along the winding Strand:
Their Friends convey the Dead to Fun'ral Fires.
Then thrice around the kindled Piles they $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{g}}$,

Thrice Horfe and Foot about the Fires are led,
And thrice with loud Laments they hail the Dead.
Tears trickling down their Breafts, bedew the Ground;
And Drums and Trumpets mix their mournful Sound.
Amid the Blaze their pious Brethren throw
The Spoils in Battel taken from the Foe :
Helms, Bits embors'd, and Swords of fhining Steel,
One cafts a Target, one a Chariot-Wheel:
Some to their Fellows their own Arms reftore
The Fauchions, which in lucklefs Fight they bore:
Their Bucklers pierc'd, their Darts beftow'd in vain,
And fhiver'd Lances, gather'd from the Plain.
Whole Herds of offer'd Bulls about the Fire,
And briftled Boars, and woolly Sheep expire.
Around the Files a careful Troop attends,
To watch the wafting Flames, and weep their burning Friends.
Part in the Places, where they fell, are laid,
And Part are to the neighb'ring Fields convey'd.
The Corps of Kings, and Captains of Renown,
Borne off in State, are buy'd in the Town:
The reft unhonour'd, and without a Name,
Are caft a common Heap to feed the Flame.
Now had the Morning thrice renew'd the Liglit,
And thrice difpel'd the Shadows of the Night ;
When thofe, who round the wafted Flames remain,
Perform the laft fad Office to the Slain.
They rake the yet warm Ahes from below;
Thefe, and the Bones unburn'd, in Earth beftow:
Thefe Relicks with their Country's Rites they grace,
And raife a Mount of Turf around the Place. Dryd.Virg.
Mean while the Trojan Troops, with weeping Ejes,
To dead mijenus pay his Obfequies.
In Altar-wife a ftately Pile they rear,
Of Pitch-Trees, Oaks, and Pines, and unctuous Fir,
The Bafis broad below, the Top advanc'd in Air.
The Fabrick's Front with Cyprefs Twigs they ftrew,
And ftick the Sides with Boughs of baleful Yew;
The topmoft Part his flitt'ring Arms adorn;
Warm Waters then, in brazen Cauldrons borne,
Are pour'd to wafh the Body Joint by Joint,
And fragrant Oils the ftiffen'd Limbs anoint.
With Groans and Cries Mifenus they deplore,
Then on a Bier, with Purple cover'd o'er,

The breathlefs Body, thus bewail'd, they lay; And fire the Pile, their Faces turn'd away ; Such rev'rend Rites their Fathers us'd to pay. Pure Oil and Incenfe on the Fire they throw, And Fat of Vitims which his Friends beftow. Thefe Gifts the greedy Flames to Duft devour, Then, on the living Coals, red Wine they pour. And laft, the Relicks by themfelves difpofe, Which in a brazen Urn the Priefts inclofe. Old Chorineus compars'd thrice the Crew, And dip'd an Olive-Branch in holy Dew ;
Which thrice he fprinkl'd round, and thrice aloud Invok'd the Dead, and then difiniif'd the Croud. Dryd. Virg. FUNERAL PROCESSION. Eneas took his way,
Where, new in Death, lamented Pallas lay: Acates watch'd the Corps.
Th'Attendants of the Slain his Sorrow fhare ; A Troop of Trojans mix'd with thofe appear, And mourning Matrons with difhevel'd Hair. Soon as the Prince appears, they raife a Cry, All beat their Breafts, and Echoes rend the Sky. They rear his drooping Forehead from the Ground :
But when Eneas view'd the grielly Wound,
Which Pallas in his manly Bofom bore, And the fair Flefh diftain'd with purple Gore; Firf, melting into Tears, the pious Man Deplor'd fo fad a Sight:

Then gave the Word around,
To raife the breathlefs Body from the Ground ;
And chofe a Thoufand Horfe, the Flow'r of all
His warlike Troops, to wait the Funeral:
To bear him back, and Thare Evander's Grief;
A well-becoming, but a weak Relief.
Of oaken Twigs they twift an eafy Bier,
Then on their Shoulders the fad Burden rear.
The Body on this rural Herfe is borne:
Strew'd Leaves and funeral Greens the Bier adorn.
Then two fair Vefts of wond'rous Work and Coft,
Of Purple woven, and with Gold embofs'd, For Ornament the Trojan Hero brought;
One Veft array'd the Corps, and one they fpread
O'er his clos'd Eyes, and wrapt around his Head;

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That when the yellow Hair in Flame fhould fall, The catching Fire might burn the golden Caul. Befides, the Spoils of. Foes in Battel flain, Arms, Trappings, Horfes, by the Herfe are led In long Array (th'Atchievements of the Dead.)
Then, pinion'd with their Hands behind, appear
Th' unhappy Captives marching in the Rear:
Appointed Off'rings in the Victor's Name,
To fprinkle with their Blood the Fun'ral Flame.
Inferior Trophies by the Chiefs are borne,
Gauntlets and Helms their loaded Hands adorn:
And fair Infcriptions fix'd, and Titles read,
Of Latian Leaders conquer'd by the Dead. Acates on his Pupil's Corps attends,
With feeble Steps, fupported by his Friends,
Paufing at ev'ry Pace.
The Champion's Chariot next is feen to roll,
Befmear'd with hoftile Blood, and honourably foul.
To clofe the Pomp, Etthon, the Steed of State,
Is led, the Fun'rals of his Lord to wait:
Stript of his Trappings, with a fullen Pace
He walks; and the big Tears run rolling down his Face.
The Lance of Pallas, and the crimfon Creft
Are borne behind ; the Victor feiz'd the reft.
The March begins: The Trumpets hoarfly found ;
The Pikes and Lances trail along the Ground.
In long Proceffion rank'd, they thus direct their Courfe
To Pallantean Tow'rs.
Rufhing from out the Gate, the People ftand,
Each with a Fun'ral Flambeau in his Hand:
Wildly they fare, diftracted with Amaze:
The Fields are lighten'd with a fiery Blaze,
That caft a fullen Splendor on their Friends,
The marching Troop, which their dead Prince attends.
Both Parties meet; they raife a doleful $\mathrm{C}_{1 y}$,
The Matrons from the Walls with Shrieks reply ;
And their mixt Mourning rends the vaulted Sky.
The Town is filld with Tumult and with Tears. Dryd. Virg. Grecian FUNERAL. The Peafants uere enjoin'd,
Sere-Wood, and Firs, and dodder'd Oaks to find.
With founding Axes to the Grove they go,
Fell, fylit, and lay the Fewel on a Row;
Vulcanian Food: A Bier is next prepar'd,
On which the lifelefs Body fhould be rear'd

Cover'd with Cloth of Gold, on which was laid. The Corps of Arcite in like Robes array'd. White Glores were on his Hands, and on his Head
A Wreath of Laurel, mix'd with Mirtle, fpread. A Sword keen-edg'd within his Right he held, The warlike Emblem of the comquer'd Field: Bare was his manly Vifage on the Bier ; Menac'd his Count'nance, ev'n in Death fevere. Then to the Palace-Hall they bore the Knight, To lie in folemn State, a publick Sight: Groans, Cries, and Howlings fill the crouded Place, And unaffected Sorrow fat on ev'ry Face. Sad Paiamon above the reft appears, In fable Garments, dew'd with gufling Tears : His auborn Locks on either Shoulder fow'd, Which to the Fun'ral of his Friend he vow'd. But Emily, as Chief, was next his Side, A Virgin Widow, and a Mourning Bride. The Steed that bore him living to the Fight, Was trap'd with polifh'd Steel, all fhining bright, And cover'd th'Atchievements of the Knight. The Riders rode abreaft, and one his Shield, His Lance of Cornel-Wood another held: The third his Bow: And glorious to behold The coftly Quiver, all of burnifh'd Gold, The nobleft of the Grecians next appear, And weeping, on their Shoulders bore the Bier; With fober Pace they march'd, and often ftay'd, Aud thro the Mafter-ftreet the Corps convey'd. The Houfes to their Tops with Black were fpread, And $e v$ 'n the Pavements were with Mourning hid. The right Side of the Pall old Egeus kept, And on the left the royal Thefeus wept: Each bore a golden Bowl of Work Divine, With Hony fll'd, and Milk; and mixt with ruddy Wine. Then Palamon, the Kinfman of the Slain, And after him appear'd th' illuftrious Train. To grace the Pomp came Emily the bright, With cover'd Fire, the fun'ral Pile to light. So lofty was the Pile, a Parthian Bow, With Vigour drawn, muft fend the Shaft below. The Bottom was full twenty Fathom broad, With crackling Straw beneath in due Proportion ftrow'd. The Fabrick feem'd a Wood of rifing Green, Wish Sulphur and Bitumen caft between,

To feed the Flames: The Trees were unctuous Fir,
And Mountain Afh, the Mother of the Spear; The Mourner Yew, and Builder Oak were there. Hard Box, and Linden of a fofter Grain; And Laurel, which the Gods for conqu'ring Chiefs ordain. $J$ The Straw was laid below;
Of Chips and Sere-Wood was the fecond Row;
The third of Greens, and Timber newly fell'd;
The fourth high Stage the fragrant Odors held,
And Pearls, and precious Stones, and rich Array;
In midft of which, embalm'd, the Body lay.
The Service fung, the Maid with mourning Eyes
The Stubble fir'd; the fmouldring Flames arife.
While the devouring Fire was burning faft,
Rich Jewels in the Flame the Wealthy caft;
And fome their Shields, and fome their Lances threw,
And gave the Warrior's Ghoft a Warrior's due.
Full Bowls of Wine, of Hony, Milk, and Blood,
Were pour'd upon the Pile of burning Wood;
And hiffing Flames receive, and hungry lick the Food.
Then thrice the mounted Squadrons ride around
The Fire, and Arcite's Name they thrice refound:
Hail and farewel they fhouted thrice amain;
Thrice facing to the Left, and thrice they turn'd again.
Still as they turn'd, they beat their clatt'ring Shields,
The Women mix their Cries, and Clamour fills the Fields.
The warlike Wakes continu'd all the Night, Dryd. Palo
And fun'ral Games were play'd at new-returning Light. ( $\mathbb{O} A r c_{0}$
FURIES. See Alecto.

Deep in the difmal Regions void of Light,
Three Daughters at a Birth were born to Night:
Thefe their brown Mother, brooding on her Care,
Indu'd with windy Wings to fit in Air,
With Serpents girt alike, and crown'd with hiffing Hair.
In Heav'n the Dire call'd; and fill at hand,
Before the Throne of angry Fove they ftand:
His Minifters of Wrath ! and ready ftill,
The Minds of mortal Men with Fears to fill:
Whene'er the moody Sire, to wreak his Hate,
On Realms or Towns deferving of their Fate, Hurls down Difeafes, Death, and deadly Care, And terrifies the guilty World with War.

Difturb their Union, difunite their Love, Dryd. Alb. ©' And blaft the beauteons Frame of their viftorious Foe. (Alban. FUTURITY.
Diftruft and Darknefs, of a future State, Make poor Mankind fo fearful of their Fate. Death in it felf is nothing, but we fear
To be we know not what, we know not where. Dryd. Auren.
To be or not to be! that is the Queftion!
Whether it is nobler in the Mind to fuffer
The Slings and Arrows of outrageous Fortune,
Or to take Arms againft a Sea of Troubles, And by oppofing end them? To die! to fleep!
No more! and by a Sleep to fay we end
The Heart-ach, and the thoufand nat'ral Shocks
That Flefh is Heir to ! 'Tis a Confummation
Devoutly to be wih'd. To die !-to fleep!
To fleep, perchance to dream ! I, there's the Rub;
For in that Sleep of Death what Dreams may come,
When we have fhuffld off this mortal Coyle,
Muft give us Paufe. There's the Refpect
That makes Calamity of fo long Life:
For who would bear the Whips and Scorns of Time,
Th'Oppreffor's Wrong, the poor Man's Contumely,
The Pangs of defpis'd Love, the Law's Delay,
The Infolence of Office, and the Spurns
That patient Merit of th' Unworthy takes,
When he himfelf might his 2 uietus make
With a bare Bodkin? Who would Fardles bear,
To groan and fweat under a weary Life,
But that the Dread of fomething after Death,
The Undifcover'd Country, from whofe Borne
No Traveller returns, puzzles the Will,
And makes us rather bear thofe Ills we have,
Than fly to others that we know not of ?
Thus Confcience does make Cowards of us alt ;
And thus the native Hue of Refolution
Is ficklied o'er with the pala Caft of Thought;

And Enterprizes of great Pith and Moment,
With this Regard their Currents turn away,
And lofe the Name of Action.
Sbak. Haml.
In whatfoever Character
The Book of Fate is writ,
'Tis well we underftand not it :
We fhould grow mad with too much Learning there.
Epon the Brink of ev'ry Ill we did forefee,
Undecently and foolifhly,
We fhould ftand fhiv'ring, and but flowly venture
The fatal Flood to enter.
Since willing or unwilling, we muft do it,
They feel leart Cold and Pain who plunge at once into it. Cowi.
Then ask not Bodies doom'd to die,
To what Abode they go;
Since Knowledg is but Sorrow's Spy,
'Tis better not to know.
Dav.
Divines but peep on undifcover'd Worlds,
And draw the diftant Landskip as they pleafe:
But who has e'er return'd from thofe bright Regions,
To tell their Manners, and relate their Laws? Drydn Don. Seb.
Think, timely think, on the laft dreadful Day,
How you will tremble there to fand expos'd
The foremoft in the Rank of guilty Ghofts,
That muft be doom'd for Murder ! think on Murder!
That Troop is plac'd apart from common Crimes:
They damn'd themfelves fart wide, and fhun that Band,
As far more black, and more forlorn than they.
'Tis terrible! it fhakes, it faggers me:
I know this Truth, but I repel'd the Thought.
Sure there is none but fears a future State;
And when the moft obdurate fivear they do not, Dryd. Span.
Théir trembling Hearts bely their boafting Tongues.
(Fry.
Confider former Ages paft and gone,
Whofe Circles ended long e'er thine begun:
Then tell me, Fool, what Part in them thou haft;
Thus mayft thou judg the Future by the Paft.
What Horrour feeft thou in that quiet State?
What Bugbear Dreams to fright thee after Fate?
No Ghofts, no Goblins, that ftill Paffage keep,
But all is there ferene in that eternal Sleep.
For all the difinal Tales that Poets tell,
Are verify'd on Earth, and not in Hell:

No Tantalus looks up with fearful Eye,
O. dreads th impending Rock to crufh him from on high.

But fear of Chance on Earth difturbs our eafy Hour's,
Or vain-imagin'd Wrath of vain-imagin'd Pow'rs.
No Tityus, torn by Vultures, lies in Hell ;
Nor could the Lobes of his rank Liver fwell
To that prodigious Mafs for their eternal Meal.
Not tho his monftrous Bulk had cover'd o'er Nine fpreading Acres, or nine thoufand more; Not tho the Globe of Earth had been the Giant's Floor. Nor in eternal Torments could he lie, Nor could his Corps fufficient Food fupply : But he's the Tityus, who, by Love opprefs'd, Or Tyrant Paffion preying on his Breaft, And ever-anxious Thoughts, is robb'd of Reft. The sifyphus is he, whom Noife and Strife Seduce from all the foft Retreats of Life,
To vex the Government, difturb the Laws:
Drunk with the Fumes of popular Applaufe, He courts the giddy Croud to make him great, And fweats, and toils in vain to mount the fov'reign Seat.
For ftill to aim at Pow'r, and ftill to fail, Ever to Atrive, and never to prevail;
What is it but, in Reafon's true Account,
To heave the Stone againtt the rifing Mount?
Which urg'd, and labour'd, and forc'd up with Pain,
Recoils, and rolls impetuous down, and fmokes along the Plairs
Then ftill to treat thy ever-craving Mind
With ev'ry Bleffing, and of ev'ry kind;
Yet never fill thy rav'ning Appetite,
Tho Years and Seafons vary thy Delight;
Yet nothing to be feen of all the Store,
But ftill the Wolf within thee barks for more:
This is the Fable's Moral, which they tell
Of fifty foolifh Virgins damn'd in Hell,
To leaky Veffels, which the Liquor fpill,
To Veffels of their Sex, which none could ever fill.
As for the Dog, the Furies, and their Snakes,
The gloomy Caverns, and the burning Lakes,
And all the vain infernal Trumpery,
They neither are, nor were, nor e'er can be.
But here on Earth the Guilty have in view
The mighty Pains to mighty Mifchiefs due;

Racks, Prifons, Poifons, the Tarpeian Rock, Stripes, Hangmen, Pitch, and fuffocating Smoak; And last, and moft, if thefe were caft behind, Th' avenging Horrour of a confcious Mind, Whofe deadly Fear anticipates the Blow, And fees no End of Punifhment and Woe; But looks for more at the laft Gafp of Breath;
This makes a Hell on Earth, and Life a Death. Diyd. Lucr.
Thus Men, too carelefs of their future State,
Difpute, know nothing, and repent too late. Dryd. D. of Guife.
Then whither went his Soul, let fuch relate,
Who fearch the Secrets of the future State.
Divines can fay but what themfelves believe;
Strong Proofs they have, but not demonftrative :
For were all plain, then all Sides muft agree,
And Faith it felf be loft in Certainty.
To live uprightly then is fure the beft,
To fave our felves, and not to damn the reft. Dryd. Pal. ©゙ Arc. GALES. See Paradife.
The Story of GANYMEDE in Needle-work.
There Ganymede is wrought with living Art,
Chafing thro Ida's Grove the trembling Hart:
Breathlefs he feems, yet eager to purfue;
When from aloft defcends in open view
The Bird of Fove, and foufing on his Prey,
With crooked Talons bears the Boy away.
In vain, with lifted Hand and gazing Eyes, His Guards behold him foaring thro the Skies; And Dogs purfue his Flight with imitated Cries. Dryd.Virg. $\}$ G ARDEN.
Now did I not fo near my Labours end Strike Sail, and haft'ning to the Harbour tend, My Song to flow'ry Gardens might extend.
To teach the vegetable Arts, to fing
The Paftan Rofes, and their double Spring:
How Succ'ry drinks the running Streams, and how
Green Beds of Parfley near the River grow:
How Cucumbers along the Surface creep,
With crooked Bodies, and with Bellies deep;
The late Narciffus, and the winding Trail
Of Bears-foot, Myrtle green, and Ivy pale.
For where with ftately Tow'rs Tarentum ftands, And deep Galefus foaks the yellow Sands,

I chanc'd an old Corycian Swain to know, Lord of few Acres, and thofe barren too; Unfit for Sheep or Wines, and more unfit to Sow. Yet lab'ring well his little Spot of Ground, Some fcatt'ring Pot-herbs here and there he found; Which cultivated with his daily Care, And bruis'd with Vervain, were his frugal Fare: Sometimes white Lillies did their Leaves afford, With wholefom Poppy Flow'rs to mend his homely Board. For late returning home, he fupp'd at Eafe, And wifely deem'd the Wealth of Monarchs lefs Than little of his own, becaufe his own did pleafe. To quit his Care, he gather'd firt of all, In Spring the Rofes, Apples in the Fall ; And when cold Winter fplit the Rocks in twain, And Ice the running Rivers did reftrain; He ftrip'd the Bears-foot of its leafy Growth, And calling weftern Winds, "accus'd the Spring of Sloth. He therefore firt among the Swains was found To reap the Product of his labour'd Ground, And fqueeze the Combs with golden Liquor crown'd. His Limes were finf in Flow'r, his lofty Pines With friendly Shade fecur'd his tender Vines: For ev'ry Bloom his Trees in Spring afford, An Autumn Apple was by Tale reftor'd. He knew to rank his Elms in even Rows, For Fruit the grafted Pear-tree to difpofe, And tame to Plums the Sournefs of the Sloes. With fpreading Planes he made a cool Retreat, To fhade Good-fellows from the Summer's Heat. Bear me, fome God, to Baia's gentle Seats, Or cover me in Umbria's green Retreats, Where ev'n rough Rocks with tender Myrtle bloom, And trodden Weeds fend out a rich Perfume. Where weftern Gales eternally refide, And all the Seafons laviin all their Pride: Bloffoms, and Fruits, and Flow'rs together rife, And the whole Year in gay Confufion lies. Add. O bleffed Shades! O gentle cool Retreat

From all th' immoderate Heat,
In which the frantick World does burn and fweat:
Where Birds that dance from Bough to Bough,
And fing above in ev'ry Tree,
Are not from Fears and Cares more free,

Than we, who lie, or walk below. What Prince's Quire of Mufick can excel

That which within this Shade does dwell ?
Fo which we nothing pay or give :
Birds, like other Poets, live
Without Reward or Thanks for their obliging Pains:
'Tis well if they become not Prey.
The whiftling Winds add their lefs attful Strains,
And a grave Bafe the murm'ring Fountains play.
Nature does all this Harmony befow;
But to our Plants Art's Mufick too,
The Pipe, Theorbo, and Ghittar we owe;
The Lute it felf, which once was green and mute:
When Orpheus Atruck th' infpir'd Lute,
The Trees danc'd round, and undertood,
By Sympathy, the Voice of Wood.
Thefe are the Spells that to kind Sleep invite, And nothing does within Refiftance make,

Which yet we moderately take.
Who would not chufe to be awake,
When he's incompals'd round with fuch Delight,
To th'Ear, the Smell, the Touch, the Tafte, the Sight?
When Venus would her dear Adonis keep
A Pris'ner in the downy Bands of Sleep;
She od'rous Herbs and Shrubs beneath him fpread,
As the moft foft and fweeteft Bed;
Not her own Lap would more have charm'd his Head.
We no where Art do fo triumphant fee,
As when it grafts or buds the Tree;
In other things we count it to exsel,
If it a docil Scholar can appear
To Nature, and but imitate her well ; It over-rules, and is her Mafter here.
Who would not joy to fee his conqu'ring Hand
O'er all the vegetable World command?
He bids th' ill-natur'd Crab produce
The gentle Apple's winy Juice.
He does the favage Hawthorn teach
To bear the Medlar and the Pear:
He bids the ruftick Plum to rear
A nobler Trunk, and be a Peach.
Ev'n Daphne's Coynefs he does mock,
And weeds the Cherry to her Stock;
Tho the refus'd Apollo's Suit,

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Ev'n fhe, that chafte and virgin Tree, Now wonders at her felf, to fee That fhe's a Mother made, and blufhes in her Fruito Methinks I fee great Dioclefian walk

In the Salonian Garden's noble Shade, Which by his own imperial Hands were made. Methinks I fee him fmile, while he does talk With the Ambaffádors, who come in vain

T'invite him to a Throne again:
If I, my Friends, fays he, fhould to you fhow All the Delights that in this Garden grow;
'Tis likelier much that you would with me ftay,
Than 'tis that you fhould carry me away:
And truft me not, my Friends, if ev'ry Day
I walk not here with more Delight,
Than ever, after the moft happy Fight,
In Triumph to the Capitol I rode,
To thank the Gods, and to be thought my felf almoft a Godo

> GARDEN of Eden. See Paradife.
> GAUNTLETS.

## He threw

Two pond'rous Gauntlets down in open view; Gauntlets which $E_{r y x}$ wont in Fight to wield, And fheath his Hands within the lifted Field. With Fear and Wonder feiz'd, the Croud beholds The Gloves of Death, with feven diftinguifh'd Folds Of rough Bull-Hides: The Space within is fpread With Iron, or with Loads of heavy Lead. Thefe round their Shoulders to their Wrilts they ty'd:
Both on the Tip-toe ftand, at full Extent, Their Arms aloft, their Bodies inly bent: Their Heads from aiming Blows they bear a-far; And clafhing Gauntlets then provoke the War. One on his Youth and pliant Limbs relies,
One on his Sinews and his Giant Size :
The laft is fiff with Age, his Motion flow, He heaves for Breath, and ftaggers to and fio; And Clouds of iffuing Smoke his Noftrils loudly blow. Yet equal in Succefs, they ward, they ftrike ; Their Ways are diff'rent, but their Art alike. Before, behind, the Blows are dealt around; Their hollow Sides the rattling Thumps refound. A Storm of Strokes, well meant, with Fury flies, And errs about their Temples, Ears, and Eyes:

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Not always errs; for oft the Gauntlet draws A fweeping Stroke along the crackling Jaws. Heavy with Age, Entellus ftands his Ground, But with his warping Body wards the Wound : His Hand and watchful Eye keep even Pace, While Dares traverfes and fhifts his Place: With Hands on high Entellus threats the Foe, But Dares watch'd the Motion from below, And nipt afide, and fhun'd the long-defcending Blow.
Entellus waftes his Forces on the Wind,
And thus deluded of the Stroke defign'd,
Headlong and heayy fell; his ample Breaft,
And weighty Limbs his antient Mother preft.
He lays on load with either Hand amain,
And headlong drives the Trojan o'er the Plain ;
Nor Stops, nor Stays, nor Reft, nor Breath allows,
But Storms of Strokes defcend about his Brows, A rattling Tempeft, and a Hail of Blows.
His Mouth and Noftrils pour'd a purple Flood,
And pounded Teeth came rufhing with the Blood;
Faintly he ftagger'd thro the hiffing Throng,
And hung his Head, and trail'd his Legs along. Dryd.Virg.
GENERAL. See Battel, Soldier, War.
He in the Shock of charging Hofts unmov'd,
Amidtt Confufion, Horrour, and Defpair,
Examin'd all the dreadful Scenes of War :
In peaceful Thought the Field of Death furvey'd,
To fainting Squadrons fent the timely Aid, Infpir'd repuls'd Battalions to engage,
And taught the doubtful Battel where to rage.
So when an Angel, by Divine Command,
With rifing Tempefts fhakes a guilty Land;
Calm and ferene he drives the furious Blaft:
And pleas'd the Almighty's Orders to perform,
Rides in the Whirlwind, and directs the Storm.
Add.
GHOST. See Negromancer, Night.
Forms without Body, and impaffive Air,
The fquallid Spectres, that in dead of Night
Break my fhort Sleep, and skim before my Sight;
Thin Shades, the Sports of Winds, are tofs'd
D'er dreary Plains, or tread the burning Coaft. Dryd. Virg.
I've heard a Spirit's Force is wonderful,
Ar whofe Approach, when flarting from his Dungeon,
The Earti will Phake, and the old Ocean groan;

Rocks are remov'd, and Trees are thunder'd down; And Walls of Brafs, and Gates of Adamant Are paffable as Air, and fleet like Winds. It faded at the crowing of the Cock, And ftarted like a guily thing Upon a fearful Summons.
Be thou a Spirit of Health, or Goblin damn'd;
Shak. Haml. Bring with thee Airs from Heav'n, or Blafts from Hell; Be thy Events wicked or charitable,
Thou com't in fuch a queftionable Shape,
That I will fpeak to thee: Oh! oh! anfwer me:
Let me not burft in Ignorance, but tell
Why thy canoniz'd Bones, hearfed in Earth,
Have burft their Cearments? Why the Sepalcheres
Wherein we faw thee quietly inter'd,
Has op'd its ponderous and marble Jaws,
To let thee out again? What may this mean,
That thou, dear Corfe, again in compleat Steel
Revifit't thus the Glimpres of the Morn, Making Night hideous, and us Fools of Nature, So horridly to Phake our Difpofition,
With Thoughts beyond the Reaches of our Souls?

> I am thy Father's Spirit,

Doom'd for a certain Time to walk the Night, And for the Day confin'd to fart in Fires;
Till the foul Crimes, done in my Days of Nature, Are burnt and purg'd away.

## GIRDLE.

That which her flender Wafte confin'd, Shall now my joyful Temples bind. No Monarch but would give his Crown, His Arms may do as this has done. My Joy, my Grief, my Hope, my Love, Did all within this Circle move. A narrow Compafs! and yet there Dwelt all that's Good, and all that's Fair. Give me but what this Ribband bound; Take all the reft the Sun goes round.

No more, my Goats, fhall I behold you climb
The fteepy Cliffs, or crop the flow'ry Thyme:
No more, extended in the Grot below,
Shall fee you browzing on the Mountain's Brow

The prickly Shrubs, and after on the Bare
Lean down the deep Abyls, and hang in Air. Dryd.Virg. G O LD. See Mony.
Gold! yellow, glittering, precious Gold!
Gold ! that will make black, white ; foul, fair ; wrong, right ;
Bafe, noble; old, young; coward, valiant!
Ha! you Gods, why this
Will lug your Priefts and Servants from your Sides;
Pluck fout Mens Pillows from below their Heads!
This yellow Slave
Will knit and break Religions; blefs th' accurs'd;
Make the hoar Leprofy ador'd ; place Thieves,
And give them Title, Knee, and Approbation,
With Senators on the Bench.
Shak. Tim. of Ath.
Gold makes a Patrician of a Slave;
A Dwarf an Atlas; a Therfites brave;
It cancels all Defects.
It guides the Fancy, and directs the Mind :
No Bankrupt ever found a Fair one kind.
Virtue now, nor noble Blood,
Nor Wit, by Love is underfood;
Gold alone does Paffion move:
Gold monopolizes Love.
A Curfe on her, and on the Man,
Who this Traffick firt began.
A Curfe, all Curfes elfe above,
On him who us'd it firft in Love!
Gold begets, in Brothers, Hate;
Gold, in Families, Debate ;
Gold does Friend hhip feparate.
Gold does Civil Wars create.
Thefe the fmalleft Harms of it ;
Gold, alas! does Love beget.
Cowl. Anac.
For Love in all his am'rous Battels,
$\mathrm{N}^{\prime}$ Advantage finds like Goods and Chattels. Hud.
Take heed, take heed, thou lovely Maid,
Nor be by glitt'ring Ills betray'd;
Thy felf for Mony ! Oh! Let no man know
The Price of Beauty fall'n fo low:
What Dangers ought'f thou not to dread,
When Love that's blind, is by blind Fortune led ?
Cowl.
Can Gold, alas! with thee compare?
The Sun that makes it 's not fo fair.

Thou'rt fo Divine a thing, that thee to buy Is to be counted Simony.

Let Honour and Preferment go for Gold;
But glorious Beauty is not to be fold: Or, if it be, 'tic at a Rate fo high, That nothing but adoring it Could buy. Dryad.

Love, what a poor Omnipotence haft thou, When Gold and Titles buy thee?

Dryad. Span. Fry.
O faced Hunger of pernicious Gold!
What Bands of Faith can impious Lucre hold! Dryad. Virgo.
When I made
This Gold, I made a greater God than Jove, Dry. Amphit. And gave mine own Omnipotence away [Spoken by Jupiter]

GRASHOPPER.
Happy Infect! What can be
In Happnefs compared with thee?
Fed with Nourifhment Divine,
The dewy Morning's gentle Wine.
Nature waits upon thee fill,
And thy verdant Cup does fill:
All the Fields which thou dort fee,'
All the Plants belong to thee;
All that Summer Hours produce,
Fertile made with early Juice.
Man for thee doth ow and plough ;
Farmer he, and Landlord thou.
Thee Country Hinds with Gladness hear,
Prophet of the ripen'd Year !
To thee of all things upon Earth,
Life is no longer than thy Mirth.
Happy Infect! happy thou,
Doff neither Age nor Winter know;
But when thou'ft drunk, and danced, and fung
Thy Fill, the flow'ry Leaves among,
Voluptuous and wife withal,
Epicurean Animal;
Sated with thy Summer Feaft,
Thou retir't to endless Ref.
Cowl. Anat.
GREATNESS.

How are we bandy'd up and down by Fate,
By fo much more unhappy as were great!
Otw. Don Carl.
Greatness, thou gaudy Torment of our Souls,
The wife Man's Fetter, and the Rage of Fools. Otw.Alcibiad.

Greatnefs, moft envy'd when leaft underfood, Thou art no real, but a feeming Good:
Sick at the Heart, thou in the Face look'ft well ;
By thy exalted State we only gain,
To be more wretched than the Vulgar can. Sedl. Ant. or Cleop.
Greatnefs we owe to Fortune or to Fate,
But Wifdom only can fecure that State.
Denh. Sophy.
We look on Men, and wonder at fuch Odds, ${ }^{\text {'T }}$ Twixt things that were the fame by Birth :
We look on Kings as Giants of the Earth.
Thefe Giants are but Pigmies to the Gods.
The humbleft and the proudeft Oak
Are but of equal Proof againft the Thunder-ftroke.
Beauty, and Strength, and Wit, and Wealth, and Pow'r;
Have their fhort flourifhing Hour; And love to fee themfelves, and fimile,
And joy in their Pre-eminence a while:
Ev'n fo in the fame Land,
Poor Weeds, rich Corn, gay Flow'rs together ftand:
Alas! Death mows down all with an impartial Hand.
And all ye Men, whom Greatnefs does fo pleafe,
You feant, I fear, like Damocles.
If you your Eyes ihould upward move,
But you, I fear, think nothing is above,
You would perceive by whiat a little Thred
The Sword is hanging o'er your Head;
No fparkling Wine would drown your Cares,
No Mirth, no Mufick over-noife your Fears:
The Fear of Death would you fo watchful keep,
As not $t^{\prime}$ admit the Image of it, Sleep.
Go level Hills, and fill up Seas,
Spare nought that may your Fancy pleafe:
But truft me, when you've done all this,
Much will be miffing ftill, and much will be amifs. Cowl.Hor. Of Power and Honour, the deceitful Light
Might half excufe our cheated Sight,
If it of Life the whole fmall Time fhould ftay,
And be our Sun-fhine all the Day:
Like Lightning, that begot but in a Cloud,
Tho fhining bright, and fpeaking loud,
While it begins, concludes its vilent Race,
And where it gilds it wounds the Place.
Oh Scene of Fortune! which dolt fair appear,
Only to Men that ftand not near !

Proud Poverty ! that tinfel Brav'ry wears, And like a Rainbow, painted Tears; Be prudent, and the Shore in prospect keep; In a weak Boat tuft not the Deep: Placed beneath Envy, above Envying rife, Pity Great Men, Great Things defpife.

Let others proudly ftand, and for a while,
The giddy Danger to beguile,
With Joy, and with Difdain look down on all, Till their Heads turn, and fo they fall.
Me, O ye Gods, on Earth, or elfe fo near, That I no Fall to Earth may fear ;
And, O ye Gods, at a good diftance feat From the long Ruins of the Great. Here let my Life with as much filence flide, As Time, that meafures it, does glide :
Nor let the Breath of Infamy or Fame,
From Town to Town echo about my Name:
Nor let my homely Death embroider'd be With Scutcheon or with Elegy : An old Plebeian let me die.
Alas! all then are fuch as well as I.
Cowl. Sen.
I now begin to loath all human Greatness:
I'll fly all Courts, and Love fall be my Guide ;
Love, that's more worth than all the World befide.
Princes are barr'd the liberty to roam;
The fetter'd Mind fill languifhes at home:

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In goiden Bands the treads the thoughtful Round,
Bus'nefs and Cares eternally abound;
And when for Air the Goddefs would unbind,
She's clogg'd with Sceptres, and to Crowns confin'd. Lee Theod. From publick Noife and factious Strife, From all the bufy Ills of Life,
Take me, my Cloe, to thy Breaft, And lull my weary'd Soul to Reft : For ever in this humble Cell, Let thee and I, my Fair one, dwell. To painted Roofs and fhining Spires, Th' uneafy Seats of high Defires, Let the unthinking Many croud, Who dare be covetous and proud. In golden Bondage let them wait, And barter Happinefs for State. But Oh! my Cloe, when thy Swain Defires to fee a Court again ; May Heav'n around this deftin'd Head, The choiceft of its Curfes fhed. To fum up all the Rage of Fate, In the two things I dread and hate, May'It thou be Falfe, and I be Great.
 For I difdain
All Pomp when thou art by: Far be the Noife
Of Kings and Courts from us, whofe gentle Souls
Our kinder Stars have fteer'd another way.
Free as the Foreft Birds well pair together,
Without remembring who our Fathers were;
Fly to the Arbours, Grots, and flow'ry Meads,
And in foft Murmurs interchange our Souls:
Together drink the Cryftal of the Stream,
Or tafte the yellow Fruit which Autumn yields:
And when the golden Evening calls us home,
Wing to our downy Beds, and fleep till Morn. Lee Theod.
Thus I from tedious Toils of Empire free,
The fervile Pomp of Government defpife;
Find Peace, and Joy, and Love, and Heav'n in thee,
And feek for all my Glory in thofe Eyes.
Poor are the brutal Conquefts we obtain
O'er barb'rous Nations by the Force of Arms :
But when with humble Love a Heart we gain,
And plant our Trophies on our Conqu'ror's Charms,

Such Triumphs ev'n to us may Honour bring:
No Glory's vain, which does from Pleasure Spring. Roch. Valent. Cure then thy Birthright,
Thy glorious Titles and ill-fuited Greatness Since Athenais fcorns thee. Take again Your ill-tim'd Honours; take' em, take 'em, Gods! And change me to forme humble Villager : If fo, at least for Toils at fcorching Noon, In mowing Meadows, or in reaping Fields, At Night foe will but crown me with a Smile, Or reach the Bounty of her Hand to bless me.

Lee Theme
State grows uneafy when it hinders Love;
A glorious Burden, which the Wife remove.
Whom Heav'n would bless, from Poops it will remove,
And make their Wealth in Privacy and Love. Dry. Auren.
GRIEF. See Defpair, Funeral, Melancholy, Sorrow, Tears, Weeping.
'Ti not alone my inky Cloak, Nor cuftomary Suits of folemn Black, Nor windy Sufpiration of forced Breath; No, nor the fruitful River in the Eye, Together with all Forms, Moods, Shews of Grief, That can denote me truly. There indeed feem, For they are Actions that a Man might play: But I have that within which paffes how, There but the Trappings and the Suits of Woe. Shat. Hams. My Grief lies all within;
And thole external Manners of Laments Are merely Shadows to the unfeen Grief, That fells with filence in my tortur'd Soul : There lies the Substance.

Shake. Rich. 2.
Alas! I have no Words to tell my Grief; To vent my Sorrow, would be forme Relief: Light Suffr rings give us leifure to complain ; We groan, but cannot (peak in greater Pain. Dry. Pal. of Arc

Give Sorrow Words: The Grief that does not (peak, Whippers the o'er-fraught Heart, and bids it break.' Shako. Mack. I'm dumb, as folemn Sorrow ought to be: Could my Griefs Speak, the Tale would have no End. Otw.C.Mar.

Horror in all his Pomp was there: Mute and magnificent without a Tear.

Dry.
It is the Wretch's Comfort fill to have Some fall Referve of near and inward Woe, Some unfurpected Hoard of darling Grief,

Which they unfeen may wail, and weep, and mourn, And Glutton-like devour alone.

Cong. Mourn. Brids.
Time gives Increafe $n$ my Afflictions.
The circling Hours that gather all the Woes,
Which are diffus' 'thro the revolving Year,
Come heavy-l Ien with th' opprefling Weight
To me; $\mathrm{v}^{\text {in }}$ me fucceffively they leave
The Sigr, the Tears, the Groans, the reftef Cares,
And $-i$ the Damps of Grief that did retard their Flight ;
$T^{\prime \prime y}$ fhake their downy Wings, and fatter all
their dire collected Dews on my poor Head,
Then fly with Joy and Swiftnefs from me. Cong. Mourn.Bride. Of Comfort no Man fpeak;
Let's talk of Graves, and Worms, and Epitaphs !
Make Duft our Paper, and with rainy Eyes Write Sorrow in the Bofom of the Earth.

Shak. Rich.2.
O let no other Accents fill the Air,
But Strains of raging Grief, and Yellings of Defpair. Blac.
I have been in fuch a difmal place,
Where Joy ne'er enters, which the Sun ne'er chears;
Bound in with Darknefs, over-fpread with Damps:
Where I have feen (if I could fay I faw)
The good old King, majeftick in his Bonds, And 'midft his Griefs moft venerably great, By a $\operatorname{dim}$ winking Lamp, which feebly broke The gloomy Vapours: He lay ftretch'd along Upon th' unwholefom Earth, his Eyes fix'd upward, And ever and anon a filent Tear Stole down, and trickled from his hoary Beard : My Heart is wither'd at that piteous Sight, As early Bloffoms are with Eaftern Blafts. He fent for me, and while I rais'd his Head, He threw his aged Arms about my Neck; And feeing that I wept, he pres'd me clofe: So leaning Cheek to Cheek, and Eyes to Eyes, We mingled Tears in a dumb Scene of Sorrow. Dryd.Span.Fry.

His Griefs have rent my aged Heart afunder ; Stretch'd on the damp unwholefome Earth he lies, Nor had my Pray'rs or Tears the pow'r to raife him. Now motionlefs as Death his Eyes are fix'd, And then anon he ftarts and cafts'em upwards, And groaning, cries, I am th' accurs'd of Heaven. Rowe Fair Pen.

O take me in a Fellow-Mourner with thee :
I'll number Groan for Groan, and Tear for Tear ;

And when the Fountains of thy Eyes are dry,
No further Voice her mighty Grief affords ; For Sighs came rufhing in betwixt her Words, And ftopt her Tongue ; but what her Tongue deny'd, Soft Tears, and Groans, and dumb Complaints fupply'd. Dr.Ov. In Sorrow drown'd,
Betwixt their Arms he finks upon the Ground;
Where, grov'ling while he lies, in deep Defpair,
He beats his Breaft, and rends his hoary, Hair.
Dryavirgo
Forgetful of his State, he runs along
With a diftracted pace, and cleaves the Throng;
Falls on the Corps, and groaning there he lies,
With filent Grief that fpeaks but at his Eyes. Short Sighs and Sobs fucceed, till Sorrow breaks A Paffage, and at once he weeps and fpeaks. Drydo. FirgThus long my Grief has kept me dumb:
Sure there's a Lethargy in mighty Woe;
Tears ftand congeal'd, and cannot flow:
Tears for a Stroke forefeen afford Relief;
But unprovided for a fudden Blow,
Like Niobe, we Marble grow,
And petrify with Grief.
Dryd.
His drooping Head was refted on his Hand; His grielly Beard his penfive Bofom fought; And all on Laufus ran his reftlefs Thoughto Dryd. VirgHe fat upon his Rump,
His Head, like one in doleful Dump,
Betwixt his Knees, his Hands apply'd
Unto his Cheeks, on either fide;
And by him, in another Hole,
Afflicted Ralpho, Cheek by Joul. Grief, tho not cur'd, is eas'd by Company: Dryd. Auren. That eating Canker, Grief, with wafteful Spite, Preys on the rofy Bloom of Youth and Beauty. Rowe Amb.Stef. GROVE. See Paradife.
And now my Mufe what moft delights her fees, A living Gallery of aged Trees:
Bold Sons of Earth ! that thruft their Arms fo high, As if once more they would invade the Sky. In fuch green Palaces the firt Kings reign'd, Slept in their Shades, and Angels entertain'd: With fuch wife Counfellors they did advife, And by frequenting facred Groves grew wife,

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Strait as a Line, in beauteous Order ftood,
Of Oaks unfhorn a venerable Wood:
Frefh was the Grafs beneath, and ev'ry Tree
At diftance planted in a due Degree.
Their branching Arms in Air, with equal Space,
Stretch'd to their Neighbours with a long Embrace.
And the new Leaves on ev'ry Bough were feen,
Some ruddy-colour'd, fome of lighter green.
The painted Birds, Companions of the Spring,
Hopping from Spray to Spray, were heard to fing.
Both Ears and Eyes receiv'd a like Delight, (and the Leaf.
Enchanting Mufick, and a charming Sight. Dryd. The Flower
This fhadowing Defart, unfrequented Woods,
I better brook than flourifhing peopled Townse
Here I can fit alone, unfeen of any,
And to the Nightingale's complaining Notes (of Ver.
Tune my Diftreffes, and record my Woes. Shak. The two Gento
Ah happy Grove! dark and fecure Retreat
Of facred Silence, Reft's eternal Seat :
How well your cool and unfrequented Shade
Suits with the chafte Retirement of a Maid!
Oh! if kind Heav'n had been fo much my Friend,
To make my Fate upon my Choice depend ;
All my Ambition I would here confine,
And only this Elyfium fhould be mine!
Dear folitary Groves, where Peace does dwell !
Sweet Harbours of pure Love and Innocence!
How willingly could I for ever ftay
Beneath the Shade of your embracing Greens,
Lift'ning to th' Harmony of warbling Birds,
Tun'd with the gentle Murmur of the Streams:
Upon whofe Banks in various Livery,
The fragrant Offspring of the early Year,
Their Heads, like graceful Swans, bent proudly down,
See their own Beauties in the cryftal Flood.
Roch. Val. GYPSY.
A Gypfy Fewefs whifpers in your Ear,
And begs an Alms: A High-Priett's Daughter fhe,
Vers'd in their Talmud and Divinity;
And prophefies beneath a fhady Tree.
Her Goods a Basket, and old Hay her Bed;
She frolls, and telling Fortunes, gains her Bread.
Farthings, and fome fimall Monies, are her Fees;
Yet fhe interprets all your Dreams for thefe :

Foretels th' Eftate, when the rich Uncle dies, And fees a Sweet-heart in the Sacrifice.
She claps the pretty Palm, to make the Lines more fair.
The pooreft of the Sex have ftill an Itch
To know their Fortunes, equal to the Rich:
The Dairy-Maid enquires if fhe fhall take
The trufty Taylor, and the Cook forfake.
Dryd. Fuv. HAG. See Witch.
In a clofe Lane, as I purfu'd my Journey,
I fpy'd a wrinkled Hag, with Age grown double,
Picking dry Sticks, and mumbling to her felf :
Her Eyes with fcalding Rheum were gall'd and red,
Cold Palfy fhook her Head, her Hands feem'd wither'd;
And on her crooked Shoulders had fhe wrap'd
The tatter'd Remnants of an old frrip'd Hanging,
Which ferv'd to keep her Carcafe from the Cold :
So there was nothing of a piece about her.
Her lower Weeds were all o'er coarfly patch'd
With diff'rent-colour'd Rags, black, red, white, yellow,
And feem'd to fpeak Variety of Wretchednefs. Otw. Orph. HAIL.
The patt'ring Hail comes pouring on the Main,
When Fupiter defcends in harden'd Rain;
The bellowing Clouds burft with a ftormy Sound,
And with an armed Winter ftrew the Ground. Dryd. Virg.
Thus when fome Storm its cryftal Quarry rends,
And Fove in rattling Show'rs of Ice defcends;
Mount Athos fhakes the Forefts on his Brow,
While down his wounded Sides frefh Torrents flow,
And Leaves and Limbs of Trees o'er-fpread the Vale below.
As when thick Hail comes rattling in the Wind,
The Ploughman, Paffenger, and lab'ring Hind,
For fhelter to the neighb'ring Coverts fly,
Or hous'd, or fafe in hollow Caverns lie ;
But that o'er-blown, when Heav'n above them fmiles,
Return to Travail, and renew their Toils.
Dryd. Virg. HA I R. See Paradife, Venus.
His golden Hair did on his Shoulders fhine,
Like Locks of Sun-Beams, curl'd with Art divine.
Blas.
Adown her Shoulders fell her Length of Hair,
A Ribband did her braided Treffes bind;
The reft was loofe, and wanton'd in the Wind. Dryd.Pal. © Arc.
His amber-colour'd Locks in Ringlets nun, (ev Arc.
With graceful Negligence, and fhone againft the Sun. Dryd. Pal.

My Locks, the plenteous Harveft of my Head, Hang o'er my manly Face; and dangling down, As with a fhady Grove, my Shoulders crown. HAPPINESS.
All Happinefs is feated in Content.
Otw. C. Mar.
In wifhing nothing we enioy ftill moft;
For ev'n our Wiih is in Poffeffion loft :
Reflefs we wander to a new Defire,
And burn our felves by blowing up the Firc.
We tofs and turn about our fev'rifh Will,
When all our Eafe muft come by lying ftill :
For all the Happinefs Mankind can gain,
Is not in Pleafure, but in Reft from Pain. Dryd. Ind. Emp. We barbaroufly call thofe blefs'd,
Who are of largeft Tenements poffefs'd, While fwelling Coffers break their Owners Reft.

More truly happy thofe that can,
Govern the little Empire, Man;
Bridle their Paffions, and direct their Will
Thro all the glitt'ring Paths of charming Ill; Who in a fix'd unalterable State,

Smile at the doubfful Tide of Fate, And fcorn alike her Friendfhip and her Hate:

Who Poifon lefs than Falinood fear,
Loth to purchafe Life fo dear ;
But kindly for their Friend embrace their Death, (Steph. Hor. And feal their Country's Love with their departing Breath.

No Happinefs can be where is no Reft,
'Th' unknown, untalk'd-of Man is only blef. He , as in fome fafe Cliff, his Cell does keep, From thence he views the Labours of the Deep: The Gold-fraught Veffel which mad Tempefts beat, He fees now vainly make to his Retreat; And when from far the tenth Wave does appear, Shrinks up in filent Joy that he's not there. Dryd. Tyr. Love. To be Good, is to be Happy: Angels
Are happier than Men, becaufe they're better. Guilt is the Saurce of Sorrow ; 'tis the Fiend, Th' avenging Fiend, that follows us behind With Whips and Stings: The Blefs'd know none of this, But reft in everlafting Peace of Mind, And find the Height of all their Heav'n in Goodnefs. Rozwe

## HARE. See Hunting.

The Hare in Paftures or in Plains is found,
Emblem of Human Life! who runs the Round; And after all his wandring Ways are done, His Circle fills, and ends where he begun, Juf as the fetting meets the rifing Sun. HARPIES.
Monfters more fierce offended Heav'n ne'er fent From Hell's Abyfs for human Punifhment ; With Virgin-Faces, but with Wombs obfeene, Foul Paunches, and with Ordure ftill unclean, With Claws for Hands, and Looks for ever lean. S With hideous Cry,
 Dryd. $\}$

The Salt of Life, which does to all a Relifh give; Its ftanding Pleafure, and intrinfick Wealth,
The Body's Virtue, and the Soul's good Fortune.
Aufpicious Health appear'd on Zephyr's Wings;
She feem'd a Cherub moft divinely bright,
More foft than Air, more gay than Morning Light.
Hail blooming Goddefs ! thou propitious Pow'r,
Whofe Bleffings Mortals next to Life implore ;
With fo much Luftre your bright Looks endear,
That Cottages are Courts when thofe appear.
Mankind, as you vouchfafe to fmile or frown,
Find Eafe in Chains, or Anguifh in a Crown
Gar.
HEART.
My heavy Heart, the Prophetefs of Woe, Forebodes fome Ill at hand. Dryd. Span. Fry.
My lab'ring Heart, that fwells with Indignation,
Heaves to difcharge its Burden ; that once done,
The bufy thing fhall reft within its Cell,
And never beat again.
Rowe Fair Pen.
Now Heart,
Be ribb'd with Iron for this one Attempt;
Set ope thy Sluices, fend the vig'rous Blood
Thro ev'ry active Limb for my Relief:
Then take thy Reft within thy quiet Cella
For thou fhalt drum no more.
Dryd. Don Seb.
His mounting Heart
Bounces againft my Hands, as if it would Thruft off his manly Soul.

Dryd. Cleom.
HEJRESS.
What did ever Heirefs yet
By being born to Lordhips get ?
When the more Lady fhe's of Mannors,
She's but expos'd to more Trepanners;
Pays for their Projetts and Defigns,
And for her own Deftruction fines;
And does but tempt them with her Riches,
To ufe her as the Devil does Witches;
Who takes it for a fecial Grace,
To be their Cully for a Space,
That when the Time's expir'd, the Drazels
For ever may become his Vaffals.
So fhe, bewitch'd by Rooks and Spirits,
Betrays her felf and all fh'inherits;

Is bought and fold like ftol'n Goods, By Pimps, and Match-makers, and Bauds ; Unil they force her to convey, And fteal the Thief himfelf away. HELL.
Ye Realms yet unreveal'd to human Sight,
Ye Gods who rule the Regions of the Night,
Ye gliding Ghofts, permit me to relate
The myftick Wonders of your filent State.
Dryd. Virg.
Where Lucifer the mighty Captive reigns, Proud 'midft his Woes, and Tyrant in his Chains.

Him th' Almighty Pow'r
Hurl'd headlong flaming from th' ethereal Sky, With hideous Ruin and Comburtion, down
To bottomlefs Perdition, there to dwell In adamantine Chains and penal Fire.

Milt.
Down, like Lightning with him fruck, he came;
And roar'd at his firf Plunge into the Flame:
Myriads of Spirits fell wounded round him there;
With dropping Lights thick fhone the finged Air.
Cowl.
Hell heard th' unfufferable Noife: Hell faw
Heav'n ruining from Heav'n, and would have fled
Affrighted; but ftrict Fate had caft too deep Her dark Foundations.

Nine Days they fell ; confounded Chaos roar'd, And felt ten-fold Confufion in their Fall, Thro his wild Anarchy ; fo huge a Rout Incumber'd him with Ruin : Hell at laft Yawning receiv'd them whole, and on them clos'd; Hell, their fit Habitation, fraught with Fire Unquenchable, the Houfe of Woe and Pain.

Nine times the Space that meafures Day and Night To mortal Men, he with his horrid Crew Lay vanquifh'd, rolling in the fiery Gulph ; Confounded, tho immortal : But his Doom Referv'd him to more Wrath; for now the Thought Both of loft Happinefs and lafting Pain Torments him: Round he throws his baleful Eyes, That witnefs'd huge Afflition and Difmay, Mix'd with obdurate Pride and ftedfaft Hate : At once, as far as Angels ken, he views The difinal Situation, wafte and wild ; A Dungeon horrible, on all Sides round, As one great Furnace, flam'd; yet from thefe Flames

No Light, but rather Darknefs vifible,
Serv'd only to difcover Sights of Woe,
Regions of Sorrows, doleful Shades, where Peace
And Reft can never dwell, Hope never comes,
That comes to all ; but Torture without end
Still urges, and a fiery Deluge fed
With ever-burning Sulphur unconfum'd.
There the Companions of his Fall, o'erwhelm'd
With Floods and Whirlwinds of tempertuous Fire,
He foon difcern'd, lie weltering about him :
His Head up-lift above the Wave, his Eyes
That fparkling blaz'd, his other Parts befides
Prone on the Flood, extended long and large,
Lay floating many a Rood; in Bulk as huge
As whom the Fables name of monftrous Size,
Briareus, or Typhon, whom the Den
By antient Tar Jus held:
So ftretch'd out, huge in Length the Arch-Fiend lay,
Chain'd on the burning Lake.
Forthwith upright he rears from off the Pool
His mighty Stature: On each Hand the Flames
Driv'n backward, flope their pointed Spires, and roll'd
In Billows, leave $i^{\prime}$ th' midft a horrid Vale:
Then with expanded Wings he fteers his Flight
Aloft, incurnbent on the dusky Air,
That felt unufual Weight; till on dry Land
He lights, if it be Land that ever burn'd
With folid, as the Lake with liquid Fire.
He walk'd
Over the burning Marle; the torrid Clime
Smote on him fore befides, vaulted with Fire.
Yet this he fo indur'd, till on the Beach
Of that inflamed Sea he ftood, and call'd
His Legions, Angel Forms, who lay intrench'd
Thick as autumnal Leaves that frow the Brooks
In Vallombrofa, where th' Etrurian Shades
High over-arch'd imbow'r.
They heard and were abafh'd, and up they fprung,
Hov'ring on Wing under the Cope of Hell,
${ }^{3}$ Twixt upper, nether, and furrounding Fires.
Part on the Plain, or in the Air fublime,
Upon the Wing, or in fwift Race contend,
As at th' Olympian Games or Pythian Fields;
Part curb their fiery Steeds, or Thun the Goal

With rapid Wheels ; or fronted Brigades form : As when to warn proud Cities, War appears Wag'd in the troubl'd Sky, and Armies rufh To Battel in the Clouds ; before each Van Prick forth the airy Knights, and couch their Spears, Till thickef Legions clofe; with Feats of Arms From either Side of Heav'n the Welkin burns. Others with vaft Typhocan Rage more fell, Rend up both Rocks and Hills, and ride the Air In Whirlwind: Hell fcarce holds the wild Uproar. Others more mild,
Retreated in a filent Valley, fing With Notes angelical to many a Harp, Their own heroick Deeds and haplefs Fall By Doom of Battel ; and complain that Fate Free Virtue fhould enthrall to Force or Chance,
Their Song was partial, but the Harmony Sufpended Hell, and took with Ravifhment The thronging Audience. In Difcourfe more \{ixeet, (For Eloquence the Soul, Song, charms the Senfe) Others apart fet on a Hill retir'd,
In Thoughts more elevate, and reafon'd high Of Providence, Fore-knowledg, Will and Fate; Fix'd Fate, Free-will, Fore-knowledg abfolute, And found no End, in wand'ring Mazes loft. Of Good and Evil much they argu'd then, Of Happinefs and final Mifery, Paffion and Apathy, Glory and Shame ; Vain Wifdom all, and falfe Philofophy: Yet with a pleafing Sorcery could charm. Pain for a while, or Anguifh; and excite Fallacious Hope ; or arm th'obdurate Breaft With ftubborn Patience as with triple Steel. Another Part in Squadrons and grofs Bands, On bold Adventure, to difcover wide That difmal World, bend
Four Ways their flying March, along the Banks Of four infernal Rivers, that difgorge Into the burning Lake their baleful Streams. Abhorred Styx , the Flood of deadly Hate ; Sad Acheron, of Sorrow black and deep: Cocytus, nam'd of Lamentation loud, Heard on the rueful Stream : Fierce Phlegethon, Whofe Waves of torrent Fire enflame with Rage :

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Far off from thefe a flow and filent Stream,
Lethe, the River of Oblivion, rolls
Her wat'ry Labyrinth: whereof who drinks,
Forthwith his former State and Being forgets,
Forgets both Joy and Grief, Pleafure and Pain.
Beyond this Flood a frozen Continent
Lies dark and wild, beat with perpetual Storms
Of Whirlwind and dire Hail, which on firm Land
Thaws not, but gathers Heap, and Ruin feems
Of antient Pile : All elfe deep Snow and Ice. The parching Air
Burns frore, and Cold performs th' Effet of Firc.
Thither by Harpy-footed Furies hall'd,
At certain Revolutions, all the Damn'd
Are brought, and feel by Turns the bitter Change
Of fierce Extremes, Extremes by Change more fierce :
From Beds of raging Fire to ftarve in Ice
Their foft ethereal Warmth, and there to pine
Immovable, infix'd, and frozen round,
Periods of Time ; thence hurry'd back to Fire,
They ferry over this Lethean Sound
Both to and fro, their Sorrow to augment ;
And wih, and ftruggle, as they pals, to reach
The tempting Stream, with one fmall Drop to lofe
In fweet Forgetfulnefs, all Pain and Woe.
But Fate withftands, and to oppofe th' Artempt
Medufa with Gorgonian Terror guards
The Ford, and of it felf the Water flies
All Tafte of living Wight, as once it fled
The Lip of Tantalus. Thus roving on,
In confus'd March, forlorn, th' advent'rous Bands
With fhudd'ring Horrour pale, and Eyes aghaft,
View'd firt their lamentable Lot, and found
No Reft: Thro many a dark and dreary Vale
They pafs'd, and many a Region dolorous,
O'er many a frozen, many a fiery $A l p$,
Rocks, Caves, Lakes, Fens, Bogs, Dens, and Shades of Death:
A Univerfe of Death,
Where all Life dies, Death lives; and Nature breeds
Perverfe, all monftrous, all prodigious Things.
Abominable, inutterable, and worfe
Than Fables yet have feign'd, or Fear conceiv'd;
Gorgons, and Hydra's, and Chimera's dire.

Obfcure they went thro dreary Shades, that led Along the wafte Dominions of the Dead. Thus wander Travellers in Woods by Night, By the Moon's doubtful and malignant Light; When Fove in dusky Clouds involves the Skies, And the faint Crefent fhoots by Fits before their Eyes, Juft in the Gates, and in the Jaws of Hell, Revengeful Cares, and fullen Sorrows dwell; And pale Difeafes, and repining Age, Want, Fear, and Famine's unrefiited Rage: Here Toils, and Death, and Death's half-Brother, Sleep, Forms terrible to view, their Centry keep; With anxious Pleafures of a guilty Mind,
Deep Frauds before, and open Force behind:
The Furies Iron Beds, and Strife, that fhakes
Her hiffing Treffes, and unfolds her Snakes. Full in the midft of this infernal Road, An Elm difplays her dusky Arms abroad : The God of sleep there hides his heavy Head, And empty Dreams on ev'ry Leaf are (pread: Of various Forms unnumber'd Spectres more, Centaurs and double Shapes befiege the Door;
Before the Paffage horrid Hydra ftands, Briareus with all his hundred Hands,
Gorgons, Geryon with his triple Frame,
And vain Chimera vomits empty Flame.
Before the Gates the Cries of Babes new-born; Whom Fate had from their tender Mothers torn, Affault his Ears: Then thofe whom Form of Laws Condemn'd to die, when Traitors judg'd their Caufe;
Nor want they Lots, nor Judges to review
The wrongful Sentence, and award a new :
Minos, the frrict Inquifitor, appears,
And Lives, and Crimes, with his Affeffors, hears:
Round in his Urn the blended Balls he rolls,
Abfolves the juft, and dooms the guilty Souls.
The next in Place and Punifhment are they,
Who prodigally throw their Souls away:
Fools, who, repining at their wretched State, And loathing anxious Life, fuborn'd their Fate. With late Repentance now they would retrieve
The Bodies they forfook, and wih to live:
Their Pains and Poverty defire to bear,
To view the Light of Heav'n, and breathe the vital Air.

But Fate forbids: The Stygian Pools oppofe,
And, with nine circling Streams, the captive Souls inclofe.
They haften'd onward to the penfive Grove,
The filent Manfion of difaftrous Love.
Here Fealoufy with Jaundice Looks appears,
And broken Slumbers, and fantaftick Tears:
The widow'd Turte hangs her moulting Wings,
And to the Woods in mournful Numbers fings.
No Winds but Sighs are there; no Floods but Tears.
Each confcious Tree a tragick Signal bears :
Their wounded Bark records fome broken Vow,
And Willow Garlands hang on ev'ry Bough.
Gar.
Not far from thence the mournful Fields appear,
So call'd from Lovers that inhabit there:
The Souls, whom that unhappy Flame invades
In fecret Solitude, and Myrtle Shades,
Make endlefs Moans, and pining with Defire,
Lament too late their unextinguifh'd Fire.
The Hero, looking on the Left, efpy'd
A lofty Tow'r, and ftrong on ev'ry Side
With treble Walls, which Phlegethon furrounds,
Whofe fiery Flood the burning Empire bounds;
And prefs'd betwixt the Rocks, the bellowing Noife refounds. $\}$
Wide is the fronting Gate, and rais'd on high,
With adamantine Columns threats the Sky.
Vain is the Force of Man, and Heav'n's as vain,
To crufh the Pillars which the Pile furtain:
Sublime on thefe a Tow'r of Steel is rear'd,
And dire Tijiphone there keeps the Ward:
Girt in her fanguine Gown by Night and Day,
Obfervant of the Souls that pafs the downward Way:
From hence are heard the Groans of Ghofts, the Pains
Of founding Lamhes, and of dragging Chains:
And loud Laments that rend the liquid Ais.

> Thefe dire Abodes

Contain the Tortures of th'avenging Gods:
Thefe are the Realms of unrelenting Fate,
And aweful Radamanthus rules the State:
He hears and judges each committed Crime,
Enquires into the Manner, Place, and Time:
The confcious Wretch muft all his Ats reveal,
Loth to confefs, unable to conceal,
From the firf Moment of his vital Breath,
To his laft Hour of unrepenting Death.

Strait o'er the guilty Ghofts the Fury fhakes The founding Whip, and brandifhes her Snakes, And the pale Sinner, with her Sifters, takes. High o'er their Heads a mould'ring Rock is plac'd, That promifes a Fall, and fhakes at ev'ry Blaft. They lie below on golden Beds difplay'd, And genial Feafts with regal Pomp are made: The Queen of Furies by their fides is fet, And frateches from their Mouths th' untafted Meat; Which if they touch, her hiffing Snakes fhe rears, Toffing her Torch, and thund'ring in their Ears. Then they, who Brothers better Claim difown, Expel their Parents, and ufurp the Throne ; Defraud their Clients, and to Lucre fold, Sit brooding on unprofitable Gold; Who dare not give, and ev'n refure to lend To their poor Kindred, or a wanting Friend. Vaft is the Throng of thefe; nor lefs the Train Of lufful Youths for foul Adult'ry flain: Hofts of Deferters, who their Honour fold, And bafely broke their Faith for Bribes of Gold. All thefe within the Dungeon's Depth remain, Defpairing Pardon, and expecting Pain. Some roll a weighty Stone ; fome laid along, And bound with burning Wires, on Spokes of Wheels are hung. To Tyrants others have their Country fold, Impofing foreign Lords for foreign Gold. Some have old Laws repeal'd, new Statutes made, Not as the People pleas'd, but as they paid.
With Inceft fome their-Daughter's Bed profan'd; All dar'd the worft of Ills, and what they dar'd attain'd.
Had I a hundred Mouths, a hundred Tongues,
And Throats of Brafs, infpir'd with Iron Lungs, I could not half thofe horrid Crimes repeat, Nor half the Punifhments thofe Crimes have met. Dryd. Virgo HER O. See Butcher, Fortune. HONEST.
1 pay my Debts,
I feal from no Man; would not cut a Throat,
To gain Admiffion to a great Man's Purfe,
Or a Whore's Bed ; I'd not betray my Friend, To get his Place or Fortune: I fcorn to flatter A blown-up Fool above me, or crufh the Wretch beneath me.

Of Man firft made, e'er Fraud and Vice were Fafhions. HONOUR.
Honour! a raging Fit of Virtue in the Soul;
A painful Burden which great Minds muft bear;
Obtain'd with Danger, and poffers'd with Fear. Dryd.Ind.Emp. Honour is like a Widow, won With brisk Attempt and pufhing on; With entring manfully, and urging; Not flow Approaches, like a Virgin.

Hud.
O Honour ! frail as Life, thy fellow-Flow'r,
Cherifh'd, and watch'd, and hum'roufly efteem'd;
Then worn for fhort Adornment of an Hour ;
And is, when loft, no more to be redeem'd!
D'Aven.
Honour is like that glaffy Bubble, Which finds Philofophers fuch Trouble: Whofe leaft Part crackt, the whole does fly, And Wits are crackt to find out why. That Man is fure to lofe,
That fouls his Hands with dirty Foes; For where no Honour's to be gain'd,
.Tis thrown away in being maintain'd.
Honour in the Breech is lodg'd, As wife Philofophers have judg'd ; Becaufe a Kick in that Part, more Hurts Honour, than deep Wounds before. Hud. Honour, the Error and the Cheat, Of the ill-natur'd bufy Great !
Fond Idol of the flavifh Croud ! Nonfenfe invented by the Proud!
Oh curfed Honour ! thou who firt didft damn
A Woman to the Sin of Shame !
Honour, who firft taught lovely Eyes the Art
To wound, and not to cure the Heart;
With Love $\begin{aligned} \text { 'invite, but to forbid with Awe, }\end{aligned}$ And to themfelves prefribe a cruel Law.
His chiefeft Atrributes are Pride and Spight ;
His Pow'r is robbing Lovers of Delight!
Honour, that puts our Words, that hould be free, Into a fet Formality !
Thou bafe Debaucher of the gen'rous Heart,
That teaches all our Looks and Actions Art!
What Love defign'd a facred Gift,
What Nature made to be poffers'd,

Miftaken Honour made a Theft:
Thou Foe to Pleafure! Nature's wortt Difeafe!
Thou Tyrant over mighty Kings !
Be gone to Princes Palaces;
But let the humble Swain go on
In the bleft Paths of the firt Race of Man;
That neareft were to Gods ally'd,
And, form'd for Love, difdain'd all other Pride.
Bear. Have I o'ercome all real Foes,
And hall this Phantom me oppofe?
Noify nothing! Stalking Shade!
By what Witchcraft wert thou made?
Empty Caufe of folid Harms !
'Tis Pride's Original, but Nature's Grave, Scorn'd by the Bafe, 'tis courted by the Brave ; The Hero's Tyrant, and the Coward's Slaye.

What is this vain, fantaftick, pageant Honour,
This bufy, angry thing, that fcatters Difcord Amongft the mighty Princes of the Earth, And fets the madding Nations in an Uproar.

This Honour is the verief Mountebank;
It fits our Fancies with affected Tricks, And makes us freakifh. What a Cheat muft that be, Which robs our Lives of all their fofter Hours?
Beauty, our only Treafure, it lays wafte ; Hurries us over our neglected Youth, To the detefted State of Age and Uglinefs: Tearing our deareft Heart's Defire from us. Then, in Reward of what it took away, Our Joys, our Hopes, our Wifhes and Delights, It bountifully pays us all with Pride.
Poor Shifts ! ftill to be proud, and never pleas'd!
Fet this is all your Honour can do for you.
Roch. Vaiens.
Not all the Threats or Favours of a Crown,
1 Prince's Whifer, or a Tyrant's Frown,

Can awe the Spirit, or allure the Mind
Of him who to ftrict Honour is inclin'd.
Tho all the Pomp and Pleafure that does waft
On Publick Places and Affairs of State, Should fondly court him to be bafe and great: With even Paffions and with fertled Face, He would remove the Harlot's falfe Embrace.
Tho all the Storms and Temperts fhould arife, That Church-Magicians in their Cells devife,
And from their fettled Bafis Nations tear,
He would unmov'd the mighty Ruin bear
Secure in Innocence, contemn them all,
And, decently array'd in Honour, fall.
Honour, that Spark of the celeftial Fire,
That above Nature makes Mankind afpire,
Ennobles the rude Paffions of our Frame
With Thirft of Glory, and Defire of Fame;
The richeft Treafure of a gen'rous Breaft,
That gives the Stamp and Standard to the reft.
Wit, Strength, and Courage are wild dang'rous Force,
Unlefs this foften and direet their Courfe.
Of Honour, Men at firf, like Women nice,
Raife maiden Scruples at unpractis'd Vise;
Their modeft Nature curbs the ftruggling Flame,
And fifles what they wifh to att, with Shame:
But once this Fence thrown down, when they perceive
That they may tafte forbidden Fruit and live;
They fop not here their Courfe, but fafely in,
Grow ftrong, luxuriant, and bold in Sin;
True to no Principles, prefs forward fill,
And only bound by Appetite their Will;
Now fawn and flatter while this Tide prevairs,
But fhift with ev'ry veering Blaft their Sails.
On higher Springs true Men of Honour move,
Free is their Service, and unbought their Love :
When Danger calls, and Honour leads the way,
With Joy they follow, and with Pride obey.
HOPE.
Hope, of all Ills that Men endure
The only cheap and univerfal Cure!
Thous Captive's Freedom, and thou fick Man's Health!
Thow Lofer's Vitcory, and thou Beggar's W ealth !
Thou Manna, which from Heav'n we eat ;
To ev'iy Tafte a feveral Meat!

Thou ftrong Retreat ! thou fure-entaild Eftate,
Which nought has Power to alienate!
Thou pleafant honeft Flatterer; for none Flatter unhappy Men but thou alone!

Hope, thou firt Fruits of Happinefs, Thou gentle Dawning of a bright Succefs,

Who out of Fortune's reach doft fand, And art a Bleffing ftill in hand. Happinefs it felf's all one In thee, or in Poffeffion: Only the Future's thine, the Prefent his ; Thine's the more hard and noble Blifs. Beft Apprehender of our Joys, which haft So long a Reach, and yet canft hold fo faft ! Hope, thou fad Lovers only Friend! Thou Way that may'ft difpute it with the End ! Men leave thee by obtaining, and ftrait flee

Some other way again to thee.
Hope, whofe weak Being ruin'd is Alike, if it fucceed, and if it mifs ! Whom Good or Ill does equally confound, And both the Horns of Fate's Dilemma wound!

Vain Shadow, which do'ft vanif quite, Both at full Noon, and perfect Night!
Hope, thou bold Tafter of Delight! Who, while thou fhould'ft but tafte, devour'tt it quite ! Thou bring'f us an Eftate ; yet leav'ft us poor, By clogging it with Legacies before

The Joys, which we intire fhould wed, Come deflour'd Virgins to our Bed.
Hope, Fortune's cheating Lottery !
Where for one Prize, a hundred Blanks there be:
Fond Archer, Hope! who tak'f thy Aim fo far,
That Atill, or fhoit, or wide, thy Arrows are.
Thin empty Cloud! which th' Eye deceives
With Shapes, that our own Fancy gives:
A Cloud, which gilt and painted now appears,
But muft drop prefently in Tears.
Brother of Fear! More gaily clad!
The merrier Fool o'th'two, but quite as mad!
Sire of Repentance Child of fond Defire !
Thou blow'it the Chymicks and the Lovers Fire !
Leading them fill infenfibly along,
By the ftrange Witchcraft of Anon:

By thee, the one does changing Nature thro
Her endlefs Labyrinths purfue:
And th'other chafes Woman, while fhe goes
More Ways and Turns than hunted Natures knows.
Coril.
Hope with a goodly Profpect feeds the Eye,
Shews, from a rifing Ground, Poffeffion nigh:
Shortens the Diftance, or o'er-looks it quite:
So eafy 'tis to travel with the Sight !
Dryd. Auren
Our Hopes, like tow'ring Faulcons, aim
At Objects in an airy Height;
But all the Pleafure of the Game,
Is afar off to view the Flight.
The worthlefs Prey but only fhews
The Joy confifted in the Strife :
Whate'er we take as foon we lofe,
In Homer's Riddle, and in Life. So whilf in fev'rifh Sleeps we think,

We tafte what waking we defire,
The Dream is better than the Drink,
Which only feeds the fickly Fire.
To the Mind's Eye things well appear
At diftance, thro an artful Glafs;
Bring but the flatt'ring Object near,
They're all a fenfefs gloomy Mafs. Prior.
HORSE. See the Centaur Cyllarus.
Upright he walks, on Pafterns firm and ftraight,
His Motions enfy, prancing in his Gate ;
The firft to lead the way, to tempt the Flood,
To pafs the Bridg unknown, nor fear the trembling W'ood.
Dauntlefs at empty Noifes, lofty-neck'd,
Sharp-headed, barrel-belly'd, broadly back'd :
Brawny his Cheft, and deep; his Colour grey,
For Beauty dappled, or the brighteft Bay:
Faint white and dun will farce the Rearing pay.
The ficry Courfer, when he hears from far
The fpritely Trumpets, and the Shout of War,
Pricks up his Ears, and trembling with Delight,
Shifts Place, and paws, and hopes the promis'd Fight:
On his right Shoulder his thick Mane reclin'd,
Ruffles at fpeed, and dances in the Wind.
His horny Hoofs are jetty, black, and round ;
His Chine is double : Starting, with a Bound, the turns the Turf, and fakes the folid Ground.

Fire from his Eyes, Clouds from his Noftrils flow ; He bears his Rider headlong on the Foe.
The trembling Ground th' outrageous Courfers tear, And frorting, blow their Foam into the Air. Their fervid Noftrils breathe out Clouds of Smoke, And Flames of Fine from their hot Eye-balls broke:
With furious Hoofs o'er flaughter'd Heaps they fly, And dafh up bloody Rain amidft the Sky.
Reeking in Sweat, and fimear'd with Dirt and Gore, They fpurn the Sand, and thro the Battel roar.
Pleas'd with the martial Noife, he fnuffs the Air, And fmells the suuty Battel from afar ;
Neighs to the Caprain's Thunder, and the Shouts of W'ar. Blat.
Swift as a Dove purfu'd, or Mountain Hind, His nimble Feet could overtake the Wind ; Leave flying Darts, and fwifter Storms behind.
Thus form'd for Speed, he challenges the W' ind, And leaves the Scy:bian Arrow far behind. He foours along the Field with loofen'd Reins, And treads fo light he fcarcely prints the Plains.

Dryd. Wirgo
In fuch a Shape grim Saturn did reftrain His heav'nly Limbs, and flow'd with fuch a Mane : When half furpriz'd, and fearing to be feen, The Leacher gallop'd from his jealous Queen ; Ran up the Ridges of the Rocks amain, And with frill Neighings fill'd the neighb'ring Plain. Dryd. Virg.

Wanton with Life, and bold with native Heat, With thund'ring Feet he paws the trembling Ground, He frrides out Fire, and (purns the Sand around; Does with loud Neighings make the Valley ring, And with becoming Pride his Foamaround him fling. So light he treads, he leaves no Mark behind, As if indeed defcended from the $W$ ind; And yet fo ftrong he does his Rider bear, As if he felt no Burden but the Air.
A Cloud of Smoke from his wide Noftrils fies; And his hot Spirits brighten in his Eyes.
At the fhrill Trumpet's Sound he pricks his Ears, With brave Delight furveys the glittring Spears, And covetous of War, upbraids the Coward's Fears.

Freed from his Keepers thus, with broken Reins,
The wanton Courfer prances o'er the Plains ;
Or in the Pride of Youth o'erleaps the Mounds,
And fnuffs the Females in forbidden Grounds:

Or feeks his Watring in the well-known Flood,
To quench his Thirft, and cool his fiery Blood;
He fwims luxuriant in the liquid Plain,
And o'er his Shoulder flows his waving Mane : He neighs, he fnorts, he bears his Head on high ;
Before his ample Cheft the frothy Waters fly.
Dryd. Virg.
He fought the Courfers of the Thracian Race:
At his Approach they tofs their Heads on high,
And proudly neighing, promife Victory.
The Drifts of Thracian Snow were fcarce fo white,
Nor Northern Winds in Fleetnefs match'd their Flight :
Officious Grooms ftand ready by their Side;
And fome with Combs their flowing Manes divide,
And others ftroke their Chefts, and gently footh their Pride. $\}$
White were his Fetlocks and his Feet before, And on his Front a fnowy Star he bore.

The Beaft was fturdy, large, and tall,
With Mouth of Meal, and Eyes of Wall;
I would fay Eye, for he'd but one, As moft agree, tho fome fay none. He was well ftay'd, and in his Gate Preferv'd a grave majeftick State : At Spur or Switch no more he skip'd, Or mended Pace, than Spaniard whip'd; And yet fo fiery, he would bound, As if he griev'd to touch the Ground; That Cefar's Horfe, who, as Fame goes, Had Corns upon his Feet and Toes, Was not by half fo tender hoof'd, Nor trod upon the Ground fo foft: And as that Beaft would kneel and ftoop (Some write) to take his Rider up ;
So Hudibras's ('tis well known)
Would often do to fer him down.
His frrutting Ribs on both Sides fhow'd
Like Furrows he himfelf had plow'd; For underneath the Skirt of Pannel, 'Twixt ev'ry two there was a Channel. His draggling Tail hung in the Dirt, Which on his Rider he would flirt;
Still as his tender Side he prick'd, With arm'd Heel, or with unarm'd, kick'd;

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For Hudibras wore but one Spur, As wifely knowing, could he ftir To active Trot one Side of's Horfe,
The other would not hang an arfé: HORSE-RACE.
The Signal giv'n by the fhrill Trumpets Sound, The Courfers ftart, and frour along the Ground: So Boreas itarting from his Northern Goal, Sweeps o'er the Mountains to the adverfe Pole; His furious Wings the flying Clouds remove From the blue Plains and fpacious Wilds above: Infulting o'er the Seas, he loudly roars, And Moves the tumbling Billows to the Shores. While for the Palm the fraining Steeds contend, Beneath their Hoofs the Grafs doth fcarcely bend ; So long and fmooth their Strokes, fo fwift they pafs, That the Spectators of the noble Race Can farce diftinguifh by their doubfful Eye, If on the Ground they run, or in the Air they fly.
So when the Earth finiles with a Summer's Ray,
And wanton Swallows o'er the Valleys play,
In Sport each other they fo fwiftly chafe, Sweeping with eafy Wings the Mcadow's Face,
They feem upon the Ground to fly a Race.
O'er Hills and Dales the fpeedy Courfers fly,
And with thick Clouds of Duft obfcure the Sky.
With clafhing Whips the furious Riders tear
Their Courfers Sides, and wound th' afflited Air.
On their thick Manes the fooping Riders lie,
Prefs forward, and would fain their Steeds outfly.
By turns they are behind, by turns before,
Their Flanks and Sides ill bath'd in Sweat and Gore.
Such Speed the Steeds, fuch Zeal the Riders fhew,
To reach bright Fame that fwift before them flew.
Upon the laft, with fpurning Heels, the firft
Caft Storms of Sand, and fmoth'ring Clouds of Duft :
The hindmoft ftrain their Nerves, and fnort and blow,
And their white Foam upon the foremoft throw:
Eager of Fame, and of the promis'd Prize,
The Riders feize the Mark with greedy Eyes.
Now Hope dilates, now Fear contracts the Breaft, Alternately with Joy and Grief poffers'd:
Thus far with equal Fate the Riders pafs,
Uncertain who fhould conquer in the Race.

But now the Goal appearing, does excite
New Warmth, and calls out all their youthful Might ;
They lafh their Courfers Flanks with Crimfon dy'd,
And flick their goring Spurs into their Side.
Their native Courage, and the Rider's Stroke,
'T'exert their Force, the generous Kind provoke.
Blat.
HOUNDS and HUNTING. See Phyfick.
Ten Brace, and more, of Greyhounds Snowy fair,
And tall as Stags, ran loofe, and cours'd around his Chair: ;
A Match for Pads in flight, in grappling for the Bear.
(Dry. Pal. © Arc.
With Cries of Hounds thou may'ft purfue the Fear
Of flying Hares, or chafe the fallow Deer ;
Rouse from their defart Dens the briftled Rage
Of Boars, and beamy Stags in Toils engage.
So the flanch Hound the trembling Deer purfues,
And fuels his Footfeps in the tainted Dews,
The tedious Track unrav'ling by degrees;
But when the Scent comes warm in every Breeze,
Fir'd at the near Approach, he foots away
On his full Stretch, and bears upon his Prey.
A noble Pack, or to maintain the Chase,
Or finuff the Vapour from the fcented Grass.
Add. Ovid.

## I was with Hercules and Cadmus once,

When in a Wood of Crete they bav'd the Boar
With Hounds of Sparta. Never did I hear
Such gallant Chiding ; for befides the Groves,
The Skies, the Fountains, ev'ry Region near
Seem'd all one mutual Cry. I never heard
So mufical a Difcord, fuch feet Thunder !
My Hounds are bred out of the Spartan Kind;
So flu'd, fo fanged, and their Heads are hung
With Ears that fweep away the Morning-Dew ;
Crook-knee'd, and dew-lap'd like ThefJalian Bulls;
Slow in Purfuit, but match'd in Mouths like Bells,
Each under each: A Cry more tunable (Night's Dream.
Was never hallow'd to, nor chear'd with Horn. Shako. Midfum. On Mountains will I chafe,
Mix'd with the Wood-land Nymphs, the ravage Race:
Nor Cold hall hinder me with Horns and Hounds,
To thrid the Thickets, or to leap the Mounds.
And now, methinks, o'er fteepy Rocks I go,
And ruth tho founding Woods, and bend the Parthian Bow.

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My Hounds fhall make the Welkin anfwer them, And fetch fhrill Echo from the hollow Earth. Shak. Taming of (the Shrew.
From Hills and Dales the chearful Cries rebound ; For Echo hunts along, and propagates the Sound. Dryd. Virg.
When thro the Woods we chas'd the foaming Boar, With Hounds that open'd like Theffalian Bulls, Like Tygers flu'd, and fanded as the Shore, With Ears and Chefts that daff'd the Morning-Dew; Driv'n with the Sport, as Ships are toft in Storms, We ran like Winds, and matchlefs was our Courfe ; Now fweeping o'er the Summit of a Hill, Now with a full Career came thund'ring down The Precipice, and fweat along the Vale.

Now had they reach'd the Hills, and ftorm'd the Seat Of falvage Beafts, in Dens, their laft Retreat : The Cry purfues the Mountain Goats; they bound From Rock to Rock, and keep the craggy Ground:
Quite otherwife the Stags, a trembling Train, In Herds unfingled fcour the dufty Plain, And a long Chace in open view maintain. The glad $A$ fcanius, as his Courfer guides, Spurs thro the Vale, and thefe, and thofe out-rides. Dryd.Virg.

With well-breath'd Beagles you furround the Wood,
And often have you brought the wily Fox To fuffer for the Firftings of the Flocks; Chas'd even amidft the Folds, and made to bleed, Like Felons, where they did the murd'rous Deed.

Th' impatient Greyhound flip'd from far,
Bounds o'er the Glebe to courfe the fearful Hare ; She in her Speed does all her Safety lay, And he with double Speed purfues the Prey; O'er-runs her at her fitting Turn, and licks His Chaps in vain, and blows upon the Flix. She 'fcapes, and for the neighbouring Covert ftrives, And, gaining fhelter, doubts if yet fhe lives. Dryd. ovid. Chace of a STAG. The youthful Train
With Horns and Hounds a Huncing-Match ordain, And pitch their Toils around the fhady Plain. The Pack is fir'd, they fnuff, they vent, And feed their hungry Noftrils with the Scent: ${ }^{3}$ Twas of a well-grown Stag, whofe Antlers rife High o'er his Front, his Beams invade the Skies.

## (226) The unexpected Sound

Of Dogs and Men his wakeful Ears does wound :
Rouz'd with the Noife, he farce believes his Ear,
Willing to think th' lllufion of his Fear
Had giv'n this falfe Alarm: But ftrait his View
Confirms that more than all his Fears is true.
Betray'd in all his Strength, the Wood befet, All Inftruments, all Arts of Ruin met;
He calls to mind his Strength, and then his Speed;
His winged Heels, and then his armed Head;
With thofe $t$ 'avoid, with thefe his Fate to meet;
But Fear prevails, and bids him truft his Feet.
So faft he flies, that his reviewing Eye
Has loft the Chafers, and his Ears the Cry :
Exulting, till he finds their nobler Senfe
Their difproportion'd Speed does recompenfe ;
Then curfes his confpiring Feet, whofe Scent
Betrays that Safery which their Swiftnefs lent.
Next tries his Friends; among the bafer Herd,
W' here he fo lately was obey'd and fear'd,
His Safery feeks: The Herd' unkindly wife,
Or chafes him from thence, or from him flies;
Like a declining Statefman left forlorn,
To his Friends Pity, and Purfuers Scorn;
With fhame remembers, when himfelf was one
Of the fame Herd, himfelf the fame had done.
Then to the Coverts, and the confcious Groves,
The Scenes of his paft Triumphs and his Loves;
Sadly furveying where he rang'd alone,
Prince of the Soil, and all the Herd his own; And, like a bold Knight-Errant, did proclaim Combat to all, and bore away the Dame; And taught the Woods to echo to the Stream, His dreadful Challenge and his clafhing Beam: Yet faintly now declines the fatal Strife, So much his Love was dearer than his Life ! Now ev'ry Leaf, and ev'ry moving Breath, Prefents a Foe, and ev'ry Foe a Death. Weary'd, forfaken, and purfu'd, at laft All Safety in Defpair of Safety plac'd, Courage he thence refumes, refolv'd to bear All their Affaults, fince 'tis in vain to fear. And now too late he wifhes, for the Fight, That Strength he wafted in ignoble Flight:

But when he fees the eager Chafe renew'd, Himfelf by Dogs, the Dogs by Men purfu'd, He ftraight revokes his bold Refolve, and more
Repents his Courage than his Fear before ;
Finds that uncertain Ways unfafeft are,
And Doubt a greater Mifchief than Defpair :
Then to the Stream, when neither Friends, nor Force,
Nor Speed, nor Art avail, he fhapes his Courfe;
Thinks not their Rage fo defp'rate to effay
An Element more mercilefs than they:
But fearlefs they purfue, nor can the Flood
Quench their dire Thirft ; alas! they thirft for Blood.
So tow'rds a Ship the oar-finn'd Galleys ply,
Which wanting Sea to ride, or Wind to fly,
Stands but to fall reveng'd on thofe that dare
Tempt the laft Fury of extreme Defpair.
So fares the Stag among th' enraged Hounds,
Repels their Force, and Wounds returns for Wounds: At length refigns his Blood,
And ftains the cryttal with a purple Flood.

Denh.
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The Toils; fome fearch the Foortteps on the ground; Some from the Chains the faithful Dogs unbound. Of Action eager, and intent in Thought, The Chiefs their honourable Danger fought.

The Boar was rouz'd, and fprung amain, Like Lightning fudden, on the Warriour Train:Beats down the Trees before him, fhakes the Ground, The Foreft echoes to the crackling Sound: Shout the fierce Youth, and Clamours ring around. All ftood with their protended Spears prepar'd, With broad Steel Heads the brandifh'd Weapons glar'd. The Beaft impetuous, with his Tusks afide, Deals glancing Wounds; the fearful Dogs divide, All fpend their Mouths aloof, but none abide. Echion threw the firt, but mifs'd his Mark, And ftruck his Bow•fpear in a Maple's Bark; Then $7 a f o n$, and his Jav'lin feem to take, But fail'd with Over-force, and whizz'd above his Back. Mopfus was next; He reach'd the Savage, but no Blood he drew. This chaf'd the Boar, his Noftrils Flames expire, And his red Eye-ba!ls roll with living Fire.

Whirl'd from a Sling, or from an Engine thrown Amid the Foes, fo flies a mighty Stone,
As flies the Beart: The left $W$ ing put to flight,
The Chiefs o'er-born, he rufhes on the right;
Empalamos and Pelagon he laid
In Duft, and next to Death, but for their Fellows Aid.
Onefimus far'd worfe, prepar'd to fly,
The fatal Fang drove deep within his Thigh,
And cut the Nerves: the Nerves no more fuftain
The Bulk; the Bulk unprop'd falls headlong on the Plain.
Againft a Stump his Tusk the Monfter grinds,
And in the fharpen'd Edge new Vigour finds.
Then trufting in his Arms, young Otbrys found,
And ranch'd his Hip with one continu'd Wound.
And now both Ledn's Twins, in act to throw,
Their trembling Lances brandifh'd at the Foe;
Nor had they mifs'd, but he to Thickets fled,
Conceal'd from aiming Spears, nor pervious to the Steed.
But Telamon rufh'd in, and hap'd to meet
A rifing Root that held his faften'd Feet;
So down he fell, whom fprawling on the Ground,
His Brother from the wooden Gyves unbound.
Alean time the Virgin-Huntrefs was not flow
T'expel the Shaft from her contracted Bow ;
Beneath his Ear the faften'd Arrow ftood,
And from his Wound appear'd the trickling Blood:
She blufh'd for Joy, a virtuous Envy feiz'd the Crew;
They fhout, the fhouting animates their Hearts,
And all at once employ their thronging Darts;
But out of order thrown, in Air they join,
And Multitude makes fruftrate the Defign.
With both his Hands the proud Ancaus takes,
And flourifhes his double-biting Ax ;
Then forward to his Fate he took a ftride
Before the reft, and to his Fellows cry'd,
The Boar is doom'd; then ftretch'd on tip-toe food, Secure to make his empty Promife good.
But the more wary Beaft prevents the Blow,
And upwards rips the Groin of his audacious Foe.
Ancaus falls; lis Bowels from the Wound
Gufh'd out, and clotter'd Blood diftain'd the Ground.
Perithous, no fmall Portion of the War,
Prefs'd on, and Thook his Lance, his Jav'lin threw,
Hiffing in Air th' unerring W eapon flew;

But on an Arm of Oak, that ftood betwixt
The Marks-man and the Mark, his Lance he fix'd.
Once more bold Fafon threw, but fail'd to wound
The Boar, and flew an undeferving Hound;
And thro the Dog the Dart was nail'd to Ground.
Two Spears from Meleager's Hand were fent
With equal force, but various in th' Event :
The firt was fix'd in Earth, the fecond ftood
On the Boar's brifted Back, and deeply drunk his Blood.
Now while the tortur'd Savage turns around, And flings about his Foam, impatient of the Wound, The Wound's great Author, clofe at hand, provokes
His Rage, and plies him with redoubled Strokes,
Wheels as he wheels, and with his pointed Dart
Explores the neareft Paffage to his Heart.
Quick, and more quick, he fpins in giddy Gires,
Then falls, and in much Foam his Soul expires.
This A\&, with Hands Heav'n-high, the friendly Band
Applaud, and frrain in theirs the Vietor's Hand.
Then all approach the Slain with vaft Surprize,
Admire on what a Breadth of Earth he lies:
And farce fecure, reach out their Spears afar, Dryd. Ovid. And blood their Points, to prove their Partnerfhip of War. HUNTRESS.
Grace of the Woods! A Diamond Buckle bound Her Veft behind, which elfe had flow'd upon the Ground,
And fhew'd her buskin'd Legs : Her Head was bare,
But for her native Ornament of Hair,
Which in a fimple Knot was ty'd above,
Sweet Negligence! unheeded Bait of Love !
Her founding Quiver on her Shoulder ty'd,
One Hand a Dart, and one a Bow fupply'd.
Such was her Face, as in a Nymph difplay'd A fair fierce Boy, or in a Boy betray'd
The blufhing Beauties of a modeft Maid.
Dryd. Ovid. $\}$
A Huntrefs in her Habit, and her Mein;
Her Drefs a Maid, her Air confefs'd a Queen:
Bare were her Knees, and Knots her Garments bind, Loofe was her Hair, and wanton'd in the Wind: Her Hand furtain'd a Bow, her Quiver hung behind.

She crofs'd the Lawn, or in the Foreft Atray'd.
A painted Quiver at her Back fhe bore, Vary'd with Spots, a Linx's Hide fhe wore; And at full Cry purfu'd the tusky Boar.

As when two adverfe Hurricanes arife, Muft'ring their ftormy Forces in the Skies,
Of equal Fury, and of equal Force,
Againft each other bend their rapid Courfe ;
The Clouds their Lines extend in black array,
And Front to Front a fearful War difplay :
Exploded Flames againft each other fly,
And fiery Arches vault th' enlighten'd Sky :
Confliting Billows againf Billows dafh;
Thunder 'gainft Thunder roars, Lightnings 'gainft Lightnings Nor Flames, nor Winds, nor Waves, nor Clouds will yield,
But equal Strength maintains a doutful Field.
Are we not one ? Are we not join'd by Heav'n?
Each interwoven with the other's Fate?
Are we not mix'd like Streams of meeting Rivers,
Whofe blended Waters are no more diftinguifh'd,
But roll into the Sea one common Flood? Rowe Fair Per.
Force, and the Will of ou: imperious Rulers
May bind two Bodies in one wretched Chain;
But Minds will ftill look back to their own Choice.
So the poor Captive in a foreign Realm
Stands on the Shore, and fends his Wifhes back
To the dear native Land from whence he came. Rowe Fair Pern.
We think it Merit blindly to believe
Thofe pious Falhoods we from Priefts receive.
Faith is Religion's happy Lethargy ;
The doubting Wife we brand with Herefy.
Husbands fhould more than the Religious ftrive,
Blindly to truif, and blindly to believe.
$D^{\prime} A v_{0}$ Circf.
What can be fweeter than our native Home?
Thither for Eafe, and foft Repofe we come.
Home is the facred Refuge of our Life,
Secur'd from all Approaches but a Wife.
If thence we fly, the Caufe admits no Doubt;
None but an inmate Foe could force us out :
Clamours our Privacies uneafy make;
Dryd. Auren.
Birds leave their Nefts difturb'd, and Beafts their Haunts forfake.
When Souls, that frould agree to will the fame,
To have one common Object for their Wifhes,
Look different ways, regardlefs of each other,
Think what a Train of Wretchednefs enfues!
Love fhall be banifh'd from the genial Bed;

The Nights fhall all be lonely and unquiet;
And ev'ry Day fhall be a Day of Cares. Rowe Fair Per. What tho fome Fits of fmall Conteft
Sometimes fall out among the beft?
That makes no Breach of Faith or Love, But rather (fometimes) ferves $t$ 'improve :
For, as in Running, ev'ry Pace
Is but between two Legs a Race;
In which both do their uttermoft
To get before, and win the Port ;
Yet when they're at their Race's ends,
They're ftill as kind and conftant Friends;
And to relieve their Wearinets,
By turns give one another Eafe :
So all the falfe Alarms of Strife
Between the Husband and the Wife,
And little Quarrels, often prove
To be but new Recurits of Love:
When thofe who're always kind or coy,
In time muft either tire or cloy.
In all Amours a Lover burns
With Frowns, as well as Smiles, by turns:
And Hearts have been as oft with fullen, As charming Looks, furpriz'd and ftol'n: Then why fhould more bewitching Clamour Some Lovers not as much enamour ? For Difcords make the fweeteft Airs: And Curfes are a kind of Pray'rs.

Hud.
And yet of Marriage-Bands I'm weary grown;
Love fcorns all Ties, but thofe that are his own:
Chains that are dragg'd, muft needs uneafy prove,
For there's a God-like Liberty in Love!
Dryd. Auren.
Sure, of all Ills domeftick are the wortt:
When we lay next us what we hold moft dear,
Like Hercules, invenom'd Shirts we wear,
And cleaving Mifchiefs.
Dryd. Auren.
Secrets of Marriage ftill are facred held ;
Their Sweet and Bitter by the Wife conceal'd.
Errors of Wives reflect on Husbands ftill;
And when divulg'd, proclaim they've chofen ill:
And the myfterious Pow'r of Bed and Throne
Should always be maintain'd, but rarely fhown. Dryd. Auren.
Men's Eyes are not fo fubtle to perceive
My inward Mifery : I bear my Grief

Hid from the World. How am I wretched then ?
For ought I know, all Husbands are like me ;
And every Man I talk to of his Wife,
Is but a well Diffembler of his Woes,
As $[$ am.
Few know what Care a Husband's Peace deftroys,
His real Griefs, and his diffembled Joys. Dryd. Ind. Emp. HYPOCRISY. Hypocrify, the thriving't Calling, The only Saint's-Bell that rings all in : In which all Churches are concern'd, And is the eafieft to be learn'd. For no Degrees, unlefs th' employ it, Can ever gain much, or enjoy it. A Gift that is not only able To domineer among the Rabble ; But by the Lave's impow'r'd to rout, And awe the Greateft that ftand out; Which few hold forth againf, for fear Their Hand fhould flip, and come too near : For no Sin elfe among the Saints, Is taught fo tenderly againft.

Hud.
Seeming Devotion does but guild a Knave, That's neither faithful, honeft, juft, nor brave :
But where Religion does with Virtue join, It makes a Hero like an Angel fhine.
Yet few are truly by themfelves exprefs'd: He that feems Virtuous, does but act a Part, And fhows not his own Nature, but his Art.

She wrench'd the Jav'lin with her dying Hands; But wedg'd within her Breaft the Weapon ftands: The Wood fhe draws, the fteely Point remains.

Pois'd in his lifted Arm, his Lance he threw;
The winged Weapon, whintling in the Wind,
Came driving on, nor mifs'd the Mark defign'd.
The Shield gave way: through treble Plates it went
Of folid Brafs, of Linen trebly roll'd,
And three Bull-hides which round the Buckler fold.
All there it pars'd, refifflefs in the Courfe,
Tranfpierc'd his Thigh, and fpent its dying Force. Dryd. Virs His feeble Hand a Javelin threw,
Which, fluttering, feem'd to loiter as it flew;

Juft, and but barely, to the Mark it held, And faintly tinkled on the brazen Shield.

What Arts can blind a jealous Woman's Eyes?
Love the firt Motion of the Lover hears,
Quick to prefage, and ev'n in Safery fears.
Dryd.Virg.
Jealoufy is a noble Crime;
'Tis the high Pulfe of Paffion in a Fever;
A fickly Draught, but fhews a burning Thirft. Dryd.Amphito For Jealoufy is but a kind Of Clap, or Crincam of the Mind: The natural Effect of Love, As other Pains and Aches prove.
Ah! Why are not the Hearts of Women known?
Falfe Women to new Joys unfeen can move,
There are no Prints left in the Paths of Love:
All Goods befides by publick Marks are known, Dryd. But that we moff defire to keep, has none. (Conq. of Gran. p. 2.

No Sign of Love in jealous Men remains, Dryd.
But that which fick Men have of Life, their Pains. (Conq. of Gran.
Small Jealoufies, 'tis true, inflame Defire,
The Great not fan, but quite put out the Fire. Dryd. Auren. O Jealoufy ! thou raging Ill!
Why haft thou found a Place in Lover's Hearts?
Afflicting what thou canft not kill,
Dryd.
And pois'ning Love himfelf with his own Darts. (Alb. or Alban. What State of Life can be fo bleft
As Love, that warms a Lover's Breaft?
Two Souls in one; the fame Defire
To grant the Blifs, and to require.
But if in Heav'n a Hell we find,
${ }^{3}$ Tis Jealoufy, thou Tyrant of the Mind!
All other Ills, tho fharp they prove,
Serve to refine and perfett Love:
In Abfence, or unkind Diddain,
Sweet Hope relieves the Lover's Pain.
Thou art the Fire of endlefs Night,
The Fire that burns, and gives no Light. (Love Trium.

## What Tortures can there be in Hell

Compar'd to thole fond Lovers feel,
When doting on forme Fair one's Charms,
They think foe yields them to their Rival's Arms?
As Lions, tho they once were tame,
Yet if harp Wounds their Rage inflame,
Lift up their forme Voices, roar,
And tear the Keepers they obey'd before.
So fares the Lover, when his Breast
By jealous Frenzy is poffers'd :
Forswears the Nymph for whom he burns,
Yet ftraight to her, whom he forswears, returns.
But when the Fair refolves his Doubt,
The Love comes in, the Fear goes out;
The Cloud of Jealousy's difpel'd,
And the bright Sun of Innocence reveal'd:
With what Arrange Raptures is he bleft,
Raptures, too great to be exprefs'd!
Tho hard the Torment's to endure,
Who would not have the Sickness for the Cure?
Walk.
Love reigns a very Tyrant in my Heart;
Attended on his Throne by all his Guard
Of furious Withes, Fears, and nice Suspicions. Otw. Orth
Think'tt thou Ill make a Life of Jealousy,
To follow fill the Changes of the Moon
With fret Surmifes? No, to be once in doubt,
Is to be refolv'd. But yet, Iago,
Ill fee before I doubt: When I doubt, prove;
And on the Proof there is no more but this,
Away at once with Love or Jealoufy. If I do prove her haggard,
Tho that her Jeffes were my dear Heart-ftrings,
I'd whistle her off, and let her down the Wind,
To prey at Fortune.
Villain! be fire thou prove my Love a Whore!
Be fire of it! give me the ocular Proof,
Or by the Worth of my eternal Soul,
Thou hadst much better been born a Dog,
Than answer my wak'd Wrath:
Make me to fee it, or at leaf fo prove it,
That the Probation bear no Hinge, no Loop
To hang a Doubt on, or Woe upon thy Life !
If thou doff lander her, and torture me,
Never pray more, abandon all Remorre,

On Horrou's Head Horrours accumulate, Do Deeds to make Heav'n weep, all Earth amaz'd,
For nothing canft thou to Damnation add
Greater than that.
Give me a living Reafon fhe's difloyal,
I'll have fome Proof: My Name, that was as frefh
As Dian's Vifage, is now begrim'd and black
As my own Face. If there be Cords or Knives,
Poifon or Fire, or fuffocating Streams,
I'll not endure it: I'll be fatisfy'd.
It is impoffible you fhould fee this; But yet, I fay,
If Imputation and ftrong Circunftances,
Which lead directly to the Door of Truth,
Will give you Satisfaction, you may have ito
Oh that the Slave had forty thoufand Lives!
One is too poor, too weak for my Revenge!
Now do I fee 'tis true! Look here, Iago!
All my fond Love thus do I blow to Heav'n! 'Tis gone!
Arife black Vengeance, from the hollow Hell !
Yield up, O Love, thy Crown and hearted Throne To tyrannous Hate! Swell, Bofom, with thy Fraught, For 'tis of Afpicks Tongues. Like to the Pontick Sea,
Whofe icy Current, and compulfive Courfe,
Ne'er knows retiring Ebb, but keeps due on
To the Propontick and the Hellefpont;
Ev'n fo my bloody Thoughts, with violent Pace,
Shall ne'er look back, ne'er ebb to humble Love,
Till that a capable and wide Revenge
Swallow them up.
Shak. Othel.
Oh! you have done an Act,
That blots the Face, and Blufh of Modefty ;
Calls Virtue Hypocrite, takes off the Rofe
From the fair Forehead of an innocent Love,
And makes a Blifter there: Makes Marriage-Vows
As falfe as Dicers Oaths. Oh fuch a Deed!
Heav'n's Face does glow at it.
Yea, this Solidity and compound Mafs,
With triftful Vifage, as againft the Doom,
Is Thought-fick at the Act.
Shak. Haml,
Thou art as honeft
As Summer Flies are in the Shambles,
That quicken even with blowing. O thou Weed,
Who art fo lovely fair, and look'? fo fweet,

That the Senfe ales at thee!
Was this fair Paper, this moot goodly Book
Made to write Whore upon? O thou publick Commoner !
I Could make very Forges of my Cheeks,
That would to Cindars burn up Modefty,
Did I but flak thy Deeds.
Heav'n fops the Nope at it, and the Moon winks;
The baud Wind, that kiffes all it meets, Is hufh'd within the hollow Mine of Earth, And will not hear it.

Shat. Other.
Let Ignominy brand thy hated Name,
Let modeft Matrons at thy mention fart;
And bluffing Virgins, when they read our Annals,
Skip o'er the guilty Page that holds thy Legend,
And blots the noble Work. Shake. Troll. © Cred.

> Had it pleas'd Heav'n

To try me with Afflictions: Had they rain'd
All kinds of Sores and Shames on my bare Head,
Steeped me in Poverty to the very Lips,
Giv'n to Captivity me and my utmoft Hopes,
I Mould have found in forme place of my Soul
A drop of Patience. But alas! to make me
The fix'd Figure for the Time of Scorn,
To point his flow and moving Finger at!
Yet could I bear that too! Well! very well !
But there, where I had garner'd up my Heart,
Where either I mull live, or bear no Life;
The Fountain from the which my Current runs,
Or elfe dries up: To be difcarded thence,
Or keep it as a Cittern for foul Toads
To knot and gender in!. Turn thy Completion there, Patience, thou young and rofe-lip'd Cherubim,
I here look grim as Hell.
O! plague me, Heav'n, plague me with all the Woes
That Man can fuffer! Root up my Poffeffions,
Ship-wreck my far-fought, Ballaft in the Haven, Fire all my Cities, burn my Dukedoms down, Let midnight Wolves howl in my defart Chambers, May the Earth yawn! frater the Frame of Nature!
Let the wreck'd Orbs in Whirlwinds round me move !
But fave me from the Rage of jealous Love! Lee Caf. Borg.
For Oh! what damned Minutes tells he o'er,
Who doats, yet doubts; furpects, yet ftrongly loves? Shak.otbel.

And Doubts and Fears to Jealoufies will turn, The hottef Hell in which a Heart can burn.

How frail, how cowardly is Woman's Mind! We fhriek at Thunder, dread the rufling Wind; And glitt'ring Swords the brighteft Eyes will blind. Yet when ftrong Jealoufy inflames the Soul, The Weak will roar, and Calms to Tempetts roul. Lee Alex. Torment me with this horrid Rage no more;
O fmile! and grant one reconciling Kifs: Ye Gods! The's kind, I'm Extafy all o'er! My Soul's too narrow to contain my Blifs ! Thou pleafing Torture of my Breaft! Sure thou wert form'd to plague my Reft!
Since both the Good and Ill you do, alike my Peace deftroy, This kills me with Excefs of Grief, that with Excefs of Joy. Wal/h. IGNORANCE.
Seeing aright, we fee our Woes, Then what avails us to have Eyes?
From Ignorance our Coinfort flows, The only Wretched are the Wife.

Prior. Ignorance, Difcord's Parent, by her food, And from her Breaft qqueez'd Juice like blackifh Blood, Her hateful Offspring's moft delicious Food.
A formidable Figure! black as Night!
That does in Shades and Labyrinths delight;
Exceeding fierce, but deftitute of Sight.
A Crowd of howling Hell-hounds near her ftay'd;
All hideous Forms ! and her Commands obey'd. Contention, Zeal, inexorable Rage,
And Strife, that wretched Men in Arms engage;
Various Divifion, Malice, deadly Hate,
That rend a Kingdom, and diffolve a State,
Blac.
IMPRECATIONS. See Curfe.

Final Deftruction feize on all the World:
Bend down, ye Heav'ns! and Thutting round this Earth,
Crulh the vile Globe into its firt Confufion;
Scorch it with elemental Flames to one curt Cinder,
And all us little Creepers in't, call'd Men,
Burn, burn to nothing ! But let Venice burn
Hotter than all the reft: Here kindle Hell
Ne'er to extinguifh; and let Souls hereafter Otw.
Groan here in all thofe Pains which mine feels now. (Ven. Pref. Ah! that my Arms could both the Poles embrace,
And wreft the World's strong Pillars from their Bafe!

That all the crackling Frame might be disjoin'd, And bury in its Ruin Human Kind.
That I could reach the Axel where the Pins are
Which bolt this Frame, that I might pull 'em out,
And pluck all into Chaos with my felf!
Who would not fall with all the World about him ? Fohnf. Catilo
Oh that, as oft I have at Athens feen
The Stage arife, and the big Clouds defcend!
So now in very Deed I might behold
The pond'rous Earth, and all yon Marble Roof,
Meet like the Hands of Fove, and crufh Mankind:
For all the Elements, and all the Powers
Celeftial, nay, Terreftrial and Infernal,
Confpire the Rack of outcaft Oedipus:
Fall Darknefs then, and everlafting Night
Shadow the Globe! May the Sun never dawn!
The filver Moon be blotted from her Orb!
And for a univerfal Rout of Nature,
Thro all the inmoft Chambers of the Sky,
May there not be a Glimple, one ftarry Spark,
But Gods meets Gods, and juftle in the Dark!
The Jars may rife, and Wrath Divine be hurld,
Which may to Atoms fhake the folid World.
Curft be the Hour that gave me Birth !
Confufion and Diforder feize the World,
To fpoil all Truft and Converfe among Men;
'Twixt Families engender endlefs Feuds,
In Countries needlefs Fears, in Cities Fations,
In States Rebellion, and in Churches Schifm;
Till all things move againft the Courfe of Nature; Till Form's diffolv'd, the Chain of Caufes broken, And the Original of Being loft.

Otw. Orph. Loofen'd Nature,
Ieap from its Hinges, fink the Props of Heav'n, And fall the Skies to crufh the nether World. Dryd. All for Love.
IMPUDENCE.

Get that great Gift and Talent, Impudence, Accomplifh'd Mankind's higheft Excellence;
'Tis that alone prefers, alone makes great, Confers alone Wealth, Titles, and Eftate; Gains Place at Court, can make a Fool a Peer, An Afs a Bifhop; can vilift Blockheads rear To wear red Hats, and fit in porph'ry Chair:
'Tis Learning, Parts, and Skill, and Wit, and Senfe, Worth, Merit, Honour, Virtue, Innocence. For he that has but Impudence, To all things has a fair Pretence; And put among his Wants but Shame, To all the World he may lay claim.
INCEST.

Nature abhors
To be fore'd back again upon her felf, And, like a Whirlpool, fwallow her own Streams. Dryd. Oedip. Cuftom our native Royalty does awe, Promifcuous Love is Nature's eldeft Law : For whofoever the firft Lovers were, Brother and Sifter made the fecond Pair ; And doubled by their Love their Piety.

Then is it $\operatorname{Sin}$ ? or makes my Mind alone Th' imagin'd Sin? for Nature makes it none. What Tyrant then thefe envious Laws began? Made not for any other Beaft but Man: The Father-Bull his Daughter may beftride, The Horfe may make his Mother-Mare a Bride. What Piety forbids the lufty Ram, Or more falacious Goat to rut their Dam ? The Hen is free to wed the Chick fhe bore, And make a Husband whom fhe hatch'd before. All Creatures elfe are of a happier Kind, Whom not ill-natur'd Laws from Pleafure bind, Nor Thoughts of Sin difturb their Peace of Mind.

Dryd. Auren. But Man a Slave of his own making lives, The Fool denies himfelf what Nature gives. Too bufy Senates, with an over Care, To make us better than our Kind can bear, Have dafh'd a Spice of Envy in the Laws, And ftraining up too high, have fooild the Caufe. Yet fome wife Nations break the cruel Chains, And own no Laws but thofe which Love ordains; Where happy Daughters with their Sires are join'd, And Piety is doubly paid in Kind. O that I had been born in fuch a Clime! Not here, where 'tis the Country makes the Crime. But whither would my impious Fancy ftray! Hence Hopes, and ye forbidden Thoughts away. Dryd. Ovid.

## INCONSTANCY. See Constancy, Fallow.

I never yet could fee that Face Which had no Dart for me;
From fifteen Years to fifty's Space They all victorious be.
Colour or Shape, good Limbs or Face, Goodness or Wit in all I find;
In Motion or in Speech a Grace: If all fail, yet 'cis Woman-kind. If tall, the Name of proper flays; If fair, fie's pleafant as the Light;
If low, her Prettiness does pleafe; If black, what Lover loves not Night ?
The Fat, like Plenty, fills my Heart; The Lean, with Love, makes me fo too;
If freight, her Body's Cupid's Dart To me; if crooked, 'is his Bow.
Nay, Age it felf does me to Rage incline,
And Strength to Women gives, as well as Wine.
Him who loves always one, why fhould we call
More conftant, than the Man loves always all ?
Cow h
All my pat Life is mine no more,
The flying Hours are gone,
Like tranfitory Dreams given over,
Whore Images are kept in Store By Memory alone.
Whatever is to come, is not;
How can it then be mine?
The prefent Moment's all my Lot,
And that as faft as it is got, phillis, is wholly thine.
Then talk not of Inconstancy,
False Hearts, and broken Vows;
If I by Miracle can be
This live-long Minute true to thee,
'Ts all that Heaven allows.
For as a Pythagorean Soul
Runs thro all Beats, and Fish, and Fowl;
And has a Smack of every one;
So Love does, and has ever done:
And therefore, tho 'tis newer fo fond,
Takes ftrangely to the Vagabond;
'This but an Ague that's revert,
Whole hot Fit takes the Patient first ;

That after burns with Cold as much, As Ice in Greenland does the Touch: Melts in the Furnace of Defire,
Like Glans, that's but the Ice of Fire ;
And when his Heat of Fancy's over, Becomes as hard and frail a Lover.

Hud. Change is Fate, and not Defign; Love, like us, muff Fate obey: Since 'tic Nature's Law to change, Constancy alone is Arrange. Roch.
Inconstancy's the Plague, that firth or laft
Taints the whole Sex, the catching Court-Difeafe. Lee Mithrid.. INFIRMARY. Immediately a Place Before his Eyes appear'd, fick, noifom, dark: A Lazar-Houfe it feem'd, wherein were laid Numbers of all Difeas'd, all Maladies. Dire was the Toffing, deep the Groans: Defpair Tended the Sick, buy from Couch to Couch; And over them triumphant Death his Dart Shook, but delay'd to Itrike, tho oft invok'd With Vows, as their chief Good and final Hope. Milt.

> INGRATITUDE.

Ingratitude's the Growth of every Clime. Dryd. Don. Se. And in this thanklefs World the Givers
Are envy'd even by the Receivers:
'Ti now the cheap and frugal Fanion,
Rather to hide than pay the Obligation:
Nay, 'ti much wore than fo,
It now an Artifice does grow,
Wrongs and Outrages to do,
Left Men Mould think we owe.
Fate ne'er ftrikes deep but when Unkindness joins: But there's a Fate in Kindness,
Still to be leapt return'd where mont is given. Dryd.Sec. Love. So often try'd, and ever found fo true, Has giv'n me Trull, and Trust has giv'n me Means Once to be false for all.

He tufts us both! mark that! Shall we betray him?
A Matter who reposes Life and Empire
On our Fidelity? I grant he is a Tyrant:
That hated Name my Nature molt abhors;
More, as you fay, has loaded me with Shame,
Ey'n with the last Contempt, to Serve Sebaftian:

Yet more, I know lie vacates my Revenge, Which, but by this Revolt, I camot compafs. But while he trufts me, 'twere fo bafe a Part To fawn and yet betray, 1 fhould be hif'd And whoop'd in Hell for that Ingratitude. Is not the Bread thou eat'fl, the Robe thou wear'ft, Thy Wealth and Honour, all, the pure Indulgence Of him thou would'A deftroy?
And would his Creature, nay his Friend, betray him?
Why then no Bond is left on Human Kind;
Diftrufts, Debates, immortal Strifes enfue ;
Children may murder Parents, Wives their Husbands;
All muft be Rapine, Wars, and Defolation,
When Truft and Gratitude no longer bind. Dryd. Don Seb. Both falfe and faithlefs!
Draw near ye well-join'd Wickednefs, ye Serpents
Whom I have in my kindly Bofom warm'd,
Till I am ftung to Death.

> My whole Life

Has been a golden Dream of Love and Friendfhip;
But now I wake, I'm like a Merchant rouz'd
From foft Repofe, to fee his Vefiel finking,
And all his Wealth caft o'er. Ingrateful Woman !
Who follow'd me but as the Swallow Summer,
Hatching her young ones in my kindly Beams,
Singing her Flatteries to my morning Wake ;
But now my Winter comes, fhe fpreads her Wings, And feeks the Spring of Cafar.
[Said of Cleopatra by Anthony.]
He has profan'd the facred Name of Friend,
And worn it into Vilenefs.
With how fecure a Brow and fpecious Form
He gilds the fecret Villain! Sure that Face
Was meant for Honefty ; but Heav'n mif-match'd it,
And furnifh'd Treafon out with Nature's Pomp,
To make its W'ork more eafy.
See how he fets his Countenance for Deceit,
And promifes a Lye before he fpeaks.
[Said of Dolabella by Anthony.]
Two, two fuch!
Oh ' there's no further Name! Two fuch to me !
Fo me, who lock'd my Soul within your Breaft,
Had no Defire, no Joy, no Life but you.
W'hen half the Globe was mine, I gave it you
(243)

In Dowry with my Heart: I had no USe,
No Fruit of all but you; a Friend and Mistress
Was all the World could give. Oh Cleopatra!
Oh Dolabella! how could you betray
This tender Heart, which with an Infant Fondness
Lay dull between your Booms, and there sept
Secure of injur'd Faith? I can forgive
A Foe, but not a Mistress and a Friend:
Treason is there in its molt horrid Shape,
Where Trust is greatest ; and the Soul refign'd,
Is ftab'd by her own Guards.
Dry. All for Loves. To break thy Faith,
And turn a Rebel to fo good a Matter,
Is an Ingratitude unimatch'd on Earth:
The firft revolting Angel's Pride could only
Do more than thou haft done: Thou copy't well, And keep' it the black Original in view.

Rowe Tamer:

> INNOCENCE.

Virtue, dear Friend, needs no Defence,
The fureft Guard is Innocence :
None knew, till Guilt created Fear,
What Darts or poifon'd Arrows were.
Integrity undaunted goes
Tho Lybian Sands and Scythian Snows,
Or where Hyda/pes wealthy Side
Pays Tribute to the Perfian Pride.
A generous Fierceness dwells with Innocence,
And conscious Virtue is allow'd forme Pride.
Dry. Oedip.
Oh that I had my Innocence again!
My untouch'd Honour! but I with in vain:
The Fleece that has been by the Dyer ftain'd, Never again its native Whiteners gain'd.

Wall.
Happy the Innocent, whore equal Thoughts
Are free from Anguifh, as they are from Faults. Wall. INSECTS. See Creation.
Thus when the Nile from Pharian Fields is fled,
And reeks with ebbing Tides his antient Bed; The fat Manure with heav'nly Fire is warm'd,
And crufted Creatures, as in Wombs, are form'd :
There, when they turn the Glebe, the Peafants find
Some rude, and yet unfinifh'd in their Kind;
Short of their Limbs, a lane imperfect Birth,
One half alive, and one of lifeless Earth.
Dryd.02id.

## INTEREST.

Intereft is the moft prevailing Cheat;
The fly Seducer both of Age and Youth,
They ftudy that, and think they fudy Truth.
Where Int'reft fortifies an Argument,
Weak Reafon ferves to gain the Will's Affent; Dryd. Hind.
For Souls already warp'd receive an eafy Bent.
Int'reft, that bold Impofer on our Fate,
That always to dark Ends mif-guides our Wills,
And with falfe Happinefs fmooths o'er our Ills. Otw. Don Carl.
Intreft makes all feem Reafon that leads to it. Dryd.Ser.Love.
All feek their Ends, and each would other cheat :
They only feem to hate, and feem to love,
But Int'reft is the Point on which they move:
Their Friends are Foes, and Foes are Friends agen,
And in their turns are Knaves and honeft Men:
Our Iron Age is grown an Age of Gold;
'Tis who bids moft, for all Men would be fold. Dryd. Amphit.
J O U S TS and Tournaments. See Battel, Duel, War. The Challenger with fierce Defy
His Trumpet founds, the Challeng'd makes Reply;
With Clangor rings the Field, refounds the vaulted Sky. $\}$
Their Vizors clos'd, their Lances in the Reft,
Or at the Helmet pointed or the Creft ;
They vanifh from the Barrier, fpeed the Race,
And fpurring, fee decreafe the middle Space.
A Cloud of Smoke envelops either Hoft,
And all at once the Combatants are loft:
Darkling they join adverfe, and hock unfeen,
Courfers with Courfers juftling, Men with Men.
As lab'ring in Eclipfe a-while they ftay,
Till the next Blaft of Wind reftores the Day:
They look a-new ; the beauteous Form of Fight
Is chang ${ }^{2}$ d, and War appears a griefly Sight.
Two Troops in fair Array one moment fhow'd,
The next a Field with fallen Bodies ftrow'd;
Not half the Number in their Seats are found,
But Men and Steeds lie grov'ling on the Ground.
The Points of Spears are fuck within the Shield,
The Steeds without their Riders fcour the Field.
'The Knights unhors'd, on foot renew the Fight;
The glitt'ring Falchions caft a gleaming Light:
Hawberks and Helms are hew'd with many a Wound;
Out fpins the ftreaming Blood, and dyes the Ground.

The mighty Maces with fuch hafte defcend,
They break the Bones, and make the folid Armour bend:
This thrufts annid the Throng with furious Force;
Down goes at once the Horfeman and the Horf:
That Courfer ftumbles on the fallen Steed, And, floundring, throws the Rider o'er his Head:
One rolls along, a Foot-ball to his Foes;
One with a broken Truncheon deals his Blows,
By Fits they ceafe, and leaning on the Lance,
Take breath a-while, and to new Fight advance.
Full of the Rivals met, and neither Spar'd
His utmoft Force, for each forgot to ward.
The Head of this was to the Saddlie bent,
That other backward to the Crupper fent.
Both were by turns unhors'd ; the jealous Blows
Fall thick and heavy when on foot they clofe:
So deep their Falchions bite, that ev'ry Stroke
Pierc'd to the quick; and equal Wounds they gave and took.
Borne far afunder by the Tides of Men, -
Like Adamant and Steel they meet agen.
So when a Tyger fucks the Bullock's Blood,
A famifh'd Lion iffuing from the Wood,
Roars loudly fierce, and challenges the Food:
$\}$
Each claims Poffeffion, neither will obey,
But both their Paws are faften'd on the Frey:
They bite, they tear ; and while in vain they ftrive,
The Swains come arm'd between, and both to diftance drive. (Dryd. Pal. © Arco
Behold the noble Youths of Form Divine, Upon the Plain advancing in a Line;
The Riders grace the Steeds, the Steeds with Glory fhine.
$\}$ Thus marching on in military Pride,
Shouts of Applaure refound from Side to Side.
Their Cafques adorn'd with Laurel-Wreaths they wear,
Each brandifhing aloft a corner Spear:
Some at their Backs their gilded Quivers bore,
Their Chains of burnifh'd Gold hung down before.
Three graceful Troops they form'd upon the Gieen; Three graceful Leaders at their head were feen ; Twelve follow'd every Chief, and left a Space between.

Th' unfledg'd Commanders, and their martial Train, Firft make the Circuit of the fandy Plain :

Then at th' appointed Sign,
Drawn up in beauteous Order, form a Line:

The fecond Signal founds; the Troop divides In three diftinguifh'd Parts, with three diftinguifh'd Guides. Again they clofe, and once again disjoin,
In Troop to Troop oppos'd, and Line to Line:
They meet, they wheel, they throw their Darts afar
With harmless Rage, and well-diffembled War.
Then in a Round the mingled Bodies run;
Flying they follow, and purfuing thun.
Broken they break, and rallying they renew
In other Forms the military Shew.
At left, in Order, undifeern'd they join,
And march together in a friendly Line.
And, as the Cretan Labyrinth of old,
With wand'ring Wave, and many a winding Fold,
Involv'd the weary Feet, without Redrefs,
In a round Error, which deny'd Recess;
So fought the Trojan Boys in warlike Play,
Turn'd, and return'd, and fill a different way. Dryd.Virgo JO Y.
Great Joys, as well as Sorrows, make a Stay ;
They hinder one another in the Croud,
And none are heard, while all would freak aloud. Cow lo
Joy is in ev'ry Face without a Cloud:
As in the Scene of opening Paradife
The whole Creation danced at their new Being,
Drydo
Pleas'd to be what they were, pleas'd with each other. (Don Sebo.
Refiftlefs Floods of fudden Pleafure roll
Along his Veins, and break in on his Soul:
He finks beneath the Preffure of his Joy,
And Fofeph's Life does almoft his deftroy.
Blat.
A ferret Pleafure trickles tho my Veins;
It works about the Inlets of my Soul.
Dryd.Don Sob.
Now my Veins fuel, and my Arms graft the Poles,
My Breasts grow bigger with the vat Delight ;
${ }^{3}$ This Length of Rapture, and an Age of Fury. Lee Alex.

- Now by my Soul, and by thee fe hoary Hairs,

I'm fo o'er-whelm'd with Pleafure, that I feel
A latter Spring within my wither'd Limbs,
That foots me out again.
Be gone, my Cares; I give you to the Winds,
Far to be borne; far from the happy Altamont;
Far from the faced It ra of my Love:
A better Order of fucceeding Days
Comes filing forward, white and lucky all.

Cafilla is the Miftrefs of the Year,
She crowns the Seafons with aufpicious Beauty,
And bids ev'n all my Hours be good and joyful. Rowe Fair Per.
Be fill my Sorrows ! and be loud my Joys!
Fly to the utmoft Circle of the Seas,
Thou furious Tempeft that haft tofs'd my Mind,
And leave no Thought but Leonora there.
What's this I feel aboding in my Soul,
As if this Day were fatal? Be it fo!
Fate fhall have but the Leavings of my Love!
My Joys are gloomy, but withal are great :
The Lion, tho he fees the Toils are fet,
Yet pinch'd with raging Hunger, fcours away,
Hunts in the Face of Danger all the Day,
Dryd.
At Night, with fullen Pleafure, grumbles o'er his Prey-(Span. Fry.
She bids me hope! O Heavens! The pities me;
And Pity ftill fore-runs approaching Love,
As Lightning does the Thunder. Tune your Harps,
Ye Anges, to that Sound ! and thou my Heart,
Make room to entertain thy flowing Joys:
Hence all my Griefs, and ev'ry anxious Care,
One Look, and one kind Glance can cure Defpair. Dr. Span. Fry. Am I then pity'd? I have liv'd enough!
Death, take me in this moment of my Joy:
But when my Soul is plung'd in long Oblivion,
Spare this one Thought, Let me remember Pity;
And fo deceiv'd, think all my Life was bleft. Dryd. Span. Fryo
Oh you are fo Divine, and caufe fuch Fondnefs,
That my Heart leaps, and beats, and fain would out,
To make a Dance of Joy about your Feet !
Such Extafy Life cannot carry long!
The Day comes on fo faft, and beamy Joy
Darts with fuch Fiercenefs on me, Night will follow. Lee Alex.
Know, be it known to the Limits of the World;
Yet farther, let it pafs your dazling Roof,
The Manfions of the Gods, and frike 'em deaf
With everlafting Peals of thund'ring Joy!
Oh for this News let Waters break their Bounds !
Rocks, Valleys, Hills with fplitting 10 's ring!
Io Focafta! Io Pran fing.
Lep Oediton
Be this the gen'ral Voice fent up to Heav' $n_{\text {, }}$
And ev'ry publick Place repeat this Echo.
To Pomp and Triumph give this happy Day:
Let Labour ceafe; fet out before our Doors

The Images of all your fleeping Fathers,
With Laurels crown'd: With Laurel wreathe your Pofts,
And ftrew with Flow irs the Pavement. Let the Priefts
Do prefent Sacrifice; pour out the Wine, Dryd.
And call the Gods to join with you in Gladnefs. (All for Love.
Let Mirth go on: Let Pleafure know no Paufe,
But fill up ev'ry Minute of this Day. Rowe Fair Pen.
But oh! the Joy, the mighty Extafy
Poffers'd thy Soul at this Difcovery!
Speechlefs and panting at my Feet you lay,
And fhort-breath'd Sighs told what you could not fay:
A thoufand times my Hands with Kiffes prefs'd,
A nd look'd fuch Darts as none could e'er refift:
Silent we gaz'd, and as my Eyes met thine,
New Joys filld theirs, new Love and Shame filld mine. Behris
My charm'd Ears ne'er knew
A Sound of fo much Rapture, fo much Joy:
Not Voices, Infruments, nor warbling Birds,
Not Winds, nor murm'ring Waters join'd in Confort,
Not tuneful Nature, nor th' according Spheres
Utter fuch Harmony, as when my Selima
With down-caft Looks and Blufhes faid, I love. Rowe Tamerh
Oh the dear Hour in which you did refign!
When round my Neck your willing Arms did twine,
And in a Kifs you faid, your Heart was mine.
Thro each returning Year may that Hour be
Diftinguifh'd, in the Rounds of all Eternity.
Gay be the Suir that Hour in all his Light;
Let him collect the Day to be more bright ;
Shine all that Hour, and all the reft be Night!
Cons.
There's not a Slave, a fhackled Slave of mine,
But fhould have fmild that Hour thro all his Care, Cong. Mourn.
And Thook his Chains in Tranfport and rude Harmony. (Brideo
Oh my Soul's Joy!
If after ev'ry Tempeft come fuch Calm,
May the Winds blow till they have waken'd Death;
And let the lab'ring Bark climb Hills of Seas,
olympus high, and duck again as low
As Hell's from Heav'n. If it were now to die,
'Twere now to be moft happy; for I fear
My Soul has her Content fo abfolute,
That not another Comfort, like to this,
Succeeds in unknown Fate.

Some Arrange Revere of Fate mut fire attend This vat Profufion, this Extravagance
Of Heav'n to bless me thus! 'This Gold fo pure,
It cannot bear the Stamp without Allay.
Dry. Don Sem.
Mine is a Gleam of Bliss too hot to last ;
Wary it fines, and will be foo o'ercaft.
Dryd. Auren.
For, as Extremes are hort of Ill and Good,
And Tides at higher Mark regorge the Flood:
So Fate, that could no more improve their Joy,
Took a malicious Pleafure to deftroy.
Dry. Sig.o゙ Gui.
Weeping for Joy. My plenteous Joys,
Wanton in Fulnefs, reek to hide themfelves
In Drops of Sorrow.
Shat. Mach.
I cannot f peak; Tears fo obstruct my Words,
And choak me with unutterable Joy. Otw. Cai. Mar.
Then into Tears of Joy the Father broke; Each in his longing Arms by turns he took, Panted and paus'd, and thus again he fpoke.

My Joy flops at my Tongue;
But it has found two Channels here for one, And bubbles out above.

Dry. All for Love.

$$
I S I S
$$

Her moony Horns were on her Forehead plac'd, And yellow Sheaves her Shining Temples graced : A Mitre, for a Crown, the wore on high ; The Dog, and dappled Bull were waiting by. Ofris, fought along the Banks of Nile, The, filent God, the fared Crocodile : And last a long Proceffion moving on With Timbrels, that affift the lab'ring Moon. Dryd. Ovid.

> The Fortunate IS L A N D S.

The happy Ines, where endless Pleafures wait, Are ftil'd by tuneful Bards, The Fortunate. Eternal Spring with filing Verdure here Warms the mild Air, and crowns the youthful Year. From crystal Rocks tranfparent Riv'lets How; The Rofe fill blufhes, and the Vilets blow. The Vine undrefs'd her fuelling Clutters bears ; The lab'ring Hind the mellow Olives chars: Bloffoms and Fruit at once the Citron flows, And as the pays, difcovers fill the owes; And the glad Orange courts the am'rous Maid With golden Apples, and a filken Shade.

No Blafts e'er difcompofe the peaceful Sky;
The Springs but murmur, and the Winds but figh.
The tuneful Swans on gliding Rivers float,
And warbling Dirges die on ev'ry Note.
Where Flora treads, her Zephyr Garlands flings,
Shaking rich Odors from his purple Wings:
And Birds from Woodbine Bow'rs, and Jefs'min Groves
Chaunt their glad Nuptials, and unenvy'd Loves.
Mild Seafons, rifing Hills, and filent Dales,
Cool Grottos, filver Brooks, and flow'ry Vales, In this bleft Climate all the circling Year prevail.

The nuptial Knot, and makes the Marriage-Joys. Dryd.Virg.
The Majefty of Heav'n! The Sifter-Wife of Fove. Dryd.Virg. FUPITER.
The Pow'r, whofe high Command
Is unconfin'd; who rules the Seas and Land;
And tempers Thunder in his aweful Hand.
Dryd. Ovid. Th' Imperial God,
Who fhakes Heav'n's Axel with his aweful Nod. Dryd.Virg. Who rolls
The radiant Stars, and Heav'n and Earth controuls. Dryd.Virg. The Pow'r immenfe ! Eternal Energy !
The King of Gods and Men! whofe aweful Hand Difperfes Thunder on the Seas and Land,
Difoofing all with abfolute Command.
The mighty Thund'rer, with majeftick Awe,
Then flook his Shield, and dealt his Bolts around, And fcatter'd Tempefts on the teeming Ground.

So when of old Fove from the Titans fled,
Ammon's rude Front his radiant Face bely'd, And all the Majefty of Heav'n lay hid: At length by Fate to Pow'r Divine reftor'd, His Thunder trught the W orld to know its Lord; Rowe The God grew terrible again, and was again ador'd. (Tamerl. 5

So Fove look'd down upon the War of Atoms,
And rude tumultuous Cbaos, when as yet
Fair Nature, Form, and Order had not Being,

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But Difcord and Confufion troubled all. Caln and ferene upon his Throne he fate, Fix'd there by the eternal Law of Fate: Safe in himfelf, becaufe he knew his Pow'r,
And knowing what he was, he knew he was fecure. Rowe Ulyff.
JUSTICE. See King.
Of all the Vertues, Juftice is the beft;
Valour, without it, is a common Peft :
Pirates and Thieves, too oft with Courage grac'd,
Shew us how ill that Virtue may be plac'd:
'Tis our Complexion makes us chafte or brave ;
Juftice from Reafon, and from Heav'n we have:
All other Virtues dwell but in the Blood;
That in the Soul, and gives the Name of Good:
Fuftice the Queen of Virtues!
Walk
Fuftice, tho fhe is painted blind,
Is to the weaker Side inclin'd,
Like Charity; elfe Right and Wrong
Could never hold it out fo long.
EHus.
Fuftice gives Sentence many times
On one Man for another's Crimes.
As lately 't happen'd in a Town,
Where liv'd a Cobler, and but one;
That out of Doetrine could cut Ufe,
And mend Mens Lives, as well as Shooes:
This precious Brother having flain,
In Times of Peace an Indian,
The mighty Tottipottimoy
Sent to our Elders an Envoy;
Complaining forely of the Breach
Of League, held forth by Brother Patch
Againft the Articles in Force,
Between both Churches, his and ours.
For which he crav'd the Saints to render
Into his hands, or hang th' Offender.
But they, maturely having weigh'd,
They had no more but him o'th Trade;
(A Man that ferv'd 'em in a double
Capacity to teach and cobble)
Refolv'd to fpare him ; yet to do
The Indian Hogan Mogan too
Impartial Júrtice, in his ftéad did
Hang an old Weaver that was bed-rid.

So Fuftice, while fhe winks at Crimes, ${ }^{\text {, }}$
Stumbles on Innocence fometimes.
Hud!
Kindnefs has refiftlefs Charms, All things elfe but weakly move; Fierceft Anger it difarms,
And clips the Wings of flying Love.
Beauty does the Heart invade; Kindnefs can alone perfuade: It gilds the Lover's fervile Chain, And makes the Slave grow pleas'd and vain. Roch. Kindnefs can Indiff'rence warm,
And blow that Calm into a Storm. Ether. K I N G. See Emperor, Tyrant, Ufurper. A Monarch's Crown
Golden in Shew, is but a Crown of Thorns;
Brings Dangers, Troubles, Cares, and fleeplefs Nights,
To him who wears the Regal Diadem ;
When on his Shoulders each Man's Burden lies:
For therein lies the Office of a King,
His Honour, Virtue, Merit, and chief Praife,
That for the Publick all his Weight he bears.
Milt.
Kings, like Heav'n's Eye, fhould fpread their Beams around,
Pleas'd to be feen, while Glory's Race they run:
Reft is not for the Chariot of the Sun.
Luxurious Kings are to their People loft;
They live, like Drones, upon the publick Coft. Dryd.Auren. Kings, who are Fathers, live but in their People. Dr. Don Seb. Some Kings the Name of Conquerors affum'd;
Some to be Great, fome to be Gods prefum'd :
But boundlefs Pow'r, and arbitrary Luft,
Made Tyrants fill abhor the Name of Juf:
They fhun'd the Praife this God-like Virtue gives,
And fear'd a Title that reproach'd their Lives.
Dryd:
Princes by Difobedience get Command,
And by new-quell'd Rebellions firmer ftand:
Till by the boundlefs Offers of Succefs,
They meet their'Fate in ill-us'd Happinefs. How.
Oh polifh'd Perturbation ! Golden Care!
That keeps the Ports of Slumber open wide
To many a watchful Night! O Majefty !
When thou doft pinch thy Bearer, thou doft fit
Like a rich Armour, worn in Heat of Day
That fcalds with Safety.

A Crown, whate'er we give, is worth the Coft. Dryd. Conq. How wretchedly he rules, (of Gran. That's ferv'd by Cowards, and advis'd by Fools! Otw.Don Carl. What's Royalty, but Pow'r to pleafe my felf? And if I dare not, then am I the Slave, And my own Slaves the Sovereigns. Weak Princes flatter when they want the Pow'r To curb their People: Tender Plants muft bend; But when a Government is grown to Strength,
Like fome old Oak, tough with its armed Bark, It yields not to the Tug, but only nods,
And turns to fullen State.
Kings Titles commonly begin by Force,
Which Time wears off, and mellows into Right;
And Pow'r, which in one Age is Tyranny,
Is ripen'd in the next to true Succeffion.
All After-Acts are fanctify'd by Pow'r. Dryd. Span: Fry.

Unbounded Pow'r, and Height of Greatnefs, give
To Kings that Luftre which we think divine ;
The Wife, who know'em, know they are but Men,
Nay, fometimes weak ones too: The Croud indeed,
Who kneel before the Image, not the God,
Worthip the Deity their Hands have made. Rowe Amb. Step.
He's in Pofferfion ! fo Difeafes are :
Should not a lingring Fever be remov'd,
Becaufe it long has rag'd within my Blood ?
Do 1 rebel, when I would thruft it out?
What ! hall I think the World was made for one,
And Men are born for Kings, as Beafts for Men,
Not for Protection, but to be devour'd ?
Mark thofe who doat on Arbitrary Pow'r,
And you fhall find them either hot-brain'd Youth,
Or needy Bankrupts, fervile in their Greatnefs,
And Slaves to fome, to lord it o'er the reft.
O Bafenefs! to fupport a Tyrant-Throne,
And crufh your free-born Brethren of the World! Dry.Span.Ery.
Thofe Kings, who rule with limited Command,
Have Player's Scepptres put into their Hand.
Pow'r has no Ballance! one Side ftill weighs down, (of Gran. And either hoits the Commonwealth or Crown. Dryd. Conq. Force only can maintain
The Pow'r that Fortune gives, or Worth does gain. Cowl. Sov'reigns, ever jealous of their State,
Forgive not thofe whom once they mark for Hate:

Ev'n tho th' Offence they feemingly digeft, Revenge, like Embers, rak'd within their Breaft,
Burfts forth in Flames, whofe unrefifted Powir
Will feize th' unwary Wretch, and foon devour. Dryd. Hom.
The Thoughts of Kings are like religious Groves,
The Walks of muffled Gods ; facred Retreat,
Where none but whom they pleafe $t$ 'admit approach. Dryd.
The Thoughts of Princes dwell in facred Privacy,
Unknown and venerable to the Vulgar;
And like a Temple's innermiof Receffes,
None enter to behold the hallow'd Myfteries,
Unbidden of the God that dwells within. Rowe Anzb. Step.
Sebaftian was a Man
Above Man's Height, ev'n tow'ring to Divinity ;
Brave, pious, gen'rous, great and liberal ;
Juft as the Scales of Heav'n that weigh the Seafons.
He lov'd his People, him they idoliz'd.
His Goodnefs was diffus'd to Human Kind,
He was the Envy of his neighb'ring Kings;
For him their fighing Queens defpis'd their Lords,
And Virgin Daughters blufh'd when he was nam'd. Dr.Don Seb. K IS SING.
She gather'd humid Kiffes as the fpoke. Dryd. Lucr. She brought her Cheek up clofe, and lean'd on his;
At which he whifper'd Kiffes back on hers. Dryd. All for Love. She printed melting Kiffes as fhe fpoke :
Eager as thofe of Lovers are in Death,
When they give up their Souls too with their Breath. Oldh.Brut. Baliny as Cordials that recover Souls;
Chafte as Maids Sighs, and keen as longing Mothers. Lee Fitn. They pour'd a Storm of Kiffes thick as Hail. Dryd.W. of Bath's I felt the while a pleafing kind of Smart,
The Kifs went tingling to my very Heart :
When it was gone, the Senfe of it did ftay, The Sweetnefs cling'd upon my Lips all day,
Like Drops of Honey, loth to fall away. Dryd.Mar.A-la-mode. $\}$ They kifs'd with fuch a Fervour,
And gave fuch furious Earneft of their Flames,
That their Eyes fparkled, and their mantling Blood
Flew flufhing o'er their Faces. Dryd. Din Scb.
How I could dwell for ever on thofe Lips !
Oh I could kifs 'em pale with Eagernefs!
So foft, by Heav'n ! and fuch a juicy Sweet,
That ripen'd Peaches have not half the Flavour. Dryi, Amphit.

The Nectar of the Gods to them is taftelefs. Dryd. Amphit.
Such Heat and Vigour fhall our Kiffes bear, As if, like Doves, we did engender there :
No Bound, nor Rule my Pleafures fhall endure, In Love there's none too much an Epicure.

Nought fhall my Hands or Lips controll, I'll kifs thee thro, I'll kifs thy very Soul.

Then thus we'll lie, and thus we'll kif,
Thus, thus improve the lafting Blifs:
There is no Labour here, no Shame,
The folid Pleafiure's ftill the fame;
Never, oh never to be done,
Where Love is ever but begun.
oldh.
As amorous, and fond, and billing,
As Philip and Mary on a Shilling. Hud. KNIGHT-ERRANTS.
The antient Errant-Knights
Won all their Ladies Hearts in Fights;
And cut whole Giants into Fitters,
To put thefn into am'rous Twitters;
Whofe fubborn Bowels fcorn'd to yield,
Until their Gallants were half killd :
But when their Sides were drub'd fo fore,
They durft not woo one Combat more,
The Ladies Hearts began to melt,
Subdu'd with Blows their Lovers felt.
So Spanifh Heroes with their Lances,
At once wound Bulls and Ladies Fancies;
And he acquires the nobleft Spoufe,
That widows greateft Herds of Cows.
Hud.
LA B YRIN TH. See Joufts and Tournaments. LAMB.
The tender Firtlings of the woolly Breed. Dryd. Virg.
Come lead me forward now, like a tame Lamb
To Sacrifice. Thus in his fatal Garlands
Deck'd fine, and pleas'd, the Wanton skips and plays,
Trots by th'enticing flatt'ring Prieftefs' Side;
And much tranfported with its little Pride,
Forgets his dear Companions of the Plain,
Till by her bound, he's on the Altar lain,
$\left.\begin{array}{cc}\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { (Ven. } \\ \text { Pref. } \\ \text { rin. } \\ \text { Otw. }\end{array}\right\}\end{array}\right\}$
A hundred Lambs
With bleating Cries attend their milky Dams. Dryd. Virg.
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## LARK. See Morning.

The Lark that fhuns on lofty Boughs to build Her humble Neft, lies filent in the Field:
But if the Promife of a cloudlefs Day,
Aurora fmiling, bids her rife and play;
Then ftrait fhe Chews 'twas not for want of Voice,
Or Pow'r to climb, fhe made fo low a Choice :
Singing fhe mounts, her airy Wings are ftretch'd
Tow'rds Heav'n, as if from Heav'n her Note fhe fetch'd. Wall. The wife Example of the heav'nly Lark,
Thy Fellow-Poet, Cowley, mark :
Above the Clouds let thy proud Mufick found, Thy humble Neft build on the Ground.

Cowh

> And now the Herald Lark

Left his Ground-Nef, high tow'ring to defry
The Morn's Approach, and greet her with his Song.
Scarce had fhe finifh'd, when her Feet fhe found
Benumb'd with Cold, and faften'd to the Ground.
A filmy Rind about her Body grows;
Her Hair to Leaves, her Arms extend to Boughs:
The Nymph is all into a Laurel gone,
The Smoothnefs of her Skin remains alone.
Yet Phobus loves her fill, and cafting round
Her Bole his Arms, fome little Warmth he found ;
The Tree ftill panted in th' unfinifh'd Part,
Not wholly vegetive, and heav'd her Heart:
He fix'd his Lips upon the trembling Rind;
It fwerv'd afide, and his Embrace declin'd.
To whom the God-Becaufe thou canft not be
My Miftrefs, I efpoufe thee for my Tree.
Be thou the Prize of Honour and Renown,
The deathlefs Poet, and the Poem, crown:
Thou fhalt the Roman Feftivals adorn,
And after Poets, be by Vietors worn :
Thou fhalt returning Cafar's Triumphs grace,
When Pomp fhall in a long Proceffion pafs:
Wreath'd on his Pofts before the Palace wait,
And be the facred Guardian of the Gate.
Secure from Thunder, and unharm'd by Fove,
Unfading as th' immortal Pow'rs above:
And as the Locks of Phobus are unfhorn,
So fhall perpetual Green thy Boughs adorn:

The grateful Tree was pleas'd with what he faid,
And hook the fhady Honours of her Head. Dryd. Ovid.
Thus Laurel is the Sign of Labour crown'd,
Which bears the bitter Blaft, nor fhaken falls to Ground.
From Winter-Winds it fuffers no Decay,
For ever frefh and fair, and ev'ry Month is May:
Ev'n when the vital Sap retreats below,
Ev'n when the hoary Head is hid in Snow;
The Life is in the Leaf, and fill between
The Fits of falling Snow appears the ftreaky Green. Dryd. The (Flower and the Leaf. The Story of Phobus and Daphne apply'd.
Thirfis, a Youth of the infpir'd Train,
Fair Sacharifa lov'd, but lov'd in vain;
Like Phobbus fung the no lefs am'rous Boy,
Like Daphne fhe, as lovely and as coy:
With Numbers he the flying Nymph purfues,
With Numbers fuch as Phoobus' felf might ufe.
Such is the Chafe, when Love and Fancy leads
O'er craggy Mountains and thro flow'ry Meads;
Invok'd to teftify the Lover's Care,
Or form fome Image of his cruel Fair.
Urg'd with his Fury, like a wounded Deer,
O'er thefe he fled ; and now approaching near;
Had reach'd the Nymph with his harmonious Lay;
Whom all his Charnis could not incline to ftay.
Yet what he fung in his immortal Strain,
Tho unfuccefsful, was not fung in vain ;
All but the Nymph who fhould redrefs his Wrong;
Attend his Paffion, and approve his Song.
Like Phobbus thus, acquiring unfought Praife,
He catch'd at Love, and filld his Arms with Bays. Wali.
L A W, and Lawyer.
Them never yet did Strife or Av'rice draw
Into the noify Markets of the Law,
The Camp of gowned War.
Laws bear the Name, but Mony has the Pow'r;
The Caufe is bad whene'er the Client's poor :
Thofe ftrict-liv'd Men that feem above our World,
Are oft too modeft to refift our Gold ;
So Judgment like our other Wares is fold :
And the grave Knight that nods upon the Laws,
Wak'd by a Fee, hems and approves the Caufe.

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You fave th' Expence of long litigious Laws,
Where Suits are travers'd, and fo little won,
That he who conquers is but laft undone.
He that with Injury is griev'd,
And goes to Law to be reliev'd,
Is fillier than a fottifh Chowfe,
Who, when a Thief has robb'd his Houfe,
Applies himfelf to Cunning-Men,
To help him to his Goods agen;
When all he can expect to gain,
Is but to fquander nore in vain.
Hud.
For Lawyers, left Bear Defendant
And Plaintiff Dog fould make an end on't,
Do flave and tail with Writs of Error,
Reverfe of Judgment and Demurrer,
To let 'em breathe a while, and then
Cry Whoop! and fet 'em on agen ;
Until with fubtle Cobweb-Cheats
They're catch'd in knotted Law like Nets;
In which when once they are imbrangled,
The more they ftir the more they're tangled;
And while their Purfes can difpute,
There's no end of th' immortal Suit.
${ }^{\text {'Tis }}$ Law that fettles all you do,
And marries where you did butwoo;
That makes the moft peifidious Lover;
A Lady that's as falie, recover.
For Law's the Wifdom of all Ages,
And manag'd by the ableft Sages;
Who tho their Bus'nefs at the Bas
Be but a kind of Civil War,
With which th' engage with fiercer Dudgeons,
Than e'er the Grecians did the Trojans,
They never manage the Conteft
T'impair their publick Intereft,
Or by their Controverfies leffen
The Dignity of their Profeffion:
For Lawyers have more fober Senfe,
Than $t$ ' argue at their own Expence ;
But make their beft Advantages
Of others Quarrels, like the Swiss;
And out of foreign Controverfies,
By aiding both Sides, fill their Purfes:

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But have no Int'reft in the Caufe
For which th' engage, and wage the Laws;
Nor farther Prolpect than their Pay,
Whether they lofe or win the Day.
And tho th' abounded in all Ages
With fundry learned Clerks and Sages;
Tho all their Bus'nefs be Difpute,
With which they canvals every Suit ;
They've no Difputes about their Art,
Nor in Polemicks controvert ;
While all Profeffions elfe are found
With nothing but Difputes $t^{\prime}$ abound.
Divines of all forts, and Phyficians,
Philofophers, Mathematicians,
The Galenift and Paracelfan,
Condemn the Way each other deals in:
Anatomifts diffect and mangle,
To cut themfelves out work to wrangle ;
Aftrologers difpute their Dreams,
That in their Sleep they talk of Schemes;
And Heralds ftickle who got who,
So many hundred Years ago.
But Lawyers are too wife a Nation
T' expofe their Trade to Difputation;
Or make the bufy Rabble Judges
Of all their fecret Piques and Grudges:
In which, whoever wins the Day,
The whole Profeffion's fure to pay.
Befides, no Mountebanks nor Cheats
Dare undertake to do their Feats;
When in all other Sciences,
They fwarm like Infects, and increafe:
For what Bigot durt ever draw,
By inward Light, a Deed in Law?
Or could hold forth by Revelation,
An Anfwer to a Declaration?
For thofe that meddle with their Tools,
Will cut their Fingers, if they're Fools.
I would not give, quoth Hudibras,
A Straw to underftand a Cafe,
Without the admirable Skill
To wind and manage it at Will ;
To veer, and tack, and fteer a Caufe
Againft the Weather-gage of Laws,

And ring the Changes upon Cafes
As plain as Nofes upon Faces;
As you have well inftructed me,
For which you've earn'd, here 'tis, your Fee. Hudo LEARNING.
Learning, that Cobweb of the Brain;
A Trade of Knowledg as replete
As others are with Fraud and Cheat:
A Cheat that Schotars put upon
Other Men's Reafon and their own;
A Fort of Error to infonce
Abfurdity and Ignorance;
That renders all the Avenues
To Truth, impervious and abftrufe,
By making plain things in Debate,
By Art, perplex'd and intricate;
As if Rules were not in the Schools
Deriv'd from Truth, but Truth from Rules?
This pagan heathenif Invention
Is good for nothing but Contention ;
For as in Sword-and-Buckler Fight
All Blows do on the Target light,
So when Men argue, the great'ft part
O'th' Conteft falls on Terms of Art,
Until the Fuftian Stuff be fpent,
And then they fall to th' Argument.
Hud. Books had fooild him,
For all the Learn'd are Cowards by Profeffion. Dro All for Loveo LETHARGY.
A Sleep, dull as your laft, did you arreft,
And all the Magazines of Life poffefs'd ;
No more the Blood its circling Courfe did run,
But in the Veins like Ificles it hung ;
No more the Heart, now void of quick'ning Heat,
The tuneful March of vital Motion beat :
Stiffnefs did into all the Sinews climb,
And a fhort Death crept cold through ev'ry Limb.
oldh.

> LETHE. See Hell.

On the dark Banks where Lethe's lazy Deep
Does its black Stores and drowfy Treafures keep, Rolls his flow Flood, and rocks the nodding Waves afleep. LEVIATHAN. See Creation.
So when Leviathans difpute the Reign,
And uncontroul'd Dominion of the Main,

From the rent Rocks whole Coral Groves are torn; And Ines of See-W eed on the Waves are borne ; Such watry Stores from their fpread Noftrils fly, ${ }^{\text {'Tis }}$ doubtful which is Sea, and which is Sky. LIBERTY. See Biutus, Freedom.
The Love of Liberty with Life is given,
And Life it felf th' inferiour Gift of Heav'n. Dryd. Pal. © Arg'
'Tis quick'ning Liberty that gives us Breath;
Her Abfence, more than that of Life, is Death. Blace
Quoth he, th' one Half of Man, his Minds
Is fui Furis, unconfin'd,
And cannot be laid by the Heels,
Whate'er the other Moiety feels.
${ }^{\text {'Tis }}$ not Reftraint or Liberty,
That makes Men Prifoners or free;
But Perturbations that poffers
The Mind, or Equanimities. The whole World was not half fo wide
To Alexander, when he cry'd
Becaufe he had but one to fubdue:
As was a paultry narrow Tub to
Diogenes, who is not faid,
For ought that ever I could read,
To whine, put finger i'th' eye, and fob,
Becaufe he'ad ne'er another Tub.
Hud. 0 give me Liberty ;
For were ev'n Paradife it felf my Prifon,
Still I hould long to leap the cryftal Walls. Dryd. Don. Seb.
O Liberty! thou Goddefs heav'nly-bright,
Profufe of Blifs, and pregnant with Delight;
Eternal Pleafures in thy Prefence reign,
And fmiling Plenty leads thy wanton Train. Eas'd of her Load, Subjection grows more light, And Poverry looks chearful in thy fight: Thou mak'ft the gloomy Face of Nature gay, Giv'ft Beauty to the Sun, and Pleafure to the Day. Add.
LIFE.

O Life! thou Nothing's younger Brother ;
So like, that one might take one for the other !
What's Some-body or No-body?
In all the Cobwebs of the Schoolmens Trade
We no fuch nice Diftinction woven fee,
As 'tis to be, or not to be.

Dream of a Shadow! A Reflection made
From the false Glories of the gay reflected Bow,
Is a more fold thing than thou.
Thou weak-built 1 fthmus! which dort proudly rife
Up betwixt two Eternities;
Yet canst not Wave or Wind fuftain,
But broken or o'er-whelm'd, the endless Ocean meets again.
From the maternal Tomb
To the Grave's fruitful Womb,
We call here Life; but Life's a Name
Which nothing here can' truly claim.
This wretched Inn, where we fare fay to bait,
We call our Dwelling-place;
We call one Step a Race.
We grow at haft by:Cuftom to believe,
That really we live;
Whilst all thee Shadows that for things we' take, (Cowl.
Are but the empty Dreams which in Death's Sleep we make.
When I confider Life, 'tic all a Cheat ;
Yet, fool'd with Hope, Men favour the Deceit :
Trust on, and think To-morrow will repay;
To-morrow's faller than the former Day ;
Lyes more, and while it fays we fall be blefs'd
With forme new Joys, cuts off what we poffers'd.
Strange Coz'nage! none would live pat Years again,
Yet all hope Pleafure in what yet remain ;
And from the Dregs of Life think to receive
What the frt sprightly Running could not give.
I'm tir'd with waiting for this Chymick Gold,
Which fools us young, and beggars us when old. Dry. Auren. For Life can never be fincerely blefs'd,
Heaven punifhes the Bad, and proves the Bet. Dryad. Abfal. or To-morrow, To-morrow, and To-morrow, (Achit.
Creep in a feeling pace from Day to Day,
To the lat Minute of revolving Time;
And all our Yefterdays have lighted Fools
To their eternal Homes.
Life's but a walking Shadow, a poor Player,
That frets and struts his Hour upon a Stage;
And then is heard no more. It is a Tale
Told by an Idiot, full of Sound and Fury,
Signifying nothing.
Shat. Mach. Life is but Air,
That yields a Paffage to the whirling Sword,

And clofes when 'tis gone.
Nor love thy Life, nor hate; but what thou liv'ft,
Live well; how long or fhort, permit to Heav'n.
Milt.
They live too long who Happiness out-live:
For Life and Death are things indifferent;
Each to be chofe, as either brings Content. Dryd. Ind. Em,
'Tis not for nothing that we Life purfue;
It pays our Hopes with fomething ftill that's new :
Each Day's a Miltrefs uninjoy'd before;
Like Travellers we're pleas'd with feeing more. Dryd. Auren; i
Indulge, and to thy Genius freely give;
For not to live at eafe, is not to live:
Death falks behind thee, and each flying Hour
Does fome loofe Remnant of thy Life devour.
Live while thou liv'ft $t_{2}$ for Death will make us all
A Name, a Nothing but an Old-Wife's Tale. Dryd. Perf. Short Bounds of Life are fet to mortal Man;
'Tis Virtue's W ork alone to ftretch the narrow Span. Dryd.Virgo Improperly we meafure Life by Breath;
They do not truly live, who merit Death.
Gods! Life's your Gift : then feafon't with fuch Fate,
That what you meant a Bleffing prove no Weight.
Let me to the remoteft Part be whirl'd
Of this your Play-thing, made in hafte, the World;
But grant me Quiet, Liberty, and Peace;
By Day what's needful, and at Night foft Eafe;
The Friend I truft in, and the She I love:
Then fix me, and if e'er I wifh remove,
Make me as great, that's wretched, as you can;
Set me in Pow'r, the wofull'it State of Man;
To be by Fools mifled, to Knaves a Prey:
But make Life what I ask, or tak't away.
$0 t w$
Learn to live well, that thou may'f die fo too:
To live and die, is all we have to do.
Dents.

> L I G H T. See Creation.

Firt-born of Chaos! who fo fair didlt come
From the old Negra's darkfom Womb !
Which, when it faw the lovely Child,
The melancholy Mafs put on kind Looks, and fmil'd.
Thou Tide of Glory! which no Reft do'f know!
But ever ebb, and ever flow!
Hail active Nature's watchful Life and Health :
Her Joy, her Ornament and Wealth!

Hail to thy Husband Heat and thee!
Thou the W orld's beauteous Bride, the lufty Bridegroom he.
Say, from what golden Quivers of the Sky
Doall thy winged Arrows fly ?
Swiftnefs and Pow'r by Birth are thine,
From thy great Sire they came, thy Sire the W ord Divine !
Swift as light Thoughts their empty Career run;
Thy Race is finif'd when begun.
Thou, in the Moon's bright Charior, proud and gay,
Doft thy bright W ood of Stars furvey :
And all the Year doft with thee bring Of thoufand flow'ry Lights thy own nocturnal Spring. Thou, Scythian-like, doft round thy Lands above,

The Sun's gilt Tent, for ever move;
And fill as thou in Pomp doft go,
The fhining Pageants of the World attend thy Show.
Nor amidft all thofe Triumphs doft thou foorn
The humble Glow-worms to adorn;
And with thofe living Spangles gild (O Greatnefs without Pride!) the Blufhes of the Field.
Night, and her ugly Subjeats thou doft fright;
And Sleep, the lazy Owl of $\mathrm{Night}_{2}$
Afham'd and fearful to appear,
They skreen their horrid Shapes with the black Hemifphere With them there haftes, and wildly takes th' Alarm

Of painted Dreams, a bufy Swarm.
At firft opening of the Eye,
The various Clufters break, the antick Atoms fiy. The guilty Serpents and obfcener Beafts

Creep confcious to their fecret, Refts :
Nature to thee does Rev'rence pay,
111 Omens and ill Sights remove ous of thy way.
At thy Appearance Grief it felfisis faid
To fhake his Wings, âd rouze his Head;
And cloudly Care has often took
A gentle beamy Smile, reflected from thy Look.
At thy appearance Fear it felf grows bold;
The Sun-fhine melts away his Cold,
Ev'n Luft, the Mafter of a harden'd Face,
Blufhes if thou be'th in the place;
To Darkne's Curtains he retires,
In fympathizing Night he rolls his fmoky Fires.

The End of the Firyt Volume.

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